
If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Prospectus, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of the Company, whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" are the persons responsible for the information contained in this Prospectus and accept responsibility accordingly. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in this document is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD GLOBAL INVESTMENT FUNDS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

(An open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds incorporated with limited liability in Ireland under registration number 467074)

EXTRACT PROSPECTUS FOR INVESTORS IN SWITZERLAND

THIS IS AN EXTRACT OF THE PROSPECTUS FOR LAZARD GLOBAL INVESTMENT FUNDS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY. THIS EXTRACT IS FOR DISTRIBUTION IN SWITZERLAND ONLY AND REFERS TO THE OFFERING OF THE FUNDS LISTED HEREIN. OTHER FUNDS ARE AVAILABLE IN THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE BEEN APPROVED BY THE CENTRAL BANK BUT WHICH ARE NOT CURRENTLY OFFERED FOR SALE IN SWITZERLAND.

THIS EXTRACT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A PROSPECTUS FOR THE PURPOSES OF IRISH APPLICABLE LAW

PROSPECTUS

MANAGER

Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited

This Prospectus replaces the Prospectus dated 1 December 2022.

The date of this Prospectus is 22 March 2024.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This Prospectus comprises information relating to Lazard Global Investment Funds Public Limited Company (the "Company"), an open-ended investment company with variable capital and with segregated liability between its sub-funds organised under the laws of Ireland. It qualifies and is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank of Ireland (the "Central Bank") as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares ("Shares") with one or more classes representing a separate sub-fund (each, a "Fund") of the Company. The creation of further Funds and/or Share classes, in addition to those which exist as of the date of this Prospectus will be effected in accordance with Central Bank Requirements and will be subject to the Central Bank's prior approval.

This Prospectus may only be issued with one or more Supplements, each containing information relating to a separate Fund. If there are different classes of Shares constituting a Fund, details relating to the separate classes may be dealt with in a single Supplement or in separate Supplements for each class. This Prospectus and the relevant Supplement should be read and constituted as one document. To the extent that there is any inconsistency between this Prospectus and the relevant Supplement, the relevant Supplement shall prevail.

Applications for Shares will only be considered on the basis of this Prospectus (and any relevant Supplement) and the latest published audited annual report and accounts and, if published after such report, a copy of the latest unaudited semi-annual report. These reports will form part of this Prospectus.

The Company is both authorised and supervised by the Central Bank. The authorisation of the Company is not an endorsement or guarantee of the Company by the Central Bank and the Central Bank is not responsible for the contents of this Prospectus. The authorisation of the Company by the Central Bank does not constitute a warranty by the Central Bank as to the performance of the Company and the Central Bank shall not be liable for the performance or default of the Company.

Statements made in this Prospectus are, except where otherwise stated, based on the law and practice currently in force in Ireland, which may be subject to change.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation in connection with the offering or placing of Shares other than those contained in this Prospectus, any Supplement and the reports referred to above and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Company. The delivery of this Prospectus (whether or not accompanied by the reports) or any issue of Shares shall not, under any circumstances, create any implication that the affairs of the Company have not changed since the date of this Prospectus or the relevant Supplement.

The distribution of this Prospectus and the offering and placing of Shares in certain jurisdictions may be restricted and, accordingly, persons into whose possession this Prospectus comes are required by the Company to inform themselves about and to observe such restrictions.

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer or solicitation to anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation, in particular attention is drawn to the selling restrictions applicable in respect of the following jurisdictions:

(i) People's Republic of China (PRC)

Neither Lazard Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited nor any other entities involved in the Lazard Asset Management Limited business maintain any licenses, authorisations or registrations in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") nor are any of the Funds of the Company registered in the PRC.

(ii) Hong Kong

This Prospectus has not been reviewed by any regulatory authority in Hong Kong. Shares may not be publicly offered or sold in Hong Kong by means of this Prospectus or any other document other than in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public for the purposes of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance or any other applicable legislation in Hong Kong.

(iii) Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC)

This Prospectus relates to a Company which is not subject to any form of regulation or approval by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (the "DFSA"). The DFSA has no responsibility for reviewing or verifying any Prospectus or other documents in connection with this Company, accordingly, the DFSA has not approved this Prospectus or any other associated documents nor taken any steps to verify the information set out in this Prospectus. Prospective investors in the DIFC should conduct their own due diligence on the Shares of the Company.

(iv) United Arab Emirates (UAE) (excluding DIFC)

This Prospectus does not constitute, and is not intended to constitute, a public offer of securities in the UAE and accordingly should not be construed as such. This Prospectus has not been approved by or filed with the Central Bank of the United Arab Emirates or the Securities and Commodities Authority or any other relevant licensing authorities or governmental agencies in the UAE.

(v) Taiwan

The Funds have not been registered with the Securities and Futures Bureau, Financial Supervisory Commission of Taiwan pursuant to relevant securities laws and regulations and are therefore not capable of being sold or publicly offered in Taiwan. Lazard Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited and its affiliates do not maintain any licenses, authorisations or registrations in Taiwan. The offering, distribution and resale of interests in the Funds have not been approved by or registered with the Taiwan Financial Supervisory Commission and therefore cannot be offered, distributed, privately placed or resold in Taiwan.

In addition to the above and on a general basis, potential investors should inform themselves as to:

- (a) the legal requirements within the countries of their nationality, citizenship, residence, ordinary residence or domicile for the acquisition of Shares;
- (b) any foreign exchange restrictions or exchange control requirements which they might encounter on the acquisition or sale of Shares; and
- (c) the income tax and other taxation consequences which might be relevant to the acquisition, holding, redemption, conversion or disposal of Shares.

The Company is a recognised collective investment scheme for the purposes of Part 17 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (the "FSMA") because it meets the requirements of section 63 of The Collective Investment Schemes (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019. Shares in the Company may be promoted to the public in the United Kingdom by persons authorised to carry on regulated activity in the United Kingdom and will not be subject to the restrictions contained in Section 238 of the FSMA.

The business of the Company in the United Kingdom is subject to limited protection under the UK regulatory system. In particular, investors are unlikely to have access to the Financial Ombudsman Service and may also not benefit from rights under the Financial Services Compensation Scheme. Shareholders should obtain independent professional advice if in doubt about eligibility.

Certain of the Funds have been registered in Austria, Belgium, Chile, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Lichtenstein, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, Spain,

Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom. It is intended that application will be made in other jurisdictions to enable the Shares of the Company to be marketed in those jurisdictions. In the event that such registrations take place the Company may appoint or be required to appoint paying agents (who may be required to maintain accounts through which subscription/redemption monies may be paid), representatives, distributors or other agents in the relevant jurisdictions. The fees and expenses of any such agent will be charged at normal commercial rates and discharged out of the assets of the Company.

The Shares have not been, and will not be, registered under the 1933 Act (see "Definitions") or the securities laws of any of the states of the United States and the Shares may not be offered or sold directly or indirectly in the United States or to or for the account or benefit of any US Person(see "Definitions"), except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to the regulatory requirements of, the 1933 Act and any applicable state securities laws. Any re-offer or resale of any of the Shares in the United States or to US Persons may constitute a violation of US law. The Shares have not been approved or disapproved by the SEC (see "Definitions") or any state securities commission or other regulatory authority, nor have any of the foregoing authorities passed upon or endorsed the merits of the offering of Shares or the accuracy or adequacy of this Prospectus (or any applicable Supplement). Any representation to the contrary is unlawful. In the absence of such exemption or transaction, each applicant for Shares will be required to certify that it is not a US Person or making its investment decision from within the United States.

The Shares of one or more classes of one or more Funds may from time to time, with the consent of the Directors, be offered to, and be purchased by, Qualified US Persons. Any such offer and sale will be made only pursuant to a Supplement specifically for that purpose. This Prospectus by itself, without any such Supplement, does not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy Shares to any US Person or any other person making an investment decision in the United States.

Where the Company becomes aware that any Shares are directly or beneficially owned by any person in breach of the above restrictions, the Company may direct the Shareholder to transfer his Shares to a person qualified to own such Shares or to request the Company to redeem Shares, in default of which, the Shareholder shall, on the expiration of 30 days from the giving of such notice, be deemed to have given a request in writing for the redemption of the Shares.

Information on Russian and Belarusian investors

In accordance with the provisions of EU Regulation No. 833/2014 (as amended) the subscription for shares in the Company by (i) any Russian national or natural person residing in Russia or (ii) any legal person, entity or body established in Russia is prohibited. Nationals and residents of member states of the EEA and Switzerland are excluded from the scope of this prohibition.

In accordance with the provisions of EU Regulation No. 765/2006 (as amended) the subscription for shares in the Company by (i) any Belarussian national or natural person residing in Belarus or (ii) any legal person, entity or body established in Belarus is prohibited. Nationals and residents of member states of the European Union are excluded from the scope of this prohibition.

These prohibitions (and any amendments thereto) shall remain in effect for as long as the above Regulations (as may be amended) are in force.

This Prospectus, any Supplement and any KIID/KID may also be translated into other languages. Any such translation shall only contain the same information and have the same meaning as the English language Prospectus/Supplement/KIID/KID. To the extent that there is any inconsistency between the English language Prospectus/Supplement/KIID/KID and the Prospectus/Supplement/KIID/KID in another language, the English language Prospectus/Supplement/KIID/KID will prevail, except to the extent (but only to the extent) required by the law of any jurisdiction where the Shares are sold, that in an action based upon disclosure in a prospectus/supplement/ key investor information document in a language other than English, the language of a prospectus/supplement/ key investor information document on which such action is based shall prevail.

All disputes as to the terms of this Prospectus, any Supplement and any KIID/KID regardless of the language in which they are translated, shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of Ireland.

The value of Investments and the income derived therefrom may fall as well as rise and investors may not recoup the original amount invested in a Fund. The difference at any one time between the price at which Shares are subscribed for and the price at which Shares are redeemed means that any investment should be viewed as medium to long term.

An investment in the Company should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be appropriate for all investors. Investors should read and consider the risk discussion under "Risk Factors" before investing in the Company.

The Directors may in their absolute discretion charge a redemption fee of up to 2% of the Net Asset Value of any Shares that are to be redeemed in respect of any class of Shares in the Fund. This fee may only be charged if the Directors, in their absolute discretion, believe that any Shareholder is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Shareholders or if the Directors, in their absolute discretion, believe that any Shareholder seeking redemption is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.

This Prospectus, the applicable Supplement(s) and any relevant KIID/KID(s) should be read in their entirety before making an application for Shares.

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DEFINITIONS

- "Act", the Companies Act 2014, as same may be amended from time to time.
- "Administration Agreement", the administration agreement dated 22 October 2010, between the Company, the Manager and the Administrator, as amended by supplemental administration agreement dated 7 December 2010, second supplemental administration agreement dated 26 September 2016 and addendum dated 29 May 2018, as same may be amended from time to time.
- "Administrator", State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide administration services to the Company.
- "AIFs", Alternative Investment Funds.
- "Application Form", such application form for Shares as is prescribed by the Directors in relation to a Fund.
- "Articles", the Articles of Association of the Company, as amended from time to time.
- "Auditors", PricewaterhouseCoopers, Chartered Accountants, Dublin.
- "Australian Dollars" and "AUS\$", the lawful currency of Australia.
- "Benchmarks Regulation", Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds and amending Directives 2008/48/EC and 2014/17/EU and Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 as same may be amended, supplemented or reenacted from time to time.
- "Business Day", in relation to a Fund, such day or days as the Directors may from time to time determine with approval of the Administrator (see relevant Supplement).
- "Central Bank", the Central Bank of Ireland, or any successor thereof.
- "Central Bank Requirements", the requirements of the Central Bank pursuant to the Regulations, the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and any guidance applicable to UCITS as may be issued by the Central Bank from time to time.
- "Central Bank UCITS Regulations", the Central Bank (Supervision and Enforcement Act 2013 (Section 48(1)) (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2019 as same may be amended, supplemented or replaced from time to time.
- "Constitution", the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.
- "Company", Lazard Global Investment Funds Public Limited Company.
- "Currency Management Agreements", the currency management agreement dated 7 December 2010, between the Company, Lazard Asset Management LLC and State Street Bank Europe Limited, as novated to State Street Bank and Trust Company, London Branch, by a novation and amendment agreement dated 28 October 2019, as same may be amended from time to time and the currency management agreement dated 18 April 2019, between the Company, Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH and State Street Europe Limited as novated to State Street Bank International GmbH by a novation and amendment agreement dated 28 October 2019, as same may be amended from time to time.
- "Currency Manager(s)", State Street Bank and Trust Company, London Branch and State Street Bank International GmbH and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Funds or any of them.

"Dealing Day", such Business Day as the Directors may from time to time determine (with the approval of the Depositary) for dealings in a Fund, provided always that there shall be at least one Dealing Day in every fortnight (see relevant Supplement).

"Depositary", State Street Custodial Services (Ireland) Limited or such other person as may be appointed, with the prior approval of the Central Bank, to act as depositary to the Company.

"Depositary Agreement", the depositary agreement dated 20 May 2016, between the Company and the Depositary, as amended by addendum dated 29 May 2018, as same may be amended from time to time.

"Directive", Directive 2009/65/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 July 2009 on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) as applicable and as may be amended and supplemented from time to time.

"Directors", the directors of the Company or any duly authorised committee thereof.

"Distributor", Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH, Lazard Asset Management Limited, Lazard Asset Management Schweiz AG, Lazard Asset Management LLC, Lazard Asset Management (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., Lazard Frères Gestion, Lazard Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited, the Manager, through its branches in Spain, Belgium and the Netherlands, Lazard Gulf Limited and/or such other person(s) as may be appointed in accordance with Central Bank Requirements to act as a distributor to the Company.

"Duties and Charges", in relation to any Fund, all stamp and other duties, taxes, governmental charges, brokerage, bank charges, foreign exchange spreads, interest, transfer fees, registration fees and other duties and charges whether in connection with the original acquisition or increase of the assets of the relevant Fund or the creation, issue, sale, conversion or repurchase of Shares or the purchase or sale of Investments or in respect of certificates or otherwise which may have become or may be payable in respect of or prior to or in connection with or arising out of or upon the occasion of the transaction or dealing in respect of which such duties and charges are payable, which may include, when calculating the Share Price, any provision for spreads (to take into account the difference between the price at which assets were valued for the purpose of calculating the Net Asset Value and the price at which such assets were bought as a result of a subscription and sold as a result of a redemption), but shall not include any commission payable to agents on sales and purchases of Shares or any commission, taxes, charges or costs which may have been taken into account in ascertaining the Net Asset Value of Shares in the relevant Fund.

"EEA", the European Economic Area.

"EU", the European Union.

"Euro", "EUR" and "€", the single European currency unit referred to in Council Regulation (EC) No. 974/98 of 3 May 1998 on the introduction of the Euro.

"FDI", financial derivative instrument(s).

"Fund", a fund of assets established (with the prior approval of the Central Bank) for one or more classes of Shares which is invested in accordance with the investment objective applicable to such fund.

"Fund Schedule Supplement", a supplement to this Prospectus containing a list of the Funds established by the Company.

"Hong Kong Dollar", "HK\$", "HKD", the lawful currency of Hong Kong.

"Investment(s)", any investment(s) authorised by the Memorandum and which is permitted by the Regulations and the Articles.

- "Investment Manager(s)", Lazard Asset Management Limited, Lazard Asset Management LLC and Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Funds or any of them.
- "Japanese Yen", "JPY", "Yen" and "¥", the lawful currency of Japan.
- "KID(s)", PRIIPs Key Information Document(s) prepared in accordance with the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/653.
- "KIID(s)", Key Investor Information Document(s).
- "Lazard Deutschland IMA", the investment management agreement dated 18 December 2017 between the Company, the Manager and Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH, as amended by side letters dated 18 December 2018, 17 July 2020, 17 December 2020, 24 February 2021 and 29 August 2022, as same may be amended from time to time.
- "Lazard Group", Lazard Inc and its subsidiaries.
- "Lazard UK IMA", the investment management agreement dated 25 January 2022, between the Company, the Manager and Lazard Asset Management Limited.
- "Lazard US IMA", the investment management agreement dated 26 February 2009, between the Company, the Manager and Lazard Asset Management LLC, as amended by side letters dated 26 October 2010, 15 November 2011, 7 August 2012, 21 November 2012, 2 September 2013, 31 October 2013, 16 September 2015, 9 November 2015, 20 November 2015, 4 December 2015, 19 December 2017, 26 March 2018, 5 April 2018, 31 July 2020, 17 December 2020, 23 March 2021, 26 March 2021, 27 September 2021, 21 December 2021 and 25 May 2022, as same may be amended from time to time.
- "Management Agreement", the management agreement dated 17 July 2020, between the Company and the Manager, as same may be amended from time to time.
- "Manager", Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited, or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to act as manager to the Company.
- "Member State", a member state of the European Union.
- "Memorandum", the Memorandum of Association of the Company, as amended from time to time.
- "Minimum Holding", a holding of Shares of any class having an aggregate value of such minimum amount as set out in the relevant Supplement, or as may be determined from time to time by the Directors.
- "Minimum Redemption", a minimum redemption (whether initial or subsequent) for Shares of any class as set out in the relevant Supplement or as may be determined from time to time by the Directors.
- "Minimum Subscription", a minimum subscription (whether initial or subsequent) for Shares of any class as set out in the relevant Supplement or as may be determined from time to time by the Directors.
- "Money Market Funds Regulation", Regulation (EU) 2017/1131 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14 June 2017 on money market funds as same may be amended, supplemented or reenacted from time to time;
- "Net Asset Value", the net asset value of a Fund or, where applicable, of a class of Shares, determined in accordance with the Articles.

- "Net Asset Value per Share", the Net Asset Value divided by the number of Shares of the relevant Fund subject to such adjustment, if any, as may be required where there is more than one class of Shares in the Fund.
- "PRIIPs", packaged retail and insurance-based investment products provided for under Regulation (EU) No.1286/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 November 2014 on PRIIPs.
- "Promoter and Distributor Agreement", the promoter and distributor agreement dated 26 February 2009, between the Company, the Manager and Lazard Asset Management Limited, as amended by side letters dated 26 October 2010 and 10 March 2016, as same may be amended from time to time.
- "Prospectus", this document as it may be amended from time to time in accordance with Central Bank Requirements together with, where the context requires or implies, any Supplement or addendum.
- "Qualified Holder", any person, corporation or entity other than (i) a US person which is not a Qualified US Person; (ii) any person, corporation or entity which cannot acquire or hold Shares without violating laws or regulations applicable to it or who might expose the Company to adverse tax or regulatory consequences (iii) a custodian, nominee, or trustee for any person, corporation or entity described in (i) and (ii) above.
- "Qualified US Person", a US Person who has acquired Shares with the consent of the Directors provided that the number of Qualified US Persons shall not exceed such number as the Directors shall determine from time to time with a view to precluding the Company from being required to register as an investment company under the 1940 Act or with a view to precluding the Company from becoming subject to reporting obligations or registrations obligations under the 1934 Act.
- "Regulated Markets", the stock exchanges and/or regulated markets listed in Appendix I.
- "Regulations", the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2011 (S.I. No. 352 of 2011), as may be amended, supplemented and/or replaced from time to time.
- "SEC", the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- "Secretary", Wilton Secretarial Limited and/or such other person as may be appointed to act as secretary to the Company.
- "Securities Financing Transaction", "SFT", means (a) a repurchase transaction; (b) securities or commodities lending and securities or commodities borrowing; (c) a buy-sell back transaction or sell-buy back transaction; and/or (d) a margin lending transaction, each as defined in accordance with SFTR.
- "**SFDR**", Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector, as amended and as may be further amended.
- "SFTR", Regulation (EU) 2015/2365 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 25 November 2015 on transparency of securities financing transactions and of reuse and amending Regulation (EU) No. 648/2012, as may be amended, supplemented and/or replaced from time to time.
- "Share(s)", a share or shares of no par value in the Company designated as a "Participating Share" or "Participating Shares" in the Articles.
- "Share Price", the price per Share as determined in accordance with the Articles and as set out in the relevant Supplement.
- "Shareholder", the registered holder of a Share.

- "Subscriber Shares", shares of Stg £1 each in the capital of the Company designated as "Subscriber Shares" in the Articles and issued for the purposes of incorporating the Company.
- "Supplement", any document issued by the Company, including the Fund Schedule Supplement, expressed to be a supplement to this Prospectus.
- "Sustainability Factors", as defined in the SFDR, means environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.
- "Sustainability Risk", as defined in the SFDR, means an environmental, social or governance event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause a negative material impact on the value of an Investment.
- "Sterling". "GBP" and "Stg£", the lawful currency of the United Kingdom.
- "Stock Connect", the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and/or the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect.
- "Swiss Franc" and "CHF", the lawful currency of Switzerland.
- "Taxonomy Regulation", Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment, and amending Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, as may be amended.
- "UCITS", an Undertaking for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities established pursuant to the Directive, as amended.
- "United Kingdom" or "UK", the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- "United States" and "US", the United States of America or any of its territories, possessions or other areas subject to its jurisdiction including the states and the Federal District of Columbia.
- "United States Dollar", "the US Dollar", "US Dollars" and "US\$" the lawful currency of the United States.
- "US Person", subject to such applicable law and to such changes as the Directors shall notify to applicants for or transferees of Shares; a national or resident of the United States, (including any corporation, partnership or other entity created or organised in, or under the laws, of the United States or any political subdivision thereof), or any estate or trust, other than an estate or trust the income of which from sources outside the United States (which is not effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States) is not included in gross income for the purpose of computing United States federal income tax, provided, however, that the term "US Person" shall not include a branch or agency of a United States bank or insurance company that is operating outside the United States as a locally regulated branch or agency engaged in the banking or insurance business and not solely for the purpose of investing in securities under the 1933 Act.
- "Valuation Point", such time and day as the Directors may from time to time determine, with the approval of the Administrator, in relation to the valuation of the assets and liabilities of a Fund (see relevant Supplement).
- "1933 Act", the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
- "1934 Act", the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- "1940 Act", the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

DIRECTORY

Directors

The Directors of the Company, whose business address is at 6th Floor 2 Grand Canal Square Dublin 2 D02 A342 Ireland

are as follows:

Denis Faller Deirdre Gormley Andreas Hübner Samantha McConnell Jeremy Taylor

Registered Office

6th Floor 2 Grand Canal Square Dublin 2 D02 A342 Ireland

Manager

Registered Office Address:
Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland)
Limited
6th Floor
2 Grand Canal Square
Dublin 2
D02 A342
Ireland

Depositary

State Street Custodial Services (Ireland) Limited 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland

Investment Managers

Lazard Asset Management
Limited
50 Stratton Street
London
W1J 8LL
United Kingdom

Lazard Asset Management LLC 30 Rockefeller Plaza New York NY 10112-6300 USA

Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH Neue Mainzer Strasse 75 60311 Frankfurt am Main Germany

Administrator, Registrar and Transfer Agent

State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland

Currency Managers

State Street Bank and Trust Company London Branch 20 Churchill Place London E14 5HJ United Kingdom

State Street Bank International GmbH Solmsstraße 83, 60486 Frankfurt am Main Germany

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
One Spencer Dock
North Wall Quay
Dublin 1
D01 X9R7
Ireland

Promoter

Lazard Asset Management Limited 50 Stratton Street London W1J 8LL United Kingdom

Secretary

Wilton Secretarial Limited 6th Floor 2 Grand Canal Square Dublin 2 D02 A342 Ireland

Legal Advisers to the Company

as to Irish law

William Fry LLP Solicitors 2 Grand Canal Square Dublin 2 D02 A342 Ireland

as to English law:

CMS Cameron McKenna Nabarro Olswang LLP Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street London EC4N 6AF United Kingdom

Distributors

Lazard Asset Management Limited 50 Stratton Street London W1J 8LL United Kingdom Lazard Frères Gestion 25 rue de Courcelles 75008 Paris France Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland)
Limited, Belgian Branch
Avenue Louise 326
1050 Brussels
Belgium

Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH Neue Mainzer Strasse 75 60311 Frankfurt am Main Germany Lazard Asset Management (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. 1 Raffles Place, #25-01 One Raffles Place Tower 1 Singapore 048616 Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited, Dutch Branch The Office Operators Mondriaan Tower Amstelplein 54 1096 BC Amsterdam

Lazard Asset Management LLC 30 Rockefeller Plaza New York NY 10112-6300 USA Lazard Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited Level 20 1 Harbour View Street Central Hong Kong Lazard Gulf Limited
Gate Village 1
Level 2, Office 206
Dubai International Financial Centre
Dubai
P.O. Box 506644
United Arab Emirates

Lazard Asset Management Schweiz AG Uraniastrasse 12 Zürich CH-8001 Switzerland Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited, Spanish Branch Paseo De La Castellana 140 Piso 10 28046 Madrid Spain

LAZARD GLOBAL INVESTMENT FUNDS PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

INTRODUCTION

Lazard Global Investment Funds Public Limited Company was incorporated under the laws of Ireland on 3 February 2009 and is an open-ended investment company with variable capital. The Company has been authorised by the Central Bank as a UCITS within the meaning of the Regulations and Lazard Asset Management Limited is the current promoter of the Company.

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that different Funds thereof may be established with the prior approval of the Central Bank. In addition, each Fund may have more than one Share class allocated to it, details of which will be set out in the relevant Supplement. The Shares of each class allocated to a Fund will rank pari passu with each other in all respects except as to all or any of the following:

- currency of denomination of the class;
- dividend policy:
- the level of fees and expenses to be charged; and
- the Minimum Subscription, Minimum Holding and Minimum Redemption applicable.

The assets of each Fund are separate from one another and are invested in accordance with the investment objective and policy applicable to each such Fund.

The base currency of each Fund will be determined by the Directors and will be set out in the relevant Supplement.

A list of the Funds currently established by the Company is contained in the Fund Schedule Supplement.

On the establishment of any Fund or the creation of a new class of Shares in an existing Fund, a Supplement and relevant KIID/KID(s) will be issued in respect thereof. In addition, details of all Funds and their Share classes will be set out in the annual and semi annual reports of the Company.

Investment Objective and Policy

General

The specific investment objective and policy for each Fund will be formulated by the Directors at the time of the creation of that Fund and set out in the relevant Supplement.

The stock exchanges and markets in which any Fund may invest are set out in Appendix I. These stock exchanges and markets are listed in accordance with the regulatory criteria as defined in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations, it being noted that the Central Bank does not issue a list of approved exchanges or markets. A Fund may invest in other collective investment schemes, including other Funds of the Company. A Fund may invest in FDI for direct investment purposes only where such intention is disclosed in the Fund's investment policy.

Any alteration to the investment objective or material alteration to the investment policy of any Fund at any time will be subject to the prior approval in writing of all of the Shareholders of the relevant Fund, or, if a general meeting of the Shareholders of such Fund is convened, by a majority of the votes cast at such meeting. Shareholders will be given reasonable advance notice of the implementation of any alteration to the investment objective or policy of a Fund which has been approved by Shareholders at a general meeting on the basis of a majority of votes cast so as to enable them to redeem their Shares prior to such implementation.

Investment in FDI Efficient Portfolio Management / Direct Investment

The Company may, on behalf of any Fund and subject to the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank, employ techniques and instruments relating to transferable securities and money market instruments, including investment in FDI. Such techniques and instruments may be used for efficient portfolio management purposes, or for hedging purposes or for direct investment purposes, where applicable. Such techniques and instruments are set out in Appendix II and may include: (i) investments in exchange-traded or over-the-counter ("OTC") FDI, such as futures, forwards, options, swaps, credit-default swap indices, swaptions, credit-linked notes, convertible securities, warrants and (ii) repurchase transactions (which may be used for efficient portfolio management purposes only). Further information in relation to the types, underlying reference assets and commercial purpose of the FDI in which a Fund may invest will be set out in the Supplement for the relevant Fund. Efficient portfolio management means instruments and investment techniques involving transactions that are entered into for one or more of the following specific aims: the reduction of risk, the reduction of cost, or the generation of additional capital or income for a Fund. New techniques and instruments may be developed which may be suitable for use by the Company and the Company may (subject to the conditions imposed the Central Bank) employ such techniques and instruments subject to the Supplement for the relevant Fund being updated and Shareholders being notified in advance. Where the Company intends to use these instruments for direct investment purposes, full details will be disclosed in the relevant Fund's investment policy. Where a Fund intends to engage in transactions involving FDI under any circumstances, the Company shall employ a risk management process in accordance with Central Bank Requirements to enable it to monitor, measure and manage, on a continuous basis, the risk to all open derivative positions and their contribution to the overall risk profile of the Fund. Only such FDI as are provided for in the current risk management process for the Company approved by the Central Bank may be used by the Company.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

Investment of the assets of each Fund must comply with the Regulations. A detailed statement of the general investment and borrowing restrictions applicable to all Funds is set out in Appendix III. The Directors may impose further restrictions in respect of any Fund. Details will be set out in the relevant Supplement.

The Directors may also from time to time impose such further investment restrictions as may be compatible with or be in the interests of the Shareholders in order to comply with the laws and regulations of the countries where Shareholders of the Company are located or the Shares are marketed.

The Company will not take legal or management control of any of the entities in which its underlying investments are made.

It is intended that the Company should, subject to the prior approval of the Central Bank, have power to avail itself of any change in the investment restrictions laid down in the Regulations which would permit investment by the Company in securities, derivative instruments or in any other form of investment which, as at the date of this Prospectus, is restricted or prohibited under the Regulations. The Company will give Shareholders at least two weeks' prior written notice of its intention to avail itself of any such change which is material in nature.

SFDR-related Disclosures

Assessment of Principal Adverse Impacts of Investment Decisions on Sustainability Factors

Principal adverse sustainability impacts of the Company

The Manager, being a company, which has less than 500 employees and which is not a parent undertaking of a group with 500 or more employees, is not, in accordance with the SFDR, currently required to consider the principal adverse impacts of investment decisions of the Company on Sustainability Factors in the manner prescribed under Article 4(1)(a) of the SFDR. The Manager takes account of Sustainability Risks in the investment decision-making process applied to the

Company's Investments in the manner described in the Supplements, but has determined, for the time being, not to consider (in the manner specifically contemplated by Article 4(1)(a) of the SFDR) the principal adverse impacts of investment decisions of the Company on Sustainability Factors.

This decision has been made on the basis that, in the Manager's opinion, it is not currently possible to access or acquire the data necessary to conduct this assessment in accordance with the requirements of the SFDR. The Manager will continue to monitor and, through on-going investee company engagement, encourage greater disclosures and transparency and if, once these uncertainties have been addressed, the Manager is satisfied that such an assessment can be properly conducted and that to do so would be in the best interests of Shareholders, it may look at that stage to consider the adverse impacts of Company investment decisions on Sustainability Factors in the manner contemplated under Article 4(1)(a) of the SFDR.

Principal adverse sustainability impacts of the Funds

The Manager considers the principal adverse impacts on Sustainability Factors of its investment decisions in respect of those Funds which, as set out in the Fund Schedule Supplement, are subject to the disclosure rules under Articles 8 or 9 of the SFDR. The manner in which the Manager considers such principal adverse impacts will be set out in an appendix to the Supplement for the relevant Fund detailing the environment and/or social characteristics or sustainable investment objectives of that Fund.

Taxonomy Regulation-related Disclosures

The investments underlying the Lazard Coherence Credit Alternative Fund and the Lazard Commodities Fund do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Benchmark Indices

The performance of a Fund may be measured against a specific index and/or a Fund may use an index as a benchmark in accordance with how the Benchmarks Regulation define 'use of a benchmark' (in either case a "Benchmark Index").

The Company has in place and maintains written plans setting out the actions that may be taken in the event that an index used by a Fund as a benchmark in accordance with the Benchmarks Regulation is materially changed or ceases to be provided. These plans include, where appropriate, details of alternative indices that might potentially be used by a Fund where an index it uses as a benchmark has to be substituted.

These plans reserve to the Directors the right, if they consider it in the interests of the Company or any Fund to do so and with the consent of the Depositary, to substitute another index for a relevant Benchmark Index if:

- (a) the particular Benchmark Index or index series ceases to be provided or to exist or is materially changed:
- (b) a new index becomes available which supersedes the existing Benchmark Index;
- (c) a new index becomes available which is regarded as the market standard for investors in the particular market and/or would be regarded as of greater benefit to the Shareholders than the existing Benchmark Index;
- (d) it becomes difficult to invest in stocks comprised within the particular Benchmark Index;
- (e) the Benchmark Index provider increases its charges to a level which the Directors consider too high;

- (f) the quality (including accuracy and availability of data) of a particular Benchmark Index has, in the opinion of the Directors, deteriorated; or
- (g) a liquid futures market in which a particular Fund is investing ceases to be available.

The Directors may change the name of a Fund, particularly if its Benchmark Index is changed.

Any change in a Benchmark Index and/or to the name of a Fund will be notified to the Central Bank and the Shareholders of the relevant Fund and will be noted in the annual and semi-annual reports of the relevant Fund issued after any such change takes place.

Dividend Policy

The Directors are empowered to declare and pay dividends on any class of Shares in the Company.

Dividends, if declared, will only be paid out of a Fund's net investment income return (i.e. income from dividends, interest or otherwise, less that Fund's accrued expenses to be certified for the accounting period). The timing of dividend payments in respect of any Fund will be set out in the relevant Supplement. Any dividend payment that is not claimed will not earn interest and, if not claimed within six years of its declaration, shall be forfeited and shall be escheated for the benefit of the relevant Fund.

Dividends payable to Shareholders of distributing classes of Shares will be reinvested immediately after such dividends are paid by subscription for further Shares, unless Shareholders specifically request that dividends be remitted to them. A Shareholder who elects to have dividends remitted in cash will be deemed to have made a similar election in respect of any further dividends due to the Shareholder until the Shareholder revokes the election. In circumstances where a Shareholder has elected to have dividends remitted in cash but the expense involved in remitting the dividend payment exceeds the amount of the dividend to be paid, the Directors may in their absolute discretion reinvest the dividend amount in the relevant Fund immediately after such dividends are paid by subscription for further Shares. Reinvestment of dividends will be made on the dividend payment date. If a Shareholder's dividends are reinvested, there is no preliminary fee payable on the reinvestment.

The Company intends to operate an equalisation account in respect of each of the Funds in order that dividends may be paid to all Shareholders in a Fund at an undiluted rate. If Shares are acquired when the equalisation account is in operation, otherwise than at the beginning of an account period, the first distribution or accumulation after acquisition will include a refund of capital, referred to as an equalisation payment, which is not subject to tax in the UK as income. The amount of the equalisation payment must be deducted from the original purchase cost of the relevant Shares in computing the allowable cost of these Shares for UK capital gains purposes.

Dividends will not be paid in respect of any class of Shares which is an accumulating class. Income and profits, if any, attributable to an accumulating Share class will be accumulated in the relevant Fund on behalf of the Shareholders of that class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of the relevant accumulating Share class.

RISK FACTORS

The following risk factors do not purport to be a complete description or explanation of all risk factors which should be considered when investing in the Company. Investors should also read and consider any additional risk factors which may be set out in the relevant Supplement(s).

1. Market Fluctuations

A prospective investor should be aware that Investments are subject to normal market fluctuations and other risks inherent in investing in securities. There is no assurance that any appreciation in the value of Investments will occur or that the investment objective of any Fund will actually be achieved. The value of Investments and the income derived therefrom may fall as well as rise and investors may not recoup the original amount invested in a Fund. The difference at any one time between the price at which Shares are subscribed and the price at

which Shares are redeemed means that any investment should be viewed as medium to long term. An investment should only be made by those persons who are able to sustain a loss on their investment.

2. Suspensions

Prospective investors are reminded that in certain circumstances their right to redeem Shares may be suspended (see under the heading "Temporary Suspensions" in this Prospectus).

Taxation

The attention of potential investors is drawn to the taxation risks associated with investing in the Company. Please see the section of this Prospectus headed "Taxation".

4. Segregated Liability

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between its Funds. As a matter of Irish law, the assets of one Fund will not be available to meet the liabilities of another. However, the Company is a single legal entity that may operate or have assets held on its behalf or be subject to claims in other jurisdictions that may not necessarily recognise such segregation.

5. Foreign Exchange Risk

Because a Fund's assets and liabilities may be denominated in currencies different to a Fund's base currency, a Fund may be affected favourably or unfavourably by exchange control regulations or changes in the exchange rates between the base currency and other currencies. Changes in currency exchange rates may influence the value of a Fund's Shares, the dividends or interest earned and the gains and losses realised. Exchange rates between currencies are determined by supply and demand in the currency exchange markets, the international balance of payments, governmental intervention, speculation and other economic and political conditions.

Depending on an investor's currency of reference, currency fluctuations between an investor's currency of reference and the base currency of the relevant Fund may adversely affect the value of an investment in one or more Funds.

If the currency in which a security is denominated appreciates against the base currency, the value of the security will increase. Conversely, a decline in the exchange rate of the currency would adversely affect the value of the security.

A Fund may engage in foreign currency transactions in order to hedge against currency exchange risk, however there is no guarantee that hedging or protection will be achieved. This strategy may also limit a Fund from benefiting from the performance of its securities if the currency in which the securities held by a Fund are denominated rises against the Fund's base currency. In the case of a hedged class this risk applies systematically.

6. Payments via Intermediaries

Potential investors who choose or are obliged under local regulations to pay or receive subscription or redemption monies via an intermediary entity (e.g. a paying agent) bear a credit risk against that intermediary entity with respect to:

- (a) subscription monies for so long as such monies are held in an account with or in the name of such intermediary entity; and
- (b) redemption monies paid by the Company to such intermediary entity and payable to the relevant investor.

7. Dependence on Key Personnel

The Company and the Funds rely on the services of the relevant Investment Manager whose performance is dependent on the services of its investment team. There can be no assurance that the relevant Investment Manager will be able to retain its current investment team. The departure or incapacity of any such individuals could have a material adverse effect on a Fund.

8. Valuation Risk

The Net Asset Value of a Fund will be calculated by the Administrator based, to the extent possible, on prices obtained from independent third-party sources including exchanges. The fair market value of those assets of a Fund for which a third-party price is not available will be valued based on other sources deemed reliable by the Directors, in consultation with the Administrator. Investors should note that there is a risk that a Shareholder who redeems their Shares while a Fund holds particular assets may be paid an amount less or more than it would otherwise be paid if the actual value of such assets is higher or lower than the value provided to the Administrator. In addition, there is a risk that a subscription for Shares could dilute the underlying value of such assets for the other Shareholders if the actual value of such assets is higher than the value provided to the Administrator. There is also a risk that greater investment management fees and performance fees (to the extent that performance fees are payable by a Fund) may be paid by a Fund in respect of certain assets or liabilities of the Fund than would have been paid if the actual value of such assets or liabilities is lower or higher than the value determined for the purposes of calculating those fees and allocations. None of the Directors, the Investment Managers or the Administrator are under any liability (including any obligation to remit excess investment management fees or performance fees to a Fund or any of the Shareholders) if a price reasonably believed to be an accurate valuation of a particular asset of the Fund is found not to be such.

9. Credit Risk and Counterparty Risk

A Fund will be exposed to the credit risk of the counterparties or the brokers and dealers and exchanges through which it deals, and with whom it places margin or collateral in respect of transactions whether it engages in exchange or off-exchange traded transactions. A Fund may be subject to risk of losses in the event of a broker's bankruptcy or fraud, the bankruptcy or fraud of any clearing broker through which the broker executes and clears transactions on behalf of a Fund, or the bankruptcy or fraud of an exchange clearing house. While measures such as receiving collateral may be taken by a Fund to reduce counterparty credit risk, there can be no assurance that a counterparty will not default resulting in losses, or the increase of costs, to a Fund.

10. Counterparty Risk to the Depositary and other depositaries

The Company will be exposed to the credit risk of the Depositary or any depositary used by the Depositary where cash or other assets are held by the Depositary or other depositaries. Cash held by the Depositary and other depositaries will not be segregated in practice but will be a debt owing from the Depositary or other depositaries to the Company as a depositor. Such cash will be co-mingled with cash belonging to other clients of the Depositary and/or other depositaries. In the event of the insolvency of the Depositary or other depositaries, the Company will be treated as a general unsecured creditor of the Depositary or other depositaries in relation to cash holdings of the Funds. The Company may face difficulties and/or encounter delays in recovering such debt, or may not be able to recover it in full or at all, in which case the Fund will lose some or all of its cash. The Funds' securities are however maintained by the Depositary and sub-custodians used by the Depositary in segregated accounts and should be protected in the event of insolvency of the Depositary or sub-custodians.

11. Market Disruption Risk

A Fund may incur significant losses in the event of disrupted markets and other extraordinary events which may affect markets in a way that is not consistent with historical pricing relationships. The risk of loss from a disconnect from historical prices is compounded by the

fact that in disrupted markets many positions become illiquid, making it difficult or impossible to close out positions against which the markets are moving. In 1994, in 1998 and again in the so-called "credit crunch" of 2007-2008 a sudden restriction of credit by the dealer community resulted in forced liquidations and major losses for a number of investment vehicles. The "credit crunch" of 2007-2008 particularly affected investment vehicles focused on credit-related investments. However, because market disruptions and losses in one sector can cause ripple effects in other sectors, during the "credit crunch" of 2007-2008 many investment vehicles suffered heavy losses even though they were not necessarily heavily invested in credit-related investments. In addition, market disruptions caused by unexpected political, military and terrorist events may from time to time cause dramatic losses for a Fund and such events can result in otherwise historically low-risk strategies performing with unprecedented volatility and risk. A financial exchange may from time to time suspend or limit trading. Such a suspension could render it difficult or impossible for a Fund to liquidate affected positions and thereby expose it to losses. There is also no assurance that off-exchange markets will remain liquid enough for an affected Fund to close out positions.

12. Inflation Risk

A rising rate of inflation will have the effect of reducing, by an equivalent amount, the relative value of any gain achieved by a Fund.

13. Active Management Risk

The Funds are all actively managed. The Investment Manager of each Fund identifies securities to invest in according to the particular investment strategy or investment objective being pursued and actively selects stocks on that basis. A Fund may underperform other investments and products given the style of investing and the longer-term view of the relevant Investment Manager of an underlying Investment's intrinsic value.

14. Liquidity Risk

Certain securities held by a Fund may be difficult (or impossible) to sell at the time and at the price the relevant Investment Manager would like. A Fund may have to hold these securities longer than it would like and may forego other investment opportunities. There is the possibility that a Fund may lose money or be prevented from earning capital gains if it cannot sell a security at the time and price that is most beneficial to that Fund. Funds that invest in privately-placed securities, certain small company securities, high-yield bonds, mortgage-backed securities or foreign or emerging market securities, which have all experienced periods of illiquidity, are subject to liquidity risks.

15. Concentration Risk

Where the portfolio of a Fund is concentrated (in terms of the number of different securities comprising the portfolio), the level of risk is expected to be higher than that associated with a broader based, more diversified portfolio. For example, the performance of a single stock within such a portfolio may have a greater effect on the relevant Fund's Net Asset Value per Share. Certain Funds may have portfolios comprising between 20 and 40 different securities and will therefore be exposed to concentration risk. In addition, some Funds may be concentrated in individual countries or sectors. If one of these components underperforms, it would have a greater effect than would be the case in a more diversified portfolio where the risk is more widely spread.

16. Systems Risks

The Company and the Funds depend on the relevant Investment Manager and other third party service providers to develop and implement appropriate systems for the Funds' activities. The operational infrastructure around the Company and the Funds relies extensively on computer programs and systems (and may rely on new systems and technology in the future) for various purposes including, without limitation, trading, clearing and settling transactions, evaluating certain financial instruments, monitoring its portfolio and net capital, and generating risk

management and other reports that are critical to oversight of the Funds' activities. Certain of a Fund's and the Company's delegates' operations interface will be dependent upon systems operated by third parties, the Depositary, the Administrator, market counterparties and their sub-custodians and other service providers, and the relevant Investment Manager may not be in a position to verify the risk or reliability of such third-party systems. These programs or systems may be subject to certain limitations, including, but not limited to, those caused by computer viruses and power failures. All operations are highly dependent on each of these systems and the successful operation of such systems is often out of the Fund's or the relevant delegate's control. The failure of one or more systems or the inability of such systems to satisfy the Fund's growing businesses could have a material adverse effect on the Funds. For example, systems failures could cause settlement of trades to fail, lead to inaccurate accounting, recording or processing of trades, and cause inaccurate reports, which may affect the ability of a Fund to monitor its investment portfolio and risks.

17. Cyber Security Risk

The Company and its service providers are susceptible to operational and information security risk and related risks relating to cyber security incidents. In general, cyber security incidents can be the result of deliberate attacks or unintentional events. Cyber security attacks include, but are not limited to: gaining unauthorised access to digital systems (e.g. through "hacking" or malicious software coding) for purposes of misappropriating assets or sensitive information; and corrupting data or causing operational disruption. Cyber attacks may also be carried out in a manner that does not require gaining unauthorised access, such as causing denial of service attacks on websites (i.e. efforts to make services unavailable to intended users). Cyber security incidents affecting the Investment Managers, Administrator, Depositary or other service providers have the ability to cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, including by interfering with the ability to calculate the Net Asset Value of a Fund, impeding trading of a Fund's portfolios, preventing Shareholders from transacting business with the Company, violating applicable privacy, data security or other laws, (and thereby subjecting the Company to regulatory fines and penalties, reputational damage, obligations to pay reimbursement or other compensation or remediation costs, legal fees, or additional compliance costs). Similar adverse consequences could result from cyber security incidents affecting issuers of securities in which a Fund invests, counterparties with which the Company engages in transactions, governmental and other regulatory authorities, exchange and other financial market operations, banks, brokers, dealers, insurance companies and other financial institutions and other parties. While information risk management systems and business continuity plans have been developed which are designed to reduce the risks associated with cyber security, there are inherent limitations in any cyber security risk management system or business continuity plan, including the possibility that certain risks have not been identified.

18. Risks relating to the European General Data Protection Regulation

The EU General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR") came into effect on 25 May 2018 in all Member States and applies where a controller's processing activities relate to the provision of services to individuals in the EU. GDPR introduced significant new obligations on controllers, including requirements around accountability and transparency, formalising the processing operations of their delegates, responding to additional data subjects' rights requests within shorter timelines, reporting of personal data breaches to data protection authorities or data subjects, consideration of data protection as any new services are developed and limitation of the amount of personal data collected, processed and stored.

GDPR also introduced a substantially more comprehensive regulatory regime, of which one of the main features is that administrative fines for breaches of GDPR can reach as high as €20m or 4% of an undertaking's (or group of undertakings') annual turnover (whichever amount is greater).

The implementation of GDPR required significant changes to the policies and procedures of the Company in relation to data protection. These changes may increase the operational and compliance costs borne by the Company and in the event of failure to comply with the requirements of GDPR, the Company could face significant administrative and monetary

sanctions as well as reputational damage which may have a material adverse effect on its operations, financial condition and prospects. These risks may apply equally to certain entities in which the Funds may invest.

19. Political Risk

A Fund may invest in currencies and in securities traded in various markets throughout the world, including in emerging or developing markets, some of which are highly controlled by governmental authorities. Such Investments require consideration of certain risks typically not associated with investing in currencies or in securities of developed markets. Such risks include, among other things, trade balances and imbalances and related economic policies, unfavourable currency exchange rate fluctuations, imposition of exchange control regulation by governments, withholding taxes, limitations on the removal of funds or other assets, policies of governments with respect to possible nationalisation of their industries, political difficulties, including expropriation of assets, confiscatory taxation and social, economic or political instability in foreign nations. These factors may affect the level and volatility of securities prices and the liquidity of Investments made in such regions. Unexpected volatility or illiquidity could impair a Fund's profitability or result in losses.

The economies of the countries in which a Fund may invest differ in such respects as growth of gross domestic product, rate of inflation, currency depreciation, asset reinvestment, resource self-sufficiency and balance of payments position. Further, certain economies are heavily dependent upon international trade and, accordingly, have been and may continue to be adversely affected by trade barriers, exchange controls, managed adjustments in relative currency values and other protectionist measures imposed or negotiated by the countries with which they trade. The economies of certain countries in which a Fund may invest may be based, predominantly, on only a few industries and may be vulnerable to changes in trade conditions and may have higher levels of debt or inflation.

20. Emerging Markets Risk Factors

Funds which invest directly in, or otherwise have exposure to emerging market securities may be subject to the following additional risk factors:

Political and Economic Factors

There is, in some emerging market countries, a higher than usual risk of nationalisation, expropriation or confiscatory taxation, any of which might have an adverse effect on the value of Investments in those countries. Emerging market countries may also be subject to higher than usual risks of political changes, government regulation, social instability or diplomatic developments (including war) which could adversely affect the economies of the relevant countries and thus the value of investments in those countries.

The economies of many emerging market countries can be heavily dependent on international trade and accordingly have been and may continue to be adversely affected by trade barriers, managed adjustments in relative currency values, other protectionist measures imposed or negotiated by the countries with which they trade and international economic developments generally.

In this regard, investments in emerging countries may involve risks of restrictive currency control regulations and currency conversion rates may be artificial to actual market values. Currency exchange rates in emerging markets may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time.

Counterparty Risk and Liquidity Factors

There can be no assurance that there will be any market for any Investments acquired by a Fund or, if there is such a local market, that there will exist a secure method of delivery against payment which would, in the event of a sale or purchase by or on behalf of a Fund, avoid exposure to counterparty risk on the buyer or the seller. It is possible that, even if a market

exists for such Investment, that market may be highly illiquid. Such lack of liquidity may adversely affect the value or ease of disposal of such Investments. There is a risk that counterparties may not perform their obligations and that settlement of transactions may not occur.

Legal Factors

The legislative framework in emerging market countries for the purchase and sale of investments and in relation to beneficial interests in those investments may be relatively new and untested and there can be no assurance regarding how the courts or agencies of emerging market countries will react to questions arising from a Fund's investment in such countries and arrangements contemplated in relation thereto.

There is no guarantee that any arrangements made, or agreement entered into, between the Depositary and any correspondent (i.e. an agent, sub-custodian or delegate) will be upheld by a court of any emerging market country, or that any judgement obtained by the Depositary or the Company against any such correspondent in a court of any jurisdiction will be enforced by a court of any emerging market country.

Companies in emerging markets may not be subject to the same level of government supervision and stock exchanges to the same level of regulation as may be expected in countries with more advanced securities markets. Accordingly, certain emerging markets may not afford the same level of investor protection as would apply in more developed jurisdictions. There may be restrictions on foreign investment in certain securities by certain Funds and, as a result, limited investment opportunities for a Fund. Substantial government involvement in, and influence on, the economy may affect the value of securities in certain emerging markets.

Reporting and Valuation Factors

There can be no guarantee of the accuracy of information available in emerging market countries in relation to Investments which may adversely affect the accuracy of the value of Shares in a Fund. Accounting practices are in many respects less rigorous than those applicable in more developed markets. Similarly, the amount and quality of information required for reporting by companies in emerging market countries is generally of a relatively lower degree than in more developed markets.

Exchange Control and Repatriation Factors

It may not be possible for a Fund to repatriate capital, dividends, interest and other income from emerging market countries, or it may require government consents to do so. A Fund could be adversely affected by the introduction of, or delays in, or refusal to grant any such consent for the repatriation of funds or by any official intervention affecting the process of settlement of transactions. Economic or political conditions could lead to the revocation or variation of consent granted prior to investment being made in any particular country or to the imposition of new restrictions.

Settlement Factors

There can be no guarantee of the operation or performance of settlement, clearing and registration of transactions in emerging market countries nor can there be any guarantee of the solvency of any securities system or that such securities system will properly maintain the registration of the Depositary or the Company as the holder of securities. Where organised securities markets and banking and telecommunications systems are underdeveloped, concerns inevitably arise in relation to settlement, clearing and registration of transactions in securities where these are acquired other than as direct investments. Furthermore, due to the local postal and banking systems in many emerging market countries, no guarantee can be given that all entitlements attaching to quoted and over-the-counter traded securities acquired by a Fund, including those related to dividends, can be realised.

Some emerging markets currently dictate that monies for settlement be received by a local broker a number of days in advance of settlement, and that assets are not transferred until a number of days after settlement. This exposes the assets in question to risks arising from acts, omissions and solvency of the broker and counterparty risk for that period of time.

The reliability of trading and settlement systems in some emerging markets may not be equal to that available in more developed markets, which may result in delays in realising Investments.

Currency factors

The economies of emerging countries generally are heavily dependent upon international trade and, accordingly, have been and may continue to be adversely affected by trade barriers, exchange controls, managed adjustments in relative currency values and other protectionist measures imposed or negotiated by the countries with which they trade. The economies of certain countries in which a Fund may invest may be based, predominantly, on only a few industries and may be vulnerable to changes in trade conditions and may have higher levels of debt or inflation.

Custody Factors

Local custody services remain underdeveloped in many emerging market countries and there is a transaction and custody risk involved in dealing in such markets. In certain circumstances a Fund may not be able to recover some of its assets. Such circumstances may include any acts or omissions or the liquidation, bankruptcy or insolvency of a sub-custodian, retroactive application of legislation and fraud or improper registration of title. The costs borne by a Fund in investing and holding Investments in such markets will generally be higher than in organised securities markets.

Default Risk

A Fund's Investments may include securities issued by corporate or other non-sovereign entities located or doing business in emerging market countries and sovereign obligations of emerging market countries. There is a risk that the issuing entity will default or reschedule its obligation to repay the principal and interest, and a Fund may have limited recourse against the issuer.

Emerging Market Corporate Debt Securities

A Fund may invest in fixed income securities issued by corporate issuers, which may or may not be denominated in the local currency of the issuer. The market values of these securities are sensitive to individual corporate developments and changes in economic conditions. Emerging markets issuers may be highly leveraged and may not have more traditional methods of financing available to them. Therefore, their ability to service their debt obligations during an economic downturn or during sustained periods of rising interest rates may be impaired, resulting in a higher risk of default.

Emerging Market Sovereign Debt Securities

A Fund may invest in sovereign debt securities, denominated in the local currency of the issuer. Investing in sovereign debt securities will expose the relevant Fund to the direct or indirect consequences of political, social or economic changes in the emerging market countries that issue the securities. The ability and willingness of sovereign issuers in emerging market countries or the governmental authorities that control repayment of their debt to pay principal and interest on such debt when due may depend on general economic and political conditions within the relevant country. Countries in which a Fund intends to invest have historically experienced, and may continue to experience, high rates of inflation, high interest rates, exchange rate fluctuations, trade difficulties and extreme poverty and unemployment. Many of these countries are also characterised by political uncertainty or instability.

As a result of the foregoing, a governmental issuer may default on its obligations. If such a default occurs, the relevant Fund may have limited legal recourse against the issuer and/or guarantor. Remedies may, in some cases, be pursued in the courts of the defaulting party itself, and the ability of the holder of foreign sovereign debt securities to obtain recourse may be subject to the political climate in the relevant country.

Sovereign issuers in emerging market countries have been among the world's largest debtors to commercial banks, other governments, international financial organisations and other financial institutions. These issuers have in the past experienced substantial difficulties in servicing their external debt obligations, which have led to defaults on certain obligations and the restructuring of certain indebtedness. Holders of certain foreign sovereign debt securities may be requested to participate in the restructuring of such obligations and to extend further loans to their issuers.

21. Risks associated with investment in Russia

Where a Fund invests in Russia, investors should be aware that the laws relating to securities investment and regulation in Russia have been created on an ad-hoc basis and do not tend to keep pace with market developments. This may lead to ambiguities in interpretation and inconsistent and arbitrary application of such regulation. In addition, investors should note that the process of monitoring and enforcement of applicable regulations is rudimentary.

Equity securities in Russia are dematerialised and the only legal evidence of ownership is entry of the shareholder's name on the share register of the issuer. The concept of fiduciary duty is not well established and so shareholders may suffer dilution or loss of investment due to the actions of management without satisfactory legal remedy.

Rules regulating corporate governance either do not exist or are undeveloped and offer little protection to minority shareholders.

22. MENA Risk

In addition to the general risks associated with emerging markets, trading in the Middle East and North Africa ("MENA") region is subject to particular risks.

The economies and financial markets of the MENA region can be interdependent and may all decline at the same time. Accordingly, Funds with significant exposure to the MENA region might generally be exposed to more risk than funds which are more geographically diversified.

Instability in MENA countries may result from factors such as government or military intervention in decision making, terrorism, civil unrest, extremism or hostilities between neighbouring countries. An outbreak of hostilities could result in substantial losses to a Fund with significant exposure to MENA. In certain countries traditionally held views may be opposed to foreign investment. If such views gain strength in a country they could have a destabilising effect on the investment activities of a Fund.

The quality, timing and reliability of official data published by the government and government agencies of some MENA countries may not always be equivalent to that of more developed countries.

In MENA countries, markets may observe holidays for several days during which no subscriptions and/or redemptions will be processed. Moreover, exact dates of market closures may be known only a very short time in advance. In such circumstances, it may become necessary to temporarily suspend dealing in a Fund with significant MENA exposure and the calculation of any such Fund's Net Asset Value in accordance with the terms of the Prospectus until such time as the relevant markets re-open.

In certain MENA countries, the marketability of quoted shares is limited due to the restricted opening hours of stock exchanges, a narrow range of investors and a relatively high portion of market value being concentrated in the hands of a relatively small number of shareholders. Trading volume is generally lower than on more developed stock markets and equities are

generally less liquid. The infrastructure for clearing, settlement, registration and depositary services on the primary and secondary markets of MENA countries is in some cases less developed than in certain other markets and under certain circumstances this may result in experiencing delays in settling and/or registering transactions in the markets in which it invests particularly if the growth of foreign and domestic investment in MENA countries places an undue burden on such investment infrastructure.

MENA countries may have less developed corporate laws in relation to fiduciary duties of officers and directors and the protection of investors.

A Fund may invest in companies that are domiciled in MENA countries which practice share blocking. Share blocking requires investors who vote at general meetings of such companies, to surrender the right to dispose of their shares for a defined period of time. Investments in such companies may limit a Fund's ability to liquidate or acquire assets during such a defined period of time to the detriment of investors or restrict a Fund's Investment Manager from exercising voting rights on behalf of a Fund. Countries which practice share blocking include Egypt, Morocco, Oman and Qatar.

The fraudulent acts of brokers, as well as any delays and errors in settlement, regardless of the instructing party, may have negative consequences for a Fund that invests in the MENA region including, without limitation, the imposition of penalties and fines that may result in a reduction in the value of a Fund.

23. Risks linked with dealing in securities in China via Stock Connect

Certain Funds may invest and have direct access to certain eligible China A-Shares via the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect and/or the Shenzhen Hong Kong Stock Connect (together "Stock Connect"). Stock Connect is a securities trading and clearing linked programme developed by Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited, Shanghai Stock Exchange, Shenzhen Stock Exchange and China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited, with an aim to achieve mutual stock market access between the People's Republic of China and Hong Kong. Investing in the People's Republic of China via Stock Connect bypasses the requirement to obtain RQFII status, which is required for direct access to either of the Shanghai Stock Exchange or the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

Under Stock Connect, overseas investors (including the Funds which invest in China A-Shares) may be allowed, subject to rules and regulations issued/amended from time to time, to trade certain China A-Shares listed on either the Shanghai Stock Exchange or the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

Stock Connect is subject to quota limitations measuring total purchases and sales of securities via Stock Connect. Buy orders and sell orders offset each other for the purposes of the quota. For example, if the daily quota is exceeded, buy orders will be rejected until the next trading day. The quota is not particular to a Fund or Investment Manager, it is applied to the market as a whole and this may restrict a Fund's ability to deal via Stock Connect on a timely basis and may impact on that Fund's ability to implement its investment strategy effectively.

Investors should also note that a security may be recalled from the scope of Stock Connect. This may adversely affect a Fund's ability to meet its investment objective, e.g. when it wishes to purchase a security which is recalled from the scope of Stock Connect. In addition, should a security be recalled from the scope of Stock Connect, there is a risk that a Fund may lose some or all of the value of the security, if there are insufficient funds to pay all participants in Stock Connect.

The precise nature and rights of a Fund as the beneficial owner of China A Shares through the Stock Connect programme is not well defined and enforcement of rights under Chinese law therefore is uncertain.

Under Stock Connect, China A Shares listed companies and trading of China A Shares are subject to the market rules and disclosure requirements of the China A Shares market. Any

changes in laws, regulations and policies of the China A Shares market or rules in relation to Stock Connect may affect share prices. Foreign shareholding restrictions and disclosure obligations are also applicable to China A Shares.

To facilitate investors, whose China A Shares are listed on either the Shanghai or Shenzhen Stock Exchanges and are maintained with custodians, to sell those securities without having to pre-deliver them from their custodians to their executing brokers, an enhanced pre-trade checking model (or "SPSA Model") was introduced.

Under the SPSA Model, an investor, whose China A shares are maintained with a custodian that is registered and admitted to participate in the Central Clearing and Settlement System operated by Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited ("CCASS"), can request such custodian to open a special segregated account ("SPSA") in CCASS to maintain its holdings in such securities. Each SPSA will be assigned a unique investor identification number by CCASS. The investor may designate up to 20 executing brokers to use its unique identification number to execute orders in those securities on its behalf. The SPSA Model allows pre-trade checking to be completed without the investor transferring its China A shares from its custodian to its executing broker before the market opens on the day of selling. Under the SPSA Model, an investor will only need to transfer its China A shares from its SPSA to its executing broker's account after execution and not before placing the sell order.

If the SPSA Model ceases to be available to a Fund for any reason at any time, this may adversely affect a Fund's ability to meet its investment objective and to buy or sell China A Shares in a timely manner.

24. Risks linked with investment in the China Interbank Bond Market through Bond Connect

The People's Bank of China ("PBoC") and the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA") have approved the China Foreign Exchange Trade System & National Interbank Funding Centre ("CFETS"), China Central Depository & Clearing Co., Ltd ("CCDC"), Shanghai Clearing House ("SHCH"), together with Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and Central Moneymarkets Unit ("CMU") to launch Bond Connect, a mutual bond market access programme between mainland China and Hong Kong. It is currently only operational in respect of investment through Hong Kong into mainland China ("Northbound" trading). Bond Connect allows investors to trade electronically between the mainland China and Hong Kong bond markets without quota restrictions and requirements to identify the ultimate investment amount. Investment through Bond Connect may expose the relevant Fund to certain risks, including but not limited to the following:

Suspension Risk

It is contemplated that the mainland Chinese authorities will reserve the right to suspend trading of Bond Connect if necessary for ensuring an orderly and fair market and that risks are managed prudently. Where a suspension in the trading through Bond Connect is effected, the relevant Fund's ability to access the People's Republic of China bond market to achieve their investment objectives will be adversely affected.

Differences in Trading Day

Trading through Bond Connect can be undertaken on days upon which the China Interbank Bond Market is open to trade, regardless of whether it is a public holiday in Hong Kong. Accordingly, it is possible that bonds traded through Bond Connect may be subject to fluctuation at times where the relevant Fund is unable to buy or sell bonds, as its Hong Kong or globally-based intermediaries are not available to assist with trades. Accordingly, this may cause the relevant Fund to be unable to realise gains, avoid losses or to benefit from an opportunity to invest in mainland Chinese bonds at an attractive price.

Operational Risk

Bond Connect provides a channel for investors from Hong Kong and overseas to access mainland China bond markets directly.

The "connectivity" in Bond Connect requires routing of orders across the border, requiring development of new trading platforms and operational systems. There is no assurance that these platforms and systems will function properly or will continue to be adapted to changes and developments in both markets. In the event that the relevant systems fail to function properly, trading through Bond Connect may be disrupted. The relevant Fund's ability to trade through Bond Connect to pursue its investment strategy may therefore be adversely affected.

For investments via Bond Connect, the relevant filings, registration with PBoC and account opening must be carried out via offshore custody agent, registration agent or other third parties (as the case may be). As such, the relevant Fund's investments via Bond Connect are subject to the risk of default or errors on the part of such third parties.

RMB Currency Risk

RMB is currently not a freely convertible currency and is subject to exchange controls and restrictions. A Fund's investments via Bond Connect may be adversely affected by movements of exchange rates between RMB and other currencies. There can be no assurance that the RMB exchange rate will not fluctuate widely against the US Dollar or any other currency in the future. Any depreciation of the RMB will decrease the value of RMB denominated assets, which may have a detrimental impact on the performance of a Fund.

The RMB is traded in both the onshore and offshore markets. While both offshore RMB ("CNH") and onshore RMB ("CNY") represent the same currency, they are traded in different and separate markets which operate independently. Therefore, CNY and CNH do not necessarily have the same exchange rate and their movement may not be in the same direction. When calculating the Net Asset Value per Share of a non-RMB denominated Class, the Administrator will apply the exchange rate for the offshore RMB market in Hong Kong, i.e. the CNH exchange rate, which may be at a premium or discount to the exchange rate for the onshore RMB market in the People's Republic of China, i.e. the CNY exchange rate.

Regulatory Risk

Bond Connect is novel in nature and will be subject to regulations promulgated by regulatory authorities and implementation rules made by regulators in mainland China and Hong Kong. It should be noted that the regulations are untested and there is no certainty as to how they will be applied. Moreover, the current regulations are subject to change which may have retrospective effect. There can be no assurance that Bond Connect will not be abolished. Accordingly, the relevant Fund's investments in the mainland China markets through Bond Connect may be adversely affected as a result of regulatory changes.

Taxation Risk

There is no specific guidance by the mainland China tax authorities on the treatment of income tax and other tax categories payable in respect of trading in the China Interbank Bond Market by foreign institutional investors via Bond Connect. Upon any future resolution of the aforementioned uncertainty or future changes to the tax law or policies, the Company will, as soon as practicable, make relevant adjustments to the amount of tax provision (if any), where necessary. Such uncertainties may operate to the advantage or disadvantage of Shareholders in the relevant Fund and may result in an increase or decrease in the total value of the relevant Fund.

Political Risk

Ability to invest and trade the bonds could be constrained, curtailed or suspended by changes in government policies related to the trade war between US and China or as part of US government potential sanctions against political suppression in Hong Kong or similar events.

25. Equity Market Risk

Equity securities fluctuate in value in response to many factors, including the activities, results of operations and financial condition of individual issuers, the business market in which individual companies compete, industry market conditions, interest rates and general economic environments (GDP, inflation, fiscal and monetary policy). In addition, events such as domestic and international political instability, terrorism and natural disasters may be unforeseeable and contribute to market volatility in ways that may adversely affect equity and equity-related investments made by a Fund.

26. Equity Style Risk

This is the risk that can arise from an investment manager's tendency to favour companies that have certain style characteristics (e.g. Growth, Value, Quality, Defensive). Periods can exist where any such style can become particularly favoured (or disliked) by other market participants, and this can influence performance. During any period when the style that is the focus of a Fund's investment strategy ceases to be in favour, there is a higher chance that the particular Fund's performance might be negatively impacted.

27. Risks associated with Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities

Credit Risk

The actual or perceived reduction in the creditworthiness of debt issuers generally will have adverse effects on the values of their debt securities. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or guarantor of a debt security or counterparty to a Fund's investments will be unable or unwilling to make timely principal and/or interest payments, or otherwise will be unable or unwilling to honour its financial obligations. A Fund may be subject to credit risk to the extent that it invests in debt securities or engages in transactions, such as securities loans or repurchase agreements, which involve a promise by a third party to honour an obligation to that Fund. Credit risk is particularly significant in the event that a Fund invests a material portion of its assets in "junk bonds" or lower-rated securities.

Interest Rate Risk

The price of a bond or a fixed income security is dependent upon interest rates. Therefore, the share price and total return of a Fund investing a significant portion of its assets in bonds or fixed income securities will vary in response to changes in interest rates. A rise in interest rates causes the value of a bond to decrease, and vice-versa. There is the possibility that the value of a Fund's investment in bonds or fixed income securities may fall because bonds or fixed income securities generally fall in value when interest rates rise. The longer the term of a bond or fixed income instrument, the more sensitive it will be to fluctuations in value from interest rate changes. Changes in interest rates may have a significant effect on a Fund.

Reinvestment Risk

It may not be possible to re-invest cash flows from fixed-income securities (coupons, return of principal) at a yield comparable to the current rate of return of the overall Fund which holds such securities or of individual security itself. This may reduce the potential return available to Shareholders in a Fund.

Downgrading and Lower Rated Securities Risk

Certain Funds may invest in below investment grade fixed income securities or bonds. Investment in fixed income securities or bonds are subject to the risk of an issuer's default or

inability to repay the principal and interest. Where a rating agent, such as S&P or Moody's, downgrades a bond to sub-investment grade or below investment grade after the date such security was first purchased by a Fund, such Fund may continue to hold the downgraded security in order to avoid a distressed sale where not prohibited from doing so according to the terms of such Fund's investment policy. Below investment grade bonds are more likely to react to developments affecting market and credit risk than more highly rated bonds. Where the Funds hold sub-investment grade bonds, the risk of default on repayments increases, which can impact the capital value of such a Fund.

Bonds rated below investment grade are speculative in nature, involve greater risk of default by the issuing entity and may be subject to greater market fluctuations than higher rated fixed income securities. They are usually issued by companies without long track records of sales and earnings, or by those companies with questionable credit strength. The retail secondary market for these below investment grade bonds or "junk bonds" may be less liquid than that of higher rated securities and adverse conditions could make it difficult at times to sell certain securities or could result in lower prices than those used in calculating a Fund's Net Asset Value. A Fund investing in "junk bonds" may also be subject to greater credit risk because it may invest in debt securities issued in connection with corporate restructuring by highly leveraged issuers or in debt securities not current in the payment of interest or principal or in default. "junk bonds" may contain redemption or call provisions. If an issuer exercises these provisions in a declining interest rate market, a Fund would have to replace the security with a lower yielding security, resulting in a decreased return. Conversely, a junk bond's value will decrease in a rising interest rate market, as will the value of the relevant Fund's assets. If a Fund experiences unexpected net redemptions, this may force it to sell its junk bonds, without regard to their investment merits, thereby decreasing the asset base upon which a Fund's expenses can be spread and possibly reducing a Fund's rate of return.

Asset-Backed Securities Risk

Asset-backed securities represent interests in pools of consumer loans such as credit card receivables, automobile loans and leases, leases on equipment such as computers, and other financial instruments and are subject to certain additional risks. Rising interest rates tend to extend the duration of asset-backed securities, making them more sensitive to changes in interest rates. As a result, in a period of rising interest rates, a Fund may exhibit additional volatility. The risk of default by borrowers is greater during periods of rising interest rates and/or unemployment rates. In addition, the principal on asset-backed securities may be prepaid at any time, which will reduce the yield and market value. When interest rates are declining, there are usually more prepayments of loans as borrowers are motivated to pay off debt and refinance at new lower rates, which will shorten the life of these securities. The reinvestment of cash received from prepayments will, therefore, usually be at a lower interest rate than the original investment, lowering a Fund's yield. Prepayments also vary based on, among other factors, general economic conditions and other demographic conditions.

If a Fund purchases asset-backed securities that are "subordinated" to other interests in the same pool of assets, that Fund, as a holder of those securities, may only receive payments after the pool's obligations to other investors have been satisfied. In addition, instability in the markets for asset-backed securities may affect the liquidity of such securities, which means that the Fund may be unable to sell such securities at an advantageous time and price. As a result, the value of such securities may decrease and the Fund may incur greater losses on the sale of such securities than under more stable market conditions. Furthermore, instability and illiquidity in the market for lower-rated asset-backed securities may affect the overall market for such securities, thereby impacting the liquidity and value of higher-rated securities.

Mortgage Backed Securities Risk

The principal on mortgage-backed securities may be prepaid at any time, which will reduce the yield and market value. If interest rates fall, the rate of prepayments tends to increase as borrowers are motivated to pay off debt and refinance at new lower rates. Rising interest rates tend to extend the duration of mortgage-backed securities, making them more sensitive to changes in interest rates. As a result, in a period of rising interest rates, a Fund that holds mortgage-backed securities may exhibit additional volatility. This is known as extension risk. In

addition, the risk of default by borrowers is greater during periods of rising interest rates and/or unemployment rates. The early retirement of particular classes or series of a collateralised mortgage obligation held by a Fund would have the same effect as the prepayment of mortgages underlying other mortgage-backed securities.

If a Fund purchases mortgage-backed securities that are "subordinated" to other interests in the same mortgage pool, that Fund, as a holder of those securities, may only receive payments after the pool's obligations to other investors have been satisfied. For example, an unexpectedly high rate of defaults on the mortgages held by a mortgage pool may limit substantially the pool's ability to make payments of principal or interest to the Fund as a holder of such subordinated securities, reducing the values of those securities or in some cases rendering them worthless. Certain mortgage-backed securities may include securities backed by pools of mortgage loans made to "subprime" borrowers or borrowers with blemished credit histories; the risk of defaults is generally higher in the case of mortgage pools that include such subprime mortgages. The underwriting standards for subprime loans are more flexible than the standards generally used by banks for borrowers with non-blemished credit histories with regard to the borrower's credit standing and repayment ability. Borrowers who qualify generally have impaired credit histories, which may include a record of major derogatory credit items such as outstanding judgments or prior bankruptcies. In addition, they may not have the documentation required to qualify for a standard mortgage loan. As a result, the mortgage loans in the mortgage pool are likely to experience rates of delinquency, foreclosure, and bankruptcy that are higher, and that may be substantially higher, than those experienced by mortgage loans underwritten in a more traditional manner. In addition, changes in the values of the mortgaged properties, as well as changes in interest rates, may have a greater effect on the delinquency, foreclosure, bankruptcy, and loss experience of the mortgage loans in the mortgage pool than on mortgage loans originated in a more traditional manner. Moreover, instability in the markets for mortgage-backed securities may affect the liquidity of such securities, which means that a Fund may be unable to sell such securities at an advantageous time and price. As a result, the value of such securities may decrease and a Fund may incur greater losses on the sale of such securities than under more stable market conditions. Furthermore, instability and illiquidity in the market for lower-rated mortgage-backed securities may affect the overall market for such securities, thereby impacting the liquidity and value of higher-rated securities.

Corporate Debt Securities

A Fund may invest in fixed income securities issued by corporate issuers, which may or may not be denominated in the local currency of the issuer. The market values of these securities are sensitive to individual corporate developments and changes in economic conditions. The ability of corporations to service their debt obligations during an economic downturn or during sustained periods of rising interest rates may be impaired, resulting in a higher risk of default.

Sovereign Debt Securities

Investing in sovereign debt securities will expose a Fund to the direct or indirect consequences of political, social or economic changes in the countries that issue the securities. The ability and willingness of sovereign issuers or the governmental authorities that control repayment of their debt to pay principal and interest on such debt when due may depend on general economic and political conditions within the relevant country.

As a result of the foregoing, a government issuer may default on its obligations. If such a default occurs, a Fund holding securities of such government issuer may have limited legal recourse against the issuer and/or guarantor. Remedies may, in some cases, be pursued in the courts of the jurisdiction of the defaulting party itself, and the ability of the holder of foreign sovereign debt securities to obtain recourse may be subject to the political climate in the relevant country.

28. Convertible Securities Risk

Convertible securities include corporate bonds, notes, preferred stocks or debt-securities of issuers that can be converted into (that is, exchanged for) common stocks or other equity securities at a stated price or rate. Convertible securities also include other securities, such as

warrants, that provide an opportunity for equity participation. Because convertible securities can be converted into equity securities, their value will normally vary in some proportion with those of the underlying equity securities. Due to the conversion feature, convertible securities generally yield less than non-convertible fixed income securities of similar credit quality and maturity. A Fund's investment in convertible securities may at times include securities that have a mandatory conversion feature, pursuant to which the securities convert automatically into common stock at a specified date and conversion ratio, or that are convertible at the option of the issuer. When conversion is not at the option of the holder, a Fund may be required to convert the security into the underlying common stock even at times when the value of the underlying common stock has declined substantially.

29. FDI Risk Factors

General

A Fund may use FDI subject to the limits and conditions set out in Appendix II. These derivative positions may be executed either on an organised exchange or over-the-counter ("OTC"). FDI tend to have a greater volatility than the securities to which they relate and, correspondingly, they bear a greater degree of risk. The primary risks associated with the use of FDI are (i) failure to predict accurately the direction of the market movements, (ii) market risks, for example, lack of liquidity or lack of correlation between the change in the value of the underlying asset and that of the value of a Fund's derivatives and (iii) operational risk, for example, the risk of direct or indirect loss resulting from inadequate or failed processes, people and systems or from external events. These techniques may not always be possible or effective in enhancing returns or mitigating risk. A Fund's investment in OTC derivatives is subject to the risk of counterparty default. In addition, a Fund may have to transact with counterparties on standard terms which it may not be able to negotiate and may bear the risk of loss because a counterparty does not have the legal capacity to enter into a transaction, or because the transaction becomes unenforceable due to relevant legislation and regulation. To the extent that a Fund invests in FDI, it may take a credit risk with regard to parties with whom it trades and may also bear the risk of settlement default. Any use of FDI will be in accordance with Central Bank Requirements and the Company's risk management process.

OTC Transaction Risk

In general, there is less governmental regulation and supervision of transactions in the OTC markets (in which currencies, forward, spot and option contracts, credit default swaps, total return swaps and certain options on currencies are generally traded) than of transactions entered into on organised exchanges. In addition, many of the protections afforded to participants on some organised exchanges, such as the performance guarantee of an exchange clearing house, may not be available in connection with OTC financial derivative transactions. Therefore, a Fund entering into OTC transactions will be subject to the risk that its direct counterparty will not perform its obligations under the transaction and that it will sustain losses. The Company will only enter into transactions with counterparties which it believes to be creditworthy and may reduce the exposure incurred in connection with such transactions through the receipt of letters of credit or collateral from certain counterparties. However, regardless of the measures the Company may seek to implement to reduce counterparty credit risk there can be no assurance that a counterparty will not default or that a Fund will not sustain losses as a result, which may ultimately impact the performance of a Fund and potential returns to investors.

From time to time, the counterparties with which the Company effects transactions might cease making markets or quoting prices in certain of the instruments. In such instances, the Company might be unable to enter into a desired transaction in currencies, credit default swaps or total return swaps or to enter into an offsetting transaction with respect to an open position, which might adversely affect its performance. Further, in contrast to exchange traded instruments, forward, spot and option contracts on currencies do not provide the Investment Managers with the possibility to offset the Company's obligations through an equal and opposite transaction. For this reason, in entering into forward, spot or options contracts, the Company may be required, and must be able, to perform its obligations under the contracts.

Forward Commitments

A Fund may make contracts to purchase currencies for a fixed price at a future date beyond customary settlement time ("forward commitments") because new issues of securities are frequently offered to investors, such as one of the Funds, on that basis. Forward commitments involve a risk of loss if the value of the security to be purchased declines prior to the settlement date. This risk is in addition to the risk of decline in value of a Fund's other assets. Although a Fund will enter into such contracts with the intention of acquiring the securities, a Fund may dispose of a forward commitment prior to a settlement date if the relevant Investment Manager deems it appropriate to do so. A Fund may realise short-term profits or losses upon the sale of forward commitments.

Forward Trading

Forward currency contracts and options thereon, unlike futures contracts, are not traded on exchanges and are not standardised; rather, banks and dealers act as principals in these markets, negotiating each transaction on an individual basis. Forward and "cash" trading is substantially unregulated; there is no limitation on daily price movements and speculative position limits are not applicable. For example, there are no requirements with respect to record-keeping, financial responsibility or segregation of customer funds or positions. In contrast to exchange-traded futures contracts, interbank traded instruments rely on the dealer or counterparty being contracted with to fulfil its contract. As a result, trading in interbank foreign exchange contracts may be subject to more risks than futures or options trading on regulated exchanges, including, but not limited to, the risk of default due to the failure of a counterparty with which a Fund has a forward currency contract. Although all Funds seek to trade with responsible counterparties, failure by a counterparty to fulfil its contractual obligation could expose the relevant Fund to unanticipated losses. The principals who deal in the forward markets are not required to continue to make markets in the currencies or commodities they trade and these markets can experience periods of illiquidity, sometimes of significant duration. There have been periods during which certain participants in these markets have quoted prices with an unusually wide spread between the price at which they were prepared to buy and that at which they were prepared to sell. Disruptions can occur in any currency market traded by a Fund due to unusually high or low trading volumes, political intervention or other factors. The imposition of controls by governmental authorities might also limit such forward trading to less than that which the relevant Investment Manager would otherwise experience, to the possible detriment of a Fund. Market illiquidity or disruption could result in major losses to a Fund.

Swap Agreements

A Fund may enter into swap agreements and options on swap agreements ("swaptions"). These agreements can be individually negotiated and structured to include exposure to a variety of different types of investments, asset classes or market factors. A Fund, for instance, may enter into swap agreements with respect to interest rates, credit defaults, currencies, securities, indexes of securities and other assets or other measures of risk or return. Depending on their structure, swap agreements may increase or decrease a Fund's exposure to, for example, equity securities, long-term or short-term interest rates, foreign currency values, credit spreads or other factors. Swap agreements can take many different forms and are known by a variety of names. A Fund is not limited to any particular form of swap agreement if consistent with that Fund's investment objective.

Whether a Fund's use of swap agreements or swaptions is successful depends on the Investment Manager's ability to select appropriate transactions for that Fund. Moreover, a Fund bears the risk of loss of the amount expected to be received under a swap agreement in the event of the default or insolvency of its counterparty. A Fund will also bear the risk of loss related to swap agreements, for example, for breaches of such agreements or the failure of a Fund to post or maintain required collateral. Many swap markets are relatively new and still developing. It is possible that developments in the swap markets, including potential government regulation, could adversely affect a Fund's ability to terminate existing swap transactions or to realise amounts to be received under such transactions.

Unfunded Swaps

The inability of the Investment Manager(s) to enter into an unfunded swap on terms which are of commercial benefit to a Fund or the early termination of an unfunded swap that may already be in place could result in a Fund being unable to pursue its investment objective and/or policy which in turn, would likely lead to the suspension and/or winding up of a Fund.

Call Options

A Fund may incur risks associated with the sale and purchase of call options. The seller (writer) of a call option which is covered (i.e. the writer holds the underlying security) assumes the risk of a decline in the market price of the underlying security below the purchase price of the underlying security less the premium received, and gives up the opportunity for gain on the underlying security above the exercise price of the option. The seller of an uncovered call option assumes the risk of a theoretically unlimited increase in the market price of the underlying security above the exercise price of the option. The securities necessary to satisfy the exercise of an uncovered call option may be unavailable for purchase, except at much higher prices, thereby reducing or eliminating the value of the premium. Purchasing securities to cover the exercise of an uncovered call option can cause the price of the securities to increase, thereby exacerbating the loss. The buyer of a call option assumes the risk of losing its entire premium investment in the call option.

Put Options

A Fund may incur risks associated with the sale and purchase of put options. The seller (writer) of a put option which is covered (i.e., the writer has a short position in the underlying security) assumes the risk of an increase in the market price of the underlying security above the sales price (in establishing the short position) of the underlying security plus the premium received, and gives up the opportunity for gain on the underlying security if the market price falls below the exercise price of the option. The seller of an uncovered put option assumes the risk of a decline in the market price of the underlying security below the exercise price of the option. The buyer of a put option assumes the risk of losing its entire investment in the put option.

Warrants

Warrants are similar to options in that they give the holder the right but not the obligation to buy or sell stock at a set price in the future. A warrant guarantees the holder the right to buy (or sell) a specific number of shares at a specific price (the strike price) for a defined period of time. Unlike options on equity securities that are listed and trade on exchanges, warrants are usually issued by corporations through private transactions and typically trade over-the-counter. The general movement in the stock markets, prevailing and anticipated economic and general economic conditions, interest rate movements, strike level, time remaining to expiry could affect the value of a warrant. The buyer of a warrant assumes the risk of losing its entire investment in such warrant.

Participatory Notes ("P-Notes")

Investment in P-Notes may involve an OTC transaction with a third party. Investing in P-Notes may expose a Fund not only to movements in the value of the underlying equity but also to the risk of counterparty default, which may in the event of counterparty default result in the loss of the full market value of the equity.

Futures

Transactions in futures involve the obligation to make, or to take, delivery of the underlying asset of the contract at a future date, or in some cases to settle the position with cash. They carry a high degree of risk. The low margins normally required in futures trading permit a very high degree of leverage. As a result, a relatively small movement in the price of a futures

contract may result in a profit or loss which is high in proportion to the amount of funds actually placed as margin and may result in unquantifiable further loss exceeding any margin deposited. Futures trading in many contracts on futures exchanges (although generally not in currencies) is subject to daily price fluctuation restrictions, commonly referred to as "daily limits", which prohibit the execution of futures trades on any given day outside a prescribed price range based on the previous day's closing prices. Daily limits do not limit ultimate losses but may make it costly or impossible for the relevant Investment Manager to liquidate a futures position against which the market is moving. A series of "limit moves", in which the market price moves the "daily limit" with little or no trading taking place, could subject a Fund to major losses.

Other Instruments

A Fund may take advantage of opportunities with respect to certain other instruments that are not at the date of this Prospectus contemplated for use or that are currently not available, but that may be developed, to the extent such opportunities are both consistent with the investment policy of a Fund and the Company's risk management process and are otherwise legally permissible. Special risks may apply to instruments that are invested in by a Fund in the future that cannot be determined at this time or until such instruments are developed or invested in by a Fund.

30. Risks associated with investment in exchange-traded funds ("ETFs")

A Fund may invest in ETFs and in FDI which provide exposure to ETFs. ETFs seek to track the performance and dividend yield of specific indices or companies in related industries. These indices may be either broad-based, sector, or international. ETF shareholders are generally subject to the same risk as holders of the underlying securities they are designed to track. ETFs are also subject to certain additional risks, including, without limitation, the risk that their prices may not correlate perfectly with changes in the prices of the underlying securities they are designed to track, and the risk of trading in an ETF halting due to market conditions or other reasons, based on the policies of the exchange upon which the ETF trades. In addition, a Fund may bear, along with other direct holders of an ETF, its pro rata portion of the ETF's expenses, including management fees.

31. Leverage Risk

When a Fund borrows money or otherwise leverages its holdings, for example, where it utilises FDI, the value of an investment in that Fund will be more volatile and all other risks will tend to be compounded.

32. Volatility Risk

A Fund's investment program may involve the purchase and sale of relatively volatile instruments such as FDI which are frequently valued based on the implied volatilities of such FDI compared to the historical volatility of the underlying financial instruments. Fluctuations or prolonged changes in the volatility of such instruments can adversely affect the value of investments held by the Fund. In addition, many financial markets in which the Funds may invest or trade are not as developed or as efficient as, for example, the U.S. financial markets and, as a result, the price volatility of such Funds' investments traded in such markets may be high.

33. Investment in a Fund not equivalent to a Deposit

A Fund may invest a significant amount of its Net Asset Value in deposits and/or money market instruments but an investment in such a Fund should not be considered by investors as an alternative to investing in a regular deposit account. Investors should note that a holding in a Fund is subject to the risks associated with investing in a collective investment undertaking, in particular the fact that the principal sum invested is capable of fluctuation as the Net Asset Value of such Fund fluctuates.

34. Commodity Risk

Investment(s) by a Fund in commodity-related FDI and in the equity securities of commodity-related companies may subject such a Fund to greater volatility than Investment(s) in traditional securities. The commodities markets may fluctuate widely based on a variety of factors. Movement in the prices of equity securities of commodity-related companies and of commodity-related FDI are outside of a Fund's control and may not be anticipated by the relevant Investment Managers. The commodities markets have experienced periods of extreme volatility. The value of commodity-related FDI and of the equity securities of commodity-related companies may be affected by changes in overall market movements, commodity index volatility, changes in interest rates, or factors affecting a particular industry or commodity, such as changes in climate conditions, drought, floods, weather, livestock disease, embargoes, tariffs and international economic, political and regulatory developments.

35. Infrastructure Company Risk

Certain of the Funds may invest on a global basis in listed equities and equity-related instruments of infrastructure companies. Such Funds may be less diversified than other Funds investing in a broader range of industries. Securities and instruments of infrastructure companies may be more susceptible to adverse economic, political or regulatory occurrences affecting their industries. Infrastructure companies may be subject to a variety of factors that may adversely affect their business or operations, including structural disaster, additional costs, competition, regulatory implications and certain other factors.

36. Investment in Smaller Companies Risk

Investing in smaller companies can involve more risk than investing in larger companies because there is a more limited market for the shares of such companies and the prices of such shares may rise or fall more sharply and exhibit lower liquidity than the share prices of larger companies.

37. Quantitative Model Risk

The success of a Fund's investment strategy may depend upon the effectiveness of an Investment Manager's quantitative model. A quantitative model, such as the risk and other models used by the Investment Manager(s) requires adherence to a systematic, disciplined process. The Investment Managers' ability to monitor and, if necessary, adjust their quantitative models could be adversely affected by various factors including incorrect or outdated market and other data inputs. Factors that affect the value of securities can change over time, and these changes may not be reflected in a quantitative model used in respect of a Fund that invests in such securities. In addition, factors used in quantitative analysis and the weight placed on those factors may not be predictive of a security's value.

38. Risks relating to Hedging Transactions

Where permitted to do so in accordance with its investment policy, a Fund may utilise financial instruments such as forward currency contracts, currency options, stock index futures and options and interest rate swaps, caps and floors both for investment purposes and to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative value of securities or positions held within such Fund's portfolio as a result of changes in currency exchange rates, market interest rates and security prices. Hedging against a decline in the value of a portfolio position does not eliminate fluctuations in the value of portfolio positions or prevent losses if the value of such positions decline, but establishes other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thus moderating the decline in the portfolio positions' value. Such hedging transactions also limit the opportunity for gain if the value of the portfolio position should increase. Moreover, it may not be possible for a Fund to hedge against an exchange rate, interest rate or equity price fluctuation that is generally anticipated by the market such that a Fund is not able to enter into a hedging transaction at a price sufficient to protect a Fund from the decline in value of the portfolio position anticipated as a result of such a fluctuation.

Although the intent of hedging is to reduce fluctuations in the value of a portfolio as a whole, in certain circumstances, particularly when markets are subject to extreme events, hedging activity may add to the volatility of a portfolio. This may occur when previously observed correlations in the markets break down. Moreover, for a variety of reasons, the relevant Investment Manager may not seek to establish a perfect correlation between such hedging instruments and the portfolio holdings being hedged. Such imperfect correlation may prevent a Fund from achieving the intended hedge or expose a Fund to risk of loss. Furthermore, an Investment Manager may not hedge against certain risks as part of its investment strategy or because it fails to anticipate the occurrence of such risk or believes that the occurrence is too unlikely to justify the cost of the hedge. The successful utilisation of hedging and risk management transactions requires skills complementary to those needed in the selection of a Fund's portfolio holdings.

39. Short Sales

The Funds are not permitted to enter into "physical short sales". A Fund may however take short positions through derivatives in respect of underlying assets in pursuit of its investment objective and in accordance with Regulations where this is specifically provided for and disclosed in the relevant Fund's investment policy. In general, short selling involves selling securities the seller does not own in anticipation of a decline in their market value and borrowing the same securities for delivery to the purchaser, with an obligation to redeliver securities equivalent to the borrowed securities at a later date. Short selling allows the investor to profit from a decline in market price of securities to the extent such decline exceeds the transaction costs and the costs of borrowing the securities. A short sale creates the risk of an unlimited loss, in that the price of the underlying securities could theoretically increase without limit, thus increasing the cost to a Fund of buying those securities to cover the short position.

There can be no assurance that the securities necessary to cover a short position will be available for purchase. Purchasing securities to close out a short position can itself cause the price of the securities to rise further, thereby exacerbating the loss.

In taking short positions through derivatives, a Fund will be seeking the same financial reward, and will be exposed to the same market risks, as if it were entering into physical short sales. Taking short positions through derivatives involves trading on margin and, accordingly, the leverage provided through margined positions involves greater risk than investments based on physical short sales.

Due to legislative or regulatory action taken by regulators and governments around the world, taking short positions on certain assets has been restricted. The levels of restriction vary across different jurisdictions and are subject to change in the short to medium term. These restrictions have made it difficult and in some cases impossible for certain market participants to either continue to implement their investment strategies or to control the risk of their open positions. Accordingly, an Investment Manager may not be in a position to trade in a way to fully benefit from its negative views in relation to certain assets, companies or sectors, and the ability of such an Investment Manager to fulfil the investment objective of a Fund may therefore be constrained.

40. Repurchase Transactions/Repo Risk

A Fund's investment return on repurchase transactions, apart from interest paid, will depend on the counterparty's ability to perform its obligations under the repurchase transaction. Counterparty risk is mitigated by the transfer or pledge of collateral in favour of a Fund, this may be over-collateralised in some cases to further protect a Fund. If a Fund's counterparty should default on its obligations and a Fund is delayed or prevented from recovering the collateral or if the face value of the collateral has changed for any reason, a Fund may realise a loss. If the agreement underpinning the repurchase transaction has a duration of greater than 1 day, there may be an additional liquidity risk present to a Fund due to contractual obligations of the relevant agreement.

41. Collateral Management Risks

Where an OTC financial derivative and/or efficient portfolio management technique is entered into on behalf a Fund, collateral may be used to reduce counterparty risk exposure. Collateral will be treated in accordance with the Company's collateral policy as set out in Appendix II. The exchange of collateral involves certain risks, including operational risk related to the actual exchange, transfer and booking of collateral. The collateral can be held by a third party custodian which is subject to prudential supervision, and which is unrelated to the provider of the collateral. The use of such third party custodians may involve additional operational, clearing and settlement risk. Collateral received will consist of either cash or transferable securities that meet the criteria set out in the Company's collateral policy. Transferable securities received as collateral are subject to market risk. In adverse market circumstances, the market for certain types of transferable securities may be subject to reduced liquidity. Any non-cash collateral therefore involves a certain degree of liquidity and credit risk. In addition, a Fund may bear the risk of loss because a counterparty does not have the legal capacity to enter into a transaction, or because the transaction becomes unenforceable due to relevant legislation and regulation.

42. Large Redemption of Shares Risk

Large redemptions of Shares in a Fund might result in a Fund being forced to sell assets at a time and price at which the relevant Investment Manager would normally prefer not to dispose of those assets possibly leading to a lower price being realised for such assets. This may limit the ability of the Investment Manager to successfully implement the investment strategy of the Fund and could negatively impact the value of the Shares being redeemed and the value of Shares that remain outstanding. In addition, following receipt of a redemption request, a Fund may be required to liquidate assets in advance of the applicable Dealing Day, which may result in a Fund holding cash or highly liquid investments pending such Dealing Day. During any such period, the ability of a Fund's Investment Manager to successfully implement the investment strategy of a Fund may be impaired and a Fund's returns may be adversely affected as a result.

43. Risks relating to Operation of Collection Accounts

A collection account has been established at umbrella level in the name of the Company in each of the currencies in which the share classes of the Funds are denominated (the "Umbrella Cash Collection Account").

Subscription monies received in respect of a Fund in advance of the issue of Shares will be held in the Umbrella Cash Collection Account. Investors will be unsecured creditors of such Fund with respect to any cash amount subscribed and held by the Company in the Umbrella Cash Collection Account until such time as the Shares subscribed are issued, and will not benefit from any appreciation in the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund in respect of which the subscription request was made or any other shareholder rights (including dividend entitlement) until such time as the relevant Shares are issued. In the event of the insolvency of the Fund in respect of which the subscription request was made, or the Company, there is no guarantee that the Fund or Company will have sufficient funds to pay unsecured creditors in full.

Payment by a Fund of redemption proceeds and dividends is subject to receipt by the Administrator of original subscription documents and compliance with all anti-money laundering procedures. Payment of redemption proceeds or dividends to the Shareholders entitled to such amounts may accordingly be blocked pending compliance with the foregoing requirements to the satisfaction of the Administrator. Redemption and dividend amounts, including blocked redemption or dividend amounts, will, pending payment to the relevant investor or Shareholder, be held in the Umbrella Cash Collection Account. For as long as such amounts are held in the Umbrella Cash Collection Account, the investors/Shareholders entitled to such payments from a Fund will be unsecured creditors of the Company with respect to those amounts and, with respect to and to the extent of their interest in such amounts, will not benefit from any appreciation in the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund or any other shareholder rights

(including further dividend entitlement). Redeeming Shareholders will cease to be Shareholders with regard to the redeemed Shares as and from the relevant redemption date. In the event of the insolvency of the relevant Fund or the Company, there is no guarantee that the Fund or the Company will have sufficient funds to pay unsecured creditors in full. Redeeming Shareholders and Shareholders entitled to dividends should therefore ensure that any outstanding documentation and/or information required in order for them to receive such payments to their own account is provided to the Administrator promptly. Failure to do so is at such Shareholder's own risk.

In the event of the insolvency of a Fund, recovery of any amounts to which other Funds are entitled, but which may have transferred to the insolvent Fund as a result of the operation of the Umbrella Cash Collection Account, will be subject to the principles of Irish insolvency and trust law and the terms of the operational procedures for the Umbrella Cash Collection Account. There may be delays in effecting and/or disputes as to the recovery of such amounts, and the insolvent Fund may have insufficient funds to repay amounts due to other Funds. Accordingly, there is no guarantee that any of the other Funds or the Company will recover such amounts, or that in such circumstances such other Funds or the Company would have sufficient funds to repay any unsecured creditors.

44. Co-Movement Risk

The level of correlation between the assets of a Fund and the constituents of its Benchmark Index will typically vary over time and will often be higher during periods of market stress. During periods of market stress a higher degree of co-movement between the portfolio of a Fund and the constituents of its Benchmark Index may be anticipated.

45. Eurozone Risk

As a result of the 2008 credit crisis in Europe, the European Commission created the European Financial Stability Facility (the "EFSF") and the European Financial Stability Mechanism (the "EFSM") to provide funding to Eurozone countries in financial difficulties that seek such support. In March 2011, the European Council agreed on the need for Eurozone countries to establish a permanent stability mechanism, the European Stability Mechanism (the "ESM"), which was activated by mutual agreement, to assume the role of the EFSF and the EFSM in providing external financial assistance to Eurozone countries from June 2013 onwards. Despite these measures, concerns persist regarding the growing risk that certain Eurozone countries could be subject to an increase in borrowing costs and could face an economic crisis, together with the risk that some countries could leave the Eurozone (either voluntarily or involuntarily). Ongoing concerns regarding the sovereign debt risk of certain countries within the Eurozone could lead to a Fund's investments in the region being subject to higher volatility, liquidity, currency and default risks. Any adverse events, such as credit downgrade of a sovereign or exit of EU members from the Eurozone could have a severe impact on Europe and the global financial system which could have a negative impact on the market and the value of a Fund.

46. Pandemic Risk

Events such as the outbreak of COVID-19 and other health pandemics or outbreaks of disease may lead to increased short-term market volatility and may have adverse long-term effects on world economies and markets generally.

The outbreak of such epidemics, together with any resulting restrictions on travel or quarantines, could have a negative impact on the economy and business activity in the countries in which a Fund may invest and on global commercial activity generally and thereby adversely affect the performance of a Fund's investments. Pandemics and similar events could also have an acute effect on individual issuers or related groups of issuers and could adversely affect securities markets, interest rates, auctions, secondary trading, ratings, credit risk, inflation, deflation and other factors relating to a Fund's investments or the relevant Investment Manager's operations and the operations of the relevant Investment Manager's and Fund's service providers.

Additionally, risks are heightened due to uncertainty as to whether a pandemic or its consequences would qualify as a force majeure event. If a force majeure event is determined to have occurred, a counterparty to a Fund or a portfolio investment may be relieved of its obligations under certain contracts to which it is a party, or, if it has not, a Fund and its investments may be required to meet their contractual obligations, despite potential constraints on their operations and/or financial stability. Either outcome could adversely impact investments and a Fund's performance.

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

The Directors control the affairs of the Company and are responsible for the overall investment policy, which will be determined by them and given to the Manager from time to time. The Manager has delegated certain of its duties to the Investment Managers and the Administrator.

The Directors

The Company shall be managed and its affairs supervised by the Directors, whose details are set out below. The Directors are all non-executive directors of the Company.

Mr Denis Faller (French). Mr Faller was Managing Partner of Lazard Frères Gestion and is Managing Director and CEO of Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited. Mr Faller was Chief Operating Officer of Lazard Frères Gestion since 2015 until December 2021. Mr Faller began his financial career in 1987 at Banque de Gestion Privée SIB before moving on to Banque Worms in 1991. He joined Rothschild & Cie Banque in 1994 as Head of Institutional Investment Management and in 2000 was appointed Chief Operating Officer at Rothschild & Cie Gestion, in charge of multi-management and

support functions. In 2011, he became a Managing Partner. Mr Faller graduated from Télécom ParisTech Institute, France.

Ms Deirdre Gormley (Irish). Ms Gormley is an independent investment fund director with over 30 years' experience in the asset management and investment funds industry, having held senior executive and board positions in large international organisations. In her previous executive roles, Ms Gormley was responsible for a wide range of investment management, business development, governance and regulatory activities. She was involved in product management for Irish, Luxembourg and Dutch domiciled investment products. Ms Gormley was the former CEO/Head of Management Company for Northern Trust Asset Management in Dublin Ireland. In this role, she was responsible for the management of UCITS and IPM business which included money market, equity, fixed income and ETF products. She was responsible for the Northern Trust Fund Managers Ireland branches in Europe and the oversight of delegated service providers. Prior to this role, Ms Gormley spent 12 years with Pioneer Investment Limited (now Amundi Ireland Limited) as Head of Product and Marketing Services. Prior to joining Pioneer Investment Limited, Ms Gormley held various senior management posts with JP Morgan both in Dublin and New York covering a range of operational and client relationship roles. Ms Gormley has a Bachelor of Science degree in Finance from Marist College in Poughkeepsie, New York.

Mr Andreas Hübner (German). Mr Hübner is a Senior Managing Director of Lazard Asset Management group and Chief Executive Officer of Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH, Frankfurt am Main. He is also Chairman of Lazard Asset Management Schweiz AG and responsible for the offices in Geneva, Hamburg, Milan, Zurich and Vienna. He joined Lazard in 1999 from Schröder Münchmeyer Hengst & Co where he was a Member of the Executive Board and a personally liable partner. In addition, Mr Hübner held several senior positions in affiliated companies of Schröder Münchmeyer Hengst & Co. Prior to this Mr Hübner was working at DG Bank in New York and Frankfurt am Main. Mr Hübner is based in Frankfurt am Main, Germany.

Ms Samantha McConnell (Irish). Ms. McConnell has over 30 years' experience in the investment and pensions industry covering administration, investment services, change and integration management. She now acts as a full time independent, non-executive director (INED) on a wide range of Boards including fund, MIFID, AIFIM and SuperManco entities both in Ireland and Europe. She is the chair of a number of entities including a Super Manco and a MIFID entity. Ms. McConnell was previously a non-executive director for CFA Ireland and was also executive director of Willis Human Capital & Benefits (Willis Towers Watson's MIFID regulated entity in Ireland). Ms. McConnell holds a first class honours degree in commerce from University College Dublin and graduated first in Ireland in the ACCA exams. She is a CFA Charterholder, a holder of the Institute of Directors Diploma in Company Direction where she graduated first in UK & Ireland and was awarded the Graduate of Merit award from the Institute of Directors as well as the LIA's Pension Trustee Practitioner Gold Medal.

Mr Jeremy Taylor (British). Mr Taylor is a Managing Director and CEO of Lazard Asset Management Limited and oversees business activities in the UK, Ireland, Benelux, Nordic and Middle East regions. Mr Taylor is a member of Lazard's Executive Leadership Team and co-Chairs the Sales & Marketing Management Group. Prior to becoming CEO, Mr Taylor was the Co-Director of Research and also served as a Research Analyst primarily covering the Telecommunications sector. He began working in the investment field in 1996. Prior to joining Lazard in 2003, Mr Taylor was a Director and research analyst with UBS Warburg. He has an MSc in Engineering, Economics and Management from St. Peter's College, Oxford University.

The Promoter

Lazard Asset Management Limited is the promoter of the Company.

Lazard Asset Management Limited was incorporated in England and Wales on 12 October 1953 and is authorised by the Financial Conduct Authority to carry on regulated activities in the UK. Mr Jeremy Taylor, who is a director of the Company, is also a director of the Promoter. Lazard Asset Management Limited is the London-based investment, client servicing and marketing arm of Lazard Asset Management group and caters for institutional, third party distribution and private clients in the UK, Northern Europe and the Middle East.

The Manager

The Company has appointed Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited as its manager pursuant to the Management Agreement. Under the terms of the Management Agreement the Manager has responsibility for the management and administration of the Company's affairs and the distribution of the Shares, subject to the overall supervision and control of the Directors.

The Manager has delegated the performance of the investment management functions in respect of the Funds to the Investment Managers and administrative functions to the Administrator. The Manager, through its branches in Spain, Belgium and the Netherlands, and several of the Manager's delegates carry out distribution activities on behalf of the Funds.

The Manager is a private company limited by shares and was incorporated in Ireland on 1 February 1996. It is part of the Lazard Group and an indirect subsidiary of Lazard Inc. The Manager's main business is the provision of fund management and administration services, together with the provision of distribution services through its Spanish, Belgian and Dutch branches, to collective investment schemes such as the Company. The Directors of the Company are also directors of the Manager. There are two additional directors of the Manager, who are not also Directors of the Company – they are Mr Andrew Finucane and Mr Nathan Paul whose details are set out below.

Mr Andrew Finucane (Irish). Mr Finucane is an Executive Director and Head of Operations for Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited. He also fulfils the role as Chief Risk Officer (PCF-14) and as Designated Person for Operational Risk Management (PCF-39B). Mr Finucane began working in the investment field in 1995. Prior to joining Lazard in February 2014, Mr Finucane held the position of Managing Director within BNY Mellon. He is a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

Mr Nathan A. Paul (American). Mr Paul is Vice Chair and Chief Operating Officer ("COO") of Lazard's Asset Management business and a member of the firm's Executive Leadership Team and Strategic Growth Management Group. As COO, he oversees the day-to-day management of the firm's business activities globally and works with the firm's Management Groups to ensure they are globally coordinated and aligned around priorities for the firm. In addition, Mr Paul is actively involved in product development and leading various strategic initiatives across the firm. He serves as President and Director of The Lazard Funds, Inc. and is a member of other key firm-level committees. Prior to his current role as the COO, Mr Paul served as the Chief Business Officer for over 5 years, where he was responsible for leading business development initiatives globally. In addition, Mr Paul also served as General Counsel of Lazard Asset Management LLC for over 15 years. He began working in the investment field in 2000, upon joining Lazard. Previously, Mr Paul was an associate with Schulte Roth and Zabel LLP working in their investment management practice. He has a JD from Cardozo Law School and a BA from Yeshiva University. Mr Paul is a member of the New York and New Jersey State Bars

The Secretary is also the secretary of the Manager. The Manager is also manager of another Irish domiciled investment company sponsored by the Lazard Group, namely Lazard Global Active Funds plc, in addition to being the manager of Lazard Global Investment Management CCF an Irish authorised and regulated common contractual fund.

The Manager has approved and adopted a remuneration policy (the "Remuneration Policy") which reflects the remuneration practices of the Lazard Asset Management group of companies. The Remuneration Policy aligns the interests of staff with the long-term interests of clients, the business. shareholders, and other stakeholders. It focuses on performance-related pay, together with an emphasis on ensuring that performance is not achieved by taking risks which fall outside the Manager's risk appetite. In the Manager's opinion, the Remuneration Policy is proportionate and consistent with sound and effective risk management in accordance with applicable UCITS requirements. Details of the Manager's up-to-date Remuneration Policy, including a description of how remuneration and benefits are calculated and the identities of the persons responsible for awarding such remuneration/benefits, accessed from the following website: can be www.lazardassetmanagement.com. A paper copy of these policy details is also available free of charge from the Manager upon request.

The Investment Managers

The Manager has delegated its responsibility for the investment and re-investment of the Company's assets (other than for Lazard Scandinavian High Quality Bond Fund, Lazard Nordic High Yield Bond Fund and Lazard Global Quality Growth Fund) to Lazard Asset Management LLC.

Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH has been appointed as Investment Manager in respect of the Lazard Scandinavian High Quality Bond Fund and Lazard Nordic High Yield Bond Fund.

Lazard Asset Management Limited has been appointed as Investment Manager in respect of the Lazard Global Quality Growth Fund.

Lazard Asset Management LLC is an indirect subsidiary of Lazard Inc, the ultimate holding company within the Lazard Group. Lazard Asset Management LLC is registered as an investment adviser with the SEC under the United States Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

Lazard Asset Management LLC was incorporated in Delaware, United States, on 20 August 2002. Lazard Asset Management LLC provides investment management and advisory services to institutional clients, financial intermediaries, private clients, and investment vehicles around the world. Such clients include: institutional (corporations, labor unions, public pension funds, insurance companies and banks; and through sub-advisory relationships, mutual fund sponsors, broker-dealers and registered advisors) and individual clients (principally family offices and high-net worth individuals).

Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH is a limited liability company incorporated in Germany on 12 March 1999 and has its registered office at Neue Mainzer Strasse 75 60311 Frankfurt am Main Germany.

Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Lazard Inc, the ultimate holding company of the Lazard Group. Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH is regulated by the German Federal Financial Services Authority and is subject to its requirements.

Lazard Asset Management Limited is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Lazard Inc, the ultimate holding company of the Lazard Group. It was incorporated in England and Wales on 12 October 1953 and has its registered office at 50 Stratton Street, London, W1J 8LL, United Kingdom and is authorised by the Financial Conduct Authority to carry on regulated activities in the UK. Lazard Asset Management Limited is currently promoter of the Company.

The Investment Managers are responsible for managing the assets and investments of the relevant Funds of the Company in accordance with the investment objective, policy and strategies described in the relevant Supplement, subject always to the supervision and direction of the Directors and the Manager.

The activities of each of the Investment Managers are covered by the Lazard Group professional liability insurance policy maintained by Lazard Asset Management LLC. Lazard Asset Management LLC's professional liability insurance policy covers errors and omissions in respect of fund management mandates entered into by its subsidiaries (including each of the Investment Managers).

The Investment Managers may delegate to sub-investment managers/advisers or other delegates and details of such entities, where appointed, will be provided to Shareholders on request and will be published in the periodic reports. The fees and expenses of any sub-investment manager/adviser or other delegate will be discharged by the relevant Investment Manager out of the fee it receives from the Manager or may be paid directly out of the assets of the relevant Fund where agreed with the Company and set out in the Prospectus and/or relevant Supplement.

Mr Jeremy Taylor, who is a director of the Company, is also a director of Lazard Asset Management Limited.

Mr Nathan Paul, who is a director of the Manager, is also director of Lazard Asset Management Limited and Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH and is also the secretary of Lazard Asset Management LLC.

Mr Andreas Hübner, who is a director of the Company, is also Chief Executive Officer of Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH.

Mr Denis Faller, who is a director of both the Company and the Manager is also CEO of the Manager.

Currency Managers

Lazard Asset Management LLC has appointed State Street Bank and Trust Company, London Branch to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services to Lazard Asset Management LLC in respect of certain Funds of the Company to which Lazard Asset Management LLC has been appointed as investment manager.

State Street Bank and Trust Company is a limited liability trust company incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts, United States of America, with its head office at One Lincoln Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02111. State Street Bank and Trust Company, London Branch is registered in England under the company number FC010828 and branch number BR0002099 and is authorised and regulated by the Federal Reserve Board. State Street Bank and Trust Company is subject to limited regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority.

Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH has appointed State Street Bank International GmbH to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services to Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH in respect of certain Funds of the Company to which Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) has been appointed as investment manager.

State Street Bank International GmbH is a limited liability corporation incorporated under the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany with principal office in Boston. It is registered with the district court ("Amtsgericht") in Munich under number HRB 42872.

The Administrator, Registrar and Transfer Agent

The Manager has delegated its responsibilities as administrator, registrar and transfer agent to State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited (the "Administrator") pursuant to the Administration Agreement. The Administrator will have the responsibility for administering the day to day operations and business of the Company including processing subscriptions, redemptions, computing net asset values, maintaining books and records, disbursing payments, establishing and maintaining accounts on behalf of the Company and any other matters usually performed for the administration of a fund subject to the overall supervision of the Manager and the Directors. The Administrator will keep the accounts of the Company in accordance with international accounting standards. The Administrator will also maintain the shareholders register.

The Administrator is a limited liability company incorporated in Ireland on 23 March 1992 and is ultimately a wholly-owned subsidiary of the State Street Corporation. The authorised share capital of the Administrator is Stg£5,000,000 with an issued and paid up capital of Stg£350,000.

State Street Corporation is a leading world-wide specialist in providing sophisticated global investors with investment servicing and investment management. State Street Corporation is headquartered in Boston, Massachusetts, U.S., and trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "STT".

The Depositary

State Street Custodial Services (Ireland) Limited has been appointed to act as Depositary of the Company. The principal activity of the Depositary is to act as depositary and trustee of the assets of collective investment schemes. The Depositary is regulated by the Central Bank.

The Depositary is a private limited liability company incorporated in Ireland on 22 May 1991. The Depositary is ultimately owned by State Street Corporation. Its authorised share capital is Stg£5,000,000 and its issued and paid up capital is Stg£200,000 State Street Corporation is a leading world-wide specialist in providing sophisticated global investors with investment servicing and investment management. State Street is headquartered in Boston, Massachusetts, USA, and trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "STT".

Pursuant to the Depositary Agreement, the Depositary will provide safekeeping for the Company's assets in accordance with applicable UCITS requirements. In addition, the Depositary has the following main duties, which may not be delegated:

- it must ensure that the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of Shares is carried out in accordance with the Regulations and the Articles:
- it must ensure that the value of the Shares is calculated in accordance with the Regulations and the Articles;
- it must carry out the instructions of the Manager unless such instructions conflict with the Regulations or the Articles;
- it must ensure that in transactions involving the Company's assets or the assets of any Fund that any payment in respect of same is remitted to the relevant Fund(s) within the usual time limits;
- it must ensure that the income of the Company or of any Fund(s) is applied in accordance with the Regulations and the Articles;
- it must enquire into the conduct of the Company and the Manager (acting on behalf of the Company) in each accounting period and report thereon to Shareholders; and
- it must ensure that the Company's cash flows are properly monitored in accordance with the Regulations.

In accordance with applicable UCITS requirements, the Depositary shall be liable to the Company and the Shareholders (i) in respect of a loss of a financial instrument held in its custody (or in the custody of any third party to whom the Depositary's safekeeping functions have been delegated) unless the Depositary can prove that the loss has arisen as a result of an external event beyond its reasonable control, the consequences of which would have been unavoidable despite all reasonable efforts to the contrary and (ii) in respect of all other losses arising as a result of the Depositary's negligent or intentional failure to properly fulfil its obligations pursuant to the Directive.

Conflicts of Interest

Conflicts of interest may arise for the Depositary and/or its delegates from time to time, including without limitation where the Depositary and/or any of its delegates:

- is likely either to make a financial gain or avoid a financial loss at the expense of the Company or its Shareholders:
- has an interest in the outcome of a service or an activity provided to the Company or of a transaction carried out on behalf of the Company which is distinct from the Company's interest:
- has a financial or other incentive to give priority to the interest of another client or group of clients over the interests of the Company;
- carries on the same activities for the Company and for other clients that adversely affect the Company; or
- is in receipt of inducement in the form of monies, good or services other than the standard commission or fee for that service.

In accordance with the Directive, the Depositary must not carry out activities with regard to the Company or with regard to the Manager acting on behalf of the Company that may create conflicts of

interest between itself and (i) the Company, (ii) the Shareholders and/or (iii) the Manager unless it has separated the performance of its depositary tasks from its other potentially conflicting tasks in accordance with the Directive and the potential conflicts are identified, managed, monitored and disclosed to Shareholders. Please also refer to the section of this Prospectus entitled 'Conflicts of Interest'.

Delegation

The Depositary may delegate its safekeeping duties only in accordance with the Regulations and provided that: (i) the services are not delegated with the intention of avoiding the requirements of the Regulations; (ii) the Depositary can demonstrate that there is an objective reason for the delegation; and (iii) the Depositary has exercised all due, skill, care and diligence in the selection and appointment of any third party to whom it has delegated its safekeeping duties either wholly or in part and continues to exercise all due skill, care and diligence in the periodic review and ongoing monitoring of any such third party and of the arrangements of such third party in respect of the matters delegated to it. Any third party to whom the Depositary delegates its safekeeping functions in accordance with the Regulations may, in turn, sub-delegate those functions subject to the same requirements as apply to any delegation effected directly by the Depositary. The liability of the Depositary will not be affected by any delegation of its safekeeping functions.

The Depositary may delegate safekeeping of the Company's assets to State Street Bank and Trust Company ("SSBTC"), its global sub-custodian, through which it has access to SSBTC's global network of sub-custodians (the "Global Custody Network"). SSBTC's Global Custody Network covers more than 100 markets worldwide. The entities to whom safekeeping of the Company's assets may be sub-delegated are set out at Appendix IV of this Prospectus.

Up-to-date information regarding the duties of the Depositary, any conflicts of interest that may arise and the Depositary's delegation arrangements will be made available to investors by the Company on request.

Please refer to the section of this Prospectus entitled "Material Contracts" for further details of the Depositary Agreement.

The Distributors

The Manager has appointed Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH as the Company's Distributor in Germany, Austria and Italy, Lazard Asset Management Schweiz AG as the Company's Distributor in Switzerland, Lazard Asset Management LLC as the Company's Distributor in the United States, Lazard Asset Management (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. as a Distributor of the Company's Shares in Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand, Brunei, Indonesia, Hong Kong, Macau and the Philippines, Lazard Frères Gestion as the Company's Distributor in France, Lazard Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited as a Distributor of the Company's Shares in Hong Kong, Taiwan, Macau and Brunei and Lazard Gulf Limited as the Company's Distributor in the United Arab Emirates. Other Distributors may be appointed from time to time.

In addition, the Manager itself provides distribution services to certain Funds through its branches located in Spain, Belgium and the Netherlands.

The Distributors will be responsible for the distribution and marketing of the Shares of the Company. The Distributors may also appoint sales agents and sub-agents provided that the Distributors shall remain liable for the acts and omissions of such sales agents and sub-agents.

Secretary

Each of the Company and the Manager has appointed Wilton Secretarial Limited as its secretary.

Conflicts of Interest

The Manager, the Investment Managers and other members of the Lazard Group and their affiliates, officers and shareholders (collectively the "Parties" and each a "Party") are or may be involved in

other financial investment and professional activities which may on occasion cause conflicts of interest with the management of the Company. These include management of other funds, purchases and sales of securities, investment and management counselling, brokerage services and serving as directors, officers, advisers or agents of other funds or other companies, including companies in which the Company may invest. In particular it is envisaged that the Manager and the Investment Managers may be involved in advising other investment funds which may have similar or overlapping investment objectives to or with the Company. Each of the Parties will respectively ensure that the performance of their respective duties will not be impaired by any such involvement that they may have and that any conflicts which may arise will be resolved fairly. In the event that any of the assets of the Company would be invested in any such investment funds, the Party involved in providing such management or other advisory services will waive the preliminary or initial charges which it may otherwise be entitled to charge for its own account. In relation to such investment of the Company's assets, if any commission or fees are or would be received by such Lazard Group member by virtue of an investment of the assets of the Company in such investment fund, such commission will be paid to the Company for its own account.

In addition, due to the widespread operations undertaken by the Manager, the Depositary, any delegates or sub-delegates of the Manager or of the Depositary (excluding any non-group company sub-custodians appointed by the Depositary) and any associated or group company of the foregoing, including their respective holding companies, subsidiaries and affiliates (each a "Connected Person") conflicts of interest may arise. A Connected Person may acquire or dispose of any Investment notwithstanding that the same or similar Investments may be owned by or for the account of or otherwise connected with the Company. Furthermore, a Connected Person may acquire, hold or dispose of Investments notwithstanding that such Investments had been acquired or disposed of by or on behalf of the Company by virtue of a transaction effected by the Company in which the Connected Person was concerned provided that the acquisition by the Connected Person of such Investments is conducted at arms' length and in the best interests of Shareholders. A Connected Person may from time to time deal, as principal or agent, with the Company provided that such dealings are in the best interests of Shareholders (as at the date of the transaction) and are conducted at arm's length such that:

- (i) the value of the transaction is certified by a person approved by the Depositary (or by the Company in the case of a transaction involving the Depositary or an affiliate of the Depositary) as being independent and competent; or
- (ii) execution is on best terms on an organised investment exchange under the rules of the relevant exchange; or
- (iii) where (i) or (ii) are not practical, execution is on terms which the Depositary (or the Company in the case of a transaction involving the Depositary or an affiliate of the Depositary), is satisfied conforms to the requirement that such transactions be conducted at arm's length and in the best interests of Shareholders at the date of the transaction.

In the case of each transaction entered into with a Connected Person for or on behalf of the Company or any Fund(s), the Depositary (or the Company in the case of a transaction involving the Depositary or an affiliate of the Depositary), shall document the manner in which the transaction has complied with the principles set out at (i) to (iii) above and where a transaction with a Connected Party is conducted in accordance with (iii) above, the Depositary (or the Company in the case of a transaction involving the Depositary or an affiliate of the Depositary) shall document its/their rationale for being satisfied that the transaction conformed to the requirement that such transactions be conducted at arm's length and in the best interests of Shareholders as at the date of the transaction.

In the event that a conflict of interest does arise, the Directors will endeavour, in so far as they are reasonably able, to ensure that it is resolved fairly.

The Investment Managers may receive a Performance Fee in respect of any Fund based on the appreciation in the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Fund. Such a compensation arrangement may create an incentive to make investments that are riskier or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such a fee arrangement.

One or more of the Investment Managers and/or Manager may have responsibility for setting the fair value price of assets for which no price is ascertainable or in respect of which the available price is unrepresentative. This may result in a potential conflict of interest as the fees payable may increase as the Net Asset Value of a Fund increases.

Where any conflict of interest arises, the Investment Manager and/or the Manager will at all times have regard to their obligations to act in the best interests of the Company and the Manager will endeavour, in so far as it is reasonably able, to ensure that any such conflict is resolved fairly.

Meetings

Shareholders in the Company will be entitled to attend and vote at general meetings of the Company. The annual general meeting of the Company will normally be held in Ireland within six months of the end of each financial year. Notices convening each annual general meeting will be sent to Shareholders and the annual accounts and reports will be made available to Shareholders not less than twenty-one days before the date fixed for the meeting.

Accounts and Information

The Company's accounting period ends on 31 March in each year.

The Company prepares an annual report and audited financial statements which are published within four months of the end of the financial period to which they relate. The Company also prepares a semi-annual report and unaudited half-yearly financial statements (relating to the semi-annual period ending 30 September of each year) which are published within two months of the end of the half-year period to which they relate. Both of these reports will be made available to Shareholders on www.lazardassetmanagement.com.

Copies of this Prospectus, the Supplements and the annual and half-yearly reports of the Company may be obtained from the Administrator at the address given under "Directory".

VALUATION, SUBSCRIPTIONS AND REDEMPTIONS

Calculation of Net Asset Value

The Net Asset Value of each Fund is expressed in its base currency. The calculation of the Net Asset Value of each Fund and of each class thereof will be carried out by the Administrator in accordance with the requirements of the Articles, and details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" below. Except when the determination of the Net Asset Value of any Fund has been suspended or postponed in the circumstances set out under the heading "Temporary Suspensions" below, the calculation of the Net Asset Value of each Fund, the Net Asset Value per Share (and, where there is more than one Share class in a Fund, the Net Asset Value attributable to each class and the Net Asset Value per Share per class) will be prepared in respect of each Valuation Point and will be available to Shareholders on request. The Net Asset Value per Share shall also be made public at the offices of the Promoter and the Administrator during normal business hours and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date).

The Net Asset Value attributable to any class of Shares within a Fund will be determined by deducting the share of liabilities of that class from its share of the assets of the Fund. The Net Asset Value of each Share of each class will be determined by dividing the Net Asset Value attributable to the class by the number of Shares of that class and rounding the resulting amount to such number of decimal places as the Directors may determine.

The costs and liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging the currency exposure for the benefit of any particular class of a Fund shall be attributable exclusively to that class. Where there are different classes of Shares in a Fund, the relevant Supplement shall state whether or not this hedging policy is being adopted in respect of any class of such Fund and shall contain further details in relation thereto.

Operation of the Subscription and Redemption Collection Account/s

A collection account has been established at umbrella level in the name of the Company in each of the currencies in which the share classes of the Funds are denominated (the "Umbrella Cash Collection Account"). All subscriptions into and redemptions and dividends due from the Funds will be paid into the Umbrella Cash Collection Account.

Pending issue of the Shares and / or payment of subscription proceeds to an account in the name of the relevant Fund, and pending payment of redemption proceeds or dividends, the relevant investor will be an unsecured creditor of the relevant Fund in respect of amounts paid by or due to it.

All subscriptions (including subscriptions received in advance of the issue of Shares) attributable to, and all redemptions payable from, a Fund will be channelled and managed through the Umbrella Cash Collection Account. Subscription amounts paid into the Umbrella Cash Collection Account will be paid into an account in the name of the relevant Fund on the contractual settlement date. Where subscription monies are received in the Umbrella Cash Collection Account without sufficient documentation to identify the investor or the relevant Fund, such monies shall be returned to the relevant investor to the account from which they were received within five (5) business days and as specified in the operating procedure maintained in respect of the Umbrella Cash Collection Account.

Redemptions, including blocked redemptions, will be held in the Umbrella Cash Collection Account until payment due date (or such later date as blocked payments are permitted to be paid), and will then be paid to the relevant or redeeming Shareholder/investor.

Failure to provide the necessary complete and accurate documentation in respect of subscriptions, redemptions or dividends, and / or to make payment into the Umbrella Cash Collection Account or the correct Umbrella Cash Collection Account, as appropriate, is at the investor's risk.

The Depositary will be responsible for oversight of all monies held in the Umbrella Cash Collection Account in accordance with its obligations pursuant to the Directive.

The Manager and the Depositary have agreed an operating procedure in respect of the Umbrella Cash Collection Account which identifies the procedures and protocols to be followed in order to transfer monies from the Umbrella Cash Collection Accounts, the daily reconciliation processes, and the procedures to be followed where there are shortfalls in respect of a Fund due to late payment of subscriptions, and / or transfers to a Fund of monies attributable to another Fund due to timing differences.

Subscription

The Directors may issue Shares of any class of any Fund on such terms as they may from time to time determine. The terms and conditions applicable to the issue of Shares of any class including details as to the price at which Shares will be issued together with subscription and settlement details and procedures will be set out in the relevant Supplement. Shares shall be issued at the Net Asset Value per Share plus any charges as specified in the relevant Supplement. All Shares will be registered in inscribed form and evidenced by entry on the Company's register of Shareholders. Share certificates will not be issued. Each Shareholder will be sent a written trade confirmation confirming ownership of the relevant Shares.

Under the Articles, the Directors are given authority to effect the issue of Shares and have absolute discretion to accept or reject in whole or in part any application for Shares without assigning any reason therefor. The Directors have the power to impose such restrictions as they think necessary to ensure that no Shares are acquired by any person which might result in the legal and/or beneficial ownership of Shares by persons who are not Qualified Holders or expose the Company to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

If an application is rejected, any monies received will be returned to the applicant (minus any handling charge incurred) as soon as possible by telegraphic transfer (but without interest, costs or compensation).

No Shares of any class will be issued or allotted during a period when the determination of the Net Asset Value of that class is suspended.

Redemption

Shareholders may redeem their Shares on any Dealing Day in accordance with the procedures and at the price set out in the relevant Supplement.

Share Price

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class, which may be adjusted in the manner set out immediately below in the section entitled 'Dilution and Swing Pricing'.

Dilution and Swing Pricing

Certain costs are customarily incurred when a Fund has to buy or sell portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to requests for subscription or redemption of its Shares. The incurring of such dealing costs by a Fund can result in a Fund's value being diminished or 'diluted' over time and can therefore have a disadvantageous effect on Shareholders' interests in a Fund if counteracting steps are not taken. With a view to offsetting the effects of dilution to the extent deemed appropriate in the interests of Shareholders, the Directors may determine at their discretion, to adjust ("swing") the Net Asset Value per Share when calculating the Share Price on any particular Dealing Day.

Swing pricing, where applied, aims to ensure that the burden of the costs associated with dealing in a Fund's Shares are borne by the investors that actually request those Share deals on a particular Dealing Day, and not by the Shareholders in a Fund who are not trading in the Shares on the relevant Dealing Day. In this way swing pricing aims to mitigate the adverse effects of dilution on Fund assets and to preserve and protect the value of shareholdings.

Fractions

Subscription monies representing less than the Share Price will not be returned to the applicant. Fractions of Shares will be issued where any part of the subscription monies for Shares represents less than the Share Price for one Share, provided however, that fractions shall not be less than 0.001 of a Share.

Subscription monies representing less than 0.001 of a Share will not be returned to the applicant but will be retained by the Company in order to defray administration costs.

Apart from circumstances in which a Shareholder is redeeming his entire holding of Shares in a Fund:

- (a) fractions of Shares will be issued where any part of the redemption monies for Shares represents less than the Share Price for one Share, provided however that fractions shall not be less than 0.001 of a Share;
- (b) redemption monies representing less than 0.001 of a Share will not be returned to a Shareholder but will be retained by the Fund in order to defray administration costs.

Subscriptions/Redemptions in Specie

Subscription in Specie

The Directors may issue Shares of any Fund by way of exchange for Investments provided that:

- (a) in the case of a person who is not an existing Shareholder no Shares shall be issued until the person concerned shall have completed and delivered to the Administrator an Application Form as required under this Prospectus (or otherwise) and/or otherwise satisfied all the requirements of the Directors and Manager as to such person's application;
- (b) the nature of the investments transferred into the Fund are such as would qualify as Investments of such Fund in accordance with the investment objective, policy and restrictions of such Fund;
- (c) no Shares shall be issued until the Investments shall have been vested in the Depositary or any sub-custodian to the Depositary's satisfaction and the Depositary shall be satisfied that the terms of such settlement will not be such as are likely to result in any prejudice to the existing Shareholders of the Fund; and
- (d) any exchange shall be effected upon the terms (including provision for paying any expenses of exchange and any preliminary charge as would have been payable for Shares issued for cash) that the number of Shares issued shall not exceed the number which would have been issued for cash against payment of a sum equal to the value of the Investments concerned calculated in accordance with the procedures for the valuation of the assets of the Company. Such sum may be increased by such amount as the Directors may consider represents an appropriate provision for Duties and Charges which would have been incurred by the Fund in the acquisition of the Investments by purchase for cash or decreased by such amount as the Directors may consider represents any Duties or Charges to be paid to the Fund as a result of the direct acquisition by the Fund of the Investments.

Redemption in Specie

(a) The Manager may, provided that it is satisfied that the terms of any exchange would not be such as would be likely to result in any prejudice to the remaining Shareholders and with the agreement of a Shareholder seeking the realisation of Shares in any Fund, elect that instead of the Shares being redeemed in cash, the redemption shall be satisfied in specie by the transfer to the Shareholder of Investments provided that the value thereof shall not exceed the amount which otherwise would have been payable on a cash redemption. The shortfall (if any) between the value of the Investments transferred on a redemption in specie and the

redemption proceeds which would have been payable on a cash redemption shall be satisfied in cash.

- (b) If the discretion conferred upon the Manager by paragraph (a) is exercised, the Manager shall notify the Depositary and shall supply to the Depositary particulars of the Investments to be transferred and the amount of cash to be paid to the Shareholder. The allocation of Investments in satisfaction of an in specie redemption request shall be subject to the approval of the Depositary. All stamp duties, transfer and registration fees in respect of such transfers shall be payable by the Shareholder.
- (c) If a redeeming Shareholder requests redemption of a number of Shares that represent 5% or more of the Net Asset Value of a Fund the Manager may in its sole discretion redeem the Shares by way of exchange for Investments and in such circumstances the Manager will, if requested by the redeeming Shareholder, sell the Investments on behalf of the Shareholder. The cost of such sale may be charged to the Shareholder.

Currency of Payment and Foreign Exchange Transactions

Dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. In exceptional circumstances payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares may be tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. In such circumstances, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the relevant Dealing Day where available.

Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share at the Share Price or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Total Redemption

All the Shares of the Company or of any Fund may be redeemed:

- (a) at the discretion of the Directors, by giving not less than 30 days' notice in writing to the relevant Shareholders; or
- (b) if the Shareholders of the Company or of the relevant Fund so approve by way of special resolution.

Switching Between Share Classes and Funds

Shareholders of a class within a Fund may switch to other classes within such Fund or other Funds at the Directors' discretion in accordance with the provisions set out below.

The holders of Shares of each class of any Fund may switch to a corresponding class of Shares (if any) in that Fund or in any of the other Funds. On the establishment of any new Fund (or class thereof) the Directors shall specify the switching rights relating to such Fund (or class thereof), where such rights are different to those set out in this section.

Switching may be effected by application to the Administrator on such switching form as may be prescribed by the Directors.

If a switch from one Share class of a Fund (the "Original Class") to another Share class of the same Fund or of another Fund (the "New Class") would result in a Shareholder holding a number of Shares

in the Original Class with a value of less than the Minimum Holding, the Company (or the Administrator on its behalf) may, at its discretion, convert the whole of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Original Class so as not to conflict with the applicable Minimum Holding threshold (where possible) or may refuse to effect any switch whatsoever. No conversions will be made during any period in which the rights of Shareholders to require the redemption of their Shares are suspended. The general provisions on procedures for redemptions (including provisions relating to the redemption fee) will apply equally to conversion.

The number of Shares in any New Class to be issued will be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$A = \underbrace{Bx(CxDxF)}_{E}$$

Where:

- A = the number of Shares of the New Class to be allotted:
- B = the number of Shares of the Original Class to be converted;
- C = the Net Asset Value per Share of the Original Class in respect of the Valuation Point on the relevant Dealing Day;
- D = the currency conversion factor determined by the Administrator as representing the effective rate of exchange of settlement on the relevant Dealing Day applicable to the switch between the relevant Share classes (where the currencies in which the relevant Share classes are denominated are different). Where the currencies of denomination of the relevant Share classes are the same, D=1;
- E = the Net Asset Value per Share of the New Class in respect of the Valuation Point on the relevant Dealing Day plus the current switching fee (of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares in the Original Class); and
- F = the switching factor to be applied to switching between Share classes with different settlement dates. This factor will be determined by the Administrator as being derived from the borrowing rate of interest (which may be retail or business depending on the volume of switching) where the settlement date for Shares in the New Class is earlier than the settlement date for Shares in the Original Class. In such circumstances, this factor shall operate to compensate the New Class for late settlement. In all other cases, including where the settlement dates of the relevant Share classes are the same, F=1.

Anti-Money Laundering

Measures aimed towards the prevention of money laundering may require a detailed verification of the identity of existing Shareholders, applicants for and potential transferees of Shares. Depending on the circumstances of each case, a detailed verification might not be required where (i) the applicant makes the payment from an account held in the applicant's name at a recognised financial institution or (ii) the application is made through a recognised intermediary. These exceptions will only apply if the financial institution or intermediary referred to above is within a country recognised in Ireland as having equivalent anti-money laundering regulations.

By way of example, an individual may be required to produce a copy of a passport or identification card duly certified by an appropriate official as outlined within the Application Form, together with evidence of his/her address (either in the form of (a) two different utility bills or (b) a utility bill and a bank statement; such documentation to be either originals or certified copies and no more than 3 months old) and date of birth. In the case of corporate applicants this may require production of a certified copy of the certificate of incorporation (and any change of name), memorandum and articles of association (or equivalent), the names, occupations, dates of birth and residential and business addresses of all directors of such corporate applicant, financial statements and beneficial ownership.

The Manager and the Administrator reserve the right to request such information as is necessary to verify the identity of an applicant. In the event of delay or failure by the applicant to produce any information required for verification purposes the Manager may take such action as it sees fit,

including refusing to accept the application and all subscription monies or, if Shares have been issued, compulsorily redeeming such Shares. It may also withhold redemption proceeds and approval of transfer of Shares, as the circumstances warrant.

Each applicant for Shares acknowledges that the Company, the Manager, the relevant Investment Manager and the Administrator shall be indemnified and held harmless against any loss arising as a result of failure to process his application form, or request for the redemption of, Shares if such information and documentation as has been properly requested by the Company, the Manager, the Administrator or relevant Investment Manager has not been provided by the applicant. In addition, if an application is refused, subscription monies will only be returned if such return is permissible under Irish anti-money laundering laws.

Transfer of Shares

Shares are (save as hereinafter specified and subject to such other conditions as may be set out in the relevant Supplement) freely transferable and may be transferred in writing in a form approved by the Directors. Prior to the registration of any transfer, transferees must complete an Application Form and provide such other information (e.g. as to identity) as the Company or its delegates may reasonably require. The Directors may decline to register any transfer of a Share:

- (a) where they are aware or believe that such transfer would result in the legal or beneficial ownership of such Share by a person who is not a Qualified Holder or expose the Company to adverse tax or regulatory consequences; or
- (b) to a person who is not already a Shareholder if, as a result of such transfer, the proposed transferee would not be the holder of a Minimum Holding.

Temporary Suspensions

The Company may temporarily suspend the determination of the Net Asset Value of any Fund and the issue and redemption of Shares of any class of any Fund:

- (a) during the whole or any part of any period when any of the principal markets on which any significant portion of the Investments of the relevant Fund from time to time are quoted, listed, traded or dealt in is closed (otherwise than for customary weekend or ordinary holidays) or during which dealings therein are restricted or suspended or trading on any relevant futures exchange or market is restricted or suspended;
- (b) during the whole or any part of any period when, as a result of political, economic, military or monetary events or any other circumstances outside the control, responsibility and power of the Directors, any disposal or valuation of Investments of the relevant Fund is not, in the opinion of the Directors, reasonably practicable without this being prejudicial to, or detrimental to the interests of, owners of Shares in general or the owners of Shares of the relevant Fund or if, in the opinion of the Directors, the Net Asset Value cannot fairly be calculated;
- (c) during the whole or any part of any period during which any breakdown occurs in the means of communication normally employed in determining the value of any of the Investments of the Company or when for any other reason the value of any of the Investments or other assets of the relevant Fund cannot reasonably or fairly be ascertained;
- (d) during the whole or any part of any period when the Company is unable to repatriate funds required for the purpose of making redemption payments or when such payments cannot, in the opinion of the Directors, be effected at normal prices or normal rates of exchange or during which there are difficulties or it is envisaged that there will be difficulties, in the transfer of monies or assets required for subscriptions, redemptions or trading;
- (e) upon the publication of a notice convening a general meeting of Shareholders for the purpose of resolving to wind up the Company; or

(f) during any period when the Manager or Directors believe it is in the best interests of the Shareholders to suspend dealings in the relevant Fund or Share class.

The Company, where possible, will take all necessary steps to bring any period of suspension to an end as soon as possible.

If total requests for redemption and/or switching on any Dealing Day for any Fund exceed 10% of the Net Asset Value of that Fund, each redemption or switching request in respect of Shares in such Fund may, at the discretion of the Directors, be reduced pro rata so that the total number of Shares of such Fund for redemption or switching on that Dealing Day shall not exceed in value 10% of the Net Asset Value of that Fund or such higher percentage value as the Directors may determine. Any redemption or switching request so reduced shall be carried forward to the next Dealing Day and effected in accordance with the Articles on the following (and, if necessary, subsequent) Dealing Day(s) until all Shares to which the original request related have been redeemed or switched as relevant. If redemption or switching requests are so carried forward, the Company shall procure that the Shareholders whose dealings are affected thereby are promptly informed.

In the event of any suspension as set out above, the Company shall immediately (without delay) notify the Central Bank of such suspension and shall also notify without delay any other competent authority in the states in which the shares are marketed. Impacted shareholders shall also be notified of such suspension no later than the Business Day next following such suspension being declared and in such manner as the Directors determine.

The Company shall also notify the Central Bank immediately upon the lifting of any temporary suspension and, in circumstances where a temporary suspension has not been lifted within 21 working days of its application, upon the expiration of that 21 working day period and upon the expiration of each subsequent 21 working day period during which the suspension continues to apply, shall provide the Central Bank with an update as to the status of the suspension.

FEES AND EXPENSES

General

Certain Funds are priced in accordance with a swing pricing mechanism as set out in the relevant Supplement. All Net Asset Value based fees and expenses payable out of the assets of any Fund to which swing pricing is applied are calculated by reference to the unadjusted Net Asset Value (see relevant Supplement).

Value added tax (if any) on fees payable by the Company will be borne by the Company.

Performance Fees

Details in respect of performance fees, where charged, will be set out in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

Currency Managers' Fees

The Company shall pay each of the Currency Managers an annual fee in respect of those Funds to which each has been appointed as Currency Manager, calculated and accrued daily and payable quarterly in arrears, not in excess of 0.05% per annum of the Net Asset Value of each hedged Share class in issue in the relevant Funds, such fee to accrue solely to the hedged Share class in respect of which it is incurred. The foregoing fee is subject to the Currency Managers being jointly entitled to a minimum annual service fee, calculated and accrued daily and payable quarterly in arrears, of US\$75,000 charged pro rata to all relevant hedged Share classes in issue.

Management Fees

The fees which may be charged by the Manager to each class of each Fund are set out in the relevant Supplement. The Manager will be responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the relevant Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of its fee.

The Manager may, at its discretion, pay rebates of its Management Fee to the Shareholders (being the legal registered shareholder) and/or the beneficial owner. Rebates of the Management Fee, where granted, will be granted based upon objective criteria, including for example:

- 1. the volume subscribed for by the Shareholder and/or the beneficial owner, or the total volume they hold in the Company or, where applicable, in the product range of the Promoter;
- 2. the amount of the fees and/or revenue generated by the Shareholder and/or the beneficial owner;
- 3. the investment behaviour displayed by the Shareholder and/or the beneficial owner; and
- 4. the Shareholder's and/or beneficial owner's willingness to provide support in the launch phase of a Fund.

Where the Manager determines to pay rebates, the rebate will be calculated as a percentage of the Management Fees based on the value of the relevant holdings and will be paid either in cash or be reinvested.

For the avoidance of doubt, every Shareholder pays their proportion of costs, regardless of whether the Manager determines, at its own discretion, to pay a rebate or not.

Upon request of the Shareholder, the Manager, on behalf of the Company, shall disclose the respective extent of the rebates in connection with a holding of Shares, free of charge.

Other Expenses

Subject to such expense cap as may be applied and set out in the Supplement for the relevant Fund, the Company will also be responsible, in respect of each Fund, for the liabilities set out below:

Directors' Fees

The Directors shall be entitled to a fee and remuneration for their services at a rate to be determined from time to time by the Directors. Directors who are executives of the Lazard Group will not be paid such fees. The Directors may also be paid, inter alia, for travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending meetings of the Directors or in connection with the business of the Company.

Operational Expenses

The Company will also pay out of the assets of each Fund:

- (a) administration and custodial fees and expenses;
- (b) any fees in respect of circulating details of the Net Asset Value (including publishing prices),
 Net Asset Value per Share and Net Asset Value per Share per class;
- (c) stamp duties;
- (d) the Central Bank's industry funding levy;
- (e) taxes;
- (f) company secretarial fees;
- (g) rating fees (if any);
- (h) brokerage or other expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments;
- (i) fees and expenses of the auditors, tax, legal and other professional advisers of the Company;
- (j) fees connected with listing of Shares on any stock exchange;
- (k) fees and expenses in connection with the distribution of Shares and costs of registration and agency fees (which shall be at normal commercial rates) of the Company in jurisdictions outside Ireland;
- (I) costs of preparing, printing and distributing the Prospectus, any Supplements, any KIIDs/KIDs, reports, accounts and any explanatory memoranda;
- (m) any necessary translation fees;
- (n) any costs incurred as a result of periodic updates of the Prospectus, any Supplement and any KIID/KIDs, or of a change in law or the introduction of any new law (including any costs incurred as a result of compliance with any applicable code, whether or not having the force of law):
- (o) in respect of each financial year of the Company in which expenses are being determined, such proportion (if any) of any establishment expenses as are being amortised in that year:
- (p) fees connected with the winding-up of the Company and/or any Fund; and
- (q) any other fees and expenses relating to the management and administration of the Company or attributable to the Company's Investments.

The above expenses shall be charged as between each Fund and class thereof on such terms and in such manner as the Directors (with the consent of the Depositary) deem fair and equitable.

All fees and expenses, Duties and Charges will be charged to the Fund (and class or classes thereof, if appropriate) in respect of which they were incurred or, where an expense is not considered by the Directors to be attributable to any one Fund (or class thereof), the expense will normally be allocated to all Funds pro rata to the Net Asset Value of the relevant Funds. Expenses of the Company which are directly attributable to a specific class or classes of Shares are charged against the income available for distribution to the holders of such Shares unless otherwise stated in the Supplement for the relevant Fund.

In the case of any fees or expenses of a regular or recurring nature, such as audit fees, the Directors may calculate such fees and expenses on an estimated figure for yearly or other periods in advance and accrue the same in equal proportions over any period.

ALLOCATION OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The Articles contain the following provisions regarding the operation of a Fund:

- (a) the records and accounts of each Fund shall be maintained separately in the base currency of the relevant Fund:
- (b) the liabilities of each Fund shall be attributable exclusively to that Fund;
- (c) the assets of each Fund shall belong exclusively to that Fund, shall be segregated in the records of the Depositary from the assets of other Funds, and shall not (save as provided in the Act) be used to discharge directly or indirectly the liabilities of or claims against any Fund and shall not be available for any such purpose;
- (d) the proceeds from the issue of each class of Shares shall be applied to the relevant Fund established for that class of Shares, and the assets and liabilities and income and expenditure attributable thereto shall be applied to such Fund subject to the provisions of the Articles;
- (e) where any asset is derived from another asset, the derived asset shall be applied to the same Fund as the assets from which it is derived, and on each revaluation of an asset the increase or diminution in value shall be applied to the relevant Fund;
- (f) in the case where an asset or a liability of the Company cannot be considered as being attributable to a particular Fund, the Directors shall have the discretion, subject to the approval of the Auditors, to determine the basis upon which such asset or liability shall be allocated between the Funds and the Directors shall have the power at any time and from time to time, subject to the approval of the Auditors, to vary such basis, provided that the approval of the Auditors shall not be required in any case where the asset or liability is allocated between the Funds pro rata to their Net Asset Value.

TAXATION

General

The information given is not exhaustive and does not constitute legal or tax advice. Prospective investors should consult their own professional advisers as to the implications of their subscribing for, purchasing, holding, switching or disposing of Shares under the laws of the jurisdictions in which they may be subject to tax.

The following is a brief summary of certain aspects of Irish and United Kingdom tax law and practice relevant to the transactions contemplated in this Prospectus. It is based on the law and practice and official interpretation currently in effect, all of which are subject to change.

Dividends, interest and capital gains (if any) the Company receives with respect to its Investments (other than securities of Irish issuers) may be subject to taxes, including withholding taxes, in the countries in which the issuers of Investments are located. It is anticipated that the Company may not be able to benefit from reduced rates of withholding tax in double taxation agreements between Ireland and such countries. If this position changes in the future and the application of a lower rate results in a repayment to the Company, the Net Asset Value will not be re-stated and the benefit will be allocated to the existing Shareholders rateably at the time of the repayment.

Potential investors and Shareholders should note that the statements on taxation which are set out below are based on advice which has been received by the Directors regarding the law and practice in force in the relevant jurisdiction as at the date of this Prospectus. As is the case with any investment, there can be no guarantee that the tax position or proposed tax position prevailing at the time an investment is made in the Company will endure indefinitely.

Irish Taxation

The Directors have been advised that on the basis that the Company is resident in Ireland for taxation purposes, the taxation position of the Company and the Shareholders is as set out below.

Definitions

For the purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply.

"Courts Service"

is responsible for the administration of moneys under the control or subject to the order of the Courts.

"Equivalent Measures"

apply to an investment undertaking where the Irish Revenue Commissioners have given the investment undertaking notice of approval in accordance with Section 739D (7B) of the Taxes Act and the approval has not been withdrawn.

"Exempted Irish Investor"

means:

- an Intermediary within the meaning of Section 739B of the Taxes Act;
- a pension scheme which is an exempt approved scheme within the meaning of Section 774 of the Taxes Act or a retirement annuity contract or a trust scheme to which Section 784 or 785 of the Taxes Act applies;
- a company carrying on life business within the meaning of Section 706 of the Taxes Act;
- an investment undertaking within the meaning of Section 739B(1) of the Taxes Act;
- an investment limited partnership within the meaning of Section 739J of the Taxes Act;
- a special investment scheme within the meaning of Section 737 of the Taxes Act;
- a unit trust to which Section 731(5)(a) of the Taxes Act applies;

- a charity being a person referred to in Section 739D(6)(f)(i) of the Taxes Act;
- a qualifying management company within the meaning of Section 739D(6)(g) of the Taxes Act;
- a specified company within the meaning of Section 734(1) of the Taxes Act;
- a person who is entitled to exemption from income tax and capital gains tax by virtue of section 784A(2) TCA or section 848E TCA and the Shares held are assets of an approved retirement fund, an approved minimum retirement fund or a special savings incentive account;
- a person who is entitled to exemption from income tax and capital gains tax under Section 784A(2) of the Taxes Act where the Shares held are assets of an approved retirement fund or an approved minimum retirement fund;
- a person who is entitled to exemption from income tax and capital gains tax by virtue of Section 787I of the Taxes Act and the Shares are assets of a PRSA;
- a credit union within the meaning of Section 2 of the Credit Union Act, 1997;
- an Irish resident company investing in a money market fund being a person referred to in Section 739D(6)(k) of the Taxes Act;
- the National Treasury Management Agency or a Fund investment vehicle (within the meaning of section 37 of the National Treasury Management Agency (Amendment) Act 2014) of which the Minister for Finance is the sole beneficial owner, or the State acting through the National Treasury Management Agency;
- an Irish Resident company within the charge to corporate tax in accordance with Section 110 of the Taxes Act being a person referred to in Section 739D(6)(m) of the Taxes Act;
- any other person as may be approved by the Directors from time to time provided the holding of Shares by such person does not result in a potential liability to tax arising to the Company in respect of that Shareholder under Part 27, Chapter 1A TCA;
- a person who is entitled to exemption from income tax and capital gains tax by virtue of section 787AC TCA and the Shares held are assets of a PEEP, within the meaning of Part 30, Chapter 2D TCA:
- the National Asset Management Agency being a person referred to in Section 739D(6)(ka) of the Taxes Act;
- the Courts Service;
- the Motor Insurers' Bureau of Ireland in respect of an investment made by it of moneys paid to the Motor Insurers' Insolvency Compensation Fund; or
- any other Irish Resident or Irish Ordinary Resident who may be permitted to own Shares under taxation legislation or by written practice or concession of the Irish Revenue Commissioners without giving rise to a charge to tax in the Company or jeopardising tax exemptions associated with the Company;

provided that a Relevant Declaration is in place.

"Foreign Person"

means a person who is neither an Irish Resident nor an Irish Ordinary Resident for tax purposes who has provided the Company with the Relevant Declaration under Schedule 2B of the Taxes Act and in respect of whom the Company is not in possession of any information that would reasonably suggest that the Relevant Declaration is incorrect or has at any time been incorrect.

"Intermediary"

means a person who:

- carries on a business which consists of, or includes, the receipt of payments from an investment undertaking on behalf of other persons; or
- holds shares in an investment undertaking on behalf of other persons.

"Ireland"

means the Republic of Ireland/the State.

"Irish Ordinary Resident"

- in the case of an individual, means an individual who is ordinarily resident in Ireland for tax purposes.
- in the case of a trust, means a trust that is ordinarily resident in Ireland for tax purposes.

The following definition has been issued by the Irish Revenue Commissioners in relation to the ordinary residence of individuals:

The term "ordinary residence" as distinct from "residence", relates to a person's normal pattern of life and denotes residence in a place with some degree of continuity.

An individual who has been resident in Ireland for three consecutive tax years becomes ordinarily resident with effect from the commencement of the fourth tax year.

"Irish Resident"

- in the case of an individual, means an individual who is resident in Ireland for tax purposes.
- in the case of a trust, means a trust that is resident in Ireland for tax purposes.
- in the case of a company, means a company that is resident in Ireland for tax purposes.

Residence - Individual

An individual will be regarded as being resident in Ireland for a particular twelve month tax year if s/he:

- spends 183 days or more in Ireland in that twelve month tax year; or
- has a combined presence of 280 days in Ireland, taking into account the number of days spent in Ireland in that twelve month tax year together with the number of days spent in Ireland in the preceding twelve month tax year. Presence in a twelve month tax year by an individual of not more than 30 days in Ireland will not be reckoned for the purpose of applying the two year test. Presence in Ireland for a day means the personal presence of an individual at any point during that day.

Residence - Trust

Determining the tax residence of a trust can be complex. A trust will generally be regarded as resident in Ireland for tax purposes if a majority of its trustees are resident for tax purposes in Ireland. Where some, but not all, of the trustees are resident in Ireland, the residency of the trust will depend on where the general administration of the trust is carried on. In addition, the provisions of any relevant double tax agreement would need to be considered. As a result, each trust must be assessed on a case by case basis.

Residence - Company

It should be noted that the determination of a company's residence for tax purposes can be complex in certain cases and declarants are referred to the specific legislative provisions that are contained in Section 23A of the Taxes Act.

A company incorporated in Ireland is automatically considered resident in Ireland for tax purposes, unless it is considered resident in a jurisdiction with which Ireland has a double tax agreement. A company incorporated in a foreign jurisdiction that is centrally managed and controlled in Ireland will be treated as resident in Ireland for tax purposes, unless otherwise resident by virtue of a double tax agreement.

"Personal portfolio investment undertaking" or "PPIU"

means an investment undertaking, under the terms of which some or all of the property of the undertaking, may be or was, selected by, or the selection of some or all of the property may be, or was, influenced by – the investor, a person acting on behalf of the investor, a person connected with

the investor, a person connected with a person acting on behalf of the investor, the investor and a person connected with the investor, or a person acting on behalf of both the investor and a person connected with the investor.

An investment undertaking is not a PPIU if the only property which may be or has been selected was available to the public at the time that the property is available for selection by an investor and is clearly identified in the investment undertaking's marketing or other promotional material. The investment undertaking must also deal with all investors on a non-discriminatory basis. In the case of investments deriving 50% or more of their value from land, any investment made by an individual is limited to 1% of the total capital required.

"Relevant Declaration"

means the declaration relevant to the Shareholder as set out in Schedule 2B of the Taxes Act. The Relevant Declaration for investors who are neither Irish Resident nor Irish Ordinary Resident (or Intermediaries acting for such investors) is set out in the Application Form accompanying the relevant Supplement to this Prospectus.

"Relevant Period"

means a period of 8 years beginning with the acquisition of a Share by a Shareholder and each subsequent period of 8 years beginning immediately after the preceding relevant period.

"Taxable Irish Person"

means any person, other than

- a Foreign Person; or
- an Exempted Irish Investor.

"Taxes Act"

means the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997 (of Ireland) as amended.

The Company

The Company will be regarded as resident in Ireland for tax purposes as it is incorporated in Ireland and where the Company is not regarded as resident elsewhere under a double tax agreement. It is the intention of the Directors that the business of the Company will be conducted in such a manner as to ensure that it is Irish Resident for tax purposes.

The Directors have been advised that the Company qualifies as an investment undertaking as defined in Section 739B of the Taxes Act. Under current Irish law and practice, on that basis, it is not chargeable to Irish tax on its income and gains.

However, a tax can arise on the happening of a "chargeable event" in the Company. A chargeable event includes any distribution payments to Shareholders or any encashment, redemption, cancellation or transfer of Shares or appropriation or cancellation of Shares of a Shareholder by the Company for the purposes of meeting the amount of tax payable on a gain arising on a transfer of an entitlement to a Share. A chargeable event also occurs on the ending of each Relevant Period. No tax will arise on the Company in respect of chargeable events in respect of a Shareholder who is neither Irish Resident nor Irish Ordinary Resident at the time of the chargeable event provided that a Relevant Declaration is in place and the Company is not in possession of any information which would reasonably suggest that the information contained therein is no longer materially correct. In the absence of a Relevant Declaration there is a presumption that the investor is Irish Resident or Irish Ordinary Resident.

A chargeable event will not be deemed to arise if at the time of the chargeable event Equivalent Measures have been formally agreed with the Irish Revenue Commissioners, the approval has not been withdrawn and there are no indicia of Irish tax residence in respect of a particular investor. In the

absence of a Relevant Declaration or Equivalent Measures there is a presumption that the investor is Irish Resident or Irish Ordinary Resident.

A chargeable event does not include:

- an exchange by a Shareholder, effected by way of any arm's length bargain of Shares in the Company for other Shares in the Company;
- any transactions (which might otherwise be a chargeable event) in relation to Shares held in a recognised clearing system as designated by order of the Irish Revenue Commissioners;
- a transfer by a Shareholder of the entitlement to a Share where the transfer is between spouses, former spouses, civil partners or former civil partners, subject to certain conditions;
- an exchange of Shares arising on a qualifying amalgamation or reconstruction of the Company with another investment undertaking (within the meaning of Section 739H of the Taxes Act) of the Company with another investment undertaking;
- any transaction in relation to, or in respect of, relevant Shares (within the meaning of Section 739B(2A)(a)) in the Company which transaction arises only by virtue of a change of court funds manager for the Company.

If the Company becomes liable to account for tax if a chargeable event occurs, the Company shall be entitled to deduct from the payment arising on a chargeable event an amount equal to the appropriate tax and/or where applicable, to appropriate or cancel such number of Shares held by the Shareholder or such beneficial owner as are required to meet the amount of tax. The relevant Shareholder shall indemnify and keep the Company indemnified against loss arising to the Company by reason of the Company becoming liable to account for tax on the happening of a chargeable event if no such deduction, appropriation or cancellation has been made.

Where tax arises on the ending of a Relevant Period, the Company has the option of electing to value the Shares at bi-annual dates (meaning 30 June or 31 December) rather than at the date of the end of the Relevant Period itself. Therefore, the Company may make an irrevocable election to allow the Shares in the calculation of the gain on a deemed disposal for Taxable Irish Persons to be valued at the later of the previous 30 June or 31 December prior to the date of the deemed disposal rather than at the date of the deemed disposal itself.

Where less than 10% of the Net Asset Value of Shares in the Company is held by Taxable Irish Persons, the Company may elect not to apply a withholding tax to a deemed disposal of Shares in the Company and will advise the Irish Revenue Commissioners of this election. Shareholders who are Taxable Irish Persons will therefore be required to return any gain and account for appropriate tax on the deemed disposal directly to the Irish Revenue Commissioners on a self-assessment basis. Shareholders should contact the Company to ascertain whether the Company has made such an election in order to establish their responsibility to account to the Irish Revenue Commissioners for any relevant tax.

Where tax arises on the ending of a Relevant Period, such tax will be allowed as a credit against tax payable on the subsequent encashment, redemption, cancellation or transfer of the relevant Shares. However, where less than 15% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares in the Company is held by Taxable Irish Persons, the Company may elect not to repay Shareholders any overpaid tax and as such Shareholders must obtain a repayment of any overpaid tax directly from the Irish Revenue Commissioners. Shareholders should contact the Company to ascertain whether the Company has made such an election in order to establish whether they must seek a repayment of any overpaid tax directly form the Irish Revenue Commissioners.

Anti-avoidance measures apply in the case of certain investments by individuals in investment undertakings (such as the Company). If the investment undertaking is regarded as a PPIU then any payment to such a shareholder will be taxed at a rate of 60%. It is a matter of fact whether or not the shareholder or a connected person has a right of selection as envisaged in the anti avoidance

measures. Further penalties of tax can apply were tax returns in relation to distributions from a PPIU are incorrectly made by a shareholder.

Dividends received by the Company from investment in Irish equities may be subject to Irish dividend withholding tax at a rate of 25%. However, the Company can make a declaration to the payer that it is an investment undertaking (within the meaning of Section 739B of the Taxes Act) beneficially entitled to the dividends which will entitle the Company to receive such dividends without deduction of Irish dividend withholding tax.

Please see the "Shareholders" section below dealing with the tax consequences for the Company and the Shareholders of chargeable events in respect of: -

- Shareholders who are neither Irish Resident nor Irish Ordinary Resident:
- Shareholders who are either Irish Resident or Irish Ordinary Resident; and
- Shares held by the Irish Court Service.

Shareholders

(i) Shareholders who are neither Irish Resident nor Irish Ordinary Resident

The Company will not have to deduct tax on the occasion of a chargeable event in respect of a Shareholder if (a) the Shareholder is neither Irish Resident nor Irish Ordinary Resident, (b) the Shareholder has made a Relevant Declaration and (c) the Company is not in possession of any information which would reasonably suggest that the information contained therein is no longer materially correct. Alternatively, no tax is required to be deducted if Equivalent Measures apply to the Company and there are no indicia of Irish tax residence in respect of the particular Shareholder. In the absence of a Relevant Declaration or the Irish Revenue Commissioners approval referred to above, tax will arise on the happening of a chargeable event in the Company regardless of the fact that a Shareholder is neither Irish Resident nor Irish Ordinary Resident. The appropriate tax that will be deducted is as described in paragraph (ii) below.

To the extent that a Shareholder is acting as an Intermediary on behalf of persons who are neither Irish Residents nor Irish Ordinary Residents, no tax will have to be deducted by the Company on the occasion of a chargeable event provided that the Intermediary has made a Relevant Declaration that they are acting on behalf of such persons and the Company is not in possession of any information which would reasonably suggest that the information contained therein is no longer materially correct.

Shareholders who are neither Irish Residents nor Irish Ordinary Residents and who have made Relevant Declarations in respect of which the Company is not in possession of any information which would reasonably suggest that the information contained therein is not, or is no longer materially correct, will not be liable to Irish tax in respect of income from their Shares and gains made on the disposal of their Shares. However, any corporate Shareholder which is not Irish Resident and which holds Shares directly or indirectly by or for a trading branch or agency in Ireland will be liable to Irish tax on income from the Shares or gains made on disposal of its Shares.

Where tax is withheld by the Company on the basis that no Relevant Declaration has been filed with the Company by the Shareholder, Irish legislation does not provide for a refund of tax except in the following limited circumstances:

- i. The appropriate tax has been correctly returned by the Company and within one year of making of the return the Company can prove to the satisfaction of the Irish Revenue Commissioners that it is just and reasonable for such tax which has been paid to be repaid to the Company.
- ii. Where a claim is made for a refund of Irish tax under Section 189, 189A, 192 and 205A of the Taxes Act (relieving provisions relating to incapacitated persons, trusts in relation thereto, persons incapacitated as a result of drugs containing thalidomide and Magdalen

Laundry payments) the income received will be treated as net income chargeable to tax under Case III of Schedule D from which tax has been deducted.

(ii) Shareholders who are Irish Resident or Irish Ordinary Resident

Unless a Shareholder is an Exempted Irish Investor, makes a Relevant Declaration to that effect and the Company is not in possession of any information which would reasonably suggest that the information contained therein is not, or is no longer materially correct or unless the Shares are held by the Courts Service, tax at the rate of 41% will be required to be deducted by the Company from distributions and other chargeable events in relation to a Shareholder who is Irish Resident or Irish Ordinary Resident. Tax at a rate of 25% will have to be deducted by the Company on distributions and other chargeable events in relation to Shareholders who are companies which have made the required declaration.

There are a number of Irish Residents and Irish Ordinary Residents who are exempted from the provisions of the above regime once Relevant Declarations are in place. These are Exempted Irish Investors.

Irish Resident corporate Shareholders who receive distributions from which tax has been deducted will be treated as having received an annual payment chargeable to tax under Case IV of Schedule D of the Taxes Act from which tax at a rate of 25% has been deducted. In general, such Shareholders will not be subject to further Irish tax on any other payments received in respect of their shareholding from which tax has been deducted. An Irish Resident corporate Shareholder whose Shares are held in connection with a trade will be taxable on any income or gains as part of that trade with a set-off against corporation tax payable for any tax deducted by the Company. In general, non-corporate Shareholders who are Irish Resident or Irish Ordinary Resident will not be subject to further Irish tax on income from their Shares or gains made on disposal of the Shares where tax has been deducted by the Company on payments received. Where a currency gain is made by the Shareholder on the disposal of his/her Shares, such Shareholder may be liable to capital gains tax in the year of assessment in which the Shares are disposed of.

Any Shareholder who is Irish Resident or Irish Ordinary Resident and receives a distribution or a gain on an encashment, redemption, cancellation or transfer from which tax has not been deducted by the Company may be liable to income tax or corporation tax on the amount of the gain.

There is an obligation on the Company to provide an annual report to the Irish Revenue Commissioners in relation to certain Shareholders and the value of their investments in the Company. The obligation arises only in relation to Shareholders who are either Irish Resident or Irish Ordinary Resident (other than Exempted Irish Investors).

(iii) Irish Courts Service

Where Shares are held by the Courts Service no tax is deducted by the Company on payments made to the Courts Service. Where money under the control or subject to the order of the Court Service is applied to acquire Shares in the Company, the Courts Service assumes, in respect of those Shares acquired, the responsibilities of the Company with regard to, inter alia, deduction of tax in respect of chargeable events, filing returns and collection of the tax.

In addition, the Courts Service must make, in respect of each year of assessment, on or before 28 February in the year following the year of assessment, a return to the Irish Revenue Commissioners which:

- (a) specifies the total amount of gains arising to the investment undertaking in respect of the Shares acquired; and
- (b) specifies in respect of each person who is or was beneficially entitled to those Shares:
 - where available, the name and address of the person,

- the amount of total gains to which the person has beneficial entitlement, and
- such other information as the Irish Revenue Commissioners may require.

Capital Acquisitions Tax

The disposal of Shares will not be subject to Irish gift or inheritance tax (Capital Acquisitions Tax), provided that the Company falls within the definition of investment undertaking (within the meaning of Section 739B of the Taxes Act) and that: (a) at the date of the gift or inheritance, the donee or successor is neither domiciled nor ordinarily resident in Ireland; (b) at the date of the disposition, the Shareholder disposing of the Shares is neither domiciled nor ordinarily resident in Ireland; and (c) the Shares are comprised in the gift or inheritance at the date of such gift or inheritance and at the valuation date.

With regard to Irish tax residency for Capital Acquisitions Tax purposes, special rules apply for non-Irish domiciled persons. A non-Irish domiciled donee or disponer will not be deemed to be resident or ordinarily resident in Ireland at the relevant date unless;

- (i) that person has been resident in Ireland for the 5 consecutive years of assessment immediately preceding the year of assessments in which that date falls; and
- (ii) that person is either resident or ordinarily resident in Ireland on that date.

Stamp Duty

Generally, no stamp duty is payable in Ireland on the issue, transfer, repurchase or redemption of Shares in the Company. Where any subscription for or redemption of Shares is satisfied by the in specie transfer of Irish securities or other Irish property, Irish stamp duty might arise on the transfer of such securities or property.

No Irish stamp duty will be payable by the Company on the conveyance or transfer of stock or marketable securities provided that the stock or marketable securities in question have not been issued by a company registered in Ireland and provided that the conveyance or transfer does not relate to any immovable property situated in Ireland or any right over or interest in such property or to any stocks or marketable securities of a company (other than a company which is an investment undertaking within the meaning of Section 739B of the Taxes Act) which is registered in Ireland.

No stamp duty will arise on reconstructions or amalgamations of investment undertakings under Section 739H of the Taxes Act, provided the reconstructions or amalgamations are undertaken for bona fide commercial purposes and not for the avoidance of tax.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA")

The Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act was signed into US law on 18 March 2010 and includes foreign account tax compliance provisions generally known as "FATCA". The thrust of these provisions is that details of US investors holding assets outside the US will be reported by financial institutions to the US Internal Revenue Services ("IRS") as a safeguard against US tax evasion. To discourage non-US financial institutions from staying outside this regime, FATCA provides that US securities held by a financial institution that does not enter and comply with the regime will be subject to a US tax withholding of 30% on income. This regime is effective from 1 July 2014 and withholding may be imposed after 1 July 2014. The basic terms of FATCA appear to include the Company as a 'Financial Institution', such that, in order to comply, the Company may require all Shareholders to provide mandatory documentary evidence of their tax residence.

The US has developed an intergovernmental approach to the implementation of FATCA. In this regard the Irish and US governments signed an intergovernmental agreement ("Irish IGA") on 21 December 2012.

The Irish IGA is intended to reduce the FATCA compliance burden for Irish financial institutions by simplifying the compliance process and minimising the risk of withholding tax. Under the Irish IGA, information about relevant US investors will be provided on an annual basis by each Irish financial

institution (unless the financial institution is exempted from the FATCA requirements) directly to the Irish Revenue Commissioners, who will then provide such information to the IRS.

Accordingly, in order to comply with its FATCA obligations, the Company may require investors to provide the Company with information and documentation prescribed by applicable law and such additional documentation as reasonably requested by the Company. Each prospective investor should consult their own tax advisor regarding the requirements under FATCA with respect to their own particular circumstances.

Although the Company will use commercially reasonable efforts to comply with any requirements that are necessary to avoid the imposition of withholding taxes on payments to the Company pursuant to FATCA, no assurance can be given that the Company will be able to satisfy these obligations. If the Company suffers a withholding tax as a result of FATCA, the return of all investors may be materially affected.

Prospective investors should consult with their tax advisers regarding the possible implications of FATCA on their investment in the Company.

Each investor agrees to provide the Company with information and documentation prescribed by applicable law and such additional documentation reasonably requested by the Company as may be necessary for the Company to comply with its obligations under FATCA.

The Common Reporting Standards ("CRS")

The CRS is a single global standard on Automatic Exchange of Information ("AEOI"). It was approved by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD") in February 2014 and draws on earlier work of the OECD and the EU, global anti-money laundering standards and, in particular, the Model FATCA Intergovernmental Agreement. Under the CRS, participating jurisdictions will be required to exchange certain information held by financial institutions regarding their non resident investors. The CRS was effective in Ireland from 1 January 2016. The Company is required to provide certain information to the Irish Revenue Commissioners about non-Irish tax resident Shareholders (which information will in turn be provided to the relevant tax authorities). It should also be noted the CRS replaces the EU Taxation on Savings Directive.

Data protection notice - collection and exchange of information under the CRS

For the purposes of complying with its obligations under the CRS as implemented in Irish law and to avoid the imposition of financial penalties thereunder, the Company may be required to collect certain information in respect of each non-Irish resident Shareholder (and the direct and indirect individual beneficial owners of the Shares (if any)) and, to the extent required pursuant to the CRS, to annually report such information to the Irish Revenue Commissioners.

Such information includes the name, address, jurisdiction of residence, tax identification number (TIN), date and place of birth (as appropriate) of the non-Irish resident Shareholder and (if relevant) the direct or indirect beneficial owners of the Shares; the "account number" and the "account balance" or value at the end of each calendar year; and the gross amount paid or credited to the Shareholder during the calendar year (including aggregate redemption payments).

Such information in relation to all non-Irish resident Shareholders will in turn be exchanged, in a secure manner, by the Irish Revenue Commissioners with the tax authorities of other relevant participating jurisdictions under the CRS in accordance with the requirements of (and solely for the purposes of compliance with) the CRS.

Each investor agrees to provide the Company with information and documentation prescribed by applicable law and such additional documentation reasonably requested by the Company as may be necessary for the Company to comply with its obligations under CRS.

Further information in relation to the CRS can be found on the AEOI ("Automatic Exchange of Information") webpage on www.revenue.ie.

United Kingdom Taxation

THE COMPANY

General

The taxation of income and capital gains of the Company and Shareholders is subject to the fiscal law and practice of Ireland, any jurisdiction in which the Company makes investments and of the jurisdictions in which Shareholders are resident or otherwise subject to tax.

The below summary is only intended as a brief and general guide to the main aspects of current UK tax law and HM Revenue & Customs ("HMRC") practice applicable to the holding and disposal of Shares in the Company (which may change in the future). It is not intended to provide specific advice and no action should be taken or omitted to be taken in reliance upon it. The summary is not exhaustive and does not generally consider tax reliefs or exemptions. Any prospective Shareholder who is in any doubt on the implications of making an investment in, holding or disposing of Shares and the receipt of distributions (whether or not on redemption) with respect to such Shares under the laws of the countries in which they are liable to taxation should consult his UK professional advisor.

It is addressed to ordinary investors who are absolute beneficial owners of Shares held as investments and not, therefore, to special classes of Shareholder such as financial institutions. Accordingly, its applicability will depend upon the particular circumstances of the relevant Shareholder. In particular certain classes of investors will be subject to specific rules in the UK and their position is not separately covered here and it does not cover UK Shareholders who are tax exempt or subject to special taxation regimes.

This summary is based on the taxation law in force and practice understood to be applicable at the date of this Prospectus but prospective investors should be aware that the relevant fiscal rules and practice or their interpretation may change.

Taxation of the Company

It is the intention of the Directors, so far as they are able, to conduct the affairs of the Company in such a way that it does not become resident in the UK for UK tax purposes. Accordingly and provided the Company's activities do not amount to trading through a permanent establishment for UK tax purposes, the Company will not be subject to UK corporation tax on its income and capital gains. However, no assurance can be given that this intention will be achieved. Neither the Company nor the Directors accept any responsibility for any taxes incurred by the Company or by any Shareholder as a result of the Company being UK resident or of its activities amounting to trading in the UK for whatever reason.

Income and gains received by the Company with respect to a Fund may be subject to withholding or similar taxes imposed by the country in which such return arises.

THE SHAREHOLDERS

Taxes on income

The Shares of the Company shall be widely available. The Directors confirm that the intended categories of investors are not "restricted" for the purposes of the Offshore Fund (Tax) Regulations 2009. It is intended that Shares shall be marketed and made available sufficiently widely to reach the intended categories of investors and in a manner appropriate to attract those categories of investors.

Subject to their personal circumstances, Shareholders resident in the UK for taxation purposes will be liable to UK income tax or corporation tax in respect of dividends or other distributions of income by the Company, whether or not such distributions are reinvested and also on amounts of reported income ("reported income" is explained in detail under the heading "Taxes on capital gains" below) to the extent this exceeds any dividends received. In addition, they may be liable to UK income tax or corporation tax on any equalisation payment received which represents accrued income forming part of the proceeds of redemption. The Company intends to operate equalisation arrangements.

Accordingly, the first distribution or accumulation of income after Shares are issued may include an amount reflecting accrued income included in the issue price. This amount is treated as a return of capital for UK tax purposes and would not generally be subject to tax as income. The amount of the equalisation payment must be deducted from the original purchase cost of the relevant Shares in computing the allowable cost of these Shares for UK capital gains purposes.

UK resident individuals currently receive a dividend tax allowance of £1,000 taxed at 0%. Any dividend income above £1,000 is subject to income tax on foreign dividends at rates of 8.75% for basic rate taxpayers, 33.75% for higher rate taxpayers and 39.35% for additional rate taxpayers. Modified rules, which are not discussed in this summary, apply to UK resident Shareholders who are individuals not domiciled within the UK.

When any UK corporate Shareholders which are within the charge to UK corporation tax receive dividends from the Company, the dividend is likely to fall within one of a number of exemptions from UK corporation tax. In addition, distributions to non- UK companies carrying on a trade in the UK through a permanent establishment in the UK should also fall within the exemption from UK corporation tax to the extent that the Shares held by that company are used by, or held for, that permanent establishment. Reported income will be treated in the same way as a dividend distribution for these purposes. If none of the exemptions apply, the dividends will be subject to the standard corporation tax rate, which is currently 25%.

Bond Funds - individual Shareholders

Where a Fund holds more than 60% of its assets (by market value) in interest bearing (or economically similar) form throughout a distribution period, any distribution or reported income will be treated as interest in the hands of the United Kingdom income tax payer Shareholder. Such a Fund is widely referred to as a Bond Fund (although the term does not feature in tax legislation). This means that the relevant tax rates will be those applying to interest. UK individual tax payers may therefore be eligible for a tax free allowance of £1,000 per year (basic rate tax payers) or £500 per year (higher rate tax payers). Additional rate tax payers are not entitled to any tax free allowance on interest income. Thereafter, interest received by UK tax resident individuals will be taxed at 20% for basic rate tax payers, 40% for higher rate tax payers and 45% for additional rate tax payers. Special rules apply to Bond Fund Shareholders within the charge to corporation tax, as discussed below

Bond Funds – corporate Shareholders

If at any time in an accounting period a person within the charge to United Kingdom corporation tax holds an interest in an offshore fund within the meaning of the relevant United Kingdom legislation and there is a time in that period when that fund fails to satisfy the "qualifying investments test", the holding of shares in the fund will be treated as a loan relationship for United Kingdom Corporation Tax purposes. A Fund will be deemed to have failed the "qualifying investments test" if the Company invests more than 60% of (by market value) its assets in certain securities or as cash on deposit or in certain derivative contracts or in other non-qualifying collective investment schemes. The test is applied to the Company as a whole and not in respect of individual Funds. Where the Shares are treated as falling within the loan relationships regime all returns on the Shares in respect of a relevant Shareholder's accounting period (including gains, profits and losses) will be taxed or relieved as an income receipt or expense on a "fair value" basis. Accordingly, such a Shareholder may, depending on its own circumstances, incur a charge to corporation tax on an unrealised increase in the value of its holding of Shares (and, likewise, obtain relief against corporation tax for an unrealised reduction in the value of its holding of Shares).

Taxes on capital gains

The Company is expected to be a mutual fund constituted by a body corporate outside the UK for the purposes of the UK's "offshore funds" provisions. Each Fund and each class of Shares of the Company will be treated as a separate offshore fund for these purposes.

Gains on the disposal or deemed disposal (including a switch between sub-funds) and redemptions of an interest in a collective investment scheme that constitutes an offshore fund will generally be taxed as if they were income (rather than capital gains), unless the fund applies to be a "reporting fund" and

maintains its reporting fund status at all relevant times (that is the fund needs to be a reporting fund for all periods in which the UK Shareholders have any interests). Holdings of Shares in the Company are expected to constitute an interest in an offshore fund for the purposes of the offshore funds rules. Where the offshore fund has been certified as a "reporting fund", Shareholders who are resident in the UK for tax purposes (other than persons who are dealing in the Shares who are subject to different rules) will generally, unless otherwise exempt from tax be liable to UK capital gains tax on gains arising on the disposal or deemed disposal or redemption of their Shares unless the Company fails the "qualifying investments test".

In broad terms, a "reporting fund" is an offshore fund that meets certain upfront and annual reporting requirements to HMRC and its shareholders. Under the reporting rules, relevant classes of shares obtain reporting fund status using a "once off" up-front approval mechanism which includes an undertaking to provide annual reporting of fund income returns to relevant investors. Such annual duties will include calculating and reporting the income returns of the offshore fund for each reporting period (as defined for UK tax purposes) on a per-share basis to all relevant shareholders (as defined for these purposes). UK shareholders who hold their interests at the end of the reporting period, to which the reported income relates, will be subject to income tax or corporation tax on the higher of any cash distribution paid and the full reported amount. The reported income will be deemed to arise to UK shareholders on the date the report is issued by the directors of the offshore fund, provided the report is issued within 6 months of the end of the financial year of the fund. Once reporting fund status is obtained from HMRC for the relevant classes, it will remain in place permanently provided the annual requirements are satisfied.

The Directors intend to apply to HMRC in respect of certain but not all classes of Shares or Funds (as applicable) for recognition as a reporting fund. The current reporting fund status of existing Funds and classes of Shares can be viewed at www.lazardassetmanagement.com.

Further, even if the Directors choose to make an application for reporting fund status with respect to a particular class of Shares or Fund, there can be no guarantee that reporting fund status will be obtained or maintained for any Fund or class of Share in relation to which an application is made. Were such application to be unsuccessful or such status subsequently to be withdrawn, any gains arising to shareholders resident in the UK on a disposal or deemed disposal or redemption of Shares would be taxed as income rather than capital gains.

Where an offshore fund ceases to be a reporting fund and becomes a non-reporting fund while a UK shareholder is an investor in that particular offshore fund, an election can potentially be made by the relevant UK Shareholder. The impact of such a valid election made by the relevant UK Shareholder is that the UK Shareholder is deemed to be (a) disposing of an interest in the reporting Fund or class of Shares (as applicable) at the end of that Fund's or of that class of Shares' final period of account as a reporting fund and (b) acquiring an interest in the (now) non-reporting Fund or class of Shares at the beginning of that non-reporting Fund's or class of Shares first period of account.

Any gain or loss arising on the deemed disposal will be subject to the normal rules applying to UK capital gains tax (or UK corporation tax on chargeable gains). Any subsequent disposal of the interest in the now non-reporting Fund or class of Shares will be subject for that UK Shareholder to an income tax charge on any further gains accruing from the deemed date of disposal and reacquisition. Such election must be made within specified time limits. Shareholders should refer to their tax advisors for further information. Chargeable gains arising on disposals of capital assets by UK resident individuals will be tax free if they fall within an individual's annual capital gains exemption. For the tax year 2023/24, the first £6,000 of an individual's chargeable gains (that is after deduction of allowable losses) from all sources will, therefore, be exempt from capital gains tax. Gains in excess of this amount will be subject to capital gains tax at the rate of 10% for basic rate taxpayers or 20% to the extent an individual taxpayer's total taxable income and gains exceeds the upper limit for the income tax basic rate band (currently £-37,700 for the tax year 2023/24).

Corporate Shareholders will be subject to corporation tax on chargeable gains. The main rate of corporation tax is currently 25%.

Inheritance tax

A gift of Shares or the death of a holder of Shares may give rise to a liability to UK inheritance tax. For these purposes, a transfer of assets at less than their full market value may be treated as a gift. However, an individual who is not domiciled in the UK and who is not deemed to be domiciled there under special rules relating to long residence or previous domicile in the UK, is not generally within the scope of inheritance tax as respects assets situated outside the UK. Shares in the Company should constitute assets situated outside the UK for inheritance tax purposes.

Stamp Duty Reserve Tax ("SDRT")

Stamp duty reserve tax (or stamp duty) at the rate of 0.5% (rounded up to the nearest £5) will be payable by the Company on the acquisition by the Company of shares in companies incorporated in the United Kingdom or which maintain a share register in the United Kingdom for the purpose of subsequent subscriptions for shares and may arise on the transfer of such Investments to Shareholders on a non-pro rata in specie redemption of Shares.

Because the Company is not incorporated in the United Kingdom and the register of holders of Shares will be kept outside the United Kingdom, no liability to stamp duty reserve tax will arise by reason of the transfer, subscription for or redemption of Shares except as stated above. Liability to stamp duty will not arise provided that any instrument in writing transferring Shares is executed and retained at all times outside the United Kingdom.

Anti-avoidance provisions

The attention of Shareholders who are individuals resident in the UK is drawn to the provisions contained in Chapter 2 (Transfer of assets abroad) of Part 13 of the Income Tax Act 2007. These provisions prevent avoidance of UK income tax by such individuals through transactions (which could include acquiring Shares in the Company) resulting in the transfer of assets or income to persons (including companies) resident or domiciled outside the United Kingdom. These provisions may render such individuals liable to UK income tax on an annual basis in respect of income and profits of the Company not distributed to them. This legislation is not directed towards the taxation of capital gains.

The attention of Shareholders who are resident in the UK is also drawn to section 3 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992. This section could be material to any such person whose proportionate interest in the Company (whether as a Shareholder or otherwise as a "participator" for United Kingdom taxation purposes) when aggregated with that of persons connected with that person is more than 25% if, at the same time, the Company is itself controlled in such manner that, were it to be resident in the United Kingdom for taxation purposes, it would be a "close" company for those purposes. The provisions of this section, if applied, will have the effect of making such individual Shareholders liable to UK capital gains tax (or, in the case of Shareholders that are companies, corporation tax on chargeable gains) on an apportioned part of any capital gains accruing to the Company as if it had accrued to that Shareholder directly. This rule should only apply where either the holding or disposal of the asset formed part of arrangements of which one of the main purposes was the avoidance of capital gains tax or corporation tax.

The provisions concerning controlled foreign companies ("CFCs"), set out in Part 9A of the Taxation (International and Other Provisions) Act 2010, impose a charge to tax on chargeable profits, affecting any UK resident company with an interest of 25% or more (including the interests of associated or connected persons) in the profits of a non-UK resident company provided no statutory exemptions apply. Where a CFC's profits fall within certain "gateway" provisions (and are not otherwise excluded by any exemption) they will be apportioned to UK participators. This charge may be reduced by a credit for any foreign tax attributable to the relevant profits and by the offset of UK reliefs. UK resident companies holding a right to 25% or more of the profits of the Company (directly or indirectly) are advised to seek their own specific professional taxation advice in relation to whether and how these rules might affect their proposed investment in the Company. The legislation is not directed towards the taxation of capital gains.

German Taxation

The information provided in this section is not exhaustive and does not constitute legal or tax advice. This information does not constitute a complete analysis of all tax considerations and is limited to certain aspects of current German tax law and practice, which may not apply to certain classes of Shareholders.

Investment fund taxation regime applicable since 1 January 2018

On 1 January 2018 the German Investment Tax Act (GITA) became effective. The tax regime distinguishes between "investment funds" as defined in section 1 paragraph 2 of the GITA and "special-investment funds" as defined in section 26 of the GITA (the latter meaning investment funds that have to fulfil additional requirements and that are not eligible for investment natural persons (subject to certain exceptions)).

All of the Funds will be treated as "investment funds" pursuant to the GITA and will therefore not be subject to the "special-investment funds" tax regime.

The following description of the investment taxation regime therefore relates exclusively to the rules applicable to "investment funds" as defined under the GITA.

The GITA prescribes the following taxation rules at fund level and shareholder level:

Funds

Since 1 January 2018 domestic German and non-German investment funds are taxed at fund level with respect to certain German source income, including, in particular, German dividend income and German real estate income.

In the case of German dividend income, a final German tax is withheld at source. For investment funds that are in possession of a valid fund status certificate the tax rate to be applied is 15.0% (including a 5.5% solidarity surcharge). Those Funds having exposure to German assets will apply for the fund status certificate.

For German source income that is not subject to a German withholding tax at source (in particular, German real estate income) the German tax rate is 15.825% (including a 5.5% solidarity surcharge). The German tax is levied in the course of an annual tax assessment with a tax filing obligation on the relevant Fund.

Investment funds are generally subject to German trade tax but can be exempt from trade taxation if the requirements pursuant to section 15 paragraph 2 GITA are fulfilled.

Shareholders

Transition rules

At the level of the German shareholders of an investment fund and for the purposes of the transition to the GITA as applicable since 1 January 2018, the GITA provides for a "fictitious" disposal of the shares in the investment fund on 31 December 2017 and for their reacquisition on 1 January 2018. The taxation of capital gains arising from this "fictitious" disposal will be deferred, free of interest, until the shares are ultimately redeemed or otherwise disposed of. These capital gains will be calculated based on the taxation principles applicable on 31 December 2017 but will be taxed with the tax rates and pursuant to the tax procedures applicable at the time of the actual disposal. Any appreciation in the value of the relevant fund shares from 1 January 2018 until the time of their actual disposal will also be subject to tax payable by German shareholders pursuant to the rules of the GITA as applicable from 1 January 2018.

Capital gains derived from the aforementioned "fictitious" disposal of fund shares that were acquired before 1 January 2009 and that were held by private investors (i.e. natural persons) since their acquisition ("Grandfathered Shares") will:

- not be subject to tax to the extent that the capital gains derive from appreciations in value of the Grandfathered Shares which occurred up until 31 December 2017; and
- only be subject to tax on the amount exceeding €100,000 to the extent the capital gains derive from appreciations in value of the fund shares occurred from 1 January 2018 on.

Taxable income

Under the GITA, German Shareholders of a Fund are, in principle, subject to an "opaque taxation". German Shareholders are taxable with the following income from a Fund (so-called "Investment Income"):

- distributions, including dividends and repayments of contributed capital from a Fund;
- the so-called "lump-sum taxation amount" (see below for further details); and
- capital gains from the disposal (i.e. redemption or sale) of Shares in a Fund.

The lump-sum taxation amount is attributed to German Shareholders as deemed taxable income on an annual basis on the first business day of the following calendar year with respect to the preceding calendar year. The lump-sum taxation amount is calculated as follows: redemption price (or alternatively stock exchange price or market price) per Fund Share at the beginning of the calendar year multiplied by 70% of the so-called "basic interest rate" (Basiszins) as published by the German Federal Ministry of Finance (for the lump-sum taxation amount with respect to the calendar year 2022 that is attributed on 2 January 2023: at the rate of -0.05% p.a.; since the basic interest rate was negative, no lump-sum taxation applied; the basic interest rate at the time of issue of this Prospectus is 3.12%, so application of a lump sum taxation on 2 January 2024 is expected). The lump sum taxation amount is reduced by the actual distributions of the respective calendar year. The lump sum taxation amount is further capped by reference to the sum of (i) the actual increase of the redemption price (or stock exchange price or market price, as applicable) of the Fund Share during the calendar year plus (ii) the actual annual distributions.

The Investment Income is as a rule subject to:

- (i) German income tax at a flat tax rate of 25% (plus solidarity surcharge and church tax, if applicable) in the case of German Shareholders holding Fund Shares as private assets ("Private Investors"):
- (ii) German income tax at the personal progressive income tax rate (up to 45% plus solidarity surcharge and church tax, if applicable) and German trade tax at the respective local trade tax rate in the case of German Shareholders holding Fund Shares as business assets ("Business Investors"); and
- (iii) German corporate income tax at a rate of 15% (plus solidarity surcharge) and trade tax at the respective local trade tax rate in the case of German Shareholders qualifying as corporate tax subjects ("Corporate Investors").

Partial tax exemptions

Shareholders of the Funds may benefit from a partial tax exemption on any Investment Income (i.e. distributions, the lump-sum taxation amount and capital gains from a disposal/redemption of Fund Shares) if the respective Fund qualifies as an "Equity Fund" or "Mixed Fund" pursuant to section 2 paragraph 6 and 7 GITA (see further below). The current partial tax exemption rates are set out in the following table:

| | Private Investors | Business Investors | Corporate Investors |
|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Equity Fund | 30% | 60% | 80% |
| Mixed Fund | 15% | 30% | 40% |

The (increased) partial tax exemptions for Business Investors and Corporate Investors do not apply (i) to life and health insurance companies if Fund Shares are attributable to their capital investments (*Kapitalanlagen*), (ii) to credit or financial services institutions if Fund Shares are attributable to their trading assets (*Handelsbestand*) and (iii) to finance companies of which more than 50% is owned directly or indirectly by credit or financial services institutions if Fund Shares are at the time of the acquisition attributable to the short-term assets (*Umlaufvermögen*). In these cases, the partial tax exemption for Private Investors (i.e. 30%) applies.

For trade tax purposes, only half of the aforementioned partial tax exemptions apply. "Equity Fund" / "Mixed Fund"

The categorisation of a Fund as an "Equity Fund" or a "Mixed Fund" pursuant to the GITA depends on whether the Fund meets certain "Equity Participation" thresholds.

"Equity Funds" are defined as funds, which according to their investment conditions continuously invest more than 50% of their net asset value in "Equity Participations" within the meaning of section 2 paragraph 8 GITA. As stipulated in section 2 paragraph 9a sentence 3 GITA, in this case a proportion of the fund's credits – if any – is to be considered when complying with the 50% minimum.

"Mixed Funds" are defined as funds, which according to their investment conditions continuously invest at least 25% of their net assets in "Equity Participations" within the meaning of section 2 paragraph 8 GITA. As stipulated in section 2 paragraph 9a sentence 3 GITA, in this case a proportion of the fund's credits – if any – is to be considered when complying with the 25% minimum.

Currently no Funds of the Company qualify as "Equity Funds" pursuant to the GITA. Lazard European Alternative Fund is the only Fund that qualifies as a "Mixed Fund" on the basis of its investment conditions contained in its Supplement. Details on the minimum "Equity Participation" level of Lazard European Alternative Fund as well as its daily "Equity Participation" ratio will be provided to WM Datenservice.

In the event that any other Fund intends to qualify for "Equity Fund" or "Mixed Fund" status under the GITA in the future, the Supplement for that respective Fund will be updated accordingly and details of its minimum "Equity Participation" level (as contained in its Supplement) as well as its daily "Equity Participation" ratio will be provided to WM Datenservice.

In cases where the Supplement for a Fund does not include the specific disclosures required (in particular, the minimum "Equity Participation" thresholds) for a Fund to qualify as either an "Equity Fund" or a "Mixed Fund" for the purposes of the GITA, the German Shareholders can nevertheless – upon application – benefit from the partial tax exemptions if they can provide evidence to the German tax authorities, retroactively in the course of their annual tax assessment, that the respective Fund has in fact in its investment practice continuously throughout its fiscal year complied with the required minimum "Equity Participation" thresholds applicable to "Equity Funds" or "Mixed Funds", respectively (section 20 paragraph 4 GITA). For the purposes of providing this evidence, a retroactive confirmation of the respective Fund's categorisation as either an "Equity Fund" or a "Mixed Fund", as applicable, together with the realised "Equity Participation" ratios for each business day of the Fund's fiscal year will be provided on the website www.lazardassetmanagement.com following the Fund's fiscal year end. A fund categorisation confirmed retroactively in this manner cannot be relied upon as an indicator that the Fund will fulfil the requirements of an "Equity Fund" or "Mixed Fund" in the future.

The German custody bank of the respective Shareholder will be responsible for the correct withholding of taxes for which the Shareholder is liable. For the purpose of the Shareholder taxation, the Manager intends to make commercially reasonable efforts to provide all relevant information for the taxation of the Shareholders under the GITA via reporting to WM Datenservice. To facilitate the filing of relevant tax returns by Shareholders who do not hold their Shares in a German custody bank, the Manager intends to make commercially reasonable efforts to provide all relevant information for the purposes of the Shareholder taxation under the GITA via www.lazardassetmanagement.com.

Tax Risk

The legal and fiscal treatment of the Funds by the German tax authorities may change in ways that are unforeseeable and beyond the reasonable control of the Company.

For example, where the German tax authorities undertake field audits in respect of any of the Funds, this may give rise to a re-categorisation of the relevant Fund(s) for the purposes of the GITA, which could impact the historic and future taxation of Shareholders of any such Fund(s) in an unfavourable way. Additionally, changes to the investment policy of a Fund or substantial infringements of the minimum "Equity Participation" ratio in the investment practice of a Fund might lead to such a recategorisation.

Any such re-categorisation would result in a "fictitious" disposal of the Shares of the relevant Fund(s) and a reacquisition of the Shares in the Fund(s) on the following day. The "fictitious" disposal would take place on the day on which the investment policy of the Fund(s) is changed or the investments of the Fund(s) fell below the "Equity Participation" threshold applicable to "Equity Funds" or "Mixed Funds", as relevant, or, if the evidence pursuant to section 20 paragraph 4 GITA can be provided only for one fiscal year of a Fund but not for the following fiscal year, at the end of the Fund's preceding fiscal year (the "Breach Event"). The capital gains resulting from this "fictitious" disposal (if any) would however only be taxed at the point in time when the Shares in the Fund(s) are actually disposed of. The tax deferral would be free of interest. The capital gains from the "fictitious" disposal would be subject to the partial tax exemptions applicable to the respective Fund before the Breach Event occurred. Any capital gains from appreciations in value of the newly acquired Shares occurred after the "fictitious" disposal would be subject to the partial tax exemptions applicable to the Fund(s) after the re-categorisation (if any).

STATUTORY AND GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Incorporation, Registered Office and Share Capital

- (a) The Company was incorporated in Ireland under its name Lazard Global Investment Funds plc on 3 February 2009 as an investment company with variable capital, segregated liability between its Funds and with limited liability under registration number 467074.
- (b) The registered office of the Company is currently at 6th Floor, 2 Grand Canal Square, Dublin 2, D02 A342 Ireland.
- (c) The authorised share capital of the Company is two Subscriber Shares of Stg £1.00 each and 5,000,000,000,000 Shares of no par value. The two Subscriber Shares are held by the Manager and the Promoter.
- (d) Neither the subscriber shares nor the Shares carry pre-emption rights.

2. Share Rights

The holders of Shares shall:

- (a) on a vote taken on a show of hands, be entitled to one vote per holder and, on a poll, be entitled to one vote per whole Share;
- (b) be entitled to such dividends as the Directors may from time to time declare;
- (c) in the event of a winding up or dissolution of the Company, have the entitlements referred to under "Distribution of Assets on a Liquidation" below; and

(d) the holders of Subscriber Shares shall not be entitled to any dividend whatsoever in respect of their holding of Subscriber Shares.

3. Voting Rights

This is dealt with under the rights attaching to the Shares referred to at 2 above. Shareholders who are individuals may attend and vote at general meetings in person or by proxy. Shareholders who are corporations may attend and vote at general meetings by appointing a representative or proxy.

Subject to any special terms as to voting upon which any Shares may be issued or may for the time being be held, at any general meeting on a show of hands every Shareholder who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by duly authorised representative shall have one vote. On a poll every such holder present as aforesaid or by proxy shall have one vote for every Share held.

To be passed, ordinary resolutions of the Company in a general meeting will require a simple majority of the votes validly cast by the Shareholders voting in person or by proxy at the meeting at which the resolution is proposed.

A majority of not less than 75% of the votes validly cast by Shareholders present in person or by proxy in general meetings is required in order to pass a special resolution including a resolution to (i) rescind, alter or amend an Article or make a new Article and (ii) wind up the Company.

4. Memorandum

The Memorandum of the Company provides that the sole object for which the Company is established is the collective investment in transferable securities and/or other liquid financial assets referred to in the Regulations, of capital raised from the public and which operates on the principle of spreading investment risk in accordance with the Regulations. The object of the Company is set out in full at Clause 3 of the Memorandum which is available for inspection at the registered office of the Company.

5. Articles

The following section is a summary of the principal provisions of the Articles of the Company not previously summarised in this Prospectus.

Alteration of share capital

The Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution increase its capital, consolidate and divide its Shares or any of them into Shares of a larger amount, sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of a smaller amount, or cancel any Shares not taken or agreed to be taken by any person. The Company may also by special resolution from time to time reduce its share capital in any way permitted by law.

Issues of Shares

The Shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors and they may (subject to the provisions of the Act) allot, offer or otherwise deal with or dispose of them to such persons, at such times and on such terms as they may consider in the best interests of the Company.

Variation of rights

Whenever the share capital is divided into different classes of Shares, the rights of any class may be varied or abrogated with the consent in writing of the holders of three quarters of the issued and outstanding Shares of that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of that class of Shares and the necessary quorum shall be (other than an adjourned meeting) two persons holding shares issued in that class (and

at the adjourned meeting the necessary quorum shall be one person holding Shares of that class or his proxy).

The special rights attaching to any Shares of any class shall not (unless the conditions of issue of such class of Shares expressly provide otherwise) be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of other Shares ranking *pari passu* therewith.

Directors

- (a) Each Director shall be entitled to such remuneration for his services as the Directors shall from time to time resolve. The Directors may also be paid, inter alia, for travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending meetings of the Directors or in connection with the business of the Company. Any Director who devotes special attention to the business of the Company may be paid such extra remuneration as the Directors may determine (see the section headed "Fees and Expenses" above in relation to Directors' fees).
- (b) A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (other than the office of auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director, and may act in a professional capacity to the Company on such terms as the Directors may determine.
- (c) Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the Directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a Director notwithstanding his office:
 - (i) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or any subsidiary or associated company thereof;
 - (ii) may be a Director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested; and
 - (iii) shall not be accountable, by reason of his office, to the Company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.
- (d) A Director shall not generally be permitted to vote at a meeting of the Directors or a committee of Directors on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest which is material or a duty which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the Company. A Director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to any such resolution on which he is not entitled to vote. A Director shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of resolutions concerning certain matters in which he has an interest including any proposal concerning any other company in which he is interested, directly or indirectly provided that he is not the holder of or beneficially interested in 10% or more of the issued shares of any class of such company or of the voting rights available to members of such company (or of a third company through which his interest is derived).
- (e) There is no provision in the Articles requiring a Director to retire by rotation or by reason of any age limit and no share qualification for Directors.
- (f) The number of Directors shall not be less than two provided that a majority of Directors shall not be resident in the United Kingdom.
- (g) The quorum for meetings of Directors may be fixed by the Directors and unless so fixed shall be two provided that if a majority of the Directors present are resident in the United Kingdom the Directors present, irrespective of their number shall not constitute a quorum.
- (h) The office of a Director shall be vacated in any of the following circumstances, if:

- (i) he ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provisions of the Act or becomes prohibited by law from being a Director;
- (ii) the Central Bank has issued a prohibition notice in respect of such Director;
- (iii) he becomes a bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally;
- (iv) in the opinion of a majority of the Directors he becomes incapable by reason of mental disorder of discharging his duties as a Director;
- (v) he resigns from his office by notice to the Company;
- (vi) he is convicted of an indictable offence and the Directors determine that as a result of such conviction he should cease to be a Director:
- (vii) a majority of the Directors are satisfied on reasonable grounds that he no longer complies with any standards of fitness and probity in a code issued by the Central Bank from time to time:
- (viii) by a resolution of his co-Directors he is requested to vacate office;
- (ix) the Company by ordinary resolution so determines;
- (x) he shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the Directors from meetings of the Directors held during that period and the Directors pass a resolution that he has by reason of such absence vacated office; or
- (xi) subsequent to his appointment he becomes resident in the United Kingdom and as a result thereof a majority of the Directors are resident in the United Kingdom.

A Director shall comply immediately with any suspension notice issued by the Central Bank in respect of such Director and shall accordingly cease performing any or all of the functions of his office as may be specified in the notice. For so long as a suspension notice is in force, any Director, the subject of such notice, shall not attend any meetings of the Directors and shall not be counted in the quorum thereat.

The Company may also, as a separate power, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Act, by ordinary resolution of the Shareholders, remove any Director (including a Managing Director or other executive director) before the expiry of his period of office notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Articles or in any agreement between the Company and any such Director.

Borrowing powers

The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow or raise money (including the power to borrow for the purpose of repurchasing Shares) and to hypothecate, mortgage, charge or pledge its undertaking, property and assets or any part thereof, but only in accordance with the provisions of the Regulations.

<u>Dividends</u>

No dividends are payable on the Subscriber Shares.

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends on a class or classes of Shares, but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors. If the Directors so resolve and, in any event, on the winding up of the Company or on the total redemption of Shares, any dividend which has remained unclaimed for six years shall be forfeited and become the property of the Company.

Distribution of assets on a liquidation

- (a) If the Company shall be wound up, the liquidator shall, subject to the provisions of the Act, apply the assets of the Company on the basis that any liability incurred or attributable to a Fund shall be discharged solely out of the assets of that Fund.
- (b) The assets available for distribution among the members shall then be applied in the following priority:
 - (i) firstly, in the payment to the Shareholders of each class of a sum in the currency in which that class is designated or in any other currency selected by the liquidator as nearly as possible equal of such class (at the prevailing rate of exchange) to the Net Asset Value of the Shares held by such Shareholders respectively as at the date of commencement to wind up provided that there are sufficient assets available in the relevant Fund to enable such payment to be made. In the event that, as regards any class of Shares, there are insufficient assets available in the relevant Fund to enable such payment to be made recourse shall be had to the assets of the Company (if any) not comprised within any of the Funds and not (save as provided in the Act) to the assets comprised within any of the Funds;
 - (ii) secondly, in the payment to the holders of the Subscriber Shares of sums up to the nominal amount paid thereon out of the assets of the Company not comprised within any Funds remaining after any recourse thereto under sub-paragraph (b)(i) above. In the event that there are insufficient assets aforesaid to enable such payment to be made, no recourse shall be had to the assets comprised within any of the Funds;
 - (iii) thirdly, in the payment to the holders of each class of Shares of any balance remaining in the relevant Fund, such payment being made in proportion to the numbers of Shares held;
 - (iv) fourthly, in the payment to the holders of the Shares of any balance then remaining and not comprised within any of the Funds such payment being made in proportion to the Net Asset Value of each Fund and within each Fund to the Net Asset Value of each class and in proportion to the number of Shares held in each class:

Indemnities

The Directors (including alternates), Secretary and other officers of the Company shall be indemnified by the Company against losses and expenses which any such person may become liable to by reason of any contract entered into or any act or thing done by him as such officer in the discharge of his duties (other than in the case of negligence or wilful misconduct).

The assets of the Company and the calculation of the Net Asset Value of the Shares

- (a) The Net Asset Value of a Fund shall be determined (except in the case of suspension) as at each Valuation Point and shall be the value of all the assets comprised in a Fund less all the liabilities attributable to the Fund calculated in accordance with the Regulations.
- (b) The assets of the Company shall be deemed to include (i) all cash in hand, on deposit, or on call including any interest accrued thereon and all accounts receivable; (ii) all bills, demand notes, certificates of deposit and promissory notes; (iii) all bonds, forward currency transactions, shares, stock, units of or participation in collective investment schemes/mutual funds, debentures, debenture stock, subscription rights, warrants, futures contracts, options contracts, swap contracts, contracts for difference, fixed rate securities, floating rate securities, securities in respect of which the return and/or redemption amount is calculated by reference to any index, price or rate, financial instruments and other investments and securities owned or contracted for in respect of the Company; (iv) all stock and cash dividends and cash distributions to be received in respect of the Company and not yet received by the Company but declared to stockholders on record on a date on or before the day as of which the net asset value is being determined; (v) all subscription payments due but not yet received by the Company; (vi) all interest accrued on any interest-bearing securities attributed to the Company

except to the extent that the same is included or reflected in, the principal value of such security; (vii) all other Investments of the Company; (viii) the establishment costs attributable to the Company and the cost of issuing and distributing Shares of the Company in so far as the same have not been written off; and (ix) all other assets of the Company of every kind and nature including prepaid expenses as valued and defined from time to time by the Directors.

- (c) The valuation principles to be used in valuing the Company's assets are as follows:
 - (i) the Directors shall be entitled to use the amortised cost method of valuation, whereby Investments are valued at their cost of acquisition adjusted for amortisation of premium or accretion of discount on the Investments rather than at the current market value of the Investments. However, the amortised cost method of valuation may only be used in relation to funds which comply with Central Bank Requirements for money market funds and where a review of the amortised cost valuation vis-à-vis the market valuation is carried out in accordance with the Central Bank's guidelines. Money market instruments in a non-money market fund may be valued on an amortised basis, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements;
 - (ii) the value of any Investment which is quoted, listed or normally dealt in on a Regulated Market, including units or shares in exchange-traded funds, shall (save in the specific cases set out in paragraph (i) above or in the relevant paragraphs below) be based on the last traded price where the Investment in question is an equity security and, where the Investment in questions is not an equity security on the closing mid-market price on such Regulated Market as at the Valuation Point (or the last traded price when no closing mid-market price is available), provided that:
 - A. if an Investment is quoted, listed or normally dealt in on more than one Regulated Market, the Directors may, in their absolute discretion select any one of such markets for the foregoing purposes (provided that the Directors have determined that such market constitutes the main market for such Investment or provides the fairest criteria for valuing such Investment) and once selected a market shall be used for future calculations of the Net Asset Value of that Investment unless the Directors otherwise determine:
 - B. in the case of any Investment which is quoted, listed or normally dealt in on a Regulated Market but in respect of which, for any reason, prices on that market may not be available at any relevant time, or, in the opinion of the Directors, may not be representative, the value therefor shall be the probable realisation value thereof estimated with care and in good faith by a competent person appointed by the Directors (and approved for the purpose by the Depositary); and
 - C. in the case of any Investment which is quoted, listed or normally dealt in or on a Regulated Market but acquired or traded at a premium or at a discount outside or off the relevant Regulated Market, the Investment may be valued taking into account the level of premium or discount at the date of the valuation. The Depositary must ensure that the adoption of such a procedure is justifiable in the context of establishing the probable realisation value of the Investment;
 - (iii) the value of any Investment which is not quoted, listed or normally dealt in on a Regulated Market shall be the probable realisable value therefor estimated with care and good faith by a competent person appointed by the Directors (and approved for the purpose by the Depositary);
 - (iv) the value of any Investment which is a share of, unit of or participation in an openended collective investment scheme shall be the latest available net asset value for the Investment as published by the collective investment scheme in question or, where such Investment is quoted, listed or dealt in on a Regulated Market, may be a value determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c)(ii) above;

- (v) the value of any prepaid expenses, cash dividends and interest declared or accrued as aforesaid and not yet received shall be deemed to be the full amount thereof unless in any case the Directors are of the opinion that the same is unlikely to be paid or received in full in which case the value thereof shall be arrived at after making such discount as the Directors (with the approval of the Depositary) may consider appropriate in such case to reflect the true value thereof;
- (vi) deposits/cash in hand shall be valued at their principal/face/nominal amount plus accrued interest from the date on which the same were acquired or made;
- (vii) treasury bills shall be valued at the middle market dealing price on the market on which same are traded or admitted to trading as at the Valuation Point, provided that where such price is not available, same shall be valued at the probable realisable value therefor estimated with care and good faith by a competent person appointed by the Directors (and approved for the purpose by the Depositary):
- (viii) bonds, notes, debenture stocks, certificates of deposit, bank acceptances, trade bills and similar assets shall be valued at the last available mid- market dealing price on the market on which these assets are traded or admitted for trading (being the market which is the sole market or in the opinion of the Directors the principal market on which the assets in question are quoted or dealt in) plus any interest accrued thereon from the date on which same were acquired;
- the value of any futures contracts and options (including index futures) which are dealt in on a Regulated Market shall be the settlement price as determined by the market in question, provided that if such settlement price is not available for any reason or is unrepresentative, same shall be valued at the probable realisation value thereof estimated with care and good faith by a competent person appointed by the Directors (and approved for the purpose by the Depositary);
- (x) the value of any over-the-counter derivative contracts shall be:
 - the quotation from the counterparty provided that such quotation is provided on at least a daily basis and verified at least weekly by a person independent of the counterparty and who is approved for the purpose by the Depositary; or
 - 2. an alternative valuation as the Directors may determine in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. This may be a valuation that is provided on at least a daily basis by a competent person (which may be the Company or an independent pricing vendor provided that the appointed party has adequate means to perform the valuation) appointed by the Directors and approved for that purpose by the Depositary (or a valuation by any other means provided that the value is approved by the Depositary). The valuation principles employed must follow best international practice established by bodies such as IOSCO (International Organisation of Securities Commission) and AIMA (the Alternative Investment Management Association) and any such alternative valuation must be reconciled to that of the counterparty on a monthly basis. Where significant differences arise on the monthly reconciliation, these must be promptly investigated and explained;
- (xii) forward foreign exchange and interest rate swaps contracts may be valued in accordance with the previous paragraph or by reference to freely available market quotations (in which case there is no requirement to have such prices independently verified or reconciled to the counterparty valuation);
- (xiii) notwithstanding any of the foregoing sub-paragraphs, the Directors with the approval of the Depositary may adjust the value of any Investment if, having regard to currency, applicable rate of interest, maturity, marketability and/or such other considerations as

they may deem relevant, they consider that such adjustment is required to reflect the fair value thereof;

- (xiv) if in any case a particular value is not ascertainable as above provided or if the Directors shall consider that some other method of valuation better reflects the fair value of the relevant Investment then in such case the method of valuation of the relevant Investment shall be such as the Directors shall decide with the approval of the Depositary;
- (xv) the Directors may, in order to comply with any applicable accounting standards, present the value of any assets of the Company in financial statements to Shareholders in a manner different to that set out in paragraphs (i) to (xiii) above.
- (d) Any certificate as to Net Asset Value of Shares given in good faith (and in the absence of negligence or manifest error) by or on behalf of the Directors shall be binding on all parties.

6. Money Laundering

The Directors of the Company, the Manager and the Administrator have a responsibility to regulators for compliance with anti-money laundering regulations around the world and, for that reason, existing Shareholders, potential subscribers for and transferees of Shares may be asked for proof of identity and/or to fulfil other requirements. Until satisfactory proof of identity is provided and/or those requirements are fulfilled, the Directors reserve the right to withhold issuance redemption and approval of transfers of Shares.

In case of delay or failure to provide satisfactory proof of identity, the Company and the Manager may take such action as they see fit including the right to redeem issued Shares compulsorily.

7. Material Contracts

The following contracts, not being contracts entered into in the ordinary course of business, have been entered into by the Company and are, or may be, material:

- (a) The Management Agreement. The Management Agreement provides that the appointment of the Manager will continue in force unless and until terminated by either party giving to the other not less than 90 days' written notice, although in certain circumstances the agreement may be terminated forthwith by notice in writing by either party to the other. The Management Agreement contains provisions regarding the Manager's legal responsibilities and indemnities in favour of the Manager other than for matters arising by reason of its fraud, bad faith, wilful default, recklessness or negligence in the performance of its duties and obligations;
- (b) The Depositary Agreement. The Depositary Agreement provides that the appointment of the Depositary will continue in force unless and until terminated by either party giving to the other not less than 90 days' written notice although in certain circumstances the Agreement may be terminated forthwith. The Depositary Agreement contains provisions regarding the Depositary's legal responsibilities and indemnities in favour of the Depositary excluding in respect of matters arising by reason of the negligence, fraud, bad faith, breach of contract, wilful default or recklessness in the performance of its duties.
- (c) The Administration Agreement. The Administration Agreement provides that the appointment of the Administrator will continue in force unless and until terminated by any party giving to the others the relevant period of advanced written notice, although in certain circumstances (e.g. the insolvency of any party, unremedied breach after notice, etc.) the agreement may be terminated forthwith by notice in writing by either party to the other. The Administration Agreement contains provisions regarding the Administrator's legal responsibilities and indemnities in favour of the Administrator other than for matters arising by reason of the negligence, fraud, bad faith, recklessness or wilful default of the Administrator or its permitted delegates, servants or agents in the performance or non-

- performance of the Administrator's duties or obligations under the Administration Agreement;
- (d) The Promoter and Distributor Agreement. The Promoter and Distributor Agreement provides that the appointment of the Promoter/Distributor will continue in force unless and until terminated by any party giving to the other not less than 90 days' written notice. The Promoter and Distributor Agreement contains provisions regarding the Promoter/Distributor's legal responsibilities and indemnities in favour of the Promoter/Distributor other than for matters arising by reason of its fraud, bad faith, wilful default or negligence in the performance of its duties and obligations;
- (e) The Lazard UK IMA. The Lazard UK IMA provides that the appointment of Lazard Asset Management Limited as investment manager to certain of the Funds will continue in force unless and until terminated by the Company and the Manager giving to the Lazard Asset Management Limited or vice versa not less than 90 days' written notice although in certain circumstances the Lazard UK IMA may be terminated forthwith by notice in writing from the Company and the Manager to Lazard Asset Management Limited or vice versa. The Lazard UK IMA contains provisions regarding Lazard Asset Management Limited's legal responsibilities and indemnities in favour of Lazard Asset Management Limited other than in respect of matters arising by reason of its fraud, bad faith, wilful default, recklessness or negligence in the performance of its duties and obligations;
- (f) The Lazard US IMA. The Lazard US IMA provides that the appointment of Lazard Asset Management LLC will continue in force for an initial 12 months unless and thereafter until terminated by any of the parties giving to the others not less than 3 months' written notice (so as to expire at the end of any calendar month) or such lesser period as the parties may agree in writing although in certain circumstances the agreement may be terminated forthwith by notice in writing by any of the parties to the others. The Lazard US IMA contains provisions regarding Lazard Asset Management LLC's legal responsibilities and indemnities in favour of Lazard Asset Management LLC other than in respect of matters arising by reason of its fraud, bad faith, wilful default or negligence in the performance of its duties and obligations;
- (g) The Lazard Deutschland IMA. The Lazard Deutschland IMA provides that the appointment of Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH will continue in force unless and until terminated by any of the parties giving to the others not less than 90 days' written notice although in certain circumstances the Lazard Deutschland IMA may be terminated forthwith by notice in writing from any of the parties to the others.
 - The Lazard Deutschland IMA contains provisions regarding Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH's legal responsibilities and indemnities in favour of Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH other than in respect of matters arising by reason of the fraud, bad faith, wilful default, recklessness or negligence of Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH, its employees, officers, agents or subcontractors (which, for the avoidance of doubt, shall not include brokers or dealers used by Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH).
- (h) Currency Management Agreements. The Currency Managers have been appointed by Lazard Asset Management LLC and Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH, respectively, pursuant to the Currency Management Agreements. The Company in consideration for the services to be provided by the Currency Managers to Lazard Asset Management LLC and Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH has joined the Currency Management Agreements for the sole purpose of paying the fees of the Currency Managers. Each of the Currency Management Agreements will continue in force until terminated by either party to that agreement giving to the other party not less than 60 days' written notice or such lesser period of notice as the parties may agree in writing although in certain circumstances the agreement may be terminated forthwith by notice in writing by any of the parties to the others. The Currency Management Agreements contain provisions regarding the Currency Managers' legal responsibilities and indemnities in favour of the Currency Managers other than in respect of matters

arising by reason of its fraud, wilful default or negligence in the performance of its duties and obligations.

8. Inspection of Documents

Copies of the following documents will be available for inspection at any time during normal business hours on any day (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays) free of charge at the registered office of the Company in Dublin:

- a. the Constitution of the Company;
- b. the Prospectus; and
- c. the latest annual and semi-annual reports of the Company.

The documents listed at (b) and (c) may be obtained, on request free of charge, from the Administrator. The documents listed at (a) may be obtained, on request free of charge, from the registered office of the Company in Dublin.

9. Facilities Agent in the United Kingdom

The Company has appointed Lazard Asset Management Limited as its facilities agent ("Facilities Agent") to maintain the facilities required of a recognised collective investment scheme pursuant to the rules contained in the part of the Financial Conduct Authority's Handbook of Rules and Guidance governing recognised collective investment schemes.

The facilities are located at the offices of Lazard Asset Management Limited at 50 Stratton Street, London, W1J 8LL, England. At these facilities, any person may:

- (a) inspect and obtain copies (in English) (free of charge) of:
 - the Constitution of the Company;
 - (ii) the latest version of the Prospectus;
 - (iii) the latest version of the KIIDs/KIDs; and
 - (iv) the Company's latest annual and half-yearly reports;
- (b) obtain information (in English) about the price of Shares; and
- (c) make a complaint about the operation of the Company, which the Facilities Agent will transmit to the Manager.

Further, any Shareholder may redeem or arrange for the redemption of Shares and obtain payment at the offices of the Facilities Agent.

10. Complaints Handling Policy

Shareholders may file a complaint in relation to the Company with the Manager in the official language or one of the official languages of their member state of the European Union.

Shareholders may address written complaints to:

The Designated Person for Regulatory Compliance Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited 6th Floor 2 Grand Canal Square Dublin 2 Ireland

Shareholders may file their complaints with the Manager and obtain information regarding the complaints handling procedures free of charge and on request.

Shareholders have the right to refer any complaint to the Central Bank and the Financial Services Ombudsman. The contact details of the Financial Services Ombudsman are:

Address: $3^{\rm rd}$ Floor, Lincoln House, Lincoln Place, Dublin 2, D02 VH29 Telephone: 1890 88 20 90

Email: enquiries@financialombudsman.ie

APPENDIX I

Stock Exchanges and Regulated Markets

With the exception of permitted investment in unlisted securities, the Company will only invest in those securities and derivate instruments listed or traded on a stock exchange or market (including derivative markets) which meets with the regulatory criteria (regulated, operate regularly, be recognised and open to the public) and which is listed in the Prospectus or in any supplement thereto or revision thereof. These stock exchanges and markets are listed in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank, it being noted that the Central Bank does not issue a list of approved markets and exchanges:

1. All stock exchanges of the Member States (except Malta), Australia, Canada, Hong Kong, Iceland, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, the United Kingdom and the United States.

2. The following stock exchanges:

in Argentina Bolsa de Comercio de Buenos Aires

Mercado Abierto Electronico S.A.

in Bahrain Bourse

in Bangladesh the Dhaka Stock Exchange

Chittagong Stock Exchange Ltd.

in Bermuda Stock Exchange

in Botswana Stock Exchange

in Brazil B3 S.A. – Brasil, Bolsa, Balcão

in Chile Bolsa de Santiago

Bolsa Electronica de Chile

in Colombia Bolsa de Valores de Colombia

In Costa Rica Bolsa Nacional de Valores

in Croatia the Zagreb Stock Exchange

in Egypt the Egyptian Exchange

in Ghana Stock Exchange

in India the National Stock Exchange of India (NSE)

BSE

in Indonesia Stock Exchange

in Israel the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange

in Ivory Coast Bourse Régionale des Valeurs Mobilières

in Jordan the Amman Stock Exchange

in Kazakhstan Stock Exchange

in Kenya the Nairobi Securities Exchange

in the Republic of Korea the Korea Exchange

in Kuwait the Boursa Kuwait

in Malaysia Bursa Malaysia

in Mauritius the Stock Exchange of Mauritius

in Mexico Bolsa Mexicana de Valores

in Morocco Bourse de Casablanca

in Nigeria the Nigerian Stock Exchange

In Oman The Muscat Securities Market

in Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited

in the People's Republic of

China

Stock Connect

the Shanghai Stock Exchange the Shenzhen Stock Exchange

in Peru Bolsa de Valores de Lima

in Philippines Stock Exchange

in Qatar the Qatar Stock Exchange

in Russia Moscow Exchange

in Saudi Arabia the Saudi Stock Exchange (Tadawul)

In Serbia The Belgrade Stock Exchange

in Singapore Exchange Limited

CATALIST

in South Africa JSE Limited

in Sri Lanka the Colombo Stock Exchange

in Thailand the Stock Exchange of Thailand

Market for Alternative Investments

in Taiwan Stock Exchange

the Taipei Exchange

in Tunisia Bourse de Tunis

in Turkey Borsa Istanbul

in the U.A.E. - Abu Dhabi the Abu Dhabi Securities Exchange

in the U.A.E. - Dubai the Dubai Financial Market

the United Arab Emirates Dubai International Financial

Center

in Uruguay Bolsa de Valores de Montevideo

Bolsa Electrónica de Valores del Uruguay SA

in Vietnam the Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange

the Hanoi Stock Exchange

Unlisted Public Companies Market (UPCOM)

in Zambia the Lusaka Stock Exchange

in Zimbabwe Stock Exchange

3. The following regulated markets:

- (a) derivative markets approved in a member state of the European Economic Area ("EEA") and any derivative markets approved in the United Kingdom;
- (b) the Alternative Investment Market regulated and operated by the London Stock Exchange Limited;
- (c) the market in the UK conducted by the "listed money market institutions" as described in the Bank of England publication "The Regulation of the Wholesale Cash and OTC Derivatives markets" "(The Grey Paper)";
- (d) the French market for "Titres de Creance Negotiable" (over-the-counter market in negotiable debt instruments);
- (e) NASDAQ (the electronic inter-dealer quotation system of America operated by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA");
- (f) the over-the-counter market in Japan regulated by the Securities Dealers Association of Japan;
- (g) the market in US government securities conducted by primary dealers regulated by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York;
- (h) the market organised by the International Securities Markets Association;
- (i) the over-the-counter markets in the United States regulated by FINRA and the MSRB;
- (j) Moscow Exchange;
- (k) the over-the-counter market in Canadian Government Bonds, regulated by the Investment Dealers Association of Canada:
- (I) the ASX Trade24 (Australia/New Zealand);
- (m) the Chicago Board Options Exchange (CBOE) and the CBOE Futures Exchange;
- (n) the Chicago Mercantile Exchange (CME);
- (o) NASDAQ International Securities Exchange (USA);
- (p) ICE Futures U.S. (USA);
- (q) the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX);
- (r) the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (HKEx);

- (s) the Osaka Exchange;
- (t) the Tokyo Financial Exchange;
- (u) ICE Futures Singapore;
- (v) Bursa Malaysia;
- (w) Mercado Mexicano de Derivados;
- (x) South African Futures Exchange;
- (y) Thailand Futures Exchange;
- (z) Taiwan Futures Exchange;
- (aa) Borsa Istanbul Derivatives Market (VIOP); and
- (bb) the China Interbank Bond Market.
- 4. For the purposes of investment in FDI, a Fund will only invest in FDI dealt in Regulated Markets in the EEA referred to above or in any of the other non-EEA markets referred to above.
- 5. Investment in Russia, if any, will only be made in securities that are listed or traded on the Open Joint Stock Company Moscow Exchange MICEX-RTS (MICEX-RTS).

The above markets are listed in accordance with regulatory criteria as defined by Central Bank Requirements, it being noted the Central Bank does not issue a list of approved markets or stock exchanges.

APPENDIX II

Efficient Portfolio Management Techniques and Instruments and the use of FDI for Direct Investment Purposes

A. General

The Company may, on behalf of each Fund and subject to the Regulations and to conditions imposed by the Central Bank, employ techniques and instruments relating to transferable securities and money market instruments. The use of these techniques and instruments should be in line with the best interests of the Fund. The use of these techniques and instruments may be for hedging purposes (to protect an asset of a Fund against, or minimise liability from, fluctuations in market value or foreign currency exposures) or for efficient portfolio management purposes (with a view to achieving a reduction in risk, a reduction in costs or an increase in capital or income returns to the Fund provided such transactions are not speculative in nature).

Instruments used for efficient portfolio management may include investments in exchange-traded or OTC FDI, such as futures, currency forwards, index futures, swaps, warrants and rights. Further information in relation to the types, underlying reference assets and commercial purpose of the FDI in which a Fund may invest will be set out in the Supplement for the relevant Fund. A Fund may also invest in FDI for direct investment purposes as part of its investment strategy where such intention is disclosed in the Fund's investment policy. Investment in FDI, whether for direct investment purposes or for efficient portfolio management purposes, must comply with Central Bank Requirements, in addition to complying, where relevant, with the collateral policy set out below under the heading "Collateral Policy". Techniques used for efficient portfolio management include the use of repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending as detailed further below.

The Company shall employ a risk management process to enable it to accurately measure, monitor and manage on a continuous basis, the risk of all open derivative positions and their contribution to the overall risk profile of a Fund's portfolio. The Company will, on request, provide supplemental information to Shareholders relating to the risk management methods employed, including the quantitative limits that are applied and any recent developments in the risk and yield characteristics of the main categories of investment.

The Company should only invest assets of the relevant fund in FDI if (a) the FDI do not expose the Fund to risks which the Fund could not otherwise assume; (b) the FDI do not cause the relevant Fund to diverge from its investment objectives as disclosed in this Prospectus and (c) the FDI are dealt in on a regulated market or alternatively the conditions in paragraph D. 1 below are satisfied.

Where the Company, on behalf of a relevant fund, enters into a total return swap or invests in other FDI with similar characteristics the assets held by the Company on behalf of the relevant Fund shall comply with Regulations 70 to 74 of the Regulations.

The conditions and limits for the use of FDI in relation to each Fund are as follows:

- 1. a Fund's global exposure relating to FDI must not exceed its total Net Asset Value;
- position exposure to the underlying assets of FDI, including embedded FDI in transferable securities or money market instruments, when combined where relevant with positions resulting from direct investments, may not exceed the investment limits set out in Central Bank Requirements (although this provision does not apply in the case of index based FDI provided the underlying index is one which meets with the criteria set out in Central Bank Requirements);
- 3. a Fund may invest in FDI dealt in OTC provided that the counterparties to OTC transactions are institutions subject to prudential supervision and belonging to categories approved by the Central Bank; and

4. investments in FDI are subject to the conditions and limits laid down by the Central Bank which include cover requirements, calculation of exposure requirements and stress-testing requirements.

B. Efficient Portfolio Management - Other Techniques and Instruments

- 1. In addition to the investments in FDI noted above, the Company may employ other techniques and instruments relating to transferable securities and money market instruments subject to the conditions and limits set out in Central Bank Requirements. Techniques and instruments which relate to transferable securities or money market instruments and which are used for the purpose of efficient portfolio management, including FDI which are not used for direct investment purposes, shall be understood as a reference to techniques and instruments which fulfil the following criteria:
 - (a) they are economically appropriate in that they are realised in a cost-effective way;
 - (b) they are entered into for one or more of the following specific aims:
 - (i) reduction of risk;
 - (ii) reduction of cost;
 - (iii) generation of additional capital or income for a Fund with a level of risk which is consistent with the risk profile of the Fund and the risk diversification rules set out in the Regulations;
 - (c) their risks are adequately captured by the risk management process of the Company;
 - (d) they cannot result in a change to the Fund's declared investment objective or add substantial supplementary risks in comparison to the general risk policy as described in its sales documents.

Techniques and instruments (other than FDI) which may be used for efficient portfolio management purposes are set out below and are subject to the conditions set out below.

2. Use of Repurchase/Reverse Repurchase Agreements ("Repurchase Transactions") and Securities Lending ("efficient portfolio management techniques")

For the purposes of this section, "Relevant Institutions" refers to those institutions which are (i) credit institutions authorised in the EEA (i.e. European Union Member States, Norway, Iceland, Liechtenstein) or (ii) credit institutions authorised within a signatory state other than an EEA Member State) to the Basle Capital Convergence Agreement of July 1988; or (iii) credit institutions in a third country deemed equivalent pursuant to Article 107(4) of the Regulation (EU) No.575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No.648/2012 (i.e. as at the date of this Prospectus: a credit institution in Argentina, Australia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Canada, China, Faroe Islands, Greenland, Guernsey, Hong Kong, India, Isle of Man, Japan, Jersey, Mexico, Monaco, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Singapore, South Africa, South Korea, Switzerland, Turkey or the USA).

To the extent that the Company, on behalf of a Fund, engages in the use of efficient portfolio management techniques it will be subject to the following provisions:

- 1. Repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending may only be effected in accordance with normal market practice.
- 2. Any counterparty to a repurchase/reverse repurchase agreement or securities lending arrangement shall be subject to an appropriate internal credit assessment carried out by the Company (or its delegate). Where such counterparty (a) was subject to a credit rating

by an agency registered and supervised by the European Securities and Markets Authority ("ESMA") that rating shall be taken into account in the credit assessment process; and (b) is downgraded to A-2 or below (or comparable rating) by the credit rating agency referred to in (a) this shall result in a new credit assessment being conducted of the counterparty without delay.

- 3. The Company, on behalf of a Fund, must ensure that it is able at all times to recall any security that has been lent out or terminate any securities lending agreement into which it has entered.
- 4. Where the Company, on behalf of a Fund, enters into a reverse repurchase agreement, it shall ensure that it is able at all times to recall the full amount of cash or to terminate the reverse repurchase agreement on either an accrued basis or a mark-to-market basis. When the cash is recallable at any time on a mark-to-market basis, the mark-to-market value of the reverse repurchase agreement shall be used for the calculation of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Fund.
- 5. Where the Company, on behalf of a Fund, enters into a repurchase agreement, it shall ensure that it is able at all times to recall any securities subject to the repurchase agreement or to terminate the repurchase agreement into which it has entered.
- 6. Fixed-term repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements that do not exceed seven days should be considered as arrangements on terms that allow the assets to be recalled at any time by the Company.
- 7. Repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements or securities lending do not constitute borrowing or lending for the purposes of Regulation 103 and Regulation 111 respectively of the Regulations.
- 8. To the extent that the Company, on behalf of a Fund, engages in efficient portfolio management techniques and to the extent that direct and indirect operational costs/fees arising from efficient portfolio management techniques are deducted from the revenue delivered to the Fund (which costs and fees should not include hidden revenue), the Company will disclose in its financial statements the identity of the entity or entities to which the direct and indirect costs and fees are paid, indicating whether or not these are related parties to the Manager or the Depositary.
- 9. All the revenues arising from efficient portfolio management techniques, net of direct or indirect operational costs, should be returned to the relevant Fund.
- 10. Any net exposure to a counterparty generated through a securities lending or repurchase agreement, where net exposure means the amount receivable by a Fund less any collateral provided by the relevant Fund, must be taken into account when calculating a Fund's compliance with relevant restrictions on issuer concentration.

Neither the Company, the Manager or any Investment Manager currently engage in or enter securities lending arrangements on behalf of any Fund.

However, Repurchase Transactions may be entered into on behalf of any Fund where disclosed in the relevant Supplement.

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of a Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in this Appendix II.

The Repurchase Transactions entered into on behalf of any Fund, unless otherwise specifically disclosed in the relevant Supplement, will constitute transactions pursuant to which the relevant Fund will acquire securities as collateral (in exchange for cash) from a counterparty who agrees, at the time of contracting, to repurchase the securities at a mutually agreed-upon date

and price, thereby determining the yield to the Fund during the term of the agreement underpinning the transaction. The price which the counterparty must pay to the Fund when repurchasing the securities will usually reflect the original purchase price plus an agreed upon market rate of interest, known as the "repo rate". In the event of default by the counterparty the relevant Fund will become entitled to the collateral, which collateral must comply with the regulatory requirements set out in *Part C: Collateral Policy* (below).

Apart from the Repurchase Transactions entered into on behalf of any relevant Fund, the Company does not otherwise engage, on behalf of any Fund, in Securities Financing Transactions ("SFT") (as such term is defined in this Prospectus and in the SFTR).

C. Collateral Policy

- 1. All assets received by the Company, on behalf of a Fund, in the context of efficient portfolio management techniques and/or OTC derivative transactions should be considered as collateral and should comply with the collateral policy set out below:
 - (a) Liquidity: collateral received other than cash should be highly liquid and traded on a regulated market or multilateral trading facility with transparent pricing in order that it can be sold quickly at a price that is close to pre-sale valuation. Collateral received should also comply with the provisions of Regulation 74 of the Regulations.
 - (b) Valuation: in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements, collateral received shall be valued on at least a daily basis and assets that exhibit high price volatility shall not be accepted as collateral unless suitably conservative haircuts are in place.
 - (c) Issuer credit quality: collateral received should be of high quality. The Company (or its delegate) shall ensure that:
 - i. where the issuer was subject to a credit rating by an agency registered and supervised by ESMA that rating shall be taken into account by the Manager (or its delegate) in the credit assessment process; and
 - ii. where an issuer is downgraded below the two highest short-term credit ratings by the credit rating agency referred to in subparagraph (i) immediately above this shall result in a new credit assessment being conducted of the issuer by the Manager (or its delegate) without delay;
 - (d) Correlation: collateral received should be issued by an entity that is independent from the counterparty. There should be a reasonable ground for the Investment Manager to expect that it would not display a high correlation with the performance of the counterparty; and
 - (e) Diversification (asset concentration):
 - i. subject to subparagraph (ii) immediately below, collateral should be sufficiently diversified in terms of country, markets and issuers with a maximum exposure to a given issuer of 20% of the relevant Fund's Net Asset Value. When a Fund is exposed to different counterparties, the different baskets of collateral should be aggregated to calculate the 20% limit of exposure to a single issuer;
 - ii. a Fund may be fully collateralised in different transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State, its local authorities, non-Member States or public international bodies of which one or more Member States are members provided such Fund receives securities from at least 6 different issues and securities from any single issue do not account for more than 30% of the relevant Fund's Net Asset Value. The

Member States, local authorities, non-Member States or public international bodies issuing or guaranteeing securities that may be accepted as collateral for more than 20% of a Fund's Net Asset Value are identified in paragraph 2.12 of Appendix III.

- (f) Immediately available: collateral received should be capable of being fully enforced by the Company at any time without reference to or approval from the counterparty.
- 2. Risks linked to the management of collateral, such as operational and legal risks, should be identified, managed and mitigated by the risk management process.
- 3. Collateral received on a title transfer basis should be held by the Depositary. For other types of collateral arrangement, the collateral may be held by a third party depositary/custodian provided that this depositary/custodian is subject to prudential supervision and is unrelated and unconnected to the provider of the collateral.
- 4. Non-cash collateral cannot be sold, pledged or re-invested.
- 5. Cash collateral received by a Fund may not be invested other than in one or more the following:
 - i. a deposit with Relevant Institutions (as defined above);
 - ii. a high-quality government bond;
 - iii. a reverse repurchase agreement provided the transaction is with Relevant Institutions and the Company on behalf of a Fund is able to recall at any time the full amount of cash on an accrued basis; or
 - iv. a short-term MMF as defined in Article 2(14) of the Money Market Funds Regulation;
 - v. a Short-Term Money Market Fund as defined in Regulation 89 of the Central Bank's UCITS Regulations where such investment is made prior to 21 January 2019.

Invested cash collateral should be diversified in accordance with the diversification requirement applicable to non-cash collateral. Invested cash collateral may not be placed on deposit with the counterparty or with an entity that is related or connected to the counterparty. Exposures created through the reinvestment of collateral must be taken into account when calculating a Fund's compliance with UCITS restrictions on issuer concentration.

6. Permitted types of collateral

Where the Company, on behalf of a Fund, receives collateral as a result of trading in OTC derivatives or as a result of engaging in efficient portfolio management techniques, the Company intends, subject to the criteria set out at Section C. 1.(a)-(f), above, to accept collateral in the following form:

- (a) cash;
- (b) government and government agency bonds with fixed interest rate payments with a minimum rating of Aaa/AAA by Moody's, Fitch and Standard & Poor's and a maximum maturity, or remaining maturity, of 30 years.

7. Level of collateral required

The value of any collateral received by the Company, adjusted in light of the haircut policy, must be marked to market daily and must equal or exceed, in value, at all times, the value of the amount invested or securities loaned.

8. Haircut Policy

Non-cash collateral received by the Company, on behalf of a Fund, will be subject to a valuation percentage of between 90% to 99% of the value of such collateral in accordance with market standards and depending on the credit quality of the issuer, with the exception of US Treasury STRIPS which will be subject to a valuation percentage of 84%. No haircut will be applied to cash collateral.

Each decision to apply a specific haircut or to refrain from applying a haircut to any specific class of assets will be justified and documented.

- 9. A Fund receiving collateral for at least 30% of its Net Asset Value should have an appropriate stress testing policy in place to ensure regular stress tests are carried out under normal and exceptional liquidity conditions to enable the Manager, on behalf of the Fund, to assess the liquidity risk attached to the collateral. The liquidity stress testing policy should at least prescribe the following:
 - (a) design of stress test scenario analysis including calibration, certification and sensitivity analysis;
 - (b) empirical approach to impact assessment, including back-testing of liquidity risk estimates;
 - (c) reporting frequency and limit/loss tolerance threshold(s); and
 - (d) mitigation actions to reduce loss including haircut policy and gap risk protection.

10. Reinvested Cash Collateral Risks

Where the Company, on behalf of a Fund, reinvests cash collateral this will generate market exposure in the expectation of generating capital gain. Where the reinvestment does not achieve this aim, and, instead the reinvestment generates a loss, the Fund will bear this loss and will be obliged to return to the counterparty the full value of the cash collateral originally invested (rather than the then current value market value of the cash collateral post reinvestment).

D. Eligible Counterparties

- 1. The counterparty to an OTC derivative transaction or to a repurchase transaction must be one of the following:
 - (a) a credit institution authorised in the European Economic Area (EEA) (Member States, Norway, Iceland, Liechtenstein);
 - (b) a credit institution authorised within a signatory state, other than a member state of the EEA, to the Basle Capital Convergence Agreement of July 1988;
 - (c) a credit institution in a third country deemed equivalent pursuant to Article 107(4) of the Regulation (EU) No.575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No.648/2012 (i.e. as at the date of this Prospectus: a credit institution in Argentina, Australia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Canada, China, Faroe Islands, Greenland, Guernsey, Hong Kong, India, Isle of Man, Japan, Jersey, Mexico, Monaco, New Zealand, North Macedonia,

- Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Singapore, South Africa, South Korea, Switzerland, Turkey or the USA).
- (d) an investment firm, which is authorised in accordance with the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive: or
- (e) a group company of an entity approved as a bank holding company by the Federal Reserve of the United States of America where that group company is subject to bank holding company consolidated supervision by the Federal Reserve.
- 2. Where a counterparty within the meaning of paragraph 1(d) or (e) above:
 - (a) was subject to a credit rating by an agency registered and supervised by ESMA that rating shall be taken into account in the credit assessment process: and
 - (b) is downgraded to A-2 or below (or comparable rating) by the credit rating agency referred to in subparagraph (a) immediately above, this shall result in a new credit assessment being conducted of the counterparty without delay.
- 3. Where an OTC derivative is subject to a novation, the counterparty after the novation must be:
 - (a) an entity that falls within any of the categories set out in paragraphs 1(a) (e) of this Section D; or
 - (b) a central counterparty that is:
 - (i) authorised or recognised under EMIR; or
 - (ii) pending recognition by ESMA under Article 25 of EMIR, an entity classified:
 - A. by the SEC as a clearing agency: or
 - B. by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission of the United States of America as a derivatives clearing organisation.
- 4.
- (a) Risk exposure to the counterparty shall not exceed the limits set out in Regulation 70(1)(c) of the Regulations, assessed in accordance with subparagraph (b) below.
- (b) In assessing risk exposure to the counterparty to an OTC derivative for the purpose of Regulation 70(1)(c) of the Regulations:
 - (i) the exposure to the counterparty shall be calculated using the positive markto-market value of the OTC derivative with the counterparty;
 - (ii) derivative positions with the same counterparty may be netted, provided that the Company, on behalf of the relevant Fund, is able to legally enforce netting arrangements with the counterparty. For this purpose netting is permissible only in respect of OTC derivatives with the same counterparty and not in relation to any other exposures the relevant Fund has with the same counterparty;
 - (iii) collateral received by the relevant Fund may be taken into account in order to reduce the exposure to the counterparty, provided that the collateral meets with relevant Central Bank Requirements (as set out at Section C. above).

E. When Issued, Delayed Delivery and Forward Commitment Securities

The Company may invest in securities on a when-issued, delayed delivery and forward commitment basis and such securities will be taken into consideration in calculating a Fund's investment restriction limits.

APPENDIX III

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

Investment of the assets of the relevant Fund must comply with the Regulations. The Regulations provide:

| 1 | Permitted Investments |
|-----|--|
| | Investments of each Fund are confined to: |
| 1.1 | Transferable securities and money market instruments which are either admitted to official listing on a stock exchange in a Member State or non-Member State or which are dealt on a market which is regulated, operates regularly, is recognised and open to the public in a Member State or non-Member State. |
| 1.2 | Recently issued transferable securities which will be admitted to official listing on a stock exchange or other market (as described above) within a year. |
| 1.3 | Money market instruments, as defined in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, other than those dealt on a regulated market. |
| 1.4 | Units of UCITS. |
| 1.5 | Units of AIFs as set out in the Central Bank's guidance "UCITS Acceptable Investment in Other Investment Funds". |
| 1.6 | Deposits with credit institutions as prescribed by Central Bank Requirements. |
| 1.7 | FDI as prescribed by Central Bank Requirements. |
| 2 | Investment Restrictions |
| | |
| 2.1 | Each Fund may invest no more than 10% of its Net Asset Value in transferable securities and money market instruments other than those referred to in paragraph 1 and in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. |
| 2.1 | money market instruments other than those referred to in paragraph 1 and in accordance with |
| | money market instruments other than those referred to in paragraph 1 and in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Each Fund may invest no more than 10% of its Net Asset Value in recently issued transferable securities which will be admitted to official listing on a stock exchange or other market (as described in paragraph 1.1) within a year. This restriction will not apply in relation to investment by a Fund in certain US securities known as Rule 144A securities provided that: - the securities are issued with an undertaking to register with the SEC within one year of issue; and - the securities are not illiquid securities i.e. they may be realised by the Fund within seven days at the price, or approximately at the price, at which they are valued by the |

- 2.5 The limit of 10% (in 2.3) is raised to 35% if the transferable securities or money market instruments are issued or guaranteed by a Member State or its local authorities or by a non-Member State or public international body of which one or more Member States are members.
- 2.6 The transferable securities and money market instruments referred to in 2.4 and 2.5 shall not be taken into account for the purpose of applying the limit of 40% referred to in 2.3.
- 2.7 Investment in deposits or cash booked in accounts and held as ancillary liquidity made with the same credit institution shall not exceed 20% of the Net Asset Value of a Fund.

Deposits, or cash booked in accounts and held as ancillary liquidity, shall only be made with a credit institution which is within at least one of the following categories:

- a credit institution authorised in the EEA (i.e. European Union Member States, Norway, Iceland, Liechtenstein);
- a credit institution authorised within a signatory state other than an EEA Member State)
 to the Basle Capital Convergence Agreement of July 1988; or
- a credit institution in a third country deemed equivalent pursuant to Article 107(4) of the Regulation (EU) No.575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) No.648/2012 (i.e. as at the date of this Prospectus: a credit institution in Argentina, Australia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Canada, China, Faroe Islands, Greenland, Guernsey, Hong Kong, India, Isle of Man, Japan, Jersey, Mexico, Monaco, New Zealand, North Macedonia, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Singapore, South Africa, South Korea, Switzerland, Turkey or the USA).
- 2.8 The risk exposure of a Fund to a counterparty to an OTC derivative may not exceed 5% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

This limit is raised to 10% in the case of a credit institution which is within at least one of the categories of credit institutions specified above in paragraph 2.7.

- 2.9 Notwithstanding paragraphs 2.3, 2.7 and 2.8 above, a combination of two or more of the following issued by, or made or undertaken with, the same body may not exceed 20% of its Net Asset Value:
 - investments in transferable securities or money market instruments;
 - deposits; and/or
 - counterparty risk exposures arising from OTC derivatives transactions.
- 2.10 The limits referred to in 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.7, 2.8 and 2.9 above may not be combined, so that exposure to a single body shall not exceed 35% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.
- Group companies are regarded as a single issuer for the purposes of 2.3, 2.4, 2.5, 2.7, 2.8 and 2.9. However, a limit of 20% of its Net Asset Value may be applied to investment in transferable securities and money market instruments within the same group.
- 2.12 Each Fund may invest more than 35% and up to 100% of its Net Asset Value in different transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by any Member State, its local authorities, non-Member States or public international body of which one or more Member States are members.

The individual issuers may be drawn from the following list:

OECD Governments (provided the relevant issues are investment grade), Government of the People's Republic of China, Government of Brazil (provided the issues are of investment grade), Government of India (provided the issues are of investment grade), Government of Singapore, European Investment Bank, European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Finance Corporation, International Monetary Fund, Euratom, The Asian

Development Bank, European Central Bank, Council of Europe, Eurofima, African Development Bank, International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (The World Bank), The Inter American Development Bank, European Union, Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae), Student Loan Marketing Association (Sallie Mae), Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Tennessee Valley Authority and Straight-A Funding LLC.

Each Fund must hold securities from at least 6 different issues, with securities from any one issue not exceeding 30% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

3 Investment in Collective Investment Schemes ("CIS")

- 3.1 Subject to section 3.2, investments made by a Fund in units of a UCITS or other CIS may not exceed, in aggregate, 10% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3.1, where the Supplement of a Fund states that it may invest more than 10% of its assets in other UCITS or CIS, the following restrictions shall apply instead of the restrictions set out at section 3.1 above:
 - a) a Fund may not invest more than 20% of its Net Asset Value in any one UCITS or other CIS;
 - b) a Fund's Investments in AIFs may not, in aggregate, exceed 30% of a Fund's Net Asset Value:
- A Fund may not invest in a UCITS or other CIS which is not itself prohibited from investing more than 10% of its net asset value in other open-ended CIS.
- When a Fund invests in the units of other CIS that are managed, directly or by delegation, by the Fund's management company or by any other company with which the Fund's management company is linked by common management or control, or by a substantial direct or indirect holding, that management company or other company may not charge subscription, conversion or redemption fees on account of the Fund's investment in the units of such other CIS.
- 3.5 Where, by virtue of investment in the units of another investment fund, the Manager, an investment manager or an investment adviser receives a commission on behalf of the Fund (including a rebated commission), the Manager shall ensure that the relevant commission is paid into the property of the Fund.
- The following investment restrictions apply where a Fund invests in other Funds of the Company (it being noted that no Fund may invest in another Fund of the Company which is itself a "fund of funds"):
 - a Fund will not invest in a Fund of the Company which itself holds shares in other Funds within the Company;
 - a Fund investing in such other Fund of the Company will not be subject to subscription or redemption fees;
 - where investment is made by one Fund (the "Investing Fund") in another Fund of the Company (the "Receiving Fund"), the rate of the annual management fee which investors in the Investing Fund are charged in respect of that portion of the Investing Fund's assets invested in the Receiving Funds (whether such fee is paid directly at Investing Fund level, indirectly at the level of the Receiving Funds or a combination of both) shall not exceed the rate of the maximum annual management fee which investors in the Investing Fund may

be charged in respect of the balance of the Investing Fund's assets, such that there shall be no double charging of the annual management fee to the Investing Fund as a result of its investments in the Receiving Fund. This provision is also applicable to the annual fee charged by the Investment Manager where the fee is paid directly out of the assets of the Company; and

• investment by a Fund in another Fund of the Company will be subject to the limits set out in paragraph 3.1 above (where the investing Fund is not a fund of funds) and 3.2 above (where the investing Fund is a fund of funds).

4 Index Tracking UCITS

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5 General Provisions

The Company, or Manager acting in connection with all of the Funds it manages, may not acquire any shares carrying voting rights which would enable it to exercise significant influence over the management of an issuing body.

5.2 A Fund may acquire no more than:

- (i) 10% of the non-voting shares of any single issuing body;
- (ii) 10% of the debt securities of any single issuing body;
- (iii) 25% of the units of any single CIS;
- (iv) 10% of the money market instruments of any single issuing body.

NOTE: The limits laid down in (ii), (iii) and (iv) above may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time the gross amount of the debt securities or of the money market instruments, or the net amount of the securities in issue cannot be calculated.

5.3 5.1 and 5.2 shall not be applicable to:

- (i) transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a Member State or its local authorities;
- (ii) transferable securities and money market instruments issued or guaranteed by a non-Member State;
- (iii) transferable securities and money market instruments issued by public international bodies of which one or more Member States are members:
- (iv) shares held by a Fund in the capital of a company incorporated in a non-member State which invests its assets mainly in the securities of issuing bodies having their registered offices in that State, where under the legislation of that State such a holding represents the only way in which the Fund can invest in the securities of issuing bodies of that State. This waiver is applicable only if in its investment policies the company from the non-Member State complies with the limits laid down in 2.3 to 2.11, 3.2, 5.1, 5.2, 5.4, 5.5 and 5.6, and provided that where these limits are exceeded, paragraphs 5.5 and 5.6 below are observed;
- (v) shares held by the Company in the capital of subsidiary companies carrying on only the business of management, advice or marketing in the country where the subsidiary is located, in regard to the repurchase of shares at shareholders' request exclusively on their behalf.
- A Fund need not comply with the investment restrictions herein when exercising subscription rights attaching to transferable securities or money market instruments which form part of their assets.

| 5.5 | The Central Bank may allow recently authorised Funds to derogate from the provisions of 2.3 to 2.12 and 3.2 for six (6) months following the date of their authorisation, provided they observe the principle of risk spreading. |
|-----|---|
| 5.6 | If the limits laid down herein are exceeded for reasons beyond the control of a Fund, or as a result of the exercise of subscription rights, the Fund must adopt as a priority objective for its sales transactions the remedying of that situation, taking due account of the interests of its shareholders. |
| 5.7 | Neither the Company, nor the Manager may carry out uncovered sales of: - transferable securities; - money market instruments*; - units of CIS; or - FDI. |
| 5.8 | A Fund may hold ancillary liquid assets. |
| 6 | Borrowing Restrictions |
| 6.1 | The Company may not borrow, other than borrowings which in the aggregate do not exceed 10% of the Net Asset Value of a Fund and provided that this borrowing is on a temporary basis. The Depositary may give a charge over the assets of a Fund in order to secure the borrowings attributed to it. Credit balances (e.g. cash) may not be offset against borrowings when determining the percentage of borrowings outstanding; |
| 6.2 | The Company may acquire foreign currency by means of a back-to-back loan. Foreign currency obtained in this manner is not classed as borrowings for the purpose of the borrowing restriction in paragraph 6.1, provided that the offsetting deposit: (i) is denominated in the base currency of the Fund and (ii) equals or exceeds the value of the foreign currency loan outstanding. However, where foreign currency borrowings exceed the value of the back-to-back deposit, any excess is regarded as borrowing for the purposes of paragraph 6.1 above. |
| 7 | FDI |
| 7.1 | Each Fund's global exposure (as prescribed by Central Bank Requirements) relating to FDI must not exceed its total Net Asset Value, where relevant. |
| 7.2 | Position exposure to the underlying assets of FDI, including embedded FDI in transferable securities or money market instruments, when combined where relevant with positions resulting from direct investments, may not exceed the investment limits prescribed by Central Bank Requirements. (This provision does not apply in the case of index based FDI provided the underlying index is one which meets with the criteria specified by Central Bank Requirements). |
| 7.3 | Each Fund may invest in FDIs dealt in over-the-counter (OTC) provided that the counterparties to over-the-counter transactions (OTCs) are institutions subject to prudential supervision and belonging to categories approved by the Central Bank. |
| 7.4 | Investment in FDIs are subject to the conditions and limits laid down by the Central Bank. |

 * Any short selling of money market instruments by a UCITS is prohibited. \$107\$

APPENDIX IV

List of entities to whom safekeeping duties of the Depositary may be delegated or sub-delegated

| Market | Subcustodian | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Albania | Raiffeisen Bank sh.a. | |
| Argentina | Citibank, N.A. | |
| Australia | The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited | |
| Austria | UniCredit Bank Austria AG | |
| Bahrain | First Abu Dhabi Bank P.J.S.C. | |
| Bangladesh | Standard Chartered Bank | |
| Belgium | BNP Paribas Securities Services, S.C.A. | |
| Benin | via Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire S.A., Abidjan, Ivory Coast | |
| Bermuda | HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited | |
| Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina | UniCredit Bank d.d. | |
| Botswana | Standard Chartered Bank Botswana Limited | |
| Brazil | Citibank N.A. | |
| Bulgaria | Citibank Europe plc, Bulgaria Branch | |
| | UniCredit Bulbank AD | |
| Burkina Faso | via Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire S.A., Abidjan, Ivory Coast | |
| Canada | State Street Trust Company Canada | |
| Chile | Banco de Chile | |
| People's Republic of | HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited | |
| China | China Construction Bank Corporation | |
| China Connect | Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited | |
| Colombia | Cititrust Colombia, S.A. Sociedad Fiduciaria. | |
| Costa Rica | Banco BCT S.A. | |
| Croatia | Privredna Banka Zagreb d.d. | |
| | Zagrebacka Banka d.d. | |
| Cyprus | BNP Paribas Securities Services, S.C.A., Greece (operating through its Athens branch) | |
| Czech Republic | Československá obchodní banka, a.s. | |

| Market | Subcustodian |
|---------------------|---|
| | UniCredit Bank Czech Republic and Slovakia, a.s. |
| Denmark | Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ), Sweden (operating through its Copenhagen branch) |
| Egypt | Citibank, N.A. |
| Estonia | AS SEB Pank |
| Finland | Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ), Sweden (operating through its Helsinki branch) |
| France | BNP Paribas Securities Services, S.C.A. |
| Republic of Georgia | JSC Bank of Georgia |
| Germany | State Street Bank International GmbH |
| | Deutsche Bank AG |
| Ghana | Standard Chartered Bank Ghana Plc |
| Greece | BNP Paribas Securities Services, S.C.A. |
| Guinea-Bissau | via Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire S.A., Abidjan, Ivory Coast |
| Hong Kong | The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited |
| Hungary | Citibank Europe plc Magyarországi Fióktelepe |
| | UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt. |
| Iceland | Landsbankinn hf. |
| India | Deutsche Bank AG |
| | Citibank, N.A. |
| | The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited |
| Indonesia | Standard Chartered Bank |
| | Deutsche Bank AG |
| Ireland | State Street Bank and Trust Company |
| Israel | Bank Hapoalim B.M. |
| Italy | Intesa Sanpaolo S.p.A. |
| Ivory Coast | Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire S.A. |
| Japan | Mizuho Bank, Limited |
| | The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited |
| Jordan | Standard Chartered Bank |

| Market | Subcustodian |
|-------------------|---|
| Kazakhstan | JSC Citibank Kazakhstan |
| Kenya | Standard Chartered Bank Kenya Limited |
| Republic of Korea | The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited |
| | Deutsche Bank AG |
| Kuwait | HSBC Bank Middle East Limited |
| Latvia | AS SEB banka |
| Lithuania | AB SEB bankas |
| Malawi | Standard Bank PLC |
| Malaysia | Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad |
| Mali | via Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire S.A., Abidjan, Ivory Coast |
| Mauritius | The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited |
| Mexico | Banco Nacional de México, S.A. |
| Morocco | Citibank Maghreb S.A. |
| Namibia | Standard Bank Namibia Limited |
| Netherlands | BNP Paribas Securities Services, S.C.A. (operating through its Paris branch with support from its Amsterdam branch) |
| New Zealand | The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited |
| Niger | via Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire S.A., Abidjan, Ivory Coast |
| Nigeria | Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc. |
| Norway | Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ), Sweden (operating through its Oslo branch) |
| Oman | First Abu Dhabi Bank P.J.S.C. |
| Pakistan | Deutsche Bank AG |
| | Citibank, N.A. |
| Panama | Citibank, N.A. |
| Peru | Citibank del Perú S.A. |
| Philippines | Standard Chartered Bank |
| Poland | Bank Handlowy w Warszawie S.A. |
| Portugal | Citibank Europe plc, Dublin, Ireland |
| Qatar | HSBC Bank Middle East Limited (as delegate of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited) |

| Market | Subcustodian | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Romania | Citibank Europe plc, Dublin – Romania Branch | | | | | |
| Russia | AO Citibank | | | | | |
| Saudi Arabia | HSBC Saudi Arabia Limited (as delegate of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited) | | | | | |
| | Saudi British Bank (as delegate of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited) | | | | | |
| | First Abu Dhabi Capital Financial Company J.S.C. (FAB Capital) (as delegate of First Abu Dhabi Bank P.J.S.C. to hold securities) | | | | | |
| | First Abu Dhabi Bank P.J.S.C. (as delegate of FAB Capital to hold cash) | | | | | |
| Senegal | via Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire S.A., Abidjan, Ivory Coast | | | | | |
| Serbia | UniCredit Bank Serbia JSC | | | | | |
| Singapore | Citibank N.A. | | | | | |
| Slovak Republic | UniCredit Bank Czech Republic and Slovakia, a.s. | | | | | |
| Slovenia | UniCredit Banka Slovenija d.d. | | | | | |
| South Africa | FirstRand Bank Limited | | | | | |
| | Standard Chartered Bank | | | | | |
| Spain | Citibank Europe plc, Dublin, Ireland | | | | | |
| Sri Lanka | The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited | | | | | |
| Republic of Srpska | UniCredit Bank d.d. | | | | | |
| Sweden | Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) | | | | | |
| Switzerland | Credit Suisse (Switzerland) Limited | | | | | |
| | UBS Switzerland AG | | | | | |
| Taiwan | Standard Chartered Bank (Taiwan) Limited | | | | | |
| Tanzania | Standard Chartered Bank (Tanzania) Limited | | | | | |
| Thailand | Standard Chartered Bank (Thai) Public Company Limited | | | | | |
| Togo | via Standard Chartered Bank Côte d'Ivoire S.A., Abidjan, Ivory Coast | | | | | |
| Tunisia | Union Internationale de Banques | | | | | |
| Turkey | Citibank A.Ş. | | | | | |
| Uganda | Standard Chartered Bank Uganda Limited | | | | | |
| Ukraine | JSC Citibank | | | | | |
| United Arab Emirates - Abu Dhabi Securities | First Abu Dhabi Bank P.J.S.C. | | | | | |

| Market | Subcustodian |
|---|--|
| Exchange (ADX) | |
| United Arab Emirates - DFM | First Abu Dhabi Bank P.J.S.C. |
| United Arab Emirates - Dubai International Financial Center (DIFC) | First Abu Dhabi Bank P.J.S.C. |
| United Kingdom | State Street Bank and Trust Company, United Kingdom branch |
| United States | State Street Bank and Trust Company |
| Uruguay | Banco Itaú Uruguay S.A. |
| Vietnam | HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Limited (as delegate of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited) |
| Zambia | Standard Chartered Bank Zambia Plc. |
| Zimbabwe | Stanbic Bank Zimbabwe Limited (as delegate of Standard Bank of South Africa Limited) |

APPENDIX V

Index Disclaimers

MSCI

Reference is made in this Prospectus to a number of MSCI indices. However, MSCI has not reviewed this Prospectus and does not endorse any information contained therein. MSCI makes no express or implied warranties or representations and shall have no liability whatsoever with respect to any information contained in this Prospectus.

FTSE International Limited ("FTSE") © FTSE 2023

Reference is made in this Prospectus to a number of FTSE indices (the "Indices"). All rights in the Indices and / or FSTE ratings vest in FTSE International Limited ("FTSE") or its licensors. "FTSE®" is a trademark of the London Stock Exchange Group companies and is used by FTSE under license. The Indices are calculated by FTSE or its agent. Neither FTSE nor its licensors accept any liability for any errors or omissions in the FTSE indices and / or FTSE ratings or underlying data. No further distribution of FTSE data is permitted without FTSE's express written consent. FTSE and its licensors are not connected to and do not sponsor, advise, recommend, endorse or promote the investment products referenced in this Prospectus and do not accept any liability whatsoever to any person arising out of (a) the use of, reliance on or any error in the Indices or (b) investment in or operation of the Lazard-promoted investment products referenced in this Prospectus. FTSE makes no claim, prediction, warranty or representation either as to the results to be obtained from the investment products referenced in this Prospectus or the suitability of the Indices for the purpose to which they are being used by Lazard-promoted investment products.

J.P. Morgan

Reference is made in this Prospectus to a number of J.P. Morgan indices (the "Indices"). However, J.P. Morgan has not reviewed this Prospectus and does not endorse any information contained therein. In addition, J.P Morgan has obtained information in relation to the Indices from sources believed to be reliable but does not warrant the completeness or accuracy of the Indices. The Indices may not be copied, used or distributed without J.P. Morgan's prior written approval. The Indices are being used by Lazard-promoted investment products with the permission of J.P. Morgan.

WF-72697846-v1

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD GLOBAL QUALITY GROWTH FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the Prospectus.

This Supplement replaces the Supplement dated 22 March 2024.

The date of this Supplement is 28 March 2024.

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DEFINITIONS

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank and Trust Company and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Fund", Lazard Global Quality Growth Fund.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management Limited and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

LAZARD GLOBAL QUALITY GROWTH FUND

INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 25 January 2022.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in **Appendix I** to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund, apart from those listed in **Appendix I**, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the USD Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in **Appendix II** to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek long-term capital growth.

Investment Policy

The Investment Manager will seek to achieve the Fund's investment objective primarily through investment in: (i) shares (including both common and preferred stock) of companies located throughout the world which the Investment Manager has identified as generating, and as being capable of sustaining, high levels of financial productivity as assessed by reference to return on equity ("ROE"), return on capital ("ROC") and cashflow return on investment ("CFROI") ("Quality Growth Companies") and (ii) equity-linked securities (namely, depository receipts, including both ADRs and GDRs, participatory notes, warrants and rights) that provide exposure to or that can be converted into shares of Quality Growth Companies.

The strategy pursued by the Fund has a significant style bias towards investment in higher quality companies with strong growth prospects and the Fund will typically have direct holdings in 40 to 50 such Quality Growth Companies from across the market capitalisation spectrum. Typically, however, the majority of such holdings will be in companies with liquid quoted securities that have a market

capitalisation in excess of US\$3 billion. Typical position sizes range between 2% and 5% of the Fund's Net Asset Value, although position sizes are not confined exclusively to this range.

The philosophy underpinning the Fund's investment strategy is based on the conviction that global equity markets often undervalue companies as a result of having wrongly assessed the relevant company's ability to sustain very high levels of financial productivity, in particular the period of time over which such productivity levels are likely to be sustained. While most companies experience a typical fade rate in their returns, the Investment Manager seeks to identify quality companies that, in its opinion, can sustain elevated levels of financial productivity for longer than the market generally expects, thereby delivering excess shareholder returns.

In seeking to identify such companies for investment, the Investment Manager uses bottom-up fundamental analysis to identify companies which, in its opinion, are high quality companies that are in a position to reinvest a significant portion of their cashflows back into their business at similarly attractive rates of return without diluting their financial productivity. This reinvestment allows the companies in question to grow their capital base each year, creating a powerful compounding effect that results in sustained financial productivity over the longer term.

The initial stage of the stock selection process involves a process of "idea sourcing" that is designed to identify and highlight stock candidates for further analysis and potential investment. This stage of the investment process involves the use of a proprietary investment tool developed by the Investment Manager which searches a stock database to identify companies with patterns of financial productivity metrics that meet the threshold levels for the portfolio in addition to regular analyst meetings at which analysts present their highest conviction stock ideas and new research recommendations. This stage in the investment process allows the Investment Manager to focus the investment opportunity set down to a refined list of highly financially productive companies in respect of which more concentrated and detailed fundamental analysis can be undertaken.

Once the Investment Manager has identified a reduced list of quality companies worthy of further consideration, more detailed bottom-up fundamental research is undertaken in order to assist the Investment Manager in making a determination as to the projected future level and trajectory of the relevant companies' financial productivity and in evaluating their overall risk/reward profile. The fundamental research may include:

Return analysis: this form of analysis involves developing a deep understanding of the key drivers
of profitability for each industry and company being considered for investment, as well as of the
steps the companies in question can take to manage their profitability in response to their own
idiosyncratic situations and macro variables.

Return analysis also integrates consideration of environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors and their impact on a company's likely ability to sustain high levels of financial productivity (see further below) into the future as well as considerations regarding capital management, including the level of capital expenditures required to sustain competitive advantages and decisions regarding dividends, share buybacks and strategic transactions.

- Accounting validation: examines a company's stated financial statistics (income statement, cash
 flow statement, balance sheet, and all related disclosures) in order to understand properly how
 accounting decisions and policies affect reported financial productivity of the companies under
 consideration for investment and those in which the Fund has already invested.
- Scenario/sensitivity analysis: this analysis helps to ensure that the Investment Manager develops
 a comprehensive assessment of risk and reward for each investment opportunity and avoids the
 confirmation bias that can arise from a single point estimate of a security's fair value. Scenario
 analysis is critical to ensuring that the Investment Manager is in a position to effectively manage
 the overall portfolio's exposure to common underlying risks.

The bottom-up fundamental research undertaken by the Investment Manager involves consideration of a wide range of information that may include global databases that screen product universes, company financial statements, earnings reports, investor presentations, industry analyses, academic studies and from a range of other sources such as company suppliers, customers, distributors,

competitors, regulators, and third-party research. In conducting its research, the Investment Manager also aims to conduct meetings with representatives of the companies being considered for investment in order to gain a more complete understanding of their business, strategies, industry and competitive environment. The Investment Manager thereafter incorporates the results of the foregoing processes into a set of expectations for future cashflows and profitability with a view to identifying companies that are trading below their intrinsic value.

The Fund incorporates environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio. The Fund also applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the stock selection process. Information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

The final step in the investment process takes the outputs from the previously outlined steps and determines the position sizes to be taken in a particular company or security that has been identified for investment, with a focus on the investment opportunity relative to investment risk, including risks relating to sustainability (in the manner outlined in more detail in the section below entitled "Sustainability"), and the strength of the Investment Manager's conviction in the competitive advantages benefiting the particular stock. In determining allocations at this point of the investment process, the Investment Manager will seek to ensure that the weighted average carbon intensity ("WACI") of the Fund's portfolio remains at all times lower than the WACI of the Benchmark Index.

Throughout the investment process macro-economic factors, geo-political factors and regulatory uncertainties across the different industry sectors and regions around the globe are monitored and may be taken into account in constructing the portfolio.

Country/regional allocations and industrial/sector exposures are residual consequences of the stock selection process rather than drivers of it.

Investment in FDI

Subject to the conditions and within the limits laid down by the Central Bank, the Fund may also engage in transactions in FDI for hedging and efficient portfolio management purposes only. Investment by the Fund in FDI shall be in accordance with the provisions of **Appendix II** of the Prospectus and the Company's risk management process for the time being in place and on file with the Central Bank.

The FDI in which the Fund may invest are as follows:

- currency forwards (being contracts that may be used to lock in the price/exchange rate at which a specified amount of one currency can bought or sold in another currency at a specified future date);
- equity index futures (being exchange-traded contracts that provide for the receipt or payment of cash based upon the performance of an underlying equity index by reference to a predetermined future date); and/or
- warrants and rights.

Currency forwards may be used by the Fund to hedge currency risk arising at share class level (see further below), while equity index futures may be used by the Fund to provide equity exposure consistent with the Fund's investment policy and as a more efficient (whether from a costs or risk perspective) alternative to investing directly. Any index to which exposure might be sought by the Fund through investment in an index future shall constitute a UCITS-eligible equity index that meets regulatory requirements.

While the Fund may hold warrants and rights (which are issued by a company to allow holders to subscribe for additional securities issued by that company), such instruments will typically only be

acquired by the Fund passively as a result, for example, of corporate action and it is not the intention of the Fund to actively trade in warrants or rights.

Leverage

Should the Investment Manager enter into FDI transactions on behalf of the Fund, the Fund's global exposure, being the incremental exposure and leverage generated by the Fund through its use of FDI, including through its investments in instruments which embed a derivative element, will be calculated on at least a daily basis using the commitment approach. It is not intended, however, that the Fund will ever be leveraged in excess of 5% of its Net Asset Value as a result of its investments in FDI.

Cash and Cash Management

While it is intended that the Fund will normally be invested in accordance with the investment policies outlined above, the Investment Manager retains the flexibility to invest up to 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value in cash and/or near cash equivalents (namely, treasuries and other money market instruments which meet the requirements of the Central Bank for money market instruments) at any time and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below). This limit does not include ancillary cash held by the Fund for the settlement of transactions.

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

SFTR

The Fund does not invest in "Total Return Swaps" as such term is defined in accordance with the SFTR.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-5% | 10 % |

Investment in funds

In addition to investments described above, the Fund may also invest in the units or shares of open ended collective investment schemes, including exchange traded funds, which provide equity exposure consistent with the investment policy of the Fund. Aggregate investment by the Fund in open ended collective schemes shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time.

General

The securities in which the Fund will invest shall, subject to the Regulations, be listed and/or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus.

As the Fund's portfolio will consist principally of equities, it is likely that the Fund's Net Asset Value will exhibit significant volatility.

All of the Fund's investments will be made in accordance with the restrictions set out in **Appendix III** of the Prospectus.

Benchmark

Performance of the Fund is measured against the MSCI World Index, Ticker: NDDUWI (the "Benchmark Index") for comparative purposes. The Benchmark Index is a free float-adjusted market

capitalisation weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets.

In pursuing its investment objective, the Fund will aim to outperform the Benchmark Index. However, the Fund does not target any particular level of outperformance of the Benchmark Index as an objective.

As the Fund is actively managed (meaning that the Investment Manager has discretion over the composition of the Fund's portfolio subject to its stated investment objectives and policy as set out above), securities selection is not constrained by the Benchmark Index. The strategy pursued by the Fund does not impose limits on the extent to which portfolio holdings and/or weights must adhere to or may diverge from the composition of the Benchmark Index. While the Fund has full flexibility to invest in securities not represented in the Benchmark Index, it is nonetheless likely at times to invest significantly in constituent securities of the Benchmark Index, albeit any such investment by the Fund is likely to be in a very limited number of such constituent securities when compared to the total number of constituents in the Benchmark Index. The Fund is managed in reference to the Benchmark Index only insofar as described immediately above and in no other respect.

The Directors reserve the right, if they consider it in the interests of the Fund to do so and with the consent of the Depositary, to substitute another index for the Benchmark Index, in the circumstances set out in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Benchmark Indices".

Currency Hedging Policy

Hedging at Portfolio Level

It is not intended to hedge currency exposures at the level of the Fund's portfolio.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may, however, invest in currency forward exchange contracts, in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising at the Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The purpose of such currency hedging transactions is to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class that is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, overhedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "**Policy**") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the Policy requires the Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of
 companies, Materiality Mapping¹ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry
 groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk
 factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information
 on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely may have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

The Fund qualifies as an "equity fund" for the purpose of the German Investment Tax Act ("GITA") in that at least 51% of the Fund's Net Asset Value will at all times be invested in equity securities which are listed on a stock exchange or traded on an organised market. For the avoidance of doubt, the term "equity securities" in this particular context does not include units or shares of investment funds or REITs (Real Estate Investment Trusts). Relevant investors should refer to the section of the Prospectus entitled "German Taxation" for further information on the impact of GITA.

¹ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map™.

Risk Factors

Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of all of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Market Fluctuations", "Market Disruption Risk", "Active Management Risk" and "Equity Market Risk") in addition to those set out below.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

The Fund has the flexibility to invest in assets denominated in currencies different to the Fund Base Currency. However, it is not intended to hedge such currency exposures against the Fund Base Currency and the Fund may therefore be affected unfavourably due to fluctuations in the relevant rates of exchange.

Equity Style Risk

This is the risk that can arise from an investment manager's tendency to favour companies that have certain style characteristics (e.g. Growth, Value, Quality, Defensive). Periods can exist where any such style can become particularly favoured (or disliked) by other market participants, and this can influence performance. During any period when the style that is the focus of the Fund's investment strategy ceases to be in favour, there is a higher chance that the Fund's performance might be negatively impacted.

Profile of a Typical Investor

The Fund is suitable for investors seeking to achieve capital growth over the longer term, principally (though not exclusively) through investment in listed equity securities on a worldwide basis and who are willing to accept the levels of volatility ordinarily associated with investment in the global equity markets.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES Establishment Costs

All fees and expenses relating to the establishment of the Fund and the fees of the professional advisers to the Fund (establishment expenses) not exceeding US\$ 40,000 will be borne by the Fund.

To the extent that such fees and expenses are borne by the Fund, they will be amortised over the first 60 months of the lifetime of the Fund or such other period as the Directors may determine and will be charged as between the various classes thereof established by the Company within the amortisation period and in such manner as the Directors (with the consent of the Depositary) deem fair and equitable, provided that each class thereof will bear its own direct establishment costs and provided that such proportion of the establishment expenses as are to be amortised in each year are subject to the annual expense cap set out in the section entitled "Other Expenses Cap" below. If the effect of this accounting treatment becomes material in the future and there is a requirement to write off the unamortised balance of establishment and organisational costs, the Directors will reconsider this policy.

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges, each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that Hedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses out of Fund assets, with the exception of the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and subcustodial transaction charges – which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates – brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) is subject to a cap of 0.30% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of the Expense Cap.

For the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges (if any), brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes, where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| GBP | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|---------------|-----------|--------|------------|------|------|-------|------------|
| GBP | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | F | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | Up to 0.8% | | | | |
| GBP | X | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
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| GBP (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | F | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 0.8% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
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| JPY (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | M | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | X | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | ., | 334.,300,000 | 5541,000 | 55410 | | | | I .,, | 303.10100 |

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
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| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |

| | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 |
|---------------|----|--------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------|------|----------|----------------------|
| GBP | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged)v | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 10/ | Soo Noto 9 |
| USD | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.90% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 2.15% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | | | | | 3% | 2% | | |
| USD | EA | US\$500 US\$500 | US\$10 US\$10 | US\$10 US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 Seeded |
| USD | M | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.35% None | | None | 1% | Seeded See Note 8 |
| USD | X | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None None | 2% | 1% 1% | See Note 8 |
| 550 | | 0.541,000,000 | υσφ1,000 | 03910 | NUILE | INUITE | ∠70 | 1 70 | OGG INDIG 0 |

Notes:

- (1) Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.
 - Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes
- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).
- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager. The Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.
- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.
 - A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.
- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offer Price | |
|---|---------------------|
| Share Classes | Initial Offer Price |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF100 |
| All EUR denominated classes | EUR100 |
| All GBP denominated classes | GBP100 |
| All JPY denominated classes | JPY10,000 |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of the USD denominated M class) | USD100 |
| USD denominated M class | USD1,000 |

| | Share Class Types |
|------------|---|
| C Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of the C Classes is a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. |
| EA Classes | The Annual Management Fee chargeable in respect of Shares of the EA Classes has been set at a rate intended to attract assets into the Fund. It is therefore intended that the EA Classes will only be available for investment, in accordance with the provisions set out below, for a limited period following publication of this Supplement. With effect as and from 31 December 2024 (or such other date as the Directors may at their discretion determine) (the "Closure Date"), the Directors will close the EA Classes to subscriptions from all investors but for Qualifying EA Class Investors (see definition set out below). |
| | Once the Directors have exercised their discretion to close the EA Classes as aforesaid a notice to that effect will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com . |
| | Qualifying EA Class Investors may continue to subscribe for further Shares of any of the EA Classes following the Closure Date. Any Qualifying EA Class Investor that redeems their entire holding of Shares in the EA Classes of the Fund following the Closure Date will not be permitted to subscribe for further Shares of any of the EA Classes following such redemption. |
| | Shares of the EA Classes can be redeemed at any time in accordance with the normal redemption procedures set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Redemption Procedure". |
| | For the purpose of this section: |
| | "Qualifying EA Class Investor(s)" means any investor(s) who (a) hold(s) not less than US\$1,000,000 in Shares of any of the EA Classes of the Fund as at the Closure Date (the "Minimum Investment Threshold"); and (b) is/are party to a current EA Class Investor Agreement on or before the Closure Date. |
| | "EA Class Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor agrees, subject to satisfying the Minimum Investment Threshold, to be a Qualifying EA Class Investor and identifies, to the satisfaction of the relevant Lazard Affiliate, the accounts through which any subscription for further Shares of the EA Classes of the Fund will be made following the Closure Date. |
| | "Lazard Affiliate" means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |
| M Classes | Shares in the M Classes are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). |
| | For the purposes of this section: |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |
| X Classes | Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). |
| | No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Investor Agreement. |
| | No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus. |
| | The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever. |
| | For the purpose of this section: |
| | "Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with such investment as are specified in the agreement. |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |

APPENDIX II

| Dealing Information | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Business Day | a day normally treated as a business day in Dublin, London and New York. | | | |
| Cut-Off Time | 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day* being the point in time on a Dealing Day up until which applications for subscriptions, switches, transfers and redemptions will be accepted. | | | |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard Global Quality Growth Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogersons Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com | | | |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. | | | |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. | | | |
| Fund Base Currency | US Dollar (USD) | | | |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. | | | |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in such format as may be requested by the Administrator. | | | |
| Share Price | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share.** ** see section below entitled "Dilution and Swing Pricing" for information as to how the Net Asset Value per Share may be adjusted on any Dealing Day in calculating the Share Price in order to counteract the effects of dilution. | | | |

| | Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. |
|-------------------------|---|
| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class, which may be adjusted in the manner set out immediately below in the section entitled 'Dilution and Swing Pricing'.

DILUTION AND SWING PRICING

Certain costs are customarily incurred when a Fund has to buy or sell portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to requests for subscription or redemption of its Shares.

These dealing costs comprise Duties and Charges incurred in the purchase or sale of Investments and include the costs associated with spreads – i.e. the costs to a Fund associated with spreads between the estimated value attributed to Investments when calculating its Net Asset Value and the actual price at which such Investments are ultimately bought or sold by the Fund in the market place ("Spreads"). The incurring of such costs by the Fund can result in the Fund's value being diminished or 'diluted'.

With a view to mitigating the effects of dilution on the Fund, in certain circumstances, and at the Directors' discretion, the Company applies a dilution adjustment in the calculation of the Share Price for its Shares, a policy known as "swing pricing".

Swing pricing, where applied to the Fund, aims to apply the burden of the costs associated with dealing in the Fund's Shares to the investors that actually request those Share deals on any particular Dealing Day, and not to the Shareholders in the Fund who are not trading in the Fund's Shares on the relevant Dealing Day. In this way, although it is not the aim of swing pricing to enhance results over time, it operates to mitigate the adverse effects of dilution as a result of those costs and to preserve and protect the value of shareholdings, thereby benefiting long-term Shareholders' net returns.

Swing pricing will operate in a manner that will aim to ensure that when, on any particular Dealing Day, the net dealing position exceeds a certain threshold, the Company will have the discretion to adjust the price for the Fund's Shares on that day so as to include a provision to account for the estimated associated costs. In this way, on any Dealing Day on which such an adjustment is applied, investors dealing in the Fund's Shares on that day, rather than the Fund itself (i.e. not the then existing or continuing Shareholders of the Fund), will bear the costs estimated to be incurred when buying or selling portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to the dealing requests received.

Swing pricing, where applied, will involve pricing the Shares of the Fund as set out below:

(i) where the Fund is in a net subscription position on any particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total purchases of the Fund's Shares exceeds total redemptions) and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be adjusted upwards by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 1% of the Net Asset

Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted upwards; and

(ii) where the Fund is in a net redemption position on a particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total redemptions of the Fund's Shares exceeds total subscriptions), and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be adjusted downwards by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 1% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted downwards.

Accordingly, where applied for the purpose of calculating the Share Price on any particular Dealing Day, the swing pricing mechanism will involve the relevant Net Asset Value per Share being either increased to arrive at the Share Price (when the Fund is in a net subscription position) or decreased (when the Fund is in a net redemption position) by a percentage factor determined by the Company from time to time at its sole discretion (the "Swing Adjustment").

Since the Swing Adjustment for the Fund will be calculated by reference to the estimated or predicted costs of dealing in the underlying Investments of the Fund, including any dealing Spreads, and these can vary with market conditions, this means that the amount of the Swing Adjustment may vary over time. However, as indicated above, the Swing Adjustment, where applied to the Fund, shall not ordinarily exceed 1% of the Net Asset Value per Share. In exceptional circumstances, however, and only where deemed by the Directors to be necessary in order to protect Shareholders' interests in the Fund, the Swing Adjustment may exceed this threshold.

Where a Swing Adjustment is applied on any particular Dealing Day, it is applied to the Net Asset Value per Share. The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of Shares of the Fund is calculated separately, but any Swing Adjustment will in percentage terms affect the Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of the Fund in an identical manner. Investors who subscribe into or redeem from the same Class of Shares on any particular Dealing Day will deal at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class as adjusted, where relevant, by the Swing Adjustment. The Share Price for Shares of a particular Class on any Dealing Day will therefore always be the same regardless of whether an investor is subscribing into or redeeming from that Class. Where no Swing Adjustment is applied, investors will subscribe and redeem at the unadjusted Net Asset Value per Share for the relevant Class.

As indicated, the Swing Adjustment will be of a level that the Company considers appropriate to mitigate the dilutionary effects of the Duties and Charges which may be incurred by the Fund as a result of having to acquire or dispose of assets for the portfolio, as relevant, following subscriptions, redemptions and/or switches in and out of the Fund on the relevant Dealing Day. Importantly, the Swing Adjustment is designed to account for an approximation or estimate of the relevant dealing costs and may not reflect exactly (either underestimating or overestimating) the precise costs that are ultimately incurred. Any such overestimate will accrue to the benefit of the Fund, whereas any underestimate shall be borne by the Fund.

Additionally, a Swing Adjustment will typically only be applied if, on a given Dealing Day, the relevant net dealing position in the Fund exceeds a level (the "Swing Threshold") that has been pre-determined by the Company at its discretion. The Company, however, retains the discretion not to apply a Swing Adjustment, where this is considered to be in the best interests of Shareholders of the Fund as a whole. Where the Fund is experiencing net subscriptions or net redemptions of Shares and a Swing Adjustment is not applied, there may be an adverse dilutionary impact on the value of the Fund. The Company may also in the future remove the Swing Threshold for the Fund with the result that, when calculating the Share Price, the Net Asset Value of its Shares would be adjusted whenever there are net purchases or net redemptions of Shares.

The Company will not benefit from the operation of swing pricing and it will be imposed only in a manner, that, so far as is practicable, is fair to Shareholders and solely for the purposes of reducing dilution. At all times, a robust governance framework will be operated by the Company in relation to its application and use of swing pricing so as to ensure that both the Swing Threshold and the level of any Swing Adjustment are

subject to appropriate review and revision as necessary taking into consideration the best interests of Shareholders.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

| | Product name: | Lazard Global Quality Growth Fund | Leg enti ider | | 2549002AJPXPA35OS780 | |
|---|--|---|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the | Environmental and/or social characteristics | | | | | |
| | Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? | | | | | |
| investment does not | ■ □ Yes | | | ⊠ No | | |
| significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. | | a minimum of sustainable s with an environmental % | × | (E/S) cl not hav investm | otes Environmental/Social haracteristics and while it does e as its objective a sustainable nent, it will have a minimum ion of 20% of sustainable nents | |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | | activities that qualify as ally sustainable under the EU | | activitie | n environmental objective in economic es that qualify as environmentally nable under the EU Taxonomy | |
| | | activities that do not qualify as ally sustainable under the EU | × | activitie sustair | n environmental objective in economic es that do not qualify as environmentally hable under the EU Taxonomy | |
| | _ | a minimum of sustainable s with a social objective: | | It promo | otes E/S characteristics, but will ke any sustainable | |
| | What environme product? | ntal and/or social character | ristics a | re prom | noted by this financial | |
| | The Fund's environmental and social characteristics are: To invest at least 20% of the Fund's NAV in companies which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, qualify as sustainable investments. To maintain a lower weighted average carbon intensity (WACI) than the Benchmark Index (as referred to in the section of this Supplement entitled "Benchmark"), based on third-party environmental data. To maintain a weighted average ESG rating that is better than the Benchmark Index. The rating methodology is based on third-party ESG rating information that assesses companies' exposure to, and management of, material environmental, social, and governance issues. To avoid investing in companies that violate global environmental and social norms. The Investment Manager assesses companies against an internally generated watchlist, which leverages third-party vendor information. An exclusion | | | | | |

policy is applied by the Fund that prohibits investing in or obtaining exposure to companies that are deemed by the Investment Manager to violate United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles. This helps to avoid investments that, at a minimum, do not meet social and environmental norms with regards to human rights, labour, and anti-corruption, as well as environmental degradation.

5. To promote certain minimum environmental and social safeguards by applying specific exclusion thresholds on corporates that are involved in controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production.

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund are attained:

- 1. The Fund invests a minimum of 20% of NAV in investments which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, qualify as sustainable investments.
- 2. The Fund's WACI is lower than that of the Benchmark Index.
- 3. The Fund's weighted average ESG rating is better than that of the Benchmark Index.
- 4. The Fund has no exposure to companies deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching the UNGC principles.
- 5. The Fund has no exposure to companies excluded by the exclusion criteria relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production.

What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

For environmentally sustainable investments, qualifying companies are assessed for their contribution to environmental objectives such as energy efficiency and resource efficiency activities such as renewable energy, water efficiency, green transportation, and digitisation, which support lower environmental impact from emissions and resource use. The Investment Manager identifies qualifying companies which contribute to environmental objectives by assessing:

- Positive contribution through products/services to environmental objectives. The
 Investment Manager undertakes a revenue-based assessment, using third-party
 company-level sustainability impact data, to determine the positive contribution of a
 company's products/services to environmental objectives. Companies which have, in
 the opinion of the Investment Manager, sufficient levels of revenue from
 products/services that have a positive sustainability impact can qualify as sustainable
 investments.
- Revenue alignment to environmental objectives set out under the Taxonomy Regulation ((EU) 2020/852) including climate change mitigation and adaptation. The Investment Manager uses third-party data on companies' Taxonomy-aligned revenue levels to determine a company's contribution to climate change mitigation and/or adaptation. Companies which have, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, sufficient levels of Taxonomy-aligned revenue can qualify as sustainable investments.
- Positive alignment and operational performance with respect to carbon reduction and net zero targets. The Investment Manager uses a proprietary climate assessment model, based on the Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change's (IIGC) Net Zero Investment Framework, to grade and assess companies carbon reduction and net zero ambitions. Companies' operations which are, in the opinion of the Investment

Manager, sufficiently aligned with a net zero emissions objective can qualify as sustainable investments.

For socially sustainable investments, qualifying companies are assessed for their contribution to social objectives such as improved health care, sustainable food production and sourcing, improved safety and security services, access to financial services through inclusion, and improved education systems.

The Investment Manager identifies qualifying companies which contribute to social objectives by assessing positive contribution through products/services to social objectives. The Investment Manager undertakes a revenue-based assessment, using third-party company-level sustainability impact data, to determine the positive contribution of a company's products/services to such social objectives. Companies which have, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, sufficient levels of revenue from products/services that have a positive sustainability impact can qualify as sustainable investments.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of

of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti- corruption and anti- bribery matters.

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The companies that qualify as sustainable investments are assessed as not significantly harming (DNSH) any environmental or social objectives through steps such as:

- screening out companies with material revenue exposure to controversial business activities, such as tobacco, gambling, weapons, electricity generation from fossil fuels.
- •post screen, undertaking an assessment of the relevant and available indicators of principal adverse impact (PAI) of the qualifying companies on sustainability factors to assess companies' interaction with key stakeholders such as employees, customers, communities, and the environment, as further detailed below.
- an assessment of qualifying companies' compliance with global environmental and social norms through the UNGC process, as further detailed below.

Companies that do not pass the above DNSH assessment do not qualify as a sustainable investment.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

The Investment Manager's DNSH assessment takes into account the PAI indicators by reviewing the performance of qualifying companies against relative or absolute thresholds for the relevant mandatory PAI indicators (set out in Table 1, Annex I, EU Regulation 2022/1288 (SFDR Level 2)) for which data is sufficiently available. Relative thresholds for relevant PAI indicators (e.g. PAI 3, 4) are set by reference to peer performance against the PAI indicators in the sub-industry in which the qualifying company operates. Absolute thresholds are those embedded in the PAI indicator methodologies and criteria under SFDR Level 2 (e.g. PAI 10). The worst performing companies, either in relative or absolute terms, will not pass the DNSH assessment and will not qualify as sustainable investments.

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Investment due diligence is carried out on investments' alignment with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights by leveraging third-party data on United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles. Post-investment monitoring ensures any sustainable investment flagged as being in violation of the UNGC principles by the relevant third-party vendor is assessed by the Investment

| | Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG team which will assign a pass/fail after a thorough assessment. An investment which fails this assessment will automatically not qualify as a sustainable investment. |
|----|--|
| | The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria. |
| | The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. |
| | Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives. |
| TT | Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors? |
| | ⊠Yes, the Fund considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. |
| | Through pre-investment global norms and activity-based exclusions, the following PAIs are considered: |
| | Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4, Table 1) Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1) |
| | Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14, Table 1) |
| | Through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered: |
| | Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1) Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1) |
| | Through post-investment stewardship activities, such as engagement or voting, the following PAIs may be considered: |
| | Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1) Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1) Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1) |
| | Material environmental and social issues such as those listed in the PAIs are regularly identified by investment professionals and are discussed as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information and relative industry positioning. Given limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time. |
| | Information relating to PAIs will be made available in the Fund's annual financial reports. |

| | □No |
|--|--|
| | What investment strategy does this financial product follow? |
| The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance | The Lazard Global Quality Growth Fund is an actively managed global equity strategy that invests in companies that, in the Investment Manager's opinion, can generate and sustain high levels of financial productivity. Stocks are selected for the Fund using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" and in accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund. |
| | What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? |
| | The Fund has the following binding elements: For environmentally and socially sustainable investments, the Investment Manager assesses qualifying companies' positive contribution to environmental and/or social objectives and DNSH compliance. A company must meet specific thresholds to qualify as sustainable investments under the Investment Manager's framework as further detailed in the sections above: What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? and How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? The Fund's WACI is monitored against the Benchmark Index to ensure it remains lower on a relative basis over the reference period. The Investment Manager seeks to achieve a lower WACI by making investments in companies with a better overall carbon profile and limiting exposure to companies that do not effectively manage carbon risks. The Fund's ESG rating is monitored against the Benchmark Index to ensure it outperforms on a weighted average basis. The ESG rating measures companies' exposure to, and performance managing, material environmental, social, and governance considerations. The Investment Manager seeks to achieve a better overall ESG rating by making investments in issuers with attractive ESG characteristics and limiting exposure to companies with higher sustainability risks. The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on third-party data and internal research. Any company deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching UNGC principles will be excluded from the Fund's investment universe and the Fund will have 0% exposure to securities excluded under this policy. The exclusion criteria for the Fund excludes companies which are involved in: a. the man |
| | to the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), biological weapons, chemical weapons, depleted uranium weapons.). b. military weapons production which represents 10% of revenue or greater. c. tobacco production which represents 5% of revenue or greater. d. thermal coal mining or production which represents 30% of revenue or greater. |

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager has developed Global Governance Principles that set out expectations for corporate governance on issues such as board independence, accountability and composition, as well as culture, remuneration, shareholder rights, amongst others. The principles provide a framework for governance assessments and stewardship activity, clearly setting out the Investment Manager's expectations of company management and effective stakeholder management.

The assessment of good governance practices is relevant only for corporate issuers in the Fund. The assessment is supported by a broad range of governance information from third-party ESG data sets. These data sources also provide governance-related controversy information, which can be used to flag governance issues at investee companies. Governance assessments and information are taken into consideration as part of due diligence processes, ongoing monitoring of issuers in the portfolio, and stewardship activities.



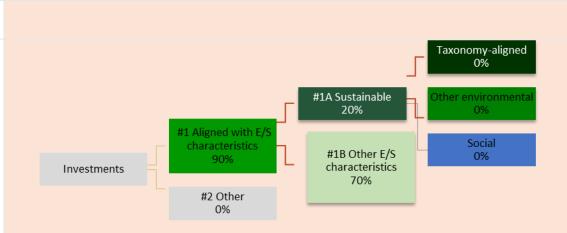
What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

At least 90% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund invests a minimum of 20% of NAV in sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category include investments and other instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 10% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- expenditure (OpEx)
 reflecting green
 operational activities
 of investee

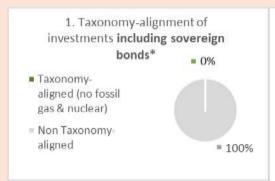


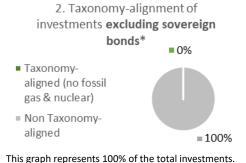
#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither

aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable companies. investments. The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers: - The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives. - The sub-category #1B Other E/S characteristics covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments. How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund. To comply with the EU To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental Taxonomy, the criteria for objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy? fossil qas include limitations on emissions and switching renewable to The Fund does not commit to making Taxonomy-aligned investments. Therefore, the power or low-carbon fuels minimum share of Taxonomy aligned environmentally sustainable investments is 0%. It is by the end of 2035. For expected, however, that in pursuing its environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute nuclear energy, the criteria to one or more of the following environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy include comprehensive Regulation: climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation. safety and waste management rules. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related Enabling activities directly enable other activities to activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy²? make a substantial ☐Yes: contribution to an ☐ In fossil gas ☐ In nuclear energy environmental objective. $\boxtimes No$ Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. performance.

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the





★ For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

² Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund intends to make sustainable investments. While the sum of non-Taxonomy aligned environmentally sustainable investments and socially sustainable investments always adds up to the Fund's minimum proportion of 20% sustainable investments, the Fund does not commit to a minimum share of non-Taxonomy aligned environmentally sustainable investments because the Fund's investment strategy does not have a specific environmental investment objective. Therefore, the minimum share of non-Taxonomy aligned environmentally sustainable investments is 0%.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

The Fund intends to make sustainable investments. While the sum of environmentally sustainable investments and socially sustainable investments always adds up to the Fund's minimum proportion of 20% sustainable investments, the Fund does not commit to a minimum share of socially sustainable investments because the Fund's investment strategy does not have a specific social investment objective. Therefore, the minimum share of scoially sustainable investments is 0%.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

"#2 Other" may include other investments and instruments of the Fund that cannot qualify as sustainable investments or be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash, and cash equivalents. The Fund does not commit to a minimum share in "#2 Other" investments and therefore 0% is included in the 'What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?' above.

Minimum environmental and social safeguards set in exclusion criteria relating to global norms and activity-based screening still apply to the underlying securities.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

The Fund has not designated an index as a reference benchmark to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

Not applicable.

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

| Not applicable. |
|---|
| How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? |
| Not applicable. |
| Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? |
| Not applicable. |
| Where can I find more product specific information online? More product-specific information can be found on the website: |
| https://www.lazardassetmanagement.com/ie/en_uk/funds/ucits-funds/lazard-global-quality-growth-fund/f4441/s182/?shareClass=12082 |

WF-72670072-v1.exv

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD THEMATIC INFLATION OPPORTUNITIES FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the Prospectus.

This Supplement replaces the Supplement dated 1 December 2022.

The date of this Supplement is 22 March 2024.

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DEFINITIONS

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank and Trust Company and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Fund", Lazard Thematic Inflation Opportunities Fund.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Grade", a rating of at least Baa3/BBB- by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management LLC and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

LAZARD THEMATIC INFLATION OPPORTUNITIES FUND

INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 25 May 2022.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in **Appendix I** to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund apart from those listed in Appendix I, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in **Appendix II** to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to achieve long-term capital growth.

Investment Policy

The Fund will seek to achieve its investment objective by investing primarily in an actively managed, diversified long-only portfolio of established, well managed companies located around the world which have a market capitalisation of greater than US\$1 billion at the time of purchase and whose securities are listed or traded on Regulated Markets worldwide ("Investee Companies").

The Fund will accordingly be invested primarily in equities and equity-related securities (i.e. shares, including common and preferred stock, warrants and rights, ADRs, and GDRs) of or relating to Investee Companies. This may include China A-Shares acquired through either the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect or the Shenzhen-Hong Kong Stock Connect.

In seeking to achieve the investment objective of the Fund, the Investment Manager intends to pursue a thematic investment approach that is proprietary to the Investment Manager and which aims to identify significant macroeconomic trends or 'themes' designed to capture the symptoms and causes of a structurally higher inflationary environment (resulting from changes over time in global economic

and social factors such as, for example, demographics, lifestyles, governmental policies and spending, regulations, technological innovation or the environment) and the underlying investments that stand to benefit from or which are best placed to take advantage of those trends. Examples of such trends or themes might include:

- Historically high levels of government spending and sovereign debt;
 - Demographic shifts leading to tightening labour markets, such as the retirement of "baby boomers":
 - Headwinds to globalisation, including geopolitical friction;
 - Potential policy changes to address perceptions of societal inequality;
 - Costs associated with new infrastructure to combat climate change; and
 - Technology regulation.

The Investment Manager will seek to identify Investee Companies, which, in the Investment Manager's view based upon its proprietary research, are likely to benefit from the global long-term market themes/trends (such as the foregoing) it identifies, for example:

- Companies with business models that may be expected to benefit from structurally higher inflation, due to alignment with higher nominal GDP or nominal consumer spending;
- Companies with strong pricing power that are able to pass on costs to customers by virtue of industry structure and / or business models with contractual price pass-through mechanisms;
- Companies that may benefit from higher commodity prices;
- Companies that may be benefit from capital spending associated with policy changes to structural challenges such as supply chain disruptions and energy security;

and will then select the stocks in which the Fund will invest taking into account factors such as the quality, growth prospects, valuation, and inflation sensitivity of the identified Investee Companies, all of which factors are assessed and identified by the Investment Manager through the bottom-up fundamental company research undertaken by the Investment Manager's team of analysts.

This fundamental analysis is conducted to develop an in-depth understanding of the fundamentals of each Investee Company coming within the investable universe. This is achieved, for example, through examining a company's financials and analysing a company's quality and depth of management (i.e. the calibre and effectiveness of the company's management team). It is also achieved by assessing a company's competitive environment (i.e. the environment in which a business competes and functions and its position relative to its competitors), return potential (a company's potential for growth and generation of profits) and valuation (the value attributed to a company based on earnings, cash flows, profits etc). By undertaking this form of investment analysis, the Investment Manager builds an understanding of each stock's risk-reward profile and how this might evolve in an environment of higher structural inflation.

In addition to this traditional form of investment analysis (as outlined above), the Investment Manager, when constructing the portfolio, also incorporates environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio. The Fund also applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the stock selection process. Information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

The Investment Manager will, in accordance with the foregoing steps, seek to construct a well-diversified portfolio of holdings in Investee Companies that in its opinion are fundamentally attractive, relatively undervalued and highly marketable and which are well positioned to take advantage of the

macroeconomic themes or trends which the Investment Manager has identified as benefiting from a higher structural inflationary environment. The Investment Manager will do this with the aim of creating an overall portfolio that displays more robust (less risky) characteristics and greater upside potential than the market in such an environment.

Geographic, sectoral and industrial exposures and weightings within the portfolio may change over time in accordance with the themes and trends identified through the Investment Manager's ongoing research and are also considered within the context of the continuous risk assessment process (which monitors, amongst other things, issuer concentration, sectoral concentration and the liquidity profile of the portfolio) to which the portfolio is subject with a view to ensuring sufficient diversification.

The Investment Manager retains the flexibility to invest in up to 20% of the Fund's Net Asset Value in securities of companies located in emerging markets.

As the Fund's portfolio will be comprised primarily of equities it is likely that the Fund's Net Asset Value will exhibit significant volatility.

In addition to investment in equities and equity-related securities, the Fund may also invest in the units or shares of open-ended collective investment schemes, including exchange traded funds, which provide exposure consistent with the investment policy of the Fund. Aggregate investment by the Fund in open ended collective schemes shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time.

Investment in FDI

Subject to the conditions and within the limits laid down by the Central Bank, the Fund may also engage in transactions in FDI for hedging and efficient portfolio management purposes only. Investment by the Fund in FDI shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix II of the Prospectus and the Company's risk management process for the time being in place and approved by the Central Bank.

The FDI in which the Fund may invest are as follows:

- currency forwards (being contracts that may be used to lock in the price/exchange rate at which a
 specified amount of one currency can bought or sold in another currency at a specified future
 date):
- equity index futures (being exchange-traded contracts that provide for the receipt or payment of cash based upon the performance of an underlying equity index by reference to a pre-determined future date);
- total return swaps (being contracts between two counterparties pursuant to which cash flows from two references assets, baskets of assets or indices are exchanged as they are received for a predetermined period); and/or
- warrants and rights (which are issued by a company to allow holders to subscribe for additional securities issued by that company).

Currency forwards may be used by the Fund to hedge currency risk arising at share class level (see further below), while equity index futures and total return swaps on single stocks (equity), baskets of equities and UCITS-eligible equity indices may be used by the Fund to provide equity exposure consistent with the Fund's investment policy and as a more efficient (whether from a costs or risk perspective) alternative to investing directly. No swap counterparty will have discretion over the composition of the Fund's portfolio or over the assets/indices underlying the total return swaps in which the Fund invests. Neither will the approval of any counterparty be required in relation to any investment portfolio transaction undertaken by the Investment Manager for and on behalf of the Fund.

The Fund may also hold warrants and rights. Typically, however, warrants and rights will only be acquired passively as a result, for example, of corporate action and it is not the intention of the Fund to actively trade in warrants or rights.

Leverage

Should the Investment Manager invest in FDI on behalf of the Fund, the Fund's global exposure, being the incremental exposure and leverage generated by the Fund through its use of FDI, including instruments which embed a derivative element, will be calculated on at least a daily basis using the commitment approach. It is not intended, however, that the Fund will be leveraged in excess of 10% of its Net Asset Value as a result of its investments in such FDI.

Cash and near cash equivalents

Although it is intended that the Fund will normally be invested in accordance with the investment policies outlined above, the Investment Manager at all times retains the flexibility to allocate a portion of the Fund's Net Asset Value to cash (exclusive of cash held for the settlement of transactions) in circumstances where it is satisfied that it is in the best interests of the Fund to do so. In such circumstances, the Investment Manager may seek to maximise the value of such cash holdings to the Fund, by investing in cash equivalent securities such as short-term fixed income securities including commercial paper (i.e Investment Grade short term paper issued by credit institutions) and money market obligations such as short and medium term treasury bills and treasury notes (both fixed and floating rate), certificates of deposit and bankers acceptances and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below).

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

SFTR

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) and to total return swaps is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Total Return Swaps | 0%* | 10% |
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-5% | 10 % |

^{*}It is expected that in normal circumstances the Fund will not have assets subject to total return swaps, hence 0%. However, the Investment Manager retains the flexibility to invest in accordance with the stated maximum at any time.

General

The securities in which the Fund will invest shall, subject to the Regulations, be listed and/or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus.

All of the Fund's investments will be made in accordance with the restrictions set out in Appendix III of the Prospectus.

Benchmark

Performance of the Fund will be measured against the MSCI ACWI (All Country World) Index, Ticker: MXWD (the "Benchmark Index") for comparative purposes as an ex-post indicator. The Benchmark Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalisation weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed and emerging markets.

As the Fund is actively managed (meaning that the Investment Manager has discretion over the composition of the Fund's portfolio subject to its stated investment objective and policy as set out above), securities selection is not constrained by the Benchmark Index. Neither does the strategy pursued by the Fund impose limits on the extent to which portfolio holdings and/or weights must adhere to or may diverge from the composition of the Benchmark Index. While the Fund has full

flexibility to invest in markets and securities not represented in the Benchmark Index, it is nonetheless likely at times to invest significantly in constituent securities of the Benchmark Index, albeit any such investment by the Fund is likely to be in a very limited number of such constituent securities when compared to the total number of constituents in the Benchmark Index. The Fund is managed in reference to the Benchmark Index only insofar as described above in this section entitled 'Benchmark'.

The Directors reserve the right, if they consider it in the interests of the Fund to do so and with the consent of the Depositary, to substitute another index for the Benchmark Index, in the circumstances set out in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Benchmark Indices".

Currency Hedging Policy

Hedging at Portfolio Level

It is not intended to hedge currency exposures at the level of the Fund's portfolio.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may, however, invest in currency forward exchange contracts, in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising at the Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The purpose of such currency hedging transactions is to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The Currency Manager has been appointed to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services in respect of the Hedged Share Classes of the Fund.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class which is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, over hedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "**Policy**") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the Policy requires the

Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of companies, Materiality Mapping³ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely will have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

The Fund qualifies as an "equity fund" for the purpose of the German Investment Tax Act 2018 ("GITA 2018") in that at least 51% of the Fund's Net Asset Value will at all times be invested in equity securities which are listed on a stock exchange or traded on an organised market. For the avoidance of doubt, the term "equity securities" in this particular context does not include units or shares of investment funds or REITs (Real Estate Investment Trusts). Relevant investors should refer to the section of the Prospectus entitled German Taxation for further information on the impact of GITA 2018.

Risk Factors

Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Market Fluctuations", "Market Disruption Risk", "Political Risk", "Active Management Risk", "Inflation Risk", "Concentration Risk", "Emerging

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³ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map™.

Markets Risk Factors", "Risks linked with dealing in securities in China via Stock Connect " and "Equity Market Risk") in addition to those set out below.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

The Fund has the flexibility to invest in assets denominated in currencies different to the Fund Base Currency. However, it is not intended to hedge such currency exposures against the Fund Base Currency and the Fund may therefore be affected unfavourably due to fluctuations in the relevant rates of exchange.

Profile of a Typical Investor

The Fund is suitable for investors seeking to achieve capital growth over the long term by investing primarily in a diversified portfolio of established well managed companies located around the world whose securities are listed or traded on Regulated Markets worldwide and who can tolerate the high levels of volatility often associated with the equity markets.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES

Establishment Costs

All fees and expenses relating to the establishment of the Fund and the fees of the professional advisers to the Fund (establishment expenses) not exceeding US\$40,000 will be borne by the Fund.

To the extent that such fees and expenses are borne by the Fund, they will be amortised over the first 60 months of the lifetime of the Fund or such other period as the Directors may determine and will be charged as between the various classes thereof established by the Company within the amortisation period and in such manner as the Directors (with the consent of the Depositary) deem fair and equitable, provided that each class thereof shall bear its own direct establishment costs and provided that such proportion of the establishment costs as are to be amortised in each year are subject to the annual expense cap set out in the section entitled "Other Expenses Cap" below. If the effect of this accounting treatment becomes material in the future and there is a requirement to write off the unamortised balance of establishment and organisational costs, the Directors will reconsider this policy.

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges, each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that Hedged Share Class is denominated and Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses out of Fund assets, with the exception of the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and subcustodial transaction charges – which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates - brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes), is subject to a cap of 0.30% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of the Expense Cap. For the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges (if any), brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes, where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application

Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subseque nt Subscripti on Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|------------------------------------|
| CHF | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| CHF (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| EUR | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| EUR | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
|--------------|----|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|------|----|-----------------------|
| EUR | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| EUR (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CPD (Hodgod) | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | San Note 9 |
| GBP (Hedged) | | | | | | | | | See Note 8 See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | С | | | | | | | | |
| USD | | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |

| USD | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|----|----|------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | ВР | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|-----|-----|------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| CHF (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| EUR | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| EUR (Hedged) | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CPD (Hodesd) | ^ | LISCOSO OCC | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.050/ | 30/ | 201 | 10/ | Soo Note 0 |
| GBP (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | UUQ1,UUU | 05\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| GBP (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|------|----|------------|
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.50% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | J | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

- (1) other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.
 - Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes.
- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).
- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- (5) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager. The Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.
- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.
 - A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.
- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offer Price | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Share Class(es) | Initial Offer Price | | | | | | | |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF 100 | | | | | | | |
| All EUR denominated classes | EUR 100 | | | | | | | |
| All GBP denominated classes | GBP 100 | | | | | | | |
| All JPY denominated classes | JPY 10,000 | | | | | | | |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of USD denominated M classes) | USD 100 | | | | | | | |
| USD denominated M classes | USD 1,000 | | | | | | | |

| | Share Class Types |
|---------------------|---|
| C Classes J Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of both the C Classes and the J Classes is, in each case, a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. |
| EA Classes | The Annual Management Fee chargeable in respect of Shares of the EA Classes has been set at a rate intended to attract assets into the Fund. It is therefore intended that the EA Classes will only be available for investment, in accordance with the provisions set out below, for a limited period following publication of this Supplement. |
| | Subject as set out below, the EA Classes shall be closed to all further subscriptions once the Net Asset Value of the Fund has reached US\$300 million (or such other amount as the Directors may at their discretion determine). |
| | Once the Directors have exercised their discretion to close the EA Classes to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, a notice to that effect will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com . |
| | Shares of the EA Classes can be redeemed at any time in accordance with the normal redemption procedures set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Redemption Procedure" in Appendix II. |
| | For the purpose of this section: |
| | "Existing EA Class Shareholders" means the registered holders of Shares in any EA Class as at the time the EA Classes are closed to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs. |
| M Classes | Shares in the M Classes are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). |
| | For the purposes of this section: |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |
| X Classes | Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). |
| | No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Investor Agreement. |
| | No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus. |
| | The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever. |
| | For the purpose of this section: |
| | "Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with such investment as are specified in the agreement. |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |

APPENDIX II

| | Dealing Information |
|--|--|
| Business Day | a day on which the stock exchanges in London and New York are open for business. |
| Cut-Off Time | 12 noon (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day* * being the point in time on a Dealing Day up until which applications for subscriptions, switches, transfers and redemptions will be accepted. |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard Thematic Inflation Opportunities Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogersons Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. |
| Fund Base Currency | US Dollar (USD) |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in such format as may |

| | be requested by the Administrator. |
|-------------------------|---|
| | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share.** |
| Share Price | ** see section below entitled "Dilution and Swing Pricing" for information as to how the Net Asset Value per Share may be adjusted on any Dealing Day in calculating the Share Price in order to counteract the effects of dilution. |
| | Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. |
| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class, which may be adjusted in the manner set out immediately below in the section entitled 'Dilution and Swing Pricing'.

DILUTION AND SWING PRICING

Certain costs are customarily incurred when a Fund has to buy or sell portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to requests for subscription or redemption of its Shares.

These dealing costs comprise Duties and Charges incurred in the purchase or sale of Investments and include the costs associated with spreads – i.e. the costs to a Fund associated with spreads between the estimated value attributed to Investments when calculating its Net Asset Value and the actual price at which such Investments are ultimately bought or sold by the Fund in the market place ("**Spreads**"). The incurring of such costs by the Fund can result in the Fund's value being diminished or 'diluted'.

With a view to mitigating the effects of dilution on the Fund, in certain circumstances, and at the Directors' discretion, the Company applies a dilution adjustment in the calculation of the Share Price for its Shares, a policy known as "swing pricing".

Swing pricing, where applied to the Fund, aims to apply the burden of the costs associated with dealing in the Fund's Shares to the investors that actually request those Share deals on any particular Dealing Day, and not to the Shareholders in the Fund who are not trading in the Fund's Shares on the relevant Dealing Day. In this way, although it is not the aim of swing pricing to enhance results over time, it operates to mitigate the adverse effects of dilution as a result of those costs and to preserve and protect the value of shareholdings, thereby benefiting long-term Shareholders' net returns.

Swing pricing will operate in a manner that will aim to ensure that when, on any particular Dealing Day, the net dealing position exceeds a certain threshold, the Company will have the discretion to adjust the price for the Fund's Shares on that day so as to include a provision to account for the estimated associated costs. In this way, on any Dealing Day on which such an adjustment is applied, investors dealing in the Fund's Shares on that day, rather than the Fund itself (i.e. not the then existing or continuing Shareholders of the Fund), will bear the costs estimated to be incurred when buying or selling portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to the dealing requests received.

Swing pricing, where applied, will involve pricing the Shares of the Fund as set out below:

- (i) where the Fund is in a net subscription position on any particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total purchases of the Fund's Shares exceeds total redemptions) and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted upwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 1% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted upwards; and
- (ii) where the Fund is in a net redemption position on a particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total redemptions of the Fund's Shares exceeds total subscriptions), and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted downwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 1% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted downwards.

Accordingly, where applied for the purpose of calculating the Share Price on any particular Dealing Day, the swing pricing mechanism will involve the relevant Net Asset Value per Share being either increased to arrive at the Share Price (when the Fund is in a net subscription position) or decreased (when the Fund is in a net redemption position) by a percentage factor determined by the Company from time to time at its sole discretion (the "Swing Adjustment").

Since the Swing Adjustment for the Fund will be calculated by reference to the estimated or predicted costs of dealing in the underlying Investments of the Fund, including any dealing Spreads, and these can vary with market conditions, this means that the amount of the Swing Adjustment may vary over time. However, as indicated above, the Swing Adjustment, where applied to the Fund, shall not ordinarily exceed 1% of the Net Asset Value per Share. In exceptional circumstances, however, and only where deemed by the Directors to be necessary in order to protect Shareholders' interests in the Fund, the Swing Adjustment may exceed this threshold.

Where a Swing Adjustment is applied on any particular Dealing Day, it is applied to the Net Asset Value per Share. The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of Shares of the Fund is calculated separately, but any Swing Adjustment will in percentage terms affect the Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of the Fund in an identical manner. Investors who subscribe into or redeem from the same Class of Shares on any particular Dealing Day will deal at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class as adjusted, where relevant, by the Swing Adjustment. The Share Price for Shares of a particular Class on any Dealing Day will therefore always be the same regardless of whether an investor is subscribing into or redeeming from that Class. Where no Swing Adjustment is applied, investors will subscribe and redeem at the unadjusted Net Asset Value per Share for the relevant Class.

As indicated, the Swing Adjustment will be of a level that the Company considers appropriate to mitigate the dilutionary effects of the Duties and Charges which may be incurred by the Fund as a result of having to acquire or dispose of assets for the portfolio, as relevant, following subscriptions, redemptions and/or switches in and out of the Fund on the relevant Dealing Day. Importantly, the Swing Adjustment is designed to account for an approximation or estimate of the relevant dealing costs and may not reflect exactly (either underestimating or overestimating) the precise costs that are ultimately incurred. Any such overestimate will accrue to the benefit of the Fund, whereas any underestimate shall be borne by the Fund.

Additionally, a Swing Adjustment will typically only be applied if, on a given Dealing Day, the relevant net dealing position in the Fund exceeds a level (the "**Swing Threshold**") that has been pre-determined by the Company at its discretion. The Company, however, retains the discretion not to apply a Swing Adjustment, where this is considered to be in the best interests of Shareholders of the Fund as a whole. Where the Fund is experiencing net subscriptions or net redemptions of Shares and a Swing Adjustment is not applied, there may be an adverse dilutionary impact on the value of the Fund. The Company may also in the future remove the Swing Threshold for the Fund with the result that, when calculating the Share Price, the Net Asset Value of its Shares would be adjusted whenever there are net purchases or net redemptions of Shares.

The Company will not benefit from the operation of swing pricing and it will be imposed only in a manner, that, so far as is practicable, is fair to Shareholders and solely for the purposes of reducing dilution. At all times, a robust governance framework will be operated by the Company in relation to its application and use of swing pricing so as to ensure that both the Swing Threshold and the level of any Swing Adjustment are subject to appropriate review and revision as necessary taking into consideration the best interests of Shareholders.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Lazard Thematic Inflation Legal

| | | | Opportunities Fund | enti ider | ity ntifier: | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--------------|---|--|--|--|
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. | | Environmental and/or social characteristics | | | | | | |
| | | Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? | | | | | | |
| | | □ Yes | | | ⊠ No | | | |
| | С | | minimum of sustainable with an environmental _% | | It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments | | | |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable | | | tivities that qualify as y sustainable under the EU | | with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | | | |
| | | | tivities that do not qualify as / sustainable under the EU | | with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | | | |
| investments with an environmental objective | | | | | with a social objective | | | |
| might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | С | | minimum of sustainable with a social objective: | | It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments | | | |
| - | | What environment product? | al and/or social characteris | stics a | re promoted by this financial | | | |
| | Т | The Fund's environmental and social characteristics are: | | | | | | |
| | | To invest in companies assigned a net positive sustainability score under the Investment Manager's proprietary sustainability framework (Sustainability Framework). The Sustainability Framework assesses and scores companies against sector-specific environmental and social factors that focus on the strength of a company's relationships with society i.e., the strength of the company's social licence to operate. Companies assigned a net positive score under the Sustainability Framework are those which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, have a strong social licence to operate. To maintain a weighted average ESG rating that is better than the Benchmark Index (as referred to in the section of this Supplement entitled "Benchmark") on a stock selection basis. The rating methodology is based on third-party ESG rating information that assesses companies' exposure to, and management of, material environmental, social, and governance issues. | | | | | | |
| | | | 400 | | | | | |

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3. To avoid investing in companies that violate global environmental and social norms. The Investment Manager assesses companies against an internally generated watchlist, which leverages third-party vendor information. An exclusion policy is applied by the Fund that prohibits investing in or obtaining exposure to companies that the Investment Manager deems to violate United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles. This helps to avoid investments that, at a minimum, do not meet social and environmental norms with regards to human rights, labour, and anti-corruption, as well as environmental degradation. 4. To promote certain minimum environmental and social safeguards by applying specific exclusion thresholds on corporates that are involved in controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, tobacco production, adult entertainment or gambling. Sustainability indicators What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? environmental or social characteristics promoted by The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and the financial product are social characteristics of the Fund are attained: attained. 1. Investee companies have been reviewed against the Investment Manager's proprietary Sustainability Framework and assigned a net positive score based on their performance across sector-specific qualitative ESG factors. 2. The Fund's weighted average ESG rating is better than that of the Benchmark Index on a stock selection basis. 3. The Fund has no exposure to companies deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching the UNGC principles. 4. The Fund has no exposure to companies excluded by the exclusion criteria relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production, adult entertainment or gambling. What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? Not applicable – the Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? Principal adverse impacts Not applicable. are the most significant negative impacts of How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into investment decisions on account? sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect Not applicable. for human rights, anticorruption and anti- bribery matters. How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: Not applicable.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Through pre-investment global norms and activity-based exclusions, the following PAIs are considered:

- Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14, Table 1)

Through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, such as engagement or voting, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Material environmental and social issues such as those listed in the PAIs are regularly identified by investment professionals and are discussed as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information and relative industry positioning. Given limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time.

Information relating to PAIs will be made available in the Fund's annual financial reports.

□No



The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance

What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

Lazard Thematic Inflation Opportunities Fund is an actively managed, style-agnostic thematic equity strategy designed to benefit from an environment of higher structural inflation. Stocks are selected for the Fund using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy".

The Investment Manager ensures all investments are assessed through its proprietary Sustainability Framework. The forward-looking Sustainability Framework incorporates fundamental and direction-of-change analysis of companies, focussing on the strength of a company's societal license to operate and how this might change over time. The Sustainability Framework consists of a three-step process with the output being a series of scores designed to identify strong or weak practices including in relation to labour relations, employee health/safety, community impact, sustainability of raw materials, supply chain and similar resources, sustainability of product and services, management accountability, corruption controls and regulatory compliance. Only companies that receive a net positive score across the three-step analysis under the Sustainability Framework are eligible for investment by the Fund. The Fund additionally invests in accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Fund has the following binding elements:

- 1. The Investment Manager ensures all investments are assessed through the Investment Manager's Sustainability Framework.
- 2. The Fund's ESG rating is monitored against the Benchmark Index to ensure it outperforms on a stock selection basis over the reference period. The ESG rating measures companies' exposure to, and performance managing, material environmental, social, and governance considerations. The Investment Manager seeks to achieve a better overall ESG rating by making investments in issuers with attractive ESG characteristics and limiting exposure to companies with higher sustainability risks.
- 3. The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on third-party data and internal research. Any company deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching UNGC principles will be excluded from the Fund's investment universe and the Fund will have 0% exposure to such companies.
- 4. The Fund applies activity-based exclusion criteria for certain products and services and will have 0% exposure to securities excluded under this policy. The exclusion criteria for the Fund includes companies which are involved in:
 - the manufacture or production of controversial weapons (any revenue from antipersonnel mines, cluster munitions, nuclear weapons in countries not party to the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), biological weapons, chemical weapons, depleted uranium weapons.).
 - military weapons production which represents 10% of revenue or greater.
 - tobacco production which represents 5% of revenue or greater.
 - adult entertainment which represents 5% of revenue or greater.
 - gambling which represents 10% of revenue or greater.
 - thermal coal mining or production which represents 30% of revenue or greater.

| Good governance |
|---------------------------|
| practices include sound |
| management structures, |
| employee relations, |
| remuneration of staff and |
| tax compliance. |
| |
| |

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager has developed Global Governance Principles that set out expectations for corporate governance on issues such as board independence, accountability and composition, as well as culture, remuneration, shareholder rights, amongst others. The principles provide a framework for governance assessments and stewardship activity, clearly setting out the Investment Manager's expectations of company management and effective stakeholder management.

The assessment of good governance practices is supported by a broad range of governance information from third-party ESG data sets. These data sources also provide governance-related controversy information, which can be used to flag governance issues at investee companies. Governance assessments and information are fully incorporated into investment due diligence processes, ongoing monitoring of issuers in the portfolio, and stewardship activities.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

At least 90% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category will include investments and other instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 10% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the
 green investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g. for a
 transition to a green
 economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics
90%
Investments
#2 Other
0%

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments or to making Taxonomy-aligned investments. It is expected, however, that in pursuing its environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute to one or more of the following environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation: climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy⁴?

□Yes:

□ In fossil gas □ In nuclear energy

⊠No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.

⁴ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

performance. 2. Taxonomy-alignment of 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excluding sovereign investments including sovereign bonds* bonds* 0% Taxonomy- Taxonomyaligned (no fossil aligned (no fossil gas & nuclear) gas & nuclear) = Non Taxonomy-Non Taxonomyaligned aligned = 100% =100%This graph represents 100% of the total investments. ★ For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? are sustainable investments with an There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental sustainable economic objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? activities under the EU Taxonomy. There is no minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy. What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments? There is no committed minimum share of socially sustainable investments. What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards? "#2 Other" may include other investments and instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash, and cash equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included in the 'What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?' above. Minimum environmental and social safeguards set in exclusion criteria relating to global norms and activity-based screening still apply to the underlying securities. Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes? Reference benchmarks The Fund has not designated an index as a reference benchmark to attain the environmental are indexes to measure or social characteristics it promotes. whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or promote. social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

| Not applicable. |
|--|
| How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis? |
| Not applicable. |
| How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? |
| Not applicable. |
| Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? |
| Not applicable. |
| Where can I find more product specific information online? More product-specific information can be found on the website: |
| https://www.lazardassetmanagement.com/ie/en_uk/funds/offshore-funds/lazard-thematic-inflation-opportunities-fund/f4801/s306/ |
| |

WF-72697846-v1

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD GLOBAL CONVERTIBLES INVESTMENT GRADE FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the Prospectus.

This Supplement replaces the Supplement dated 22 March 2024.

The date of this Supplement is 28 March 2024.

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DEFINITIONS

"Convertible Bonds", bonds that may be converted into or exchanged for a prescribed amount of common stock or other equity securities of the relevant issuer(s) within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula and includes all types of convertible bond that are eligible for investment by UCITS, including specifically the following:

- Vanilla Convertible Bonds: where the convertible bond is convertible into the equity of the issuer
 of the convertible bond at the option of the holder;
- Exchangeable Convertible Bonds: where the convertible bond is convertible into the equity of a company other than issuer at the option of the holder;
- Convertible Bonds with detachable warrants: where the warrant attached to the convertible bond can be detached and traded separately;
- *Mandatory Convertible Bonds*: where the convertible bond is automatically converted into equity at maturity;

but not including contingent convertible securities (i.e. CoCo bonds), being instruments issued by financial institutions that force the conversion into equity according to specific trigger events. The Fund will not invest in CoCo bonds.

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank and Trust Company and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Debt Securities", include all types of UCITS-eligible bonds, convertible securities (including Convertible Bonds, warrants or convertible preferred stock), commercial paper, certificates of deposit, notes, short term debt obligations (i.e. debt obligations, such as treasuries or bonds that are due to mature within 1 year or within the then current fiscal year) and/or medium term debt obligations (i.e. debt obligations that are due to mature between 1 and 10 years of the date on which the debt was created).

"Fund", Lazard Global Convertibles Investment Grade Fund.

"Hard Currencies", means the Euro (EUR), the Swiss Franc (CHF), the Pound Sterling (GBP), the US Dollar (USD) and the Japanese Yen (JPY) currencies.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Grade", a rating of at least Baa3/BBB- by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency at the issue level if available, otherwise at the issuer level. In case of two ratings, the worst rating is decisive, in case of three or more ratings, the second best rating is decisive.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management LLC and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Non-Investment Grade", a rating of Ba1/BB+ to B3/B- inclusive by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency at the issue level if available, otherwise at the issuer level. In case of two ratings, the worst rating is decisive, in case of three or more ratings, the second best rating is decisive.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

"Unrated", having no rating assigned by a recognised rating agency, but deemed by the Investment Manager to be of an equivalent rating to a rating of B3/B- or higher by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised rating agency.

LAZARD GLOBAL CONVERTIBLES INVESTMENT GRADE FUND

INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 26 March 2021.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in **Appendix I** to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund, apart from those listed in Appendix I, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the Euro. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in **Appendix II** to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as medium to long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to maximise total return from income and capital growth.

Investment Policy

In pursuit of the Fund's investment objective, the Investment Manager pursues a globally-focused, actively-managed investment strategy that aims to build and maintain a diversified portfolio comprised primarily of direct investments in any combination of fixed and/or floating rate Investment Grade and/or Non-Investment Grade and/or Unrated Convertible Bonds and/or other Debt Securities issued by companies or financial institutions or by governments, government agencies, quasi sovereign entities or supranational bodies from across the world.

The focus of the strategy is to invest primarily in securities that qualify as Investment Grade as defined.

Investment in Unrated Convertible Bonds and/or other Debt Securities that are deemed by the Investment Manager to be of an equivalent rating to Investment Grade shall not in aggregate exceed 5% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

Investment in Convertible Bonds and/or other Debt Securities that qualify as Non-Investment Grade as defined, together with investment in Unrated Convertible Bonds and/or other Debt Securities that are deemed by the Investment Manager to be of an equivalent rating to Non-Investment Grade shall not in aggregate exceed 5% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

The Fund shall not make any investment in Convertible Bonds and/or other Debt Securities that do not qualify as either Investment Grade or Non-Investment Grade as defined nor shall it invest in any Unrated security which the Investment Manager deems not to be of a rating at least equivalent to Non-Investment Grade or higher.

Any security that is downgraded to below Non-Investment Grade following its acquisition by the Fund or any Unrated security that according to the Investment Manager's assessment is no longer of a rating at least equivalent to Non-Investment Grade may continue to be held by the Fund for a period not longer than 6 months following the date on which the security in question was downgraded and subject to all such securities representing in aggregate no more than 3% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time.

There are no restrictions on the average maturity of the Fund's portfolio or on the maturities of the individual debt instruments in which the Fund might invest.

The securities in which the Fund will invest will primarily be denominated in Hard Currencies but may be denominated in any currency the Investment Manager deems appropriate for investment including, for example, the Hong Kong Dollar (HKD) and the Singapore Dollar (SGD).

The Fund's total Convertible Bond investment universe comprises approximately of between 150-250 securities during normal periods. These are screened to identify those Convertible Bonds that the Investment Manager is satisfied have an acceptable liquidity profile – typically that is where the total issue size is in excess of US\$100 million.

Potential investment candidates then undergo a two-step bottom-up analysis process involving:

- quantitative and qualitative analysis (including credit analysis) of the Convertible Bonds; and
- fundamental analysis of the equities underlying the Convertible Bonds.

Proprietary quantitative analysis is undertaken by the Investment Manager in order to assess each Convertible Bond's exposure levels or sensitivity to factors such as equity market performance, interest rates, credit spreads and implied volatility and to assess the Convertible Bond's premium in order to assist the Investment Manager in forming a view regarding the relative value of each Convertible Bond when assessed against: (i) comparable peers; (ii) historical value/price levels; (iii) the solvency situation of the issuer and/or (iv) what the Investment Manager assesses to be the future growth outlook or valuation prospects of the underlying equity. Qualitative analysis includes, amongst other matters, in-dept analysis, by the Investment Manager, of the legal specifications relating to the Convertible Bond as set out in its Prospectus.

The Investment Manager will also conduct credit analysis which will look at the credit quality of the individual issuers of the Convertible Bonds (i.e. the capacity of the issuer to meet its obligations), the potential for credit improvement, the duration of the bonds, issue currency etc. This analysis will involve an assessment of the relevant issuer's leverage ratios and cash flow generation, as well as of its net cash position and debt maturity schedule. The Investment Manager will also assess how this analysis for each company compares to companies within the same peer group.

The Investment Manager also conducts fundamental, bottom-up analysis of the equities underlying the Convertible Bonds in which the Fund might invest in order to form a view as to the growth outlook for the issuer and the potential for improving valuations in the underlying stock. This will include carrying out in depth business analysis of each relevant issuer company to assess factors such as the company's growth trajectory, operating margins and net income margins and how they compare to those of other companies within the same peer group.

The Fund incorporates environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio. The Fund also

applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the issuer selection process. Information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

In the last stages of the portfolio construction process, the Investment Manager's bottom-up analysis is overlaid with its top-down macroeconomic view of such factors as interest rates, yield curves, credit risk, sector spreads and currencies in order to create an optimal risk/return profile for the portfolio (being one where the expected return on the equity sensitivity and/or on the bond component of the convertible is accompanied by limited default risk according to the Investment Manager's analysis). A final review is then conducted in order to ensure sufficient diversification (for example, in terms of issuer or issue concentrations) and liquidity across the portfolio.

Country allocations and industry/sector exposures are residual consequences of the stock selection process rather than primary drivers of it and stock selection is not undertaken by reference to a benchmark.

The Fund does not intend to invest directly in equities, however, by holding a convertible security to maturity, for example, or by exercising an option on a warrant (see further below under the heading "Investment in FDI") or on a convertible security, or otherwise as a result of conversion, the Fund may from time to time hold equity securities on an ancillary basis up to a limit of 10% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

The Fund may also invest in units or shares of collective investment schemes including exchange traded funds and/or other sub-funds of the Company where such investment is consistent with the investment policy of the Fund. Aggregate investment by the Fund in open-ended collective investment schemes shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

In seeking to achieve the Fund's investment objective, the Investment Manager may also make investments (including investments in derivative instruments as outlined below in the section entitled 'Investment in FDI') designed to hedge various market risks that might impact the value of the Fund's portfolio such as risks relating to interest rates, currency exchange rates, credit, volatility and broad or security-specific changes in the prices of securities. FDI may otherwise be utilised within the portfolio as outlined in the 'Investment in FDI' section below.

The Fund may also at times hold a portion of its Net Asset Value in cash which may be invested in accordance with the Investment Manager's cash management policy, as further detailed below in the section entitled "Cash and Cash Management".

Investment in securities listed or traded on the Regulated Markets of Russia shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time and shall be limited to securities that are listed or traded on the Moscow Exchange. As a global strategy, the Investment Manager, in selecting securities for investment retains the flexibility to invest up to 100% of the Fund's Net Asset Value in emerging markets.

Investment in FDI

Subject to the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank, the Fund may also engage in transactions in FDI for hedging purposes (for example, to protect an asset against, or minimise liability from, fluctuations in market value or foreign currency exposures) for efficient portfolio management purposes (with a view to achieving a reduction in risk, a reduction in costs or an increase in capital or income returns within a level of risk consistent with the risk profile of the Fund) and/or for direct investment purposes (with a view to generating returns).

These FDI may be dealt in over-the-counter or be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I to the Prospectus.

Investments in FDI shall be in accordance with the relevant provisions of Appendix II of the Prospectus, including those relating to collateral requirements and eligible counterparties, in addition to other requirements contained in the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank.

Counterparties to the OTC FDI in which the Fund invests shall have no discretion over the composition or management of the Fund's portfolio or over the underlying of the relevant FDI. The approval of a counterparty is not required in relation to any portfolio transaction.

The underlying reference items of the FDI in which the Fund may invest will primarily relate to debt, equity, credit, interest rates and currencies and the FDI in which the Fund will invest will primarily be used to hedge against and/or expose the portfolio to equity, interest rate, foreign exchange, credit and/or volatility risk.

The FDI in which the Fund has the flexibility to invest are as follows:

Forwards (foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards)

A forward contract locks in the price at which an index or asset may be purchased or sold on a future date. In forward foreign exchange contracts, the contract holders are obligated to buy or sell from another a specified amount of one currency at a specified price (exchange rate) with another currency on a specified future date. Forward contracts can be 'closed out' by entering into a reverse contract. The Fund may use foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards, to protect against fluctuations in the relative value of its portfolio positions as a result of changes in currency exchange rates and/or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Swaps (credit-default swaps ("CDS") and foreign exchange swaps)

Generally, a swap is a contractual agreement between two counterparties in which the cash flows from two reference assets are exchanged as they are received for a predetermined time period. The Fund may invest in CDS in order to transfer the credit risk arising from the Fund's holding of debt securities, acquire a specific credit exposure or to speculate on changes in CDS spreads. Foreign exchange swaps may be used by the Fund to manage exchange rate/currency risk arising in the portfolio or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Credit-default swap indices

A credit-default swap index (for example, CDX or iTRAXX) is a <u>credit derivative</u> used to hedge credit risk or to take a position on a <u>basket</u> of credit entities. Unlike a CDS, which is an over-the-counter credit derivative, a credit default swap index is a standardised credit security and may therefore be more <u>liquid</u> and trade at a smaller <u>bid-offer spread</u>. This means that it can be cheaper to hedge a portfolio of CDS or bonds with a credit-default swap index than it would be to buy many single name CDS to achieve a similar effect. Credit-default swap indices may be used by the Fund to hedge credit risk arising in the portfolio or to take a position on a basket of credit entities.

Options (equity options, currency options, bond options, options on equity and bond indices)

An option is a contract which gives the contract buyer the right, but not the obligation, to exercise a term of the option, such as buying a specified quantity of a particular product, asset or financial instrument, on, or up to and including, a future date (the exercise date). The 'writer' (seller) has the obligation to honour the specified term of the contract. Since the option gives the buyer a right and the seller an obligation, the buyer pays the seller a premium. Put options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to sell to the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Call options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to buy from the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Options may also be cash settled. The Fund may buy or sell (write) exchange-traded or over-the-counter put and call options. The Fund may invest in options in order to gain exposure to certain asset classes, baskets of assets or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without having to invest directly in the reference assets or markets, or in order to protect against risks arising in the Fund's portfolio.

Futures (equity and bond futures, currency futures, bond/credit index futures, equity index futures, interest rate futures, futures on government securities

Futures are contracts to buy or sell a standard quantity of a specific asset (or, in some cases, receive or pay cash based on the performance of an underlying asset, instrument or index) at a predetermined future date and at a price agreed through a transaction undertaken on an exchange. The Fund may invest in futures contracts in order to hedge against market risk, currency exchange risk or interest rate risk arising in its portfolio or to gain exposure to an underlying market or reference asset in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without investing directly. Using futures to achieve a particular strategy instead of investing directly in the underlying security or index may result in lower transaction costs being incurred by the Fund.

Convertible Securities

The Fund may invest in convertible securities, which are Convertible Bonds or preferred stock which may be converted into or exchanged for a prescribed amount of common stock of the same or different issuer within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula. A convertible security entitles the holder to receive interest paid or accrued on debt or the dividend paid on preferred stock until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion, convertible securities ordinarily provide a stream of income, which generate higher yields than those of common stocks of the same or similar issuers but lower than the yield on non-convertible debt. The convertible securities in which the Fund may invest may embed a derivative element and may, as a result, generate leverage.

Warrants

Warrants are similar to options in that they give the holder the right but not the obligation to buy or sell stock at a set price in the future. A warrant guarantees the holder the right to buy (or sell) a specific number of shares at a specific price (the strike price) for a defined period of time. Unlike options on equity securities that are listed and trade on exchanges, warrants are usually issued by corporations through private transactions and typically trade over-the-counter. Not more than 15% of the Fund's Net Asset Value is proposed to be invested in warrants at any time.

Leverage

The Fund's global exposure, being the incremental exposure and leverage generated by the Fund through its use of FDI, including through its investments in instruments which embed a derivative element, will be calculated on at least a daily basis using the commitment approach. Leverage in the portfolio shall at no time exceed 100% of the Fund's Net asset Value.

Cash and Cash Management

In addition to cash held by the Fund as ancillary liquidity for the settlement of transactions, the Fund may hold a portion of its Net Asset Value in cash due either to the Fund's use of FDI and/or because the Investment Manager otherwise deems it to be appropriate to do so. In such circumstances, the Investment Manager may seek to employ an effective cash management policy to seek to maximise the value of such cash holdings to the Fund, by investing in treasuries and a wide variety of other money market instruments and money market funds which satisfy Central Bank Requirements for investment by a UCITS and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below).

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

SFTR

The Fund does not invest in "Total Return Swaps" as such term is defined in accordance with the SFTR.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-5% | 10 % |

General

The securities in which the Fund will invest shall, subject to the Regulations, be listed and/or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus. Any investment in unlisted securities will be made in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

All of the Fund's investments will be made on a long-only basis and in accordance with the restrictions set out in Appendix III of the Prospectus.

Benchmark

Performance of the Fund is measured against the Refinitiv Global Focus Investment Grade Convertible Index (Euro unhedged, net dividends or coupons reinvested, (Ticker: UICBFOIE) (the "Benchmark Index") for comparative purposes. The Benchmark Index provides a broad-based measure of the global markets for convertible bonds.

In pursuing its investment objective, the Fund aims to outperform the Benchmark Index. However, the Fund does not target any particular level of outperformance of the Benchmark Index as an objective.

The Fund is actively managed (meaning that the Investment Manager has discretion over the composition of the Fund's portfolio subject to its stated investment objective and policy as set out above). The strategy pursued by the Fund does not impose hard limits on the extent to which portfolio holdings and/or weights must adhere to or may diverge from the composition of the Benchmark Index. Although the Fund has full flexibility to invest in securities not represented in the Benchmark Index, it is nonetheless likely to invest significantly in constituent securities of the Benchmark Index and it is anticipated that in normal market conditions anywhere between 30% and 90% of the Fund's Net Asset Value is likely to be invested directly in constituents of the Benchmark Index, but not necessarily in the same weightings as the constituents of the Benchmark Index.

The Directors reserve the right, if they consider it in the interests of the Fund to do so and with the consent of the Depositary, to substitute another index for the Benchmark Index, in the circumstances set out in the section of the Prospectus entitled 'Benchmark Indices'. In the event of such a substitution this Supplement will be updated to reflect the change.

Currency Hedging Policy

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions, including investment in FDI, in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising both at the level of its portfolio holdings and at Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The FDI which the Fund may use for currency hedging purposes are set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment in FDI".

Hedging at Portfolio Level

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to protect the value of specific portfolio positions or in anticipation of changes in the relative values of the currencies in which current or future Fund portfolio holdings are denominated or quoted. For example, the Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to offset the currency exposure arising as a result of Investments in its portfolio being denominated in currencies different from the Fund Base Currency, or to protect against movements in currency exchange rates between the date on which the Investment Manager contracts to purchase or sell a security and the settlement date for the purchase or sale of that security, or to "lock in" the equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in another currency.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may also engage in currency hedging transactions in order to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative either to the Fund's Base Currency or to the currencies in which the prorata portion of the assets of the Fund attributable to that Share class are denominated, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The Currency Manager has been appointed to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services in respect of the Hedged Share Classes of the Fund.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class that is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, overhedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

Risk Factors

Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of all of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Inflation Risk", "Credit Risk and Counterparty Risk", "Market Fluctuations", "Active Management Risk", "Liquidity Risk", "Risks Associated with Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities", "FDI Risk Factors" and "Emerging Markets Risk Factors") in addition to those set out below.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is the Euro. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

The Fund has the flexibility to invest in assets denominated in currencies different to the Fund Base Currency. Where the currencies in which portfolio assets are denominated differ from the Fund Base Currency and such exposures are not hedged the Fund may be affected unfavourably due to fluctuations in the relevant rates of exchange.

Convertible Securities Risk

Convertible securities include corporate bonds and preferred stocks of issuers that can be converted into (that is, exchanged for) common stocks or other equity securities at a stated price or rate. Convertible securities also include other securities, such as warrants, that provide an opportunity for equity participation. Because convertible securities can be converted into equity securities, their value will normally vary in some proportion with those of the underlying equity securities. Due to the conversion feature, convertible securities generally yield less than non-convertible fixed income securities of similar credit quality and maturity. The Fund's investment in convertible securities may at times include securities that have a mandatory conversion feature, pursuant to which the securities convert automatically into common stock at a specified date and conversion ratio. When conversion is not at the option of the holder, the Fund may be required to convert the security into the underlying common stock even at times when the value of the underlying common stock has declined substantially.

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "Policy") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the Policy requires the Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of companies, Materiality Mapping⁵ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely may have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

Profile of a Typical Investor

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⁵ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map™.

The Fund is suitable for investors with a medium to long term investment horizon seeking to achieve a return from an actively managed portfolio providing exposure primarily (although not exclusively) to convertible securities where their investment does not form a substantial portion of their portfolio and who are willing to tolerate a medium level of volatility.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES

Establishment Costs

All fees and expenses relating to the establishment of the Fund and the fees of the professional advisers to the Fund (establishment expenses) not exceeding €60,000 will be borne by the Fund.

To the extent that such fees and expenses are borne by the Fund, they will be amortised over the first 60 months of the lifetime of the Fund or such other period as the Directors may determine and will be charged as between the various classes thereof established by the Company within the amortisation period and in such manner as the Directors (with the consent of the Depositary) deem fair and equitable, provided that each class thereof will bear its own direct establishment costs and provided that such proportion of the establishment expenses as are to be amortised in each year are subject to the annual expense cap set out in the section entitled "Other Expenses Cap" below. If the effect of this accounting treatment becomes material in the future and there is a requirement to write off the unamortised balance of establishment and organisational costs, the Directors will reconsider this policy.

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges, each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that Hedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses out of Fund assets, with the exception of the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and subcustodial transaction charges – which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates - brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes), is subject to a cap of 0.30% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of the Expense Cap. For the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges (if any), brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes, where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

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|--------------|----|------------|--------|-----|-------|------|------|----|------------|
| GBP | C | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | M | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JF I | | | | | | | | | |

| JPY | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|------------|--------|-----|-------|------|----|----|------------|
| JPY | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| EUR (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
|--|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------------------|---|
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | See Note 8 |
| GBP | X | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | | | | | |
| | | | | | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | | | | 0.0 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | None 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | A AP | €250,000 €250,000 | €1,000 €1,000 | | | | | | |
| HKD (Hedged) | | · | | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | AP B | €250,000 €500 | €1,000 €10 | €10 €10 €10 | 0.65% 0.80% 1.20% | 3% 3% 5% | 2% 2% 2% | 1% 1% 1% | See Note 8 See Note 8 See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | AP B BP | €250,000 €500 | €1,000 €10 €10 | €10 €10 €10 €10 | 0.65% 0.80% 1.20% 1.75% | 3% 3% 5% 5% | 2% 2% 2% 2% | 1% 1% 1% 1% | See Note 8 See Note 8 See Note 8 See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) | AP B BP C | €250,000 €500 €500 | €1,000 €10 €10 | €10 €10 €10 €10 | 0.65% 0.80% 1.20% 1.75% 0.65% | 3% 3% 5% 5% 3% | 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% | 1% 1% 1% 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) | AP B BP C EA | €250,000 €500 €500 €500 | €1,000 €10 €10 €10 €10 | €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 | 0.65% 0.80% 1.20% 1.75% 0.65% 0.35% | 3% 3% 5% 5% 3% 3% | 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% | 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) | AP B BP C EA X | €250,000 €500 €500 €500 €500 €1,000,000 | €1,000 €10 €10 €10 €10 €1,000 | €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 | 0.65% 0.80% 1.20% 1.75% 0.65% 0.35% None | 3% 3% 5% 5% 3% 3% None | 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% | 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) USD | AP B BP C EA X | €250,000 €500 €500 €500 €500 €1,000,000 | €1,000 €10 €10 €10 €10 €1,000 | €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 | 0.65% 0.80% 1.20% 1.75% 0.65% None | 3% 3% 5% 5% 3% 3% None | 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% | 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) USD | AP B BP C EA X A AP | €250,000 €500 €500 €500 €500 €1,000,000 €250,000 | €1,000 €10 €10 €10 €10 €1,000 €1,000 | €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 | 0.65% 0.80% 1.20% 1.75% 0.65% 0.35% None 0.65% 0.80% | 3% 3% 5% 5% 3% 3% None | 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% | 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) USD USD | AP B BP C EA X A AP B | €250,000 €500 €500 €500 €500 €1,000,000 €250,000 €250,000 | €1,000 €10 €10 €10 €10 €1,000 €1,000 €1,000 | €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 | 0.65% 0.80% 1.20% 1.75% 0.65% 0.35% None 0.65% 0.80% 1.20% | 3% 5% 5% 3% None 3% 5% | 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% | 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) HKD (Hedged) USD USD USD | AP B BP C EA X A AP B BP | €250,000 €500 €500 €500 €500 €1,000,000 €250,000 €250,000 €500 | €1,000 €10 €10 €10 €10 €1,000 €1,000 €1,000 €10 €10 | €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 €10 | 0.65% 0.80% 1.20% 1.75% 0.65% 0.35% None 0.65% 0.80% 1.20% 1.75% | 3% 3% 5% 5% 3% None 3% 5% 5% | 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2% 2 | 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% 1% | See Note 8 |

| USD | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|------------|--------|-----|-------|------|------|----|------------|
| USD (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY | Α | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.20% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.65% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Notes:

(1) Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.

Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes

- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).
- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager. The Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.
- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.

A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.

- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offer Price | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Share Classes | Initial Offer Price | | | | |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF100 | | | | |
| All EUR denominated classes | EUR100 | | | | |
| All GBP denominated classes | GBP100 | | | | |
| All HKD denominated classes | HKD1,000 | | | | |
| All JPY denominated classes | JPY10,000 | | | | |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of the USD denominated M class) | USD100 | | | | |
| USD denominated M class | USD1,000 | | | | |

| | Share Class Types |
|------------|---|
| C Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of the C Classes is a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. |
| EA Classes | The Annual Management Fee chargeable in respect of Shares of the EA Classes has been set at a rate intended to attract assets into the Fund. It is therefore intended that the EA Classes will only be available for investment, in accordance with the provisions set out below, for a limited period following publication of this Supplement. Subject as set out below, the EA Classes shall be closed to all further subscriptions on the expiration of one month following closure of the Initial Offer Period for the first of the EA Classes to attract investment or once the Net Asset Value of the Fund has reached €150 million (or such other amount as the Directors may at their discretion determine), whichever occurs first. Once the Directors have exercised their discretion to close the EA Classes to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, a notice to that effect will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com . Shares of the EA Classes can be redeemed at any time in accordance with the normal redemption procedures set out in the section entitled "Redemption Procedure" in Appendix II of this Supplement. |
| M Classes | Shares in the M Classes are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). For the purposes of this section: "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |
| X Classes | Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Investor Agreement. |

No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus.

The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever.

For the purpose of this section:

"Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with such investment as are specified in the agreement.

"Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership.

APPENDIX II

| | Dealing Information |
|---|--|
| Business Day | a day normally treated as a business day in Dublin, London and New York. |
| Cut-Off Time | 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day* |
| | being the point in time on a Dealing Day up until which applications for subscriptions, switches, transfers and redemptions will be accepted. |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard Global Convertibles Investment Grade Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogersons Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. |
| Fund Base Currency | Euro (EUR) |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in such format as may be requested by the Administrator. |
| Share Price | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share.** ** see section below entitled "Dilution and Swing Pricing" for information as to how the Net Asset Value per Share may be adjusted on any Dealing Day in calculating the Share Price in order to counteract the effects of dilution. |

| | Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. |
|-------------------------|---|
| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class, which may be adjusted in the manner set out immediately below in the section entitled 'Dilution and Swing Pricing'.

DILUTION AND SWING PRICING

Certain costs are customarily incurred when a Fund has to buy or sell portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to requests for subscription or redemption of its Shares.

These dealing costs comprise Duties and Charges incurred in the purchase or sale of Investments and include the costs associated with spreads – i.e. the costs to a Fund associated with spreads between the estimated value attributed to Investments when calculating its Net Asset Value and the actual price at which such Investments are ultimately bought or sold by the Fund in the market place ("Spreads"). The incurring of such costs by the Fund can result in the Fund's value being diminished or 'diluted'.

With a view to mitigating the effects of dilution on the Fund, in certain circumstances, and at the Directors' discretion, the Company applies a dilution adjustment in the calculation of the Share Price for its Shares, a policy known as "swing pricing".

Swing pricing, where applied to the Fund, aims to apply the burden of the costs associated with dealing in the Fund's Shares to the investors that actually request those Share deals on any particular Dealing Day, and not to the Shareholders in the Fund who are not trading in the Fund's Shares on the relevant Dealing Day. In this way, although it is not the aim of swing pricing to enhance results over time, it operates to mitigate the adverse effects of dilution as a result of those costs and to preserve and protect the value of shareholdings, thereby benefiting long-term Shareholders' net returns.

Swing pricing will operate in a manner that will aim to ensure that when, on any particular Dealing Day, the net dealing position exceeds a certain threshold, the Company will have the discretion to adjust the price for the Fund's Shares on that day so as to include a provision to account for the estimated associated costs. In this way, on any Dealing Day on which such an adjustment is applied, investors dealing in the Fund's Shares on that day, rather than the Fund itself (i.e. not the then existing or continuing Shareholders of the Fund), will bear the costs estimated to be incurred when buying or selling portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to the dealing requests received.

Swing pricing, where applied, will involve pricing the Shares of the Fund as set out below:

(iii) where the Fund is in a net subscription position on any particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total purchases of the Fund's Shares exceeds total redemptions) and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share

may be adjusted upwards by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted upwards; and

(iv) where the Fund is in a net redemption position on a particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total redemptions of the Fund's Shares exceeds total subscriptions), and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be adjusted downwards by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted downwards.

Accordingly, where applied for the purpose of calculating the Share Price on any particular Dealing Day, the swing pricing mechanism will involve the relevant Net Asset Value per Share being either increased to arrive at the Share Price (when the Fund is in a net subscription position) or decreased (when the Fund is in a net redemption position) by a percentage factor determined by the Company from time to time at its sole discretion (the "Swing Adjustment").

Since the Swing Adjustment for the Fund will be calculated by reference to the estimated or predicted costs of dealing in the underlying Investments of the Fund, including any dealing Spreads, and these can vary with market conditions, this means that the amount of the Swing Adjustment may vary over time. However, as indicated above, the Swing Adjustment, where applied to the Fund, shall not ordinarily exceed 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share. In exceptional circumstances, however, and only where deemed by the Directors to be necessary in order to protect Shareholders' interests in the Fund, the Swing Adjustment may exceed this threshold.

Where a Swing Adjustment is applied on any particular Dealing Day, it is applied to the Net Asset Value per Share. The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of Shares of the Fund is calculated separately, but any Swing Adjustment will in percentage terms affect the Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of the Fund in an identical manner. Investors who subscribe into or redeem from the same Class of Shares on any particular Dealing Day will deal at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class as adjusted, where relevant, by the Swing Adjustment. The Share Price for Shares of a particular Class on any Dealing Day will therefore always be the same regardless of whether an investor is subscribing into or redeeming from that Class. Where no Swing Adjustment is applied, investors will subscribe and redeem at the unadjusted Net Asset Value per Share for the relevant Class.

As indicated, the Swing Adjustment will be of a level that the Company considers appropriate to mitigate the dilutionary effects of the Duties and Charges which may be incurred by the Fund as a result of having to acquire or dispose of assets for the portfolio, as relevant, following subscriptions, redemptions and/or switches in and out of the Fund on the relevant Dealing Day. Importantly, the Swing Adjustment is designed to account for an approximation or estimate of the relevant dealing costs and may not reflect exactly (either underestimating or overestimating) the precise costs that are ultimately incurred. Any such overestimate will accrue to the benefit of the Fund, whereas any underestimate shall be borne by the Fund.

Additionally, a Swing Adjustment will typically only be applied if, on a given Dealing Day, the relevant net dealing position in the Fund exceeds a level (the "Swing Threshold") that has been pre-determined by the Company at its discretion. The Company, however, retains the discretion not to apply a Swing Adjustment, where this is considered to be in the best interests of Shareholders of the Fund as a whole. Where the Fund is experiencing net subscriptions or net redemptions of Shares and a Swing Adjustment is not applied, there may be an adverse dilutionary impact on the value of the Fund. The Company may also in the future remove the Swing Threshold for the Fund with the result that, when calculating the Share Price, the Net Asset Value of its Shares would be adjusted whenever there are net purchases or net redemptions of Shares.

The Company will not benefit from the operation of swing pricing and it will be imposed only in a manner, that, so far as is practicable, is fair to Shareholders and solely for the purposes of reducing dilution. At all times, a robust governance framework will be operated by the Company in relation to its application and use of swing pricing so as to ensure that both the Swing Threshold and the level of any Swing Adjustment are

subject to appropriate review and revision as necessary taking into consideration the best interests of Shareholders.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

| | Product name: | Lazard Global Convertibles Investment Grade Fund | Legal entity identifier: | 254900AJOIQYHH23WS22 | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that | En | Environmental and/or social characteristics | | | | | | | | |
| contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the | Does this financia | l product have a sustainable | e investment | objective? | | | | | | |
| investment does not significantly harm any | ■ □ Yes | | ⊠ No | | | | | | | |
| environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. | _ | a minimum of sustainable with an environmental _% | (E/S) c not hav investm | motes Environmental/Social haracteristics and while it does we as its objective a sustainable nent, it will have a minimum ion of 15% of sustainable nents | | | | | | |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic | in economic environmentall Taxonomy | , , | activitie | n environmental objective in economic es that qualify as environmentally nable under the EU Taxonomy | | | | | | |
| activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable | | activities that do not qualify as y sustainable under the EU | activitie sustair | n environmental objective in economic es that do not qualify as environmentally nable under the EU Taxonomy | | | | | | |
| investments with an environmental objective | | | with a | social objective | | | | | | |
| might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | investments | a minimum of sustainable with a social objective: | not investr | | | | | | | |
| | What environment product? | ntal and/or social charact | eristics are | promoted by this financial | | | | | | |
| | 5. To invest at Investment I 6. To maintain referred to methodology assesses a a company i 7. To avoid investment which levera Fund that protestment investment investment | Manager, qualify as sustainable weighted average ESG ratin in the section of this Suply is based on a combination of company's exposure to indust a managing those issues. Esting in companies that violate Manager assesses companied ages third-party vendor informobilits investing in or obtaining the manager to violate United | V in companile investmenting that is bette plement entile for proprietary attry-specific material entiles against armation. An exergistic exposure to Nations Glob | ies which, in the opinion of the s. er than the Benchmark Index (as tled "Benchmark"). The rating and third-party ESG analysis that aterial ESG issues and how well conmental and social norms. The internally generated watchlist, clusion policy is applied by the companies that are deemed by ball Compact (UNGC) principles. Jum, do not meet social and | | | | | | |

| | environmental norms with regards to human rights, labour, and anti-corruption, as well as environmental degradation. 8. To promote certain minimum environmental and social safeguards by applying specific exclusion criteria on corporates that are involved in controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. |
|---|---|
| Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. | What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? |
| | The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund are attained: |
| | The Fund invests a minimum of 15% of NAV in investments which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, qualify as sustainable investments. The Fund's weighted average ESG rating is better than that of the Benchmark Index. |
| | The Fund has no exposure to companies deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching the UNGC principles. The Fund has no exposure to companies excluded by the exclusion criteria relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. |
| | What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? |
| | 1. For environmentally sustainable investments, qualifying companies are assessed for their contribution to environmental objectives such as energy efficiency and resource efficiency activities such as renewable energy, water efficiency, green transportation, and digitisation, which support lower environmental impact from emissions and resource use. The Investment Manager identifies qualifying companies which contribute to environmental objectives by assessing: |
| | Positive contribution through products/services to environmental objectives. The Investment Manager undertakes a revenue-based assessment, using third-party company-level sustainability impact data, to determine the positive contribution of a company's products/services to environmental objectives. Companies which have, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, sufficient levels of revenue from products/services that have a positive sustainability impact can qualify as sustainable investments. |
| | Revenue alignment to environmental objectives set out under the Taxonomy Regulation ((EU) 2020/852) including climate change mitigation and adaptation. The Investment Manager uses third-party data on companies' Taxonomy-aligned revenue levels to determine a company's contribution to climate change mitigation and/or adaptation. Companies which have, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, sufficient levels of Taxonomy-aligned revenue can qualify as sustainable investments. |
| | Positive alignment and operational performance with respect to carbon reduction and net zero targets. The Investment Manager uses a proprietary climate assessment model, based on the Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change's (IIGC) Net Zero Investment Framework, to grade and assess companies carbon reduction and net zero ambitions. Companies' operations which are, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, sufficiently aligned with a net zero emissions objective can qualify as sustainable investments. |

2. For socially sustainable investments, qualifying companies are assessed for their contribution to social objectives such as improved health care, sustainable food production

sustainable investments.

and sourcing, improved safety and security services, access to financial services through inclusion, and improved education systems. The Investment Manager identifies qualifying companies which contribute to social objectives by undertaking a revenue-based assessment, using third-party company-level sustainability impact data, to determine the positive contribution of a company's products/services to social objectives. Companies which have, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, sufficient levels of revenue from products/services that have a positive sustainability impact can qualify as sustainable investments.

3. For socially/environmentally sustainable investments in fixed income securities, any investment in bonds the proceeds of which are used to pursue environmental, social and/or sustainability initiatives can qualify as sustainable investments. These bonds are often referred to as labelled bonds in the market. The environmental, social, or sustainable use of proceeds from a labelled bond is explicitly specified in the terms of the bond, and the issuer generally follows the voluntary green bond principles, social bond principles or sustainable bond guidelines set out in the Green Bonds Principles.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti- corruption and

anti- bribery matters.

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The companies that qualify as sustainable investments are assessed as not significantly harming (DNSH) any environmental or social objectives through steps such as:

- screening out companies with material revenue exposure to controversial business activities, such as tobacco, gambling, weapons, electricity generation from fossil fuels.
- post screen, undertaking an assessment of the relevant and available indicators of principal adverse impact (PAI) of the qualifying companies on sustainability factors to assess companies' interaction with key stakeholders such as employees, customers, communities, and the environment, as further detailed below.
- an assessment of qualifying companies' compliance with global environmental and social norms through the UNGC process, as further detailed below.

Companies that do not pass the DNSH assessment do not qualify as a sustainable investment.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

The Investment Manager's DNSH assessment takes into account the PAI indicators by reviewing the performance of qualifying companies against relative or absolute thresholds for the relevant mandatory PAI indicators (set out in Table 1, Annex I, EU Regulation 2022/1288 (SFDR Level 2)) for which data is sufficiently available. Relative thresholds for relevant PAI indicators (e.g. PAI 3, 4) are set by reference to peer performance against the PAI indicators in the sub-industry in which the qualifying company operates. Absolute thresholds are those embedded in the PAI indicator methodologies and criteria under SFDR Level 2 (e.g. PAI 10). The worst performing companies, either in relative or absolute terms, will not pass the DNSH assessment and will not qualify as sustainable investments.

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Investment due diligence is carried out on investments' alignment with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights by leveraging third-party data on United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles. Post-investment monitoring ensures any sustainable investment flagged as being in violation of the UNGC principles by the relevant third-party vendor is assessed by the Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG team which will assign a pass/fail after a thorough assessment. An investment which fails this assessment will automatically not qualify as a sustainable investment.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Through pre-investment global norms and activity-based exclusions, the following PAIs are considered:

- Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14, Table 1)

Through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs are considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, such as engagement or voting, the following PAIs are considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Material environmental and social issues such as those listed in the PAIs are regularly identified by investment professionals and are incorporated as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information and relative industry positioning. Given

| | limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time. | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Information relating to PAIs will be made available in the Fund's annual financial reports. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | □No | | | |
| | What investment strategy does this financial product follow? | | | |
| The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance | Lazard Global Convertibles Investment Grade Fund is an actively managed convertible bond strategy that invests primarily in investment grade global convertible bonds. Issues are selected for the Fund using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" and in accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund. | | | |
| | What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? | | | |
| | The Fund has the following binding elements: | | | |
| | For environmentally and socially sustainable investments, the Investment Manager assesses positive contribution to environmental and/or social objectives and DNSH compliance. Specific thresholds must be met to qualify as sustainable investments under the Investment Manager's framework as further detailed in the sections above: What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? and How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? The Fund's ESG rating is monitored against the Benchmark Index to ensure it outperforms on a weighted average basis over the reference period. The ESG rating measures companies' exposure to, and performance managing, material environmental, social, and governance considerations. The Investment Manager seeks to achieve a better overall ESG rating by making investments in issuers with attractive ESG characteristics and limiting exposure to companies with higher sustainability risks. The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on third-party data and internal research. Any company deemed to be breaching UNGC principles will be excluded from the Fund's investment universe and the Fund will have 0% exposure to such companies. The Fund applies activity-based exclusion criteria for certain products and services and will have 0% exposure to securities excluded under this policy. The exclusion criteria for the Fund includes companies which are involved in: the manufacture or production of controversial weapons (any revenue from anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, nuclear weapons in countries not party to the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), biological weapons, chemical weapons, depleted uranium weapons.). < | | | |

- tobacco production which represents 5% of revenue or greater.
- thermal coal mining or production which represents 30% of revenue or greater.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager has developed Global Governance Principles that set out expectations for corporate governance on issues such as board independence, accountability and composition, as well as culture, remuneration, shareholder rights, amongst others. The principles provide a framework for governance assessments and stewardship activity, clearly setting out the Investment Manager's expectations of company management and effective stakeholder management.

The assessment of good governance practices is relevant only for corporate issuers in the Fund. The assessment is supported by a broad range of governance information from third-party ESG data sets. These data sources also provide governance-related controversy information, which can be used to flag governance issues at investee companies. Governance assessments and information are taken into consideration as part of due diligence processes, ongoing monitoring of issuers in the portfolio, and stewardship activities.



What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

At least 90% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund invests a minimum of 15% of NAV in sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category will include investments and other instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 10% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis.

the share of investments in specific assets.

Asset allocation describes

Good governance

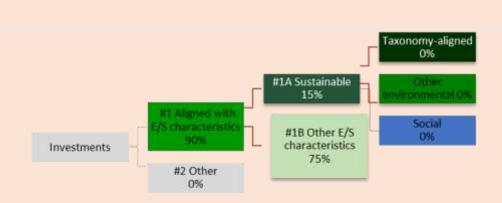
tax compliance.

practices include sound

management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the
 green investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g. for a
 transition to a green
 economy.
 - operational



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial

expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives.
- The sub-category #1B Other E/S characteristics covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.
- How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and to renewable switching power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety management rules.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to substantial make contribution

environmental objective. Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

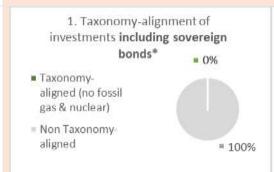
The Fund does not commit to making Taxonomy-aligned investments. Therefore, the minimum share of Taxonomy-aligned environmentally sustainable investments is 0%. It is expected, however, that in pursuing its environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute to one or more of the following environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation: climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation.

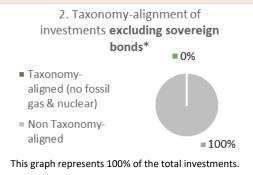
Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy6?

☐ In fossil gas ☐ In nuclear energy

⊠No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





⁶ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

 For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund intends to make sustainable investments. While the sum of non-Taxonomy aligned environmentally sustainable investments and socially sustainable investments always adds up to the Fund's minimum proportion of 15% sustainable investments, the Fund does not commit to a minimum share of non-Taxonomy aligned environmentally sustainable investments because the Fund's investment strategy does not have a specific environmental investment objective. Therefore, the minimum share of non-Taxonomy aligned environmentally sustainable investments is 0%.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

The Fund intends to make sustainable investments. While the sum of environmentally sustainable investments and socially sustainable investments always adds up to the Fund's minimum proportion of 15% sustainable investments, the Fund does not commit to a minimum share of socially sustainable investments because the Fund's investment strategy does not have a specific social investment objective. Therefore, the minimum share of scoially sustainable investments is 0%.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

"#2 Other" may include other investments and instruments of the Fund that cannot qualify as sustainable invesments or be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash, and cash equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included in the 'What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?' above.

Minimum environmental and social safeguards set in exclusion criteria relating to global norms and activity-based screening still apply to the underlying securities.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

| Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote. | The Fund has not designated an index as a reference benchmark to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes. |
|--|--|
| | How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | Where can I find more product specific information online? More product-specific information can be found on the website: |
| | https://www.lazardassetmanagement.com/ie/en_uk/funds/ucits-funds/lazard-global-convertibles-investment-grade-fund/f4001/s216/?shareClass=10623 |

WF-71676378-v9.exv

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD GLOBAL CONVERTIBLES RECOVERY FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the Prospectus.

This Supplement replaces the Supplement dated 22 March 2024.

The date of this Supplement is 28 March 2024.

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DEFINITIONS

"Convertible Bonds", bonds that may be converted into or exchanged for a prescribed amount of common stock or other equity securities of the relevant issuer(s) within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula and includes all types of convertible bond that are eligible for investment by UCITS, including specifically the following:

- Vanilla Convertible Bonds: where the convertible bond is convertible into the equity of the issuer
 of the convertible bond at the option of the holder:
- Exchangeable Convertible Bonds: where the convertible bond is convertible into the equity of a company other than issuer at the option of the holder;
- Convertible Bonds with detachable warrants: where the warrant attached to the convertible bond can be detached and traded separately;
- Mandatory Convertible Bonds: where the convertible bond is automatically converted into equity at maturity;

but not including contingent convertible securities (i.e. CoCo bonds), being instruments issued by financial institutions that force the conversion into equity according to specific trigger events. The Fund will not invest in CoCo bonds.

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank and Trust Company and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Debt Securities", include all types of UCITS-eligible bonds, convertible securities (including Convertible Bonds, warrants or convertible preferred stock), commercial paper, certificates of deposit, notes, short term debt obligations (i.e. debt obligations, such as treasuries or bonds that are due to mature within 1 year or within the then current fiscal year) and/or medium term debt obligations (i.e. debt obligations that are due to mature between 1 and 10 years of the date on which the debt was created).

"Fund", Lazard Global Convertibles Recovery Fund.

"Hard Currencies", means the Euro (EUR), the Swiss Franc (CHF), the Pound Sterling (GBP), the US Dollar (USD) and the Japanese Yen (JPY) currencies.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Grade", a rating of at least Baa3/BBB- by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management LLC and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Non-Investment Grade", a rating of Ba1/BB+ to B3/B- inclusive by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

"Unrated", having no rating assigned by a recognised rating agency, but deemed by the Investment Manager to be of an equivalent rating to a rating of B3/B- or higher by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised rating agency.

LAZARD GLOBAL CONVERTIBLES RECOVERY FUND

INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 31 July 2020.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in **Appendix I** to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund, apart from those listed in Appendix I, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in **Appendix II** to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as medium to long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to maximise total return from income and capital growth.

Investment Policy

In pursuit of the Fund's investment objective, the Investment Manager pursues a globally-focused, actively-managed investment strategy designed primarily to identify and invest, as and when opportunities arise, in Convertible Bonds that the Investment Manager has determined are likely to experience recovery in valuations.

The strategy pursued by the Fund aims to identify opportunities to acquire Convertible Bonds which, according to the Investment Manager's analysis, have effectively been mispriced or undervalued by the market as a result of some manner of company specific, sectoral, regional or global disruption event (such as, for example, the COVID-19 market environment) but which, in the Investment Manager's opinion, are likely to experience some degree of recovery in their valuation/price, perhaps even to levels observed prior to the disruption event having occurred. The strategy specifically focuses on investment opportunities presented by companies, sectors or regions that have been underperforming or that are undervalued at the time of investment – for example, from a credit, equity or implied volatility standpoint (i.e. where either the equity component or the credit/bond component of

the convertible security is undervalued or where the implied volatility of the convertible is undervalued), but will also actively seek to invest in new Convertible Bond issuance that are eligible for investment by UCITS.

The Investment Manager, in pursuing this strategy, will aim to build and maintain a diversified portfolio comprised primarily of direct investments in any combination of fixed and/or floating rate Investment Grade and/or Non-Investment Grade and/or Unrated Convertible Bonds and/or other Debt Securities issued by companies or financial institutions or by governments, government agencies, quasi sovereign entities or supranational bodies from across the world.

Any rated security that is downgraded following acquisition by the Fund may continue to be held by the Fund until such time as the Investment Manager in its sole discretion determines to liquidate the position. The Fund shall at all times retain the flexibility to invest up to 100% of its Net Asset Value in securities that are rated below Investment Grade.

There are no restrictions on the average maturity of the Fund's portfolio or on the maturities of the individual debt instruments in which the Fund might invest.

The securities in which the Fund will invest will primarily be denominated in Hard Currencies, but may be denominated in any currency the Investment Manager deems appropriate for investment including, for example, the Hong Kong Dollar (HKD) and the Singapore Dollar (SGD).

The Fund's total Convertible Bond investment universe comprises approximately 1000 securities, which are screened to identify those Convertible Bonds that the Investment Manager is satisfied have an acceptable liquidity profile – typically that is where the total issue size is in excess of US\$100 million.

Potential investment candidates then undergo a two-step bottom-up analysis process involving:

- quantitative and qualitative analysis (including credit analysis) of the Convertible Bonds; and
- fundamental analysis of the equities underlying the Convertible Bonds.

Proprietary quantitative analysis is undertaken by the Investment Manager in order to assess each Convertible Bond's exposure levels or sensitivity to factors such as equity market performance, interest rates, credit spreads and implied volatility and to assess the Convertible Bond's premium in order to assist the Investment Manager in forming a view regarding the relative value of each Convertible Bond when assessed against: (i) comparable peers; (ii) historical value/price levels; (iii) the solvency situation of the issuer and/or (iv) what the Investment Manager assesses to be the future growth outlook or valuation prospects of the underlying equity. Qualitative analysis includes, amongst other matters, in-dept analysis, by the Investment Manager, of the legal specifications relating to the Convertible Bond as set out in its Prospectus.

The Investment Manager will also conduct credit analysis which will look at the credit quality of the individual issuers of the Convertible Bonds (i.e. the capacity of the issuer to meet its obligations), the potential for credit improvement, the duration of the bonds, issue currency etc. This analysis will involve an assessment of the relevant issuer's leverage ratios and cash flow generation, as well as of its net cash position and debt maturity schedule. The Investment Manager will also assess how this analysis for each company compares to companies within the same peer group.

The Investment Manager also conducts fundamental, bottom-up analysis of the equities underlying the Convertible Bonds in which the Fund might invest in order to form a view as to the growth outlook for the issuer and the potential for improving valuations in the underlying stock. This will include carrying out in depth business analysis of each relevant issuer company to assess factors such as the company's growth trajectory, operating margins and net income margins and how they compare to those of other companies within the same peer group.

The Fund incorporates environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio. The Fund also applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the issuer selection process. Information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related

features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

In the last stages of the portfolio construction process, the Investment Manager's bottom-up analysis is overlaid with its top-down macroeconomic view of such factors as interest rates, yield curves, credit risk, sector spreads and currencies in order to create an optimal risk/return profile for the portfolio (being one where the expected return on the equity sensitivity and/or on the bond component of the convertible is accompanied by limited default risk according to the Investment Manager's analysis). A final review is then conducted in order to ensure sufficient diversification (for example, in terms of issuer or issue concentrations) and liquidity across the portfolio.

Country allocations and industry/sector exposures are residual consequences of the stock selection process rather than primary drivers of it and stock selection is not undertaken by reference to a benchmark.

The Fund does not intend to invest directly in equities, however, by holding a convertible security to maturity, for example, or by exercising an option on a warrant (see further below under the heading "Investment in FDI") or on a convertible security, or otherwise as a result of conversion, the Fund may from time to time hold equity securities on an ancillary basis up to a limit of 10% of the Net Asset Value of the Fund.

The Fund may also invest in units or shares of collective investment schemes including exchange traded funds and/or other sub-funds of the Company where such investment is consistent with the investment policy of the Fund. Aggregate investment by the Fund in open-ended collective investment schemes shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

In seeking to achieve the Fund's investment objective, the Investment Manager may also make investments (including investments in derivative instruments as outlined below in the section entitled 'Investment in FDI') designed to hedge various market risks that might impact the value of the Fund's portfolio such as risks relating to interest rates, currency exchange rates, credit, volatility and broad or security-specific changes in the prices of securities. FDI may otherwise be utilised within the portfolio as outlined in the 'Investment in FDI' section below.

The Fund may also at times hold a portion of its Net Asset Value in cash which may be invested in accordance with the Investment Manager's cash management policy, as further detailed below in the section entitled "Cash and Cash Management".

Investment in securities listed or traded on the Regulated Markets of Russia shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time and shall be limited to securities that are listed or traded on the Moscow Exchange.

As a global strategy, the Investment Manager, in selecting securities for investment retains the flexibility to invest up to 100% of the Fund's Net Asset Value in emerging markets.

Investment in FDI

Subject to the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank, the Fund may also engage in transactions in FDI for hedging purposes (for example, to protect an asset against, or minimise liability from, fluctuations in market value or foreign currency exposures) for efficient portfolio management purposes (with a view to achieving a reduction in risk, a reduction in costs or an increase in capital or income returns within a level of risk consistent with the risk profile of the Fund) and/or for direct investment purposes (with a view to generating returns).

These FDI may be dealt in over-the-counter or be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I to the Prospectus.

Investments in FDI shall be in accordance with the relevant provisions of Appendix II of the Prospectus, including those relating to collateral requirements and eligible counterparties, in addition to other requirements contained in the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank.

Counterparties to the OTC FDI in which the Fund invests shall have no discretion over the composition or management of the Fund's portfolio or over the underlying of the relevant FDI. The approval of a counterparty is not required in relation to any portfolio transaction.

The underlying reference items of the FDI in which the Fund may invest will primarily relate to debt, equity, credit, interest rates and currencies and the FDI in which the Fund will invest will primarily be used to hedge against and/or expose the portfolio to equity, interest rate, foreign exchange, credit and/or volatility risk.

The FDI in which the Fund has the flexibility to invest are as follows:

Forwards (foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards)

A forward contract locks in the price at which an index or asset may be purchased or sold on a future date. In forward foreign exchange contracts, the contract holders are obligated to buy or sell from another a specified amount of one currency at a specified price (exchange rate) with another currency on a specified future date. Forward contracts can be 'closed out' by entering into a reverse contract. The Fund may use foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards, to protect against fluctuations in the relative value of its portfolio positions as a result of changes in currency exchange rates and/or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Swaps (credit-default swaps ("CDS") and foreign exchange swaps)

Generally, a swap is a contractual agreement between two counterparties in which the cash flows from two reference assets are exchanged as they are received for a predetermined time period. The Fund may invest in CDS in order to transfer the credit risk arising from the Fund's holding of debt securities, acquire a specific credit exposure or to speculate on changes in CDS spreads. Foreign exchange swaps may be used by the Fund to manage exchange rate/currency risk arising in the portfolio or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Credit-default swap indices

A credit-default swap index (for example, CDX or iTRAXX) is a <u>credit derivative</u> used to hedge credit risk or to take a position on a <u>basket</u> of credit entities. Unlike a CDS, which is an over-the-counter credit derivative, a credit default swap index is a standardised credit security and may therefore be more <u>liquid</u> and trade at a smaller <u>bid-offer spread</u>. This means that it can be cheaper to hedge a portfolio of CDS or bonds with a credit-default swap index than it would be to buy many single name CDS to achieve a similar effect. Credit-default swap indices may be used by the Fund to hedge credit risk arising in the portfolio or to take a position on a basket of credit entities.

Options (equity options, currency options, bond options, options on equity and bond indices)

An option is a contract which gives the contract buyer the right, but not the obligation, to exercise a term of the option, such as buying a specified quantity of a particular product, asset or financial instrument, on, or up to and including, a future date (the exercise date). The 'writer' (seller) has the obligation to honour the specified term of the contract. Since the option gives the buyer a right and the seller an obligation, the buyer pays the seller a premium. Put options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to sell to the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Call options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to buy from the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Options may also be cash settled. The Fund may buy or sell (write) exchange-traded or over-the-counter put and call options. The Fund may invest in options in order to gain exposure to certain asset classes, baskets of assets or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without having to invest directly in the reference assets or markets, or in order to protect against risks arising in the Fund's portfolio.

Futures (equity and bond futures, currency futures, bond/credit index futures, equity index futures, interest rate futures, futures on government securities

Futures are contracts to buy or sell a standard quantity of a specific asset (or, in some cases, receive or pay cash based on the performance of an underlying asset, instrument or index) at a predetermined future date and at a price agreed through a transaction undertaken on an exchange. The Fund may invest in futures contracts in order to hedge against market risk, currency exchange risk or interest rate risk arising in its portfolio or to gain exposure to an underlying market or reference asset in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without investing directly. Using futures to achieve a particular strategy instead of investing directly in the underlying security or index may result in lower transaction costs being incurred by the Fund.

Convertible Securities

The Fund may invest in convertible securities, which are Convertible Bonds or preferred stock which may be converted into or exchanged for a prescribed amount of common stock of the same or different issuer within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula. A convertible security entitles the holder to receive interest paid or accrued on debt or the dividend paid on preferred stock until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion, convertible securities ordinarily provide a stream of income, which generate higher yields than those of common stocks of the same or similar issuers but lower than the yield on non-convertible debt. The convertible securities in which the Fund may invest may embed a derivative element and may, as a result, generate leverage.

Warrants

Warrants are similar to options in that they give the holder the right but not the obligation to buy or sell stock at a set price in the future. A warrant guarantees the holder the right to buy (or sell) a specific number of shares at a specific price (the strike price) for a defined period of time. Unlike options on equity securities that are listed and trade on exchanges, warrants are usually issued by corporations through private transactions and typically trade over-the-counter. Not more than 15% of the Fund's Net Asset Value is proposed to be invested in warrants at any time.

Leverage

The Fund's global exposure, being the incremental exposure and leverage generated by the Fund through its use of FDI, including through its investments in instruments which embed a derivative element, will be calculated on at least a daily basis using the commitment approach. Leverage in the portfolio shall at no time exceed 100% of the Fund's Net asset Value.

Cash and Cash Management

In addition to cash held by the Fund as ancillary liquidity for the settlement of transactions, the Fund may hold a portion of its Net Asset Value in cash due either to the Fund's use of FDI and/or because the Investment Manager otherwise deems it to be appropriate to do so. In such circumstances, the Investment Manager may seek to employ an effective cash management policy to seek to maximise the value of such cash holdings to the Fund, by investing in treasuries and a wide variety of other money market instruments and money market funds which satisfy Central Bank Requirements for investment by a UCITS and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below).

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

SFTR

The Fund does not invest in "Total Return Swaps" as such term is defined in accordance with the SFTR.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-5% | 10 % |

General

The securities in which the Fund will invest shall, subject to the Regulations, be listed and/or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus.

Any investment in unlisted securities will be made in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

All of the Fund's investments will be made on a long-only basis and in accordance with the restrictions set out in Appendix III of the Prospectus.

Currency Hedging Policy

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions, including investment in FDI, in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising both at the level of its portfolio holdings and at Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The FDI which the Fund may use for currency hedging purposes are set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment in FDI".

Hedging at Portfolio Level

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to protect the value of specific portfolio positions or in anticipation of changes in the relative values of the currencies in which current or future Fund portfolio holdings are denominated or quoted. For example, the Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to offset the currency exposure arising as a result of Investments in its portfolio being denominated in currencies different from the Fund Base Currency, or to protect against movements in currency exchange rates between the date on which the Investment Manager contracts to purchase or sell a security and the settlement date for the purchase or sale of that security, or to "lock in" the equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in another currency.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may also engage in currency hedging transactions in order to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative either to the Fund's Base Currency or to the currencies in which the prorata portion of the assets of the Fund attributable to that Share class are denominated, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The Currency Manager has been appointed to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services in respect of the Hedged Share Classes of the Fund.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency

exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class that is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, overhedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

Risk Factors

Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of all of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Inflation Risk", "Credit Risk and Counterparty Risk", "Market Fluctuations", "Active Management Risk", "Liquidity Risk", "Risks Associated with Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities", "FDI Risk Factors" and "Emerging Markets Risk Factors") in addition to those set out below.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

The Fund has the flexibility to invest in assets denominated in currencies different to the Fund Base Currency. Where the currencies in which portfolio assets are denominated differ from the Fund Base Currency and such exposures are not hedged the Fund may be affected unfavourably due to fluctuations in the relevant rates of exchange.

Convertible Securities Risk

Convertible securities include corporate bonds and preferred stocks of issuers that can be converted into (that is, exchanged for) common stocks or other equity securities at a stated price or rate. Convertible securities also include other securities, such as warrants, that provide an opportunity for equity participation. Because convertible securities can be converted into equity securities, their value will normally vary in some proportion with those of the underlying equity securities. Due to the conversion feature, convertible securities generally yield less than non-convertible fixed income securities of similar credit quality and maturity. The Fund's investment in convertible securities may at times include securities that have a mandatory conversion feature, pursuant to which the securities convert automatically into common stock at a specified date and conversion ratio. When conversion is not at the option of the holder, the Fund may be required to convert the security into the underlying common stock even at times when the value of the underlying common stock has declined substantially.

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "Policy") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the Policy requires the Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of companies, Materiality Mapping⁷ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely may have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

Profile of a Typical Investor

The Fund is suitable for investors with a medium to long term investment horizon seeking to achieve a return from an actively managed portfolio providing exposure primarily (although not exclusively) to convertible securities where their investment does not form a substantial portion of their portfolio and who are willing to tolerate a medium level of volatility.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES

Establishment Costs

All fees and expenses relating to the establishment of the Fund and the fees of the professional advisers to the Fund (establishment expenses) not exceeding US\$60,000 will be borne by the Fund.

To the extent that such fees and expenses are borne by the Fund, they will be amortised over the first 60 months of the lifetime of the Fund or such other period as the Directors may determine and will be charged as between the various classes thereof established by the Company within the amortisation period and in such manner as the Directors (with the consent of the Depositary) deem fair and equitable, provided that each class thereof will bear its own direct establishment costs and provided

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⁷ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map™.

that such proportion of the establishment expenses as are to be amortised in each year are subject to the annual expense cap set out in the section entitled "Other Expenses Cap" below. If the effect of this accounting treatment becomes material in the future and there is a requirement to write off the unamortised balance of establishment and organisational costs, the Directors will reconsider this policy.

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges, each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that Hedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses out of Fund assets, with the exception of the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and subcustodial transaction charges – which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates - brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes), is subject to a cap of 0.30% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of the Expense Cap. For the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges (if any), brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes, where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 3% 2% | | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 3% 2% | | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| | | | | <u> </u> | | l | | | |
|--------------|---------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|----------|-------------|
| GBP | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | C EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | |
| USD | M | US\$500 US\$1,000,000 | US\$10 US\$1,000 | US\$10 US\$10 | 0.45% None | 3% None | 2% None | 1% 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | X | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 US\$10 | None | None | None 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| 305 | ^ | υ τ, συσ, συσ | σοψ1,000 | ουψιυ | NONG | 140116 | 2/0 | 170 | 000 14010 0 |
| USD (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| JPY | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|---------------|-----------|--------|-------|------|----|----|------------|
| JPY | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | Р | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| EUR (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
|--------------|-----|---------------|------------|--------|--------|------|------|-----|------------|
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| (11311) | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| LIKD | Δ. | LICEATO OOO | LIC\$4,000 | LIC¢40 | 0.050/ | 20/ | 20/ | 40/ | Con Note 0 |
| HKD | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | X | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | M | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| עטע | IVI | U3p1,UUU,UUU | 000,1¢60 | 00010 | none | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |

| USD | Р | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
|--------------|----|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|------|----|------------|
| USD | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD (Hedged) | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.0% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.85% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.45% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

(1) Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.

Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes.

- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).
- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager. The Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.
- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.

A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.

- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offer Price | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Share Classes | Initial Offer Price | | | | | | | |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF100 | | | | | | | |
| All EUR denominated classes | EUR100 | | | | | | | |
| All GBP denominated classes | GBP100 | | | | | | | |
| All HKD denominated classes | HKD1,000 | | | | | | | |
| All JPY denominated classes | JPY10,000 | | | | | | | |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of the USD denominated M class) | USD100 | | | | | | | |
| USD denominated M class | USD1,000 | | | | | | | |

| | Share Class Types | | | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| C Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of the C Classes is a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. | | | | | | |
| EA Classes | The Annual Management Fee chargeable in respect of Shares of the EA Classes has been set at a rate intended to attract assets into the Fund. It is therefore intended that the EA Classes will only be available for investment, in accordance with the provisions set out below, for a limited period following publication of this Supplement. | | | | | | |
| | Subject as set out below, the EA Classes shall be closed to all further subscriptions on the expiration of one month following closure of the Initial Offer Period for the first of the EA Classes to attract investment or once the Net Asset Value of the Fund has reached US\$100 million (or such other amount as the Directors may at their discretion determine), whichever occurs first. | | | | | | |
| | Once the Directors have exercised their discretion to close the EA Classes to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, a notice to that effect will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com . | | | | | | |
| | Shares of the EA Classes can be redeemed at any time in accordance with the normal redemption procedures set out in the section entitled "Redemption Procedure" in Appendix II of this Supplement. | | | | | | |
| M Classes | Shares in the M Classes are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). | | | | | | |
| | For the purposes of this section: | | | | | | |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. | | | | | | |
| X Classes | Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). | | | | | | |
| | No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Investor Agreement. | | | | | | |
| <u> </u> | Investor Agreement. | | | | | | |

No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus.

The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever.

For the purpose of this section:

"Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with such investment as are specified in the agreement.

"Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership.

APPENDIX II

| | Dealing Information |
|---|--|
| Business Day | a day normally treated as a business day in Dublin, London and New York. |
| Cut-Off Time | 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day* |
| | being the point in time on a Dealing Day up until which applications for subscriptions, switches, transfers and redemptions will be accepted. |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard Global Convertibles Recovery Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogersons Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. |
| Fund Base Currency | US Dollar (USD) |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in such format as may be requested by the Administrator. |
| Share Price | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share.** ** see section below entitled "Dilution and Swing Pricing" for information as to how the Net Asset Value per Share may be adjusted on any Dealing Day in calculating the Share Price in order to counteract the effects of dilution. |

| | Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. |
|-------------------------|---|
| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class, which may be adjusted in the manner set out immediately below in the section entitled 'Dilution and Swing Pricing'.

DILUTION AND SWING PRICING

Certain costs are customarily incurred when a Fund has to buy or sell portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to requests for subscription or redemption of its Shares.

These dealing costs comprise Duties and Charges incurred in the purchase or sale of Investments and include the costs associated with spreads – i.e. the costs to a Fund associated with spreads between the estimated value attributed to Investments when calculating its Net Asset Value and the actual price at which such Investments are ultimately bought or sold by the Fund in the market place ("**Spreads**"). The incurring of such costs by the Fund can result in the Fund's value being diminished or 'diluted'.

With a view to mitigating the effects of dilution on the Fund, in certain circumstances, and at the Directors' discretion, the Company applies a dilution adjustment in the calculation of the Share Price for its Shares, a policy known as "swing pricing".

Swing pricing, where applied to the Fund, aims to apply the burden of the costs associated with dealing in the Fund's Shares to the investors that actually request those Share deals on any particular Dealing Day, and not to the Shareholders in the Fund who are not trading in the Fund's Shares on the relevant Dealing Day. In this way, although it is not the aim of swing pricing to enhance results over time, it operates to mitigate the adverse effects of dilution as a result of those costs and to preserve and protect the value of shareholdings, thereby benefiting long-term Shareholders' net returns.

Swing pricing will operate in a manner that will aim to ensure that when, on any particular Dealing Day, the net dealing position exceeds a certain threshold, the Company will have the discretion to adjust the price for the Fund's Shares on that day so as to include a provision to account for the estimated associated costs. In this way, on any Dealing Day on which such an adjustment is applied, investors dealing in the Fund's Shares on that day, rather than the Fund itself (i.e. not the then existing or continuing Shareholders of the Fund), will bear the costs estimated to be incurred when buying or selling portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to the dealing requests received.

Swing pricing, where applied, will involve pricing the Shares of the Fund as set out below:

(v) where the Fund is in a net subscription position on any particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total purchases of the Fund's Shares exceeds total redemptions) and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted upwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs

associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted upwards; and

(vi) where the Fund is in a net redemption position on a particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total redemptions of the Fund's Shares exceeds total subscriptions), and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted downwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted downwards.

Accordingly, where applied for the purpose of calculating the Share Price on any particular Dealing Day, the swing pricing mechanism will involve the relevant Net Asset Value per Share being either increased to arrive at the Share Price (when the Fund is in a net subscription position) or decreased (when the Fund is in a net redemption position) by a percentage factor determined by the Company from time to time at its sole discretion (the "Swing Adjustment").

Since the Swing Adjustment for the Fund will be calculated by reference to the estimated or predicted costs of dealing in the underlying Investments of the Fund, including any dealing Spreads, and these can vary with market conditions, this means that the amount of the Swing Adjustment may vary over time. However, as indicated above, the Swing Adjustment, where applied to the Fund, shall not ordinarily exceed 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share. In exceptional circumstances, however, and only where deemed by the Directors to be necessary in order to protect Shareholders' interests in the Fund, the Swing Adjustment may exceed this threshold.

Where a Swing Adjustment is applied on any particular Dealing Day, it is applied to the Net Asset Value per Share. The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of Shares of the Fund is calculated separately, but any Swing Adjustment will in percentage terms affect the Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of the Fund in an identical manner. Investors who subscribe into or redeem from the same Class of Shares on any particular Dealing Day will deal at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class as adjusted, where relevant, by the Swing Adjustment. The Share Price for Shares of a particular Class on any Dealing Day will therefore always be the same regardless of whether an investor is subscribing into or redeeming from that Class. Where no Swing Adjustment is applied, investors will subscribe and redeem at the unadjusted Net Asset Value per Share for the relevant Class.

As indicated, the Swing Adjustment will be of a level that the Company considers appropriate to mitigate the dilutionary effects of the Duties and Charges which may be incurred by the Fund as a result of having to acquire or dispose of assets for the portfolio, as relevant, following subscriptions, redemptions and/or switches in and out of the Fund on the relevant Dealing Day. Importantly, the Swing Adjustment is designed to account for an approximation or estimate of the relevant dealing costs and may not reflect exactly (either underestimating or overestimating) the precise costs that are ultimately incurred. Any such overestimate will accrue to the benefit of the Fund, whereas any underestimate shall be borne by the Fund.

Additionally, a Swing Adjustment will typically only be applied if, on a given Dealing Day, the relevant net dealing position in the Fund exceeds a level (the "**Swing Threshold**") that has been pre-determined by the Company at its discretion. The Company, however, retains the discretion not to apply a Swing Adjustment, where this is considered to be in the best interests of Shareholders of the Fund as a whole. Where the Fund is experiencing net subscriptions or net redemptions of Shares and a Swing Adjustment is not applied, there may be an adverse dilutionary impact on the value of the Fund. The Company may also in the future remove the Swing Threshold for the Fund with the result that, when calculating the Share Price, the Net Asset Value of its Shares would be adjusted whenever there are net purchases or net redemptions of Shares.

The Company will not benefit from the operation of swing pricing and it will be imposed only in a manner, that, so far as is practicable, is fair to Shareholders and solely for the purposes of reducing dilution. At all times, a robust governance framework will be operated by the Company in relation to its application and use of swing pricing so as to ensure that both the Swing Threshold and the level of any Swing Adjustment are subject to appropriate review and revision as necessary taking into consideration the best interests of Shareholders.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

| | Pro | Product name: Lazard Global Convertibles Recovery Fund | | | Leg enti ide | | 2549001 | BF3YG5 | 7YQDQU37 |
|---|-----|---|-----------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that | | Env | vironme | ntal and/or s | oci | al cha | racteri | istics | |
| contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the | Doe | s this financia | product h | ave a sustainable | inve | estment (| objective | ? | |
| investment does not significantly harm any | • | ☐ Yes | | | | ⊠ No | | | |
| environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. | | | with an | of sustainable environmental | | (E/S) ch not have investme | aracterise as its one of 1 | stics and bjective vill have | nental/Social I while it does a sustainable a minimum sustainable |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic | | in economic environmentally Taxonomy | | that qualify as under the EU | | activities | | ualify as | tive in economic environmentally onomy |
| activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable economic Sustainable | | | | do not qualify as under the EU | X | activities | | ot qualify as | ive in economic s environmentally onomy |
| investments with an environmental objective | | | | | \boxtimes | with a so | ocial objecti | ive | |
| might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | | investments % | with a so | of sustainable ocial objective: | | not investm | make ents | any | istics, but will sustainable |
| - | | What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product? | | | | | | | |
| | The | The Fund's environmental and social characteristics are: To invest at least 10% of the Fund's NAV in companies which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, qualify as sustainable investments. To avoid investing in companies that violate global environmental and social norms. The Investment Manager assesses companies against an internally generated watchlist, which leverages third-party vendor information. An exclusion policy is applied by the Fund that prohibits investing in or obtaining exposure to companies that are deemed by the Investment Manager to violate United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles. This helps to avoid investments that, at a minimum, do not meet social and environmental norms with regards to human rights, labour, and anti-corruption, as well as environmental degradation. To promote certain minimum environmental and social safeguards by applying specific exclusion thresholds on corporates that are involved in controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or | | | | | | | |

| | production, or tobacco production. | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social | What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? | | | |
| characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. | The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund are attained: | | | |
| | The Fund invests a minimum of 10% of NAV in investments which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, qualify as sustainable investments. The Fund has no exposure to companies deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching the UNGC principles. The Fund has no exposure to companies excluded by the exclusion criteria relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. | | | |
| | What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? | | | |
| | 4. For environmentally sustainable investments, qualifying companies are assessed for their contribution to environmental objectives such as energy efficiency and resource efficiency activities such as renewable energy, water efficiency, green transportation, and digitisation, which support lower environmental impact from emissions and resource use. The Investment Manager identifies qualifying companies which contribute to environmental objectives by assessing: | | | |
| | Positive contribution through products/services to environmental objectives. The Investment Manager undertakes a revenue-based assessment, using third-party company-level sustainability impact data, to determine the positive contribution of a company's products/services to environmental objectives. Companies which have, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, sufficient levels of revenue from products/services that have a positive sustainability impact can qualify as sustainable investments. | | | |
| | Revenue alignment to environmental objectives set out under the Taxonomy Regulation ((EU) 2020/852) including climate change mitigation and adaptation. The Investment Manager uses third-party data on companies' Taxonomy-aligned revenue levels to determine a company's contribution to climate change mitigation and/or adaptation. Companies which have, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, sufficient levels of Taxonomy-aligned revenue can qualify as sustainable investments. | | | |
| | Positive alignment and operational performance with respect to carbon reduction and net zero targets. The Investment Manager uses a proprietary climate assessment model, based on the Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change's (IIGC) Net Zero Investment Framework, to grade and assess companies carbon reduction and net zero ambitions. Companies' operations which are, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, sufficiently aligned with a net zero emissions objective can qualify as sustainable investments. | | | |
| | 5. For socially sustainable investments, qualifying companies are assessed for their contribution to social objectives such as improved health care, sustainable food production and sourcing, improved safety and security services, access to financial services through inclusion, and improved education systems. The Investment Manager identifies qualifying companies which contribute to social objectives by undertaking a revenue-based assessment, using third-party company-level sustainability impact data, to determine the positive contribution of a company's products/services to social objectives. Companies which have, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, sufficient levels of | | | |

revenue from products/services that have a positive sustainability impact can qualify as sustainable investments. 6. For socially/environmentally sustainable investments in fixed income securities, any investment in bonds the proceeds of which are used to pursue environmental, social and/or sustainability initiatives can qualify as sustainable investments. These bonds are often referred to as labelled bonds in the market. The environmental, social, or sustainable use of proceeds from a labelled bond is explicitly specified in the terms of the bond, and the issuer generally follows the voluntary green bond principles, social bond principles or sustainable bond guidelines set out in the Green Bonds Principles. How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? Principal adverse The companies that qualify as sustainable investments are assessed as not significantly impacts are the most harming (DNSH) any environmental or social objectives through steps such as: significant negative impacts screening out companies with material revenue exposure to controversial business investment decisions on activities, such as tobacco, gambling, weapons, electricity generation from fossil sustainability factors fuels. relating to environmental, social and employee post screen, undertaking an assessment of the relevant and available indicators of matters, respect for human principal adverse impact (PAI) of the qualifying companies on sustainability factors rights, anti- corruption and anti- bribery matters. to assess companies' interaction with key stakeholders such as employees, customers, communities, and the environment, as further detailed below. an assessment of qualifying companies' compliance with global environmental and social norms through the UNGC process, as further detailed below. Companies that do not pass the DNSH assessment do not qualify as a sustainable investment. How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account? The Investment Manager's DNSH assessment takes into account the PAI indicators by reviewing the performance of qualifying companies against relative or absolute thresholds for the relevant mandatory PAI indicators (set out in Table 1, Annex I, EU Regulation 2022/1288 (SFDR Level 2)) for which data is sufficiently available. Relative thresholds for relevant PAI indicators (e.g. PAI 3, 4) are set by reference to peer performance against the PAI indicators in the sub-industry in which the qualifying company operates. Absolute thresholds are those embedded in the PAI indicator methodologies and criteria under SFDR Level 2 (e.g. PAI 10). The worst performing companies, either in relative or absolute terms, will not pass the DNSH assessment and will not qualify as sustainable investments. How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: Investment due diligence is carried out on investments' alignment with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights by leveraging third-party data on United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles. Post-investment monitoring ensures any sustainable investment flagged as being in violation of the UNGC principles by the relevant third-party vendor is assessed by

the Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG team which will assign a pass/fail after a thorough assessment. An investment which fails this assessment will automatically not qualify as a sustainable investment.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

⊠Yes, the Fund considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors.

Through pre-investment global norms and activity-based exclusions, the following PAIs are considered:

- Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14, Table 1)

Through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs are considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, such as engagement or voting, the following PAIs are considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Material environmental and social issues such as those listed in the PAIs are regularly identified by investment professionals and are incorporated as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information and relative industry positioning. Given limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time.

Information relating to PAIs will be made available in the Fund's annual financial reports.

| | □No |
|---|--|
| | What investment strategy does this financial product follow? |
| The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance | Lazard Global Convertibles Recovery Fund is an actively managed convertible bond strategy that is benchmark-unaware and seeks to benefit from market anomalies in the global convertible bonds market. Issues are selected for the Fund using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" and in accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund. |
| | What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? |
| | The Fund has the following binding elements: For environmentally and socially sustainable investments, the Investment Manager assesses positive contribution to environmental and/or social objectives and DNSH compliance. Specific thresholds must be met to qualify as sustainable investments under the Investment Manager's framework as further detailed in the sections above: What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? and How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on third-party data and internal research. Any company deemed to be breaching UNGC principles will be excluded from the Fund's investment universe and the Fund will have 0% exposure to such companies. The Fund applies activity-based exclusion criteria for certain products and services and will have 0% exposure to securities excluded under this policy. The exclusion criteria for the Fund includes companies which are involved in: the manufacture or production of controversial weapons (any revenue from antipersonnel mines, cluster munitions, nuclear weapons in countries not party to the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), biological weapons, chemical weapons, depleted uranium weapons.). a. military weapons production which represents 10% of revenue or greater. b. tobacco production which represents 5% of revenue or greater. c. thermal coal mining or production which represents 30% of revenue or greater. |
| Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, | What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy? |
| remuneration of staff and tax compliance. | There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered. |
| | What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies? |

The Investment Manager has developed Global Governance Principles that set out expectations for corporate governance on issues such as board independence, accountability and composition, as well as culture, remuneration, shareholder rights, amongst others. The principles provide a framework for governance assessments and stewardship activity, clearly setting out the Investment Manager's expectations of company management and effective stakeholder management.

The assessment of good governance practices is relevant only for corporate issuers in the Fund. The assessment is supported by a broad range of governance information from third-party ESG data sets. These data sources also provide governance-related controversy information, which can be used to flag governance issues at investee companies. Governance assessments and information are taken into consideration as part of due diligence processes, ongoing monitoring of issuers in the portfolio, and stewardship activities.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

At least 90% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund invests a minimum of 10% of NAV in sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category will include investments and other instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 10% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.
- How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria comprehensive include and safety waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund does not commit to making Taxonomy-aligned investments. Therefore, the minimum share of Taxonomy-aligned environmentally sustainable investments is 0%. It is expected, however, that in pursuing its environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute to one or more of the following environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation: climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation.

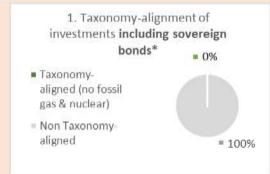
Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy⁸?

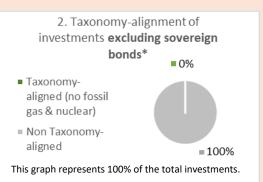
☐Yes:

□ In fossil gas □ In nuclear energy

 $\boxtimes No$

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

⁸ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund intends to make sustainable investments. While the sum of non-Taxonomy aligned environmentally sustainable investments and socially sustainable investments always adds up to the Fund's minimum proportion of 10% sustainable investments, the Fund does not commit to a minimum share of non-Taxonomy aligned environmentally sustainable investments because the Fund's investment strategy does not have a specific environmental investment objective. Therefore, the minimum share of non-Taxonomy aligned environmentally sustainable investments is 0%.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

The Fund intends to make sustainable investments. While the sum of environmentally sustainable investments and socially sustainable investments always adds up to the Fund's minimum proportion of 10% sustainable investments, the Fund does not commit to a minimum share of socially sustainable investments because the Fund's investment strategy does not have a specific social investment objective. Therefore, the minimum share of scoially sustainable investments is 0%.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

"#2 Other" may include other investments and instruments of the Fund that cannot qualify as sustainable invesments or be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash, and cash equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included in the 'What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?' above.

Minimum environmental and social safeguards set in exclusion criteria relating to global norms and activity-based screening still apply to the underlying securities.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

The Fund has not designated an index as a reference benchmark to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

Not applicable.

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

| Not applicable. |
|---|
| How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? |
| Not applicable. |
| Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? |
| Not applicable. |
| Where can I find more product specific information online? More product-specific information can be found on the website: |
| https://www.lazardassetmanagement.com/ie/en_uk/funds/funds/lazard-global-convertibles-recovery-fund/f3581/s274/?shareClass=9763 |

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If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD EMERGING MARKETS LOCAL DEBT FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the Prospectus.

This Supplement replaces the Supplement dated 22 March 2024.

The date of this Supplement is 28 March 2024.

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DEFINITIONS

"Bond Connect", a mutual market access scheme between mainland China and Hong Kong's bond markets through a cross border platform linking their respective financial infrastructures for trading, settlement and custody of China Interbank Bond Market bonds.

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank and Trust Company and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Emerging Market Companies", means companies whose registered office is located in or which are domiciled or incorporated in an Emerging Market Country and/or companies which exercise the predominant part of their economic activity in, or have significant business operations in Emerging Market Countries and/or companies which are quoted or listed on a Regulated Market of an Emerging Market Country.

"Emerging Market Country /Countries", means all countries not represented in the Morgan Stanley Capital International ("MSCI®") World Index.

"Fixed Income Securities", include Investment Grade, Non-Investment Grade and Unrated bonds, convertible securities, commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations such as asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities, certificates of deposit, notes and short and medium term obligations.

"Fund", Lazard Emerging Markets Local Debt Fund.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Grade", a rating of at least Baa3/BBB- by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management LLC and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Non-Investment Grade", a rating of Ba1/BB+ to B3/B- inclusive by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"OECD", the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

"Unrated", having no rating assigned by a recognised rating agency, but deemed by the Investment Manager to be of an equivalent rating to a rating of B3/B- or higher by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised rating agency.

LAZARD EMERGING MARKETS LOCAL DEBT FUND

INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 26 October 2010.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in Appendix I to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund, apart from those listed in Appendix I, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in **Appendix II** to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as medium to long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to maximise total return from income and capital growth.

Investment Policy

In pursuit of its investment objective, the Fund will build and maintain a diversified portfolio consisting of fixed and/or floating rate Investment Grade, Non-Investment Grade and Unrated bonds and other Fixed Income Securities, which are issued by Emerging Market Companies or which are issued by governments, government agencies or supranational bodies of Emerging Market Countries, or which are denominated in emerging market currencies or collateralised by emerging market debt, financial derivative instruments ("FDI"), units or shares of collective investment schemes and cash (as further described below). The Fund may invest in eligible bonds traded on the China Interbank Bond Market using Bond Connect. The securities in which the Fund will invest will primarily be denominated in local currencies (although the Fund may invest on an ancillary basis in securities denominated in US Dollars or denominated in the currencies of other OECD countries) and will primarily consist of constituent securities of the J.P. Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index (see section below entitled 'Benchmark').

The Fund will not invest directly in equities, however, by holding a convertible security to maturity or by exercising an option on a warrant (see further below under the heading "Investment in FDI" or a convertible the Fund may from time to time hold equity securities of Emerging Market Companies on an ancillary basis.

As indicated above, the Fund may invest in units or shares of collective investment schemes including exchange traded funds and/or other sub-funds of the Company where such investment is consistent with the investment policy of the Fund. Aggregate investment by the Fund in open-ended collective investment schemes shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

The Fund may also at times hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash which may be invested in accordance with the Investment Manager's cash management policy, as further detailed below in the section entitled "Cash and Cash Management".

The securities in which the Fund will invest shall primarily be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus and investment by the Fund is subject to the restrictions set out in Appendix III of the Prospectus. Investment in securities listed or traded on the Regulated Markets of Russia shall not exceed 25% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time.

Investment in FDI

Subject to the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank, the Fund may also engage in transactions in FDI, for hedging purposes (for example, to protect an asset against, or minimise liability from, fluctuations in market value or foreign currency exposures), for efficient portfolio management purposes (with a view to achieving a reduction in risk, a reduction in costs or an increase in capital or income returns within a level of risk consistent with the risk profile of the Fund) and/or for direct investment purposes (with a view to generating returns). These FDI may be dealt in over-the-counter or be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I to the Prospectus. Investments in FDI shall be in accordance with the relevant provisions of Appendix II of the Prospectus including those relating to collateral requirements and eligible counterparties, in addition to other requirements contained in the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank. While the reference items for FDI will primarily relate to debt and credit, currencies and equity securities may also constitute the underlying reference items, as detailed below.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to total return swaps is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|--------------------|----------|---------|
| Total Return Swaps | 0%* | 30 % |

*It is expected that in normal circumstances the Fund will not have assets subject to total return swaps, hence 0%. However, the Investment Manager retains the flexibility to invest in accordance with the stated maximum at any time.

The Investment Manager uses a risk management technique known as absolute value-at-risk to assess the Fund's market risk to seek to ensure that the use of FDI by the Fund is within regulatory limits. The 99% confidence level, one day holding period, value-at-risk on the portfolio of the Fund shall not exceed 4.47% in any one day. The value-at-risk model will use one year of historical data of daily market moves.

Using the value-at-risk approach for exposure measurement does not necessarily limit leverage levels. However, the Fund through its investments in FDI may be leveraged. Calculating leverage resulting from derivative usage, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, as the sum of notionals underlying all the FDI positions in the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value the expected level of the Fund's leverage will not ordinarily exceed 100% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. Higher leverage levels are possible, but leverage is not expected to exceed 400% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time. It should be noted that for certain types of trading strategies

this approach to measuring leverage could lead to leverage levels that are very different from risk exposures.

The primary FDI in which the Fund may invest are as follows:

Forwards (foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards)

A forward contract locks in the price at which an index or asset may be purchased or sold on a future date. In forward foreign exchange contracts, the contract holders are obligated to buy or sell from another a specified amount of one currency at a specified price (exchange rate) with another currency on a specified future date. Forward contracts can be 'closed out' by entering into a reverse contract. The Fund may use foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards, to protect against fluctuations in the relative value of its portfolio positions as a result of changes in currency exchange rates and/or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Swaps (credit-default swaps ("CDS"), interest rate swaps, total return swaps, foreign exchange swaps)

Generally, a swap is a contractual agreement between two counterparties in which the cash flows from two reference assets are exchanged as they are received for a predetermined time period. The Fund may invest in CDS in order to transfer the credit risk arising from the Fund's holding of Fixed Income Securities, acquire a specific credit exposure or to speculate on changes in CDS spreads. The Fund may invest in interest rate swaps in order to offset risks posed to the value of its portfolio by volatility in interest rates or to speculate on changes to interest rates.

The Fund may also enter into total return swaps in order to gain exposure to certain asset classes, baskets of assets or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without investing directly in the reference asset. The total return swap allows one party to derive the economic benefit of owning an asset or index without buying directly that asset or index. Foreign exchange swaps may be used by the Fund to manage exchange rate/currency risk arising in the portfolio or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Credit-default swap indices

A credit-default swap index (for example, CDX or iTRAXX) is a <u>credit derivative</u> used to hedge credit risk or to take a position on a <u>basket</u> of credit entities. Unlike a CDS, which is an <u>over-the-counter</u> credit derivative, a credit-default swap index is a standardised credit security and may therefore be more <u>liquid</u> and trade at a smaller <u>bid-offer spread</u>. This means that it can be cheaper to hedge a portfolio of CDS or bonds with a credit-default swap index than it would be to buy many single name CDS to achieve a similar effect. Credit-default swap indices may be used by the Fund to hedge credit risk arising in the portfolio or to take a position on a basket of credit entities.

Options (currency options, bond options, CDS options, options on indices)

An option is a contract which gives the contract buyer the right, but not the obligation, to exercise a term of the option, such as buying a specified quantity of a particular product, asset or financial instrument, on, or up to and including, a future date (the exercise date). The 'writer' (seller) has the obligation to honour the specified term of the contract. Since the option gives the buyer a right and the seller an obligation, the buyer pays the seller a premium. Put options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to sell to the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Call options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to buy from the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Options may also be cash settled. The Fund may buy or sell (write) exchange-traded or over-the-counter put and call options. The Fund may invest in options in order to gain exposure to certain asset classes, baskets of assets or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without investing directly in the reference assets, or in order to protect against risks arising in the Fund's portfolio.

The Fund may also invest in the following FDI on an ancillary basis:

Futures (bond futures, currency futures, bond/credit index futures, interest rate futures)

Futures are contracts to buy or sell a standard quantity of a specific asset (or, in some cases, receive or pay cash based on the performance of an underlying asset, instrument or index) at a predetermined future date and at a price agreed through a transaction undertaken on an exchange. The Fund may invest in futures contracts in order to hedge against market risk, currency exchange risk or interest rate risk arising in its portfolio or to gain exposure to an underlying market or reference asset in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without investing directly. Using futures to achieve a particular strategy instead of investing directly in the underlying security or index may result in lower transaction costs being incurred by the Fund.

Swaptions (interest rate swaptions)

A swaption is an option which grants its owner the right but not the obligation to enter into an underlying swap. The Fund may enter into swaptions on underlying interest rate swaps in order to manage interest rate risk arising from its portfolio or to speculate on changes to interest rates.

Credit-linked notes ("CLNs")

CLNs are fully funded balance sheet instruments that may offer the holder synthetic credit exposure to a reference entity (or to multiple reference entities) in a structure resembling a synthetic corporate bond or loan. CLN issuance can either be direct issuance by financial institutions, for instance, or issuance by a special purpose vehicle that holds collateral securities financed through the issuance proceeds. CLNs are created by embedding credit derivatives in new issues. Thus, the CLN investor achieves synthetic exposure to a CDS in a funded security form. The Fund may invest in CLNs as direct investments or to hedge against credit risk arising in the portfolio.

Convertible Securities

The Fund may invest in convertible securities, which are bonds, debentures, notes or preferred stock which may be converted into or exchanged for a prescribed amount of common stock of the same or different issuer within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula. A convertible security entitles the holder to receive interest paid or accrued on debt or the dividend paid on preferred stock until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion, convertible securities ordinarily provide a stream of income, which generate higher yields than those of common stocks of the same or similar issuers but lower than the yield on non-convertible debt.

Warrants

Warrants are similar to options in that they give the holder the right but not the obligation to buy or sell stock at a set price in the future. A warrant guarantees the holder the right to buy (or sell) a specific number of shares at a specific price (the strike price) for a defined period of time. Unlike options on equity securities that are listed and trade on exchanges, warrants are usually issued by corporations through private transactions and typically trade over-the-counter.

Cash and Cash Management

In addition to cash held by the Fund as ancillary liquidity for the settlement of transactions, the Fund may hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash due either to the Fund's use of FDI and/or because the Investment Manager otherwise deems it to be appropriate to do so. In such circumstances, the Investment Manager may seek to employ an effective cash management policy to seek to maximise the value of such cash holdings to the Fund, by investing in treasuries and a wide variety of other money market instruments and money market funds which satisfy Central Bank Requirements for investment by a UCITS and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below).

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the

Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-5% | 10 % |

Consideration of ESG (environmental, social and governance) factors

The Fund incorporates environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio. The Fund also applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the issuer selection process. Information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

Benchmark

Performance of the Fund is measured against the J.P. Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index, Ticker: JGENVUUG (the "Benchmark Index") for comparative purposes. The Benchmark Index is comprised of regularly traded, liquid fixed-rate domestic currency government bonds of emerging market countries which permit foreign investors access to their capital markets.

In pursuing its investment objective, the Fund will aim to outperform the Benchmark Index. However, the Fund does not target any particular level of outperformance of the Benchmark Index as an objective.

The Fund is actively managed (meaning that the Investment Manager has discretion over the composition of the Fund's portfolio subject to its stated investment objective and policy as set out above). The strategy pursued by the Fund does not impose limits on the extent to which portfolio holdings and/or weights must adhere to or may diverge from the composition of the Benchmark Index. Although the Fund has full flexibility to invest in securities not represented in the Benchmark Index, it is nonetheless likely to invest significantly in constituent securities of the Benchmark Index.

The Directors reserve the right, if they consider it in the interests of the Fund to do so and with the consent of the Depositary, to substitute another index for the Benchmark Index, in the circumstances set out in the section of the Prospectus entitled 'Benchmark Indices'.

Currency Hedging Policy

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions, including investment in FDI, in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising both at the level of its portfolio holdings and at Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The FDI which the Fund may use for currency hedging purposes are set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment in FDI".

Hedging at Portfolio Level

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to protect the value of specific portfolio positions or in anticipation of changes in the relative values of the currencies in which current or future Fund portfolio holdings are denominated or quoted. For example, the Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to offset the currency exposure arising as a result of Investments in its portfolio being denominated in currencies different from the Fund Base Currency or to protect against movements in currency exchange rates between the date on which the Investment

Manager contracts to purchase or sell a security and the settlement date for the purchase or sale of that security, or to "lock in" the equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in another currency.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may also engage in currency hedging transactions in order to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The Currency Manager has been appointed to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services in respect of the Hedged Share Classes of the Fund.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class that is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, overhedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

Risk Factors

Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Market Fluctuations", "Credit and Counterparty Risk", "Active Management Risk", "Inflation Risk", "Risks Associated with Investments in Russia", "Political Risk", "Emerging Markets Risk Factors", "Risks Associated with Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities", "FDI Risk Factors", "MENA Risk" and "Risks linked with investment in the China Interbank Bond Market through Bond Connect") in addition to those set out below.

Investment not equivalent to Deposit

The Fund may invest a significant amount of its Net Asset Value in deposits and/or money market instruments but an investment in the Fund should not be considered by investors as an alternative to investing in a regular deposit account. Investors should note that a holding in the Fund is subject to the risks associated with investing in a collective investment undertaking, in particular the fact that the principal sum invested is capable of fluctuation as the Net Asset Value of the Fund fluctuates.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "Policy") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the Policy requires the Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of companies, Materiality Mapping⁹ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely may have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

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⁹ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map™.

Profile of a Typical Investor

Suitable for investors seeking to achieve an attractive level of return over the medium to long term from an actively managed and diversified portfolio providing exposure primarily to emerging market fixed income securities denominated in local currencies.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement, each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that Hedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses out of Fund assets, with the exception of the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and subcustodial transaction charges – which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates – brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes), is subject to a cap of 0.23% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of the Expense Cap. For the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges (if any), brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes, where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| HKD | Р | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |

| USD | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|----|----|------------|
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | Р | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | 1 | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | Р | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | Р | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| GBP (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|------|----|------------|
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| HKD | Р | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | Р | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Notes:

- (1) Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.
 - Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes.
- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).
- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- (5) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.
- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.
 - A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.
- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offer Price | |
|---|---------------------|
| Share Classes | Initial Offer Price |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF100 |
| All EUR denominated classes | €100 |
| All GBP denominated classes | Stg£100 |
| All HKD denominated classes | HK\$1,000 |
| All JPY denominated classes | ¥10,000 |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of the USD denominated M class) | US\$100 |
| USD denominated M class | US\$1,000 |

| | Share Class Types |
|-----------|---|
| C Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of the C Classes is a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. |
| M Class | Shares in the M Class are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). For the purposes of this section: |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |
| X Classes | Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). |
| | No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Investor Agreement. |
| | No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus. |
| | The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever. |
| | For the purpose of this section: |
| | "Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with such investment as are specified in the agreement. |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |

APPENDIX II

| Dealing Information | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Business Day | a day normally treated as a business day in Dublin, London and New York. | | | | |
| Cut-Off Time | 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day* | | | | |
| | being the point in time on a Business Day up until which applications for subscriptions, switches, transfers and redemptions will be accepted. | | | | |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard Emerging Markets Local Debt Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com | | | | |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. | | | | |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. | | | | |
| Fund Base Currency | US Dollar (USD) | | | | |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. | | | | |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification. | | | | |
| Share Price | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share.** ** see section below entitled "Dilution and Swing Pricing" for information as to how the Net Asset Value per Share may be adjusted on any Dealing Day in calculating the Share Price in order to counteract the effects of dilution. | | | | |

| | Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. |
|-------------------------|---|
| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class, which may be adjusted in the manner set out immediately below in the section entitled 'Dilution and Swing Pricing'.

DILUTION AND SWING PRICING

Certain costs are customarily incurred when a Fund has to buy or sell portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to requests for subscription or redemption of its Shares.

These dealing costs comprise Duties and Charges incurred in the purchase or sale of Investments and include the costs associated with spreads – i.e. the costs to a Fund associated with spreads between the estimated value attributed to Investments when calculating its Net Asset Value and the actual price at which such Investments are ultimately bought or sold by the Fund in the market place ("**Spreads**"). The incurring of such costs by the Fund can result in the Fund's value being diminished or 'diluted'.

With a view to mitigating the effects of dilution on the Fund, in certain circumstances, and at the Directors' discretion, the Company applies a dilution adjustment in the calculation of the Share Price for its Shares, a policy known as "swing pricing".

Swing pricing, where applied to the Fund, aims to apply the burden of the costs associated with dealing in the Fund's Shares to the investors that actually request those Share deals on any particular Dealing Day, and not to the Shareholders in the Fund who are not trading in the Fund's Shares on the relevant Dealing Day. In this way, although it is not the aim of swing pricing to enhance results over time, it operates to mitigate the adverse effects of dilution as a result of those costs and to preserve and protect the value of shareholdings, thereby benefiting long-term Shareholders' net returns.

Swing pricing will operate in a manner that will aim to ensure that when, on any particular Dealing Day, the net dealing position exceeds a certain threshold, the Company will have the discretion to adjust the price for the Fund's Shares on that day so as to include a provision to account for the estimated associated costs. In this way, on any Dealing Day on which such an adjustment is applied, investors dealing in the Fund's Shares on that day, rather than the Fund itself (i.e. not the then existing or continuing Shareholders of the Fund), will bear the costs estimated to be incurred when buying or selling portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to the dealing requests received.

Swing pricing, where applied, will involve pricing the Shares of the Fund as set out below:

(vii) where the Fund is in a net subscription position on any particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total purchases of the Fund's Shares exceeds total redemptions) and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted upwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted upwards; and

(viii) where the Fund is in a net redemption position on a particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total redemptions of the Fund's Shares exceeds total subscriptions), and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted downwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted downwards.

Accordingly, where applied for the purpose of calculating the Share Price on any particular Dealing Day, the swing pricing mechanism will involve the relevant Net Asset Value per Share being either increased to arrive at the Share Price (when the Fund is in a net subscription position) or decreased (when the Fund is in a net redemption position) by a percentage factor determined by the Company from time to time at its sole discretion (the "Swing Adjustment").

Since the Swing Adjustment for the Fund will be calculated by reference to the estimated or predicted costs of dealing in the underlying Investments of the Fund, including any dealing Spreads, and these can vary with market conditions, this means that the amount of the Swing Adjustment may vary over time. However, as indicated above, the Swing Adjustment, where applied to the Fund, shall not ordinarily exceed 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share. In exceptional circumstances, however, and only where deemed by the Directors to be necessary in order to protect Shareholders' interests in the Fund, the Swing Adjustment may exceed this threshold.

Where a Swing Adjustment is applied on any particular Dealing Day, it is applied to the Net Asset Value per Share. The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of Shares of the Fund is calculated separately, but any Swing Adjustment will in percentage terms affect the Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of the Fund in an identical manner. Investors who subscribe into or redeem from the same Class of Shares on any particular Dealing Day will deal at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class as adjusted, where relevant, by the Swing Adjustment. The Share Price for Shares of a particular Class on any Dealing Day will therefore always be the same regardless of whether an investor is subscribing into or redeeming from that Class. Where no Swing Adjustment is applied, investors will subscribe and redeem at the unadjusted Net Asset Value per Share for the relevant Class.

As indicated, the Swing Adjustment will be of a level that the Company considers appropriate to mitigate the dilutionary effects of the Duties and Charges which may be incurred by the Fund as a result of having to acquire or dispose of assets for the portfolio, as relevant, following subscriptions, redemptions and/or switches in and out of the Fund on the relevant Dealing Day. Importantly, the Swing Adjustment is designed to account for an approximation or estimate of the relevant dealing costs and may not reflect exactly (either underestimating or overestimating) the precise costs that are ultimately incurred. Any such overestimate will accrue to the benefit of the Fund, whereas any underestimate shall be borne by the Fund.

Additionally, a Swing Adjustment will typically only be applied if, on a given Dealing Day, the relevant net dealing position in the Fund exceeds a level (the "**Swing Threshold**") that has been pre-determined by the Company at its discretion. The Company, however, retains the discretion not to apply a Swing Adjustment, where this is considered to be in the best interests of Shareholders of the Fund as a whole. Where the Fund is experiencing net subscriptions or net redemptions of Shares and a Swing Adjustment is not applied, there may be an adverse dilutionary impact on the value of the Fund. The Company may also in the future remove the Swing Threshold for the Fund with the result that, when calculating the Share Price, the Net Asset Value of its Shares would be adjusted whenever there are net purchases or net redemptions of Shares.

The Company will not benefit from the operation of swing pricing and it will be imposed only in a manner, that, so far as is practicable, is fair to Shareholders and solely for the purposes of reducing dilution. At all times, a robust governance framework will be operated by the Company in relation to its application and use of swing pricing so as to ensure that both the Swing Threshold and the level of any Swing Adjustment are

subject to appropriate review and revision as necessary taking into consideration the best interests of Shareholders.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

| | Product name: | Lazard Emerging Markets Local Debt Fund | Legal entity identifier: | J5Y4Q8S1E16FCZ1QY415 | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that | Environmental and/or social characteristics | | | | | | | |
| contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the | Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? | | | | | | | |
| investment does not significantly harm any | ■ □ Yes | | □ ⊠ No | | | | | |
| objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. | | with an environmental | (E/S) does n sustaina minimur | characteristics and while it on have as its objective a label investment, it will have a more proportion of% of label investments | | | | |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic | in economic environmentally Taxonomy | | activitie | environmental objective in economic is that qualify as environmentally able under the EU Taxonomy | | | | |
| activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable | | activities that do not qualify as y sustainable under the EU | activitie environ Taxono | mentally sustainable under the EU my | | | | |
| investments with an environmental objective | | | □ with a s | social objective | | | | |
| might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | | a minimum of sustainable with a social objective: | | otes E/S characteristics, but ot make any sustainable nents | | | | |
| | What environment product? | ntal and/or social charact | eristics are | promoted by this financial | | | | |
| | "CRA Risk economic of sovereign behaviours Environ resourd Social ("SDGs regulat life exp The Investigation of the source of t | A Score") to assess sovereign development of relevant coursissuers according to their entractors a combination of equal mental indicators: sovereign ces; greenhouse gas ("GHG") indicators: progress towards"); health expenditures, errory quality; political stability as pectancy. ment Manager prioritises inverted the condition of the condition o | gn issuer risintries. The Covironmental, ally weighted I energy intensembsions; and UN Susducation level and personal firstment in sectisk Score and | sity; climate risk; use of nature | | | | |

| Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. The Function social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. | e Investment Manager maintains an exclusion list of countries in which the Fund will ot invest. The country exclusion list is comprised of countries that are deemed, nder the CRA, to have significant social violations and/or are subject to financial anctions. The Fund will not invest in the sovereign debt of, or securities issued by overnment-related entities in, countries on the exclusion list. It sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the commental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? If uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and aracteristics of the Fund are attained: Expected to Fund a sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and aracteristics of the Fund are attained: |
|---|---|
| measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. The Functions social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. 5. The team of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. | d uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and aracteristics of the Fund are attained: |
| the financial product are attained. 5. The terms of the financial product are social characters. | aracteristics of the Fund are attained: |
| te e | e Fund's overall CRA Risk Score which reflects underlying sovereigns' risk to long- |
| | erm prosperity and economic development of relevant countries according to their nvironmental, social and governance-related behaviours across a combination of qually weighted ESG indicators. |
| | e Fund will not invest in countries on the Investment Manager's sovereign exclusion st. |
| indicators | estment Manager will track and report the performance of these sustainability to measure the attainment of the environmental and social characteristics by the Fund. |
| partia | t are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product ally intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to objectives? |
| Not applie | cable – the Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. |
| make | do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to e, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable stment objective? |
| Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of | oplicable. |
| sustainability factors relating | How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account? |
| corruption and anti- bribery matters. | oplicable. |
| Λ | How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: |
| Not a | oplicable. |
| | |

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria. The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives. Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors? Specifically for government and government-related issuers in the Fund, through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered: GHG intensity of sovereigns (PAI 15, Table 1) • Investee countries subject to social violations (PAI 16, Table 1) Through post-investment stewardship activities, the following PAIs may be considered: • GHG intensity of sovereigns (PAI 15, Table 1) • Investee countries subject to social violations (PAI 16, Table 1) Material environmental and social issues such as those listed in the PAIs are regularly identified by investment professionals and are discussed as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information. Given limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time. Information relating to PAIs, where data is available, will be provided in the Fund's annual financial reports. □No What investment strategy does this financial product follow? The investment strategy Lazard Emerging Markets Local Debt Fund is an emerging market, fixed income strategy that guides investment decisions invests in securities issued by emerging market companies or emerging market governments based on factors such as and government-related entities. Investments are selected using a fundamental investment investment objectives and process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" and in risk tolerance accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund. What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted

by this financial product? The Fund has the following binding elements: 5. The Investment Manager assesses sovereign issuers using its proprietary CRA Risk Score tool that ranks relevant countries based on environmental, social and governance-related behaviours across a combination of equally weighted ESG indicators such as sovereign energy intensity; climate risk; use of nature resources; greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions; food production: progress towards UN Sustainable Development Goals ("SDGs"); health expenditures, education levels; labour force participation, regulatory quality; political stability and personal freedoms; gender equality; and life expectancy. 6. The Investment Manager will exclude investment in sovereigns that are deemed to have social violations as assessed by the CRA Risk Score tool and those that are subject to sanctions. Good governance What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments practices include sound considered prior to the application of that investment strategy? management structures. employee relations. remuneration of staff and There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered. tax compliance. What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies? Not applicable - there is no exposure to corporate issuers within the Fund. What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product? At least 50% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category will include investments and other Asset allocation describes the share of investments in instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social specific assets. characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 50% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis. Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of: #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of Investments investee companies capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the #2 Other green investments 0% made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

operational

| expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies. | |
|---|--|
| | #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product. #20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither |
| | aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments. |
| | How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? |
| | The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund. |
| To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules. Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective. Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance. | To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy? |
| | 360 |
| | 269 |

The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments or to making Taxonomyaligned investments. It is expected, however, that in pursuing its environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute to one or more of the following environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation: climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹⁰? ☐Yes: ☐ In fossil gas ☐ In nuclear energy $\boxtimes No$ The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 2. Taxonomy-alignment of 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excluding sovereign investments including sovereign bonds* bonds* 0% 096 Taxonomy-■ Taxonomyaligned (no fossil aligned (no fossil gas & nuclear) gas & nuclear) Non Taxonomy-Non Taxonomyaligned aligned # 100% = 100% This graph represents 100% of the total ★ For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? are sustainable investments with an environmental There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. objective that do not take into account the criteria environmentally sustainable economic What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental activities under the EU objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? Taxonomy. 10 Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate

¹⁰ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

| | There is no minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy. |
|----|---|
| | What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments? |
| | There is no committed minimum share of socially sustainable investments. |
| | What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards? |
| | "#2 Other" may include other investments and instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash, and cash equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included in the 'What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?' above. Minimum environmental and social safeguards set in exclusion criteria relating to global |
| | norms and activity-based screening still apply to the underlying securities. |
| | Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes? |
| ~? | |

| Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social | The Fund has not designated an index as a reference benchmark to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes. |
|---|--|
| characteristics that they promote. | How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | Where can I find more product specific information online? More product-specific information can be found on the website: |
| | https://www.lazardassetmanagement.com/ie/en_uk/funds/ucits-funds/lazard-emerging-markets-local-debt-fund/f408/s130/?shareClass=1241 |
| | |

WF-71676374-v11.exv

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD EMERGING MARKETS TOTAL RETURN DEBT FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the

This Supplement replaces the Supplement dated 6 July 2023.

The date of this Supplement is 22 March 2024.

Prospectus.

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DEFINITIONS

"Bond Connect", a mutual market access scheme between mainland China and Hong Kong's bond markets through a cross border platform linking their respective financial infrastructures for trading, settlement and custody of China Interbank Bond Market bonds.

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank and Trust Company and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Emerging Market Companies", means companies whose registered office is located in or which are domiciled or incorporated in an Emerging Market Country and/or companies which exercise the predominant part of their economic activity in, or have significant business operations in Emerging Market Countries and/or companies which are quoted or listed on a Regulated Market of an Emerging Market Country.

"Emerging Market Country/ Countries", means all countries not represented in the Morgan Stanley Capital International ("MSCI®") World Index.

"Fixed Income Securities", include Investment Grade, Non-Investment Grade and Unrated bonds, convertible securities (including contingent convertible securities), commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations such as asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities, certificates of deposit, notes and short and medium term obligations.

"Fund", Lazard Emerging Markets Total Return Debt Fund.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Grade", a rating of at least Baa3/BBB- by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management LLC and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Non-Investment Grade", a rating of Ba1/BB+ to B3/B- inclusive by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"OECD", the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

"Unhedged Share Class", a class of Shares denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency and which is not a Hedged Share Class.

"Unrated", having no rating assigned by a recognised rating agency, but deemed by the Investment Manager to be of an equivalent rating to a rating of B3/B- or higher by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised rating agency.

LAZARD EMERGING MARKETS TOTAL RETURN DEBT FUND INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 26 October 2010.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in Appendix I to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund, apart from those listed in Appendix I, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in Appendix II to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as medium to long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to maximise total return from income and capital growth.

Investment Policy

The Fund will seek to achieve its investment objective by pursuing a core debt strategy with an emerging market focus while retaining discretion to extend its investment parameters in order to take advantage of investment opportunities as they arise and which may be unconnected to Emerging Markets Companies or to Emerging Market Countries (as set out further below). The Fund has the flexibility in relation to the range of instruments in which it may invest (including, as detailed below, transferable securities, financial derivative instruments ("FDI"), cash and collective investment schemes) to enable the Investment Manager, in pursuit of the investment objective, to react to and take advantage of market opportunities at any particular time. These instruments may be denominated in any currency.

In pursuit of its investment objective, the Fund will build and maintain a diversified portfolio comprised primarily of FDI (as set out below) and fixed and/or floating rate Investment Grade, Non-Investment Grade and Unrated bonds and other Fixed Income Securities which are issued by Emerging Market Companies or which are issued by governments, government agencies or supranational bodies of

Emerging Market Countries or which are denominated in emerging market currencies or collateralised by emerging market debt. The Fund may invest in eligible bonds traded on the China Interbank Bond Market using Bond Connect.

As indicated above, the Fund may also invest in units or shares of collective investment schemes including exchange traded funds and/or other sub-funds of the Company where such investment is consistent with the investment policy of the Fund. Aggregate investment by the Fund in open-ended collective investment schemes shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

The Fund may also invest, on an ancillary basis, in equity and equity-related securities (preferred and common stock, debentures, convertibles, depository receipts) of Emerging Market Companies. Any contingent convertible securities held by the Fund will be limited to 5% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

The Fund may also at times hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash which may be invested in accordance with the Investment Manager's cash management policy, as further detailed below in the section entitled "Cash and Cash Management".

The securities in which the Fund will invest shall primarily be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus and investment by the Fund is subject to the restrictions set out in Appendix III of the Prospectus.

In circumstances where at any time the Investment Manager considers that investment in emerging markets offer insufficient opportunities to maximise returns for the Fund, or otherwise believes that it is in the best interests of the Fund to do so, the Fund may invest a portion of its Net Asset Value in Fixed Income Securities, units or shares in collective investment schemes and/or other transferable securities (preferred and common stock, debentures, convertibles and depository receipts) which do not provide exposure to Emerging Market Companies or to Emerging Market Countries. Any such investment will at all times be ancillary to the Fund's core emerging markets debt strategy and will primarily be undertaken either as a hedge to an emerging market risk or as a highly correlated substitute for an emerging market investment.

Investment in FDI

Subject to the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank, the Fund may also engage in transactions in FDI, for hedging purposes (for example, to protect an asset against, or minimise liability from, fluctuations in market value or foreign currency exposures), for efficient portfolio management purposes (with a view to achieving a reduction in risk, a reduction in costs or an increase in capital or income returns within a level of risk consistent with the risk profile of the Fund) and/or for direct investment purposes (with a view to generating returns). These FDI may be dealt in over-the-counter or be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I to the Prospectus. Investments in FDI shall be in accordance with the relevant provisions of Appendix II of the Prospectus, including those relating to collateral requirements and eligible counterparties, in addition to other requirements contained in the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank. While the reference items for FDI will primarily relate to debt and credit, currencies and equity-related securities may also constitute the underlying reference items, as detailed below.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to total return swaps is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|--------------------|----------|---------|
| Total Return Swaps | 0-25 % | 75 % |

The Investment Manager uses a risk management technique known as absolute value-at-risk to assess the Fund's market risk to seek to ensure that the use of FDI by the Fund is within regulatory limits. The 99% confidence level, one day holding period, value-at-risk on the portfolio of the Fund shall not exceed 4.47% in any one day. The value-at-risk model will use one year of historical data of daily market moves.

Using the value-at-risk approach for exposure measurement does not necessarily limit leverage levels. However, the Fund through its investments in FDI may be leveraged. Calculating leverage resulting from derivative usage, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, as the sum of notionals underlying all the FDI positions in the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value the expected level of the Fund's leverage will not ordinarily exceed 100% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. Higher leverage levels are possible, but leverage is not expected to exceed 400% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time. It should be noted that for certain types of trading strategies this approach to measuring leverage could lead to leverage levels that are very different from risk exposures.

The primary FDI in which the Fund may invest are as follows:

Forwards (foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards)

A forward contract locks in the price at which an index or asset may be purchased or sold on a future date. In forward foreign exchange contracts, the contract holders are obligated to buy or sell from another a specified amount of one currency at a specified price (exchange rate) with another currency on a specified future date. Forward contracts can be 'closed out' by entering into a reverse contract. The Fund may use foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards, to protect against fluctuations in the relative value of its portfolio positions as a result of changes in currency exchange rates and/or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Swaps (credit-default swaps ("CDS"), equity swaps, interest rate swaps, total return swaps, foreign exchange swaps)

Generally, a swap is a contractual agreement between two counterparties in which the cash flows from two reference assets are exchanged as they are received for a predetermined time period. The Fund may invest in CDS in order to transfer the credit risk arising from the Fund's holding of Fixed Income Securities, acquire a specific credit exposure or to speculate on changes in CDS spreads. The Fund may enter into equity swaps to gain exposure to certain equities in order to avoid transaction costs (including tax), to avoid locally based dividend taxes, or to gain a short exposure to certain equity securities. The Fund may invest in interest rate swaps in order to offset risks posed to the value of its portfolio by volatility in interest rates or to speculate on changes to interest rates.

The Fund may also enter into total return swaps in order to gain exposure to certain asset classes, baskets of assets or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without having to invest directly in the reference assets or markets. The total return swap allows one party to derive the economic benefit of owning an asset or index without having to buy directly into that asset or index. Foreign exchange swaps may be used by the Fund to manage exchange rate/currency risk arising in the portfolio or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Credit-default swap indices

A credit-default swap index (for example, CDX or iTRAXX) is a <u>credit derivative</u> used to hedge credit risk or to take a position on a <u>basket</u> of credit entities. Unlike a CDS, which is an <u>over-the-counter</u> credit derivative, a credit-default swap index is a standardised credit security and may therefore be more <u>liquid</u> and trade at a smaller <u>bid-offer spread</u>. This means that it can be cheaper to hedge a portfolio of CDS or bonds with a credit-default swap index than it would be to buy many single name CDS to achieve a similar effect. Credit-default swap indices may be used by the Fund to hedge credit risk arising in the portfolio or to take a position on a basket of credit entities.

Options (currency options, bond options, equity options, CDS options, options on indices)

An option is a contract which gives the contract buyer the right, but not the obligation, to exercise a term of the option, such as buying a specified quantity of a particular product, asset or financial instrument, on, or up to and including, a future date (the exercise date). The 'writer' (seller) has the obligation to honour the specified term of the contract. Since the option gives the buyer a right and the seller an obligation, the buyer pays the seller a premium. Put options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to sell to the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Call options are contracts that give the option buyer

the right to buy from the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Options may also be cash settled. The Fund may buy or sell (write) exchange-traded or over-the-counter put and call options. The Fund may invest in options in order to gain exposure to certain asset classes, baskets of assets or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without having to invest directly in the reference assets or markets, or in order to protect against risks arising in the Fund's portfolio.

The Fund may also invest in the following FDI on an ancillary basis:

Futures (equity and bond futures, currency futures, futures on government securities, equity index futures, bond/credit index futures, interest rate futures)

Futures are contracts to buy or sell a standard quantity of a specific asset (or, in some cases, receive or pay cash based on the performance of an underlying asset, instrument or index) at a predetermined future date and at a price agreed through a transaction undertaken on an exchange. The Fund may invest in futures contracts in order to hedge against market risk, currency exchange risk or interest rate risk arising in its portfolio or to gain exposure to an underlying market or reference asset in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without investing directly. Using futures to achieve a particular strategy instead of investing directly in the underlying security or index may result in lower transaction costs being incurred by the Fund.

Swaptions (interest rate swaptions)

A swaption is an option which grants its owner the right but not the obligation to enter into an underlying swap. The Fund may enter into swaptions on underlying interest rate swaps in order to manage interest rate risk arising from its portfolio or to speculate on changes to interest rates.

Credit-linked notes ("CLNs")

CLNs are fully funded balance sheet instruments that may offer the holder synthetic credit exposure to a reference entity (or to multiple reference entities) in a structure resembling a synthetic corporate bond or loan. CLN issuance can either be direct issuance by financial institutions, for instance, or issuance by a special purpose vehicle that holds collateral securities financed through the issuance proceeds. CLNs are created by embedding credit derivatives in new issues. Thus, the CLN investor achieves synthetic exposure to a CDS in a funded security form. The Fund may invest in CLNs as direct investments or to hedge against credit risk arising in the portfolio.

Convertible Securities (including contingent convertible securities (CoCos))

The Fund may invest in convertible securities, which are bonds, debentures, notes or preferred stock, which may be converted into or exchanged for a prescribed amount of common stock of the same or different issuer within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula. Contingent convertible securities or bonds are hybrid bonds that may be convertible into equity, written down or written off by the issuer if a pre-determined trigger event occurs A convertible security entitles the holder to receive interest paid or accrued on debt or the dividend paid on preferred stock until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion, convertible securities ordinarily provide a stream of income, which generate higher yields than those of common stocks of the same or similar issuers but lower than the yield on non-convertible debt.

Warrants

Warrants are similar to options in that they give the holder the right but not the obligation to buy or sell stock at a set price in the future. A warrant guarantees the holder the right to buy (or sell) a specific number of shares at a specific price (the strike price) for a defined period of time. Unlike options on equity securities that are listed and trade on exchanges, warrants are usually issued by corporations through private transactions and typically trade over-the-counter.

Cash and Cash Management

In addition to cash held by the Fund as ancillary liquidity for the settlement of transactions, the Fund may hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash due either to the Fund's use of FDI and/or because the Investment Manager otherwise deems it to be appropriate to do so. In such circumstances, the Investment Manager may seek to employ an effective cash management policy to seek to maximise the value of such cash holdings to the Fund, by investing in treasuries and in a wide variety of other money market instruments and money market funds which satisfy Central Bank Requirements for investment by a UCITS and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below).

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-20% | 50% |

Consideration of ESG (environmental, social and governance) factors

The Fund incorporates environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio. The Fund also applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the issuer selection process. Information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

Currency Hedging Policy

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions, including investment in FDI, in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising both at the level of its portfolio holdings and at Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The FDI which the Fund may use for currency hedging purposes are set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment in FDI".

Hedging at Portfolio Level

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to protect the value of specific portfolio positions or in anticipation of changes in the relative values of the currencies in which current or future Fund portfolio holdings are denominated or quoted. For example, the Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to offset the currency exposure arising as a result of Investments in its portfolio being denominated in currencies different from the Fund Base Currency or to protect against movements in currency exchange rates between the date on which the Investment Manager contracts to purchase or sell a security and the settlement date for the purchase or sale of that security, or to "lock in" the equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in another currency.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may also engage in currency hedging transactions in order to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the

relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The Currency Manager has been appointed to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services in respect of the Hedged Share Classes of the Fund.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class that is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, overhedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

Risk Factors

1.Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Market Fluctuations", "Credit and Counterparty Risk", "Active Management Risk", "Political Risk", "Emerging Markets Risk Factors", "Risks Associated with Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities", "FDI Risk Factors", "MENA Risk" and "Risks linked with investment in the China Interbank Bond Market through Bond Connect") in addition to those set out below.

2.

Investment not equivalent to Deposit

The Fund may invest a significant amount of its Net Asset Value in deposits and/or money market instruments but an investment in the Fund should not be considered by investors as an alternative to investing in a regular deposit account. Investors should note that a holding in the Fund is subject to the risks associated with investing in a collective investment undertaking, in particular the fact that the principal sum invested is capable of fluctuation as the Net Asset Value of the Fund fluctuates.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

Contingent Convertible Risk (CoCo Risk)

Contingent convertible bonds are hybrid bonds that may be convertible into equity, written down or written off if a trigger event occurs. The trigger event is normally linked to the financial position of the issuer, therefore conversion is most likely to occur as a result of the deterioration of the capital strength of an issuer. Due to the contingent write-down, write-off and conversion features of contingent convertible bonds, such instruments may have greater risk than other forms of securities in times of credit stress. Should a predetermined trigger event specified in the terms of issuance of a contingent convertible bond occur, the Fund may not be able to control whether the issuance is written down, write-off or converted into equity. Contingent convertibles can also be exposed to several key risks such as trigger level risk (the trigger for conversion differs depending on the preference status of the equity); coupon cancellation (the issuer may cancel the discretionary coupon or conversion to capital at any point); capital structure inversion risk (CoCo investors may suffer a loss of capital when equity holders do not); call extension risk (CoCos are only callable with the approval of the competent authority); unknown risk (given the innovative nature of the instruments, there could be risks yet to be determined); and yield/valuation risk (investors have been drawn to CoCos' often attractive yield which may be viewed as a complexity premium).

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "Policy") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the Policy requires the Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of companies, Materiality Mapping¹¹ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely may have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for

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¹¹ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map™.

investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

Profile of a Typical Investor

Suitable for investors with a medium to long term investment horizon seeking an attractive level of return from an actively managed and diversified portfolio providing exposure primarily to emerging market fixed income securities.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement, a Currency Management Fee and/or a Performance Fee may also be chargeable in respect of a class of Shares to the extent provided for in the sub-sections below entitled "Currency Management Fee" and "Performance Fee".

Currency Management Fee

Each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that Hedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Performance Fee

The Manager is also entitled (in addition to any other fee to which it is entitled in accordance with the terms of this Supplement) to receive a performance fee, accrued daily and which crystallises and becomes payable only once annually (or otherwise on redemption of the relevant Shares), in respect of each of the Share classes in the Fund excluding the D Classes, the X Classes and the M Classes, equal to 20% of the Net Gain, if any, during the relevant Performance Period (the "Performance Fee").

No Performance Fee shall be charged to the assets of the D Classes, the X Classes or the M Classes.

Subject to the immediately following paragraph, any Performance Fee due (otherwise than on redemption of relevant Shares) will crystallise and be credited to the Manager once annually on the last Business Day of each calendar year and will be paid to the Manager by the 20th Business Day following the crystallisation date.

For newly launched Share classes, any Performance Fee due (otherwise than on redemption of the relevant Shares) will crystallise not earlier than 12 months following closure of the Initial Offer Period for the relevant class on the last Valuation Point for the then current calendar year.

A Performance Fee in respect of each relevant Share class shall accrue and become due and payable only in the event that both of the conditions below are met:

- the Ending NAV per Share for any Performance Period has exceeded the Hurdle NAV per Share; and
- the Ending NAV per Share for the applicable Performance Period (or as at the date the relevant Shares are redeemed) exceeds the High Water Mark.

Definitions

Each term identified below will have the definition set out following it, solely for the purposes of the Performance Fee calculation.

Ending NAV per Share

With respect to each class of Shares apart from the Unhedged Share Classes, the Ending NAV per Share is the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class as at the Valuation Point immediately prior to the accrual of any applicable Performance Fee.

With respect to each Unhedged Share Class, the Ending NAV per Share is the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class as described in the preceding paragraph, but expressed in the Fund Base Currency as calculated using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date.

High Water Mark

With respect to each class of Shares apart from the Unhedged Share Classes, the High Water Mark is the greater of:

- (i) the previous highest Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Share class (after deduction of any applicable Performance Fee and any applicable dividend) on the last Valuation Point for any previous Performance Period for which a Performance Fee was paid or accrued; or
- (ii) the Initial Offer Price per Share of the relevant Share class.

With respect to each Unhedged Share Class, the High Water Mark is the greater of (i) or (ii) above each as expressed in the Fund Base Currency using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date.

The High Water Mark will be adjusted for any appropriate dividend paid.

A Performance Fee is only ever payable or paid on the increase of the relevant Share classes' Net Asset Value over the relevant High Water Mark or the relevant Hurdle NAV per Share, whichever is higher.

Excess performance is calculated net of all costs before any performance fee accrual.

Hurdle NAV per Share

The Hurdle NAV per Share is calculated by applying an annualised hurdle rate of 5% as at the date of accrual of the Performance Fee (the "Hurdle Rate") to:

- (i) the opening Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class for the then current Performance Period or, where the relevant class is an Unhedged Share Class, to the opening Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class for the then current Performance Period as expressed in the Fund Base Currency (using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date) (the "Opening NAV per Share"), or
- (ii) where the current Performance Period is the first Performance Period for the relevant class, to the Initial Offer Price per Share for the relevant Shares or, where the relevant class is an Unhedged Share Class, to the Initial Offer Price per Share for the relevant

Shares as expressed in the Fund Base Currency (using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date).

The Hurdle Rate will be prorated for Performance Periods less than one year.

The Hurdle NAV per Share will be adjusted for any appropriate dividend paid.

Net Gain

With respect to each relevant Share class, the "Net Gain per Share" is the difference between the Ending NAV per Share and the higher of (1) the Hurdle NAV per Share and (2) the High Water Mark. "Net Gain" is the Net Gain per Share multiplied by the average number of Shares of the relevant class in issue during the period commencing on the date on which the then current Performance Period began and ending on the accrual date. The average number of Shares will be adjusted to take account of redemptions during the relevant period.

Performance Period

The first "Performance Period" for each relevant Share class shall commence as of the first Business Day following the closure of the Initial Offer Period for that class and end not earlier than 12 months later on the last Valuation Point of the then current calendar year. Each subsequent Performance Period shall commence immediately on the end of the prior Performance Period and end on the last Valuation Point of the next following calendar year (or otherwise on the date by reference to which the last Net Asset Value for the relevant Share class is calculated).

Prevailing Exchange Rate

"Prevailing Exchange Rate" means the exchange rate prevailing as between the currency in which the relevant Unhedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency.

General

For each Share class (excluding the D Classes, the X Classes and the M Classes) the Performance Fee will be calculated by taking the Net Gain for the relevant class for the applicable Performance Period and multiplying the resultant figure by 20%.

Each Share shall bear its pro-rata share of the Performance Fee, if any, payable in respect of the relevant class.

The Performance Fee will be accrued daily and, provided the relevant Shares have not been redeemed, will crystallise and be credited to the Manager once annually on the last Business Day of each calendar year and will be paid to the Manager by the 20th Business Day following the crystallisation date. Any Performance Fee accrued in respect of Shares redeemed during a Performance Period shall crystallise in due proportions and become payable at the point of redemption.

The Performance Fee shall be calculated independently by the Administrator and verified by the Depositary and is not open to the possibility of manipulation.

Worked example of how the performance fee is calculated

1. Assuming an Ending NAV per Share of \$110, assuming a High Water Mark of \$100 and a Hurdle NAV per Share of \$101.50 the Net gain would be \$8.50. Assuming an average number of shares over the performance period of 10,000 shares, the performance fee would be calculated as follows:

Day 1 calculation: $\$8.50 \times 20\% *10,000 = \$17,000$ (where 20% is the performance fee percentage rate payable).

2. Assuming 10% of the shares redeemed at the end of Day 1, \$1,700 of the performance fee would be crystalised. In this example the assumed average shares would be reduced to 9,000. Assuming the Ending NAV per Share increased to \$115 (i.e. a Net Gain of \$13.50), the performance fee calculation would be calculated as follows:

Day 2 calculation: \$13.50 * 20% * 9,000 = \$24,300.

The worked example set out immediately above applies for all Share Classes in the Fund, but for the D Classes, the M Classes and the X Classes.

No Performance Fee shall be charged to the assets of the D Classes, the X Classes or the M Classes.

Performance Fee Risks

The Performance Fee is a Net Asset Value based fee calculated by reference to the average number of Shares of the relevant class in issue over the Performance Period and, as a result, equalisation will not apply. Therefore, in circumstances where a Performance Fee is payable in respect of a particular Performance Period, Shareholders who acquired Shares of the relevant class after commencement of that Performance Period will be liable to pay a Performance Fee based on the performance of those Shares over the entire Performance Period rather than on the performance of those Shares over the period during which those Shares were held. Therefore, Shareholders who acquire Shares after commencement of a Performance Period may be liable for a Performance Fee even where there has not been an appreciation of performance of the relevant Share class during the period in which the Shares were actually held.

The calculation of the Performance Fee includes net realised and net unrealised gains and losses as at the end of each Performance Period and as a result, incentive fees may be paid on unrealised gains which may subsequently never be realised.

It should be noted that there is no repayment of any Performance Fee already paid if the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class (as expressed in the relevant currency) subsequently falls back below the High Water Mark, even if a Shareholder redeems its holding.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses out of Fund assets, with the exception of the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and subcustodial transaction charges – which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates - brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes), is subject to a cap of 0.23% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of the Expense Cap. For the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges (if any), brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes, where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| AUD (Hedged) | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| AUD (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | • | | | | | |
| CHF | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | ВР | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| CHF (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| EUR (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | D | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| GBP | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|---------------|-----------|--------|-------|------|----|----|------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | D | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| CHF (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|---------------|-----------|--------|-------|------|------|----|------------|
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | x | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| EUR (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | D | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | D | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | Seeded |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

(1) Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.

Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes.

- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).

- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- (5) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager. The Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.
- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.

A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.

- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offer Price | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Share Classes | Initial Offer Price | | | | |
| All AUD denominated classes (with the exception of AUD denominated M classes) | AUS\$100 | | | | |
| AUD denominated M classes | AUS\$1,000 | | | | |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF100 | | | | |
| All EUR denominated classes | €100 | | | | |
| All GBP denominated classes | Stg£100 | | | | |
| All JPY denominated classes | ¥10,000 | | | | |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of USD denominated M classes) | US\$100 | | | | |
| USD denominated M classes | US\$1,000 | | | | |

| Share Class Types | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| C Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of the C Classes is a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. | | | | |
| M Classes | Shares in the M Classes are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). | | | | |
| | For the purposes of this section: | | | | |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. | | | | |
| X Classes | Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). | | | | |
| | No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Investor Agreement. | | | | |
| | No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus. | | | | |

The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever.

For the purpose of this section:

"Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with such investment as are specified in the agreement.

"Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership.

APPENDIX II

| Dealing Information | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Business Day | a day normally treated as a business day in Dublin, London and New York. | | | | |
| Cut-Off Time | 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day* being the point in time on a Dealing Day up until which applications for subscriptions, switches, transfers and redemptions will be accepted. | | | | |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard Emerging Markets Total Return Debt Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogerson's Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com | | | | |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. | | | | |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. | | | | |
| Fund Base Currency | US Dollar (USD) | | | | |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. | | | | |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in such format as may be requested by the Administrator. | | | | |
| Share Price | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share.** 292 | | | | |

| | ** see section below entitled "Dilution and Swing Pricing" for information as to how the Net Asset Value per Share may be adjusted on any Dealing Day in calculating the Share Price in order to counteract the effects of dilution. Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. |
|-------------------------|--|
| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class, which may be adjusted in the manner set out immediately below in the section entitled 'Dilution and Swing Pricing'.

DILUTION AND SWING PRICING

Certain costs are customarily incurred when a Fund has to buy or sell portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to requests for subscription or redemption of its Shares.

These dealing costs comprise Duties and Charges incurred in the purchase or sale of Investments and include the costs associated with spreads – i.e. the costs to a Fund associated with spreads between the estimated value attributed to Investments when calculating its Net Asset Value and the actual price at which such Investments are ultimately bought or sold by the Fund in the market place ("**Spreads**"). The incurring of such costs by the Fund can result in the Fund's value being diminished or 'diluted'.

With a view to mitigating the effects of dilution on the Fund, in certain circumstances, and at the Directors' discretion, the Company applies a dilution adjustment in the calculation of the Share Price for its Shares, a policy known as "swing pricing".

Swing pricing, where applied to the Fund, aims to apply the burden of the costs associated with dealing in the Fund's Shares to the investors that actually request those Share deals on any particular Dealing Day, and not to the Shareholders in the Fund who are not trading in the Fund's Shares on the relevant Dealing Day. In this way, although it is not the aim of swing pricing to enhance results over time, it operates to mitigate the adverse effects of dilution as a result of those costs and to preserve and protect the value of shareholdings, thereby benefiting long-term Shareholders' net returns.

Swing pricing will operate in a manner that will aim to ensure that when, on any particular Dealing Day, the net dealing position exceeds a certain threshold, the Company will have the discretion to adjust the price for the Fund's Shares on that day so as to include a provision to account for the estimated associated costs. In this way, on any Dealing Day on which such an adjustment is applied, investors dealing in the Fund's Shares on that day, rather than the Fund itself (i.e. not the then existing or continuing Shareholders of the Fund), will bear the costs estimated to be incurred when buying or selling portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to the dealing requests received.

Swing pricing, where applied, will involve pricing the Shares of the Fund as set out below:

- (i) where the Fund is in a net subscription position on any particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total purchases of the Fund's Shares exceeds total redemptions) and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted upwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted upwards; and
- (ii) where the Fund is in a net redemption position on a particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total redemptions of the Fund's Shares exceeds total subscriptions), and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted downwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted downwards.

Accordingly, where applied for the purpose of calculating the Share Price on any particular Dealing Day, the swing pricing mechanism will involve the relevant Net Asset Value per Share being either increased to arrive at the Share Price (when the Fund is in a net subscription position) or decreased (when the Fund is in a net redemption position) by a percentage factor determined by the Company from time to time at its sole discretion (the "Swing Adjustment").

Since the Swing Adjustment for the Fund will be calculated by reference to the estimated or predicted costs of dealing in the underlying Investments of the Fund, including any dealing Spreads, and these can vary with market conditions, this means that the amount of the Swing Adjustment may vary over time. However, as indicated above, the Swing Adjustment, where applied to the Fund, shall not ordinarily exceed 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share. In exceptional circumstances, however, and only where deemed by the Directors to be necessary in order to protect Shareholders' interests in the Fund, the Swing Adjustment may exceed this threshold.

Where a Swing Adjustment is applied on any particular Dealing Day, it is applied to the Net Asset Value per Share. The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of Shares of the Fund is calculated separately, but any Swing Adjustment will in percentage terms affect the Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of the Fund in an identical manner. Investors who subscribe into or redeem from the same Class of Shares on any particular Dealing Day will deal at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class as adjusted, where relevant, by the Swing Adjustment. The Share Price for Shares of a particular Class on any Dealing Day will therefore always be the same regardless of whether an investor is subscribing into or redeeming from that Class. Where no Swing Adjustment is applied, investors will subscribe and redeem at the unadjusted Net Asset Value per Share for the relevant Class.

As indicated, the Swing Adjustment will be of a level that the Company considers appropriate to mitigate the dilutionary effects of the Duties and Charges which may be incurred by the Fund as a result of having to acquire or dispose of assets for the portfolio, as relevant, following subscriptions, redemptions and/or switches in and out of the Fund on the relevant Dealing Day. Importantly, the Swing Adjustment is designed to account for an approximation or estimate of the relevant dealing costs and may not reflect exactly (either underestimating or overestimating) the precise costs that are ultimately incurred. Any such overestimate will accrue to the benefit of the Fund, whereas any underestimate shall be borne by the Fund.

Additionally, a Swing Adjustment will typically only be applied if, on a given Dealing Day, the relevant net dealing position in the Fund exceeds a level (the "**Swing Threshold**") that has been pre-determined by the Company at its discretion. The Company, however, retains the discretion not to apply a Swing Adjustment, where this is considered to be in the best interests of Shareholders of the Fund as a whole. Where the Fund is experiencing net subscriptions or net redemptions of Shares and a Swing Adjustment is not applied, there may be an adverse dilutionary impact on the value of the Fund. The Company may also in the future remove the Swing Threshold for the Fund with the result that, when calculating the Share Price, the Net Asset Value of its Shares would be adjusted whenever there are net purchases or net redemptions of Shares.

The Company will not benefit from the operation of swing pricing and it will be imposed only in a manner, that, so far as is practicable, is fair to Shareholders and solely for the purposes of reducing dilution. At all times, a robust governance framework will be operated by the Company in relation to its application and use of swing pricing so as to ensure that both the Swing Threshold and the level of any Swing Adjustment are subject to appropriate review and revision as necessary taking into consideration the best interests of Shareholders.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day

(save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

| | Pro | duct name: | Lazard Emerging Markets Total Return Debt Fund | en | gal tity entifier: | 32HKU43X2ML57P9Z9Z27 | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that | Environmental and/or social characteristics | | | | | | | |
| contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the | Does this financial product have a sustain | | | | nable investment objective? | | | |
| nvestment does not significantly harm any | •• | ☐ Yes | | | □ No | | | |
| environmental or social objective and that the nvestee companies follow good governance practices. | | | minimum of sustainab with an environmenta % | | (E/S) c does no sustain a minin sustain | haracteristics and while it of have as its objective a able investment, it will have num proportion of% of able investments | | |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally | | | tivities that qualify as r sustainable under the EU | | activitie | environmental objective in economic s that qualify as environmentally able under the EU Taxonomy | | |
| sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not ay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable | | | tivities that do not qualify as / sustainable under the EU | | activitie sustain | environmental objective in economic s that do not qualify as environmentally able under the EU Taxonomy | | |
| nvestments with an environmental objective | | | | | with a s | ocial objective | | |
| might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | | | minimum of sustainab with a social objectiv | | • | otes E/S characteristics, but t make any sustainable nents | | |
| | pro | duct? | | | | promoted by this financial | | |
| | | 1.To maintain Emerging rating me assesses material er 2.To invest assigned a by the Inv (CRA) sco | Market Bond Index Glo thodology is based of sovereign and corporate nvironmental, social, and in government and government and government and earisk score of no higher vestment Manager using tring tool. The CRA too development of relevan | SG ration at the second country is some country in the country is some country in the country in the country is some country in the country in the country is some country in the country in the country is some country in the country in the country in the country is some country in the count | ing that i ersified (nird-party rs' expose mance is ment-rela 5 (being proprietar s the risk cries acco | s better than the JP Morgan Ticker: JPEIDIVR). The ESG materiality framework that sure to, and management of, sues. ted securities of countries a Mid-High ESG Risk Score) y Country Risk Assessment to long-term prosperity and ording to their environmental, as a combination of equally | | |

weighted ESG indicators. Countries with the weakest overall performance on the ESG indicators will receive a higher overall risk score in the CRA scoring. 3. To avoid investing in companies that violate global environmental and social norms. The Investment Manager assesses companies against an internally generated watchlist, which leverages third-party vendor information. An exclusion policy is applied by the Fund that prohibits investing in or obtaining exposure to companies that are deemed by the Investment Manager to violate United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles. This helps to avoid investments that, at a minimum, do not meet social and environmental norms with regards to human rights, labour, and anti-corruption, as well as environmental degradation. 4. To promote certain minimum environmental and social safeguards by applying specific exclusion thresholds on corporates that are involved in controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. Sustainability indicators What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of measure how the the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial environmental or social product? characteristics promoted by The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the the financial product are attained. environmental and social characteristics of the Fund are attained: 7. The Fund's weighted average ESG rating is better than that of the JP Morgan Emerging Market Bond Index Global Diversified. 8. The Fund's investments in government and government-related securities are within countries assigned a better than Mid-High ESG Risk Score by the Investment Manager using its proprietary CRA scoring tool (no exposure to government and government-related securities of countries excluded by this threshold). 9. The Fund has no exposure to corporate issuers deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching the UNGC principles. 10. The Fund has no exposure to corporate issuers excluded by the exclusion criteria relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? Not applicable – the Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? Principal adverse impacts Not applicable. are the most significant negative impacts of How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been investment decisions on sustainability factors relating taken into account? to environmental, social and employee matters, respect Not applicable. for human rights, anticorruption and anti- bribery matters.

| | Llow are the gustainable investments clienced with the OECD Cuidelines for |
|------|--|
| | How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: |
| | Not applicable. |
| | The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy- aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria. |
| | The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. |
| | Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives. |
| - It | Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors? |
| | |
| | Through pre-investment global norms and activity-based exclusions, the following PAIs are considered: |
| | Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4, Table 1) Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1) Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14, Table 1) |
| | Through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered: |
| | Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1) Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1) |
| | Through post-investment stewardship activities, such as engagement, the following |

PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Specifically for government and government-related issuers in the Fund, through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered:

- GHG intensity of sovereigns (PAI 15, Table 1)
- Investee countries subject to social violations (PAI 16, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, the following PAIs may be considered:

- GHG intensity of sovereigns (PAI 15, Table 1)
- Investee countries subject to social violations (PAI 16, Table 1)

Material environmental and social issues listed in the PAIs are regularly identified by investment professionals and are discussed as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information. Given limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time.

Information relating to PAIs, where data is available, will be provided in the Fund's annual financial reports.

□No



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance

Lazard Emerging Markets Total Return Debt Fund is an emerging market, fixed income strategy that invests in securities issued by emerging market companies or emerging market governments and government-related entities. Investments are selected using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" and in accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? The Fund has the following binding elements:

- 7. The Fund's ESG rating is monitored against the JP Morgan Emerging Market Bond Index Global Diversified to ensure it outperforms on a weighted average basis. The ESG rating measures companies' exposure to, and management of, material environmental, social, and governance considerations. The Investment Manager seeks to achieve a better overall ESG rating by making investments in issuers with attractive ESG characteristics and limiting exposure to companies with higher sustainability risks.
- 8. The Investment Manager assesses sovereign issuers using its proprietary CRA scoring tool that ranks relevant countries based on environmental, social and governance-related behaviours across a combination of equally weighted ESG indicators such as pollution, energy use, food security, education, employment, poverty, healthcare, human rights, political stability, and gender parity. The required risk score for inclusion in the Fund is a score no higher than 35 (being a Mid-High ESG Risk Score) and countries that exceed the required risk score are excluded by the Investment Manager from the universe of investible securities.
- 9. The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on third-party data and internal research. Any company deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching UNGC principles will be excluded from the Fund's investment universe and the Fund will have 0% exposure to such companies.
- 10. The Fund applies activity-based exclusion criteria for certain products and services and will have 0% exposure to securities excluded under this policy. The exclusion criteria for the Fund excludes companies which are involved in:
 - the manufacture or production of controversial weapons (any revenue from controversial weapons such as anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, nuclear weapons in countries not party to the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), biological weapons, chemical weapons, depleted uranium weapons).
 - military weapons production which represents 10% of revenue or greater.
 - tobacco production which represents 5% of revenue or greater.
 - thermal coal mining or production which represents 30% of revenue or greater.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The assessment of good governance practices at investee companies will only apply for corporate issuers in the Fund. The assessment is supported by a broad range of governance information from third-party ESG data sets. These data sources also provide governance-related controversy information, which can be used to flag governance issues at investee companies. Governance assessments and information are taken into consideration as part of due diligence processes, ongoing monitoring of issuers in the portfolio, and stewardship activities.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

At least 50% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category will include investments and other instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 50% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational

 expenditure (OpEx)
 reflecting green
 operational activities
 of investee
 companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments or to making Taxonomy-aligned investments. It is expected, however, that in pursuing its environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute to one or more of the following environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation: climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation.

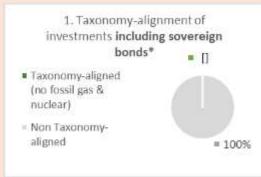
Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹²?

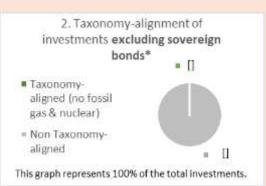
□Yes:

□ In fossil gas □ In nuclear energy

⊠No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





- * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures
- What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

are sustainable

investments with an

¹² Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

| environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable | There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| economic activities under the EU Taxonomy. | What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? | | | | |
| | There is no minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy. | | | | |
| | What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments? | | | | |
| | There is no committed minimum share of socially sustainable investments. | | | | |
| | What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards? | | | | |
| | "#2 Other" may include other investments and instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash, and cash equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included in the 'What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?' above. Minimum environmental and social safeguards set in exclusion criteria relating to global norms and activity-based screening still apply to the underlying securities. | | | | |
| ? | Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes? | | | | |
| Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they | The Fund has not designated an index as a reference benchmark to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes. | | | | |
| promote. | How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? | | | | |
| | Not applicable. | | | | |
| | How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis? | | | | |

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

Not applicable.

| Not applicable. |
|--|
| Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? |
| Not applicable. |
| Where can I find more product specific information online? More product-specific information can be found on the website: |
| https://www.lazardassetmanagement.com/ie/en_uk/funds/ucits-funds/lazard-emerging-markets-total-return-debt-fund/f410/s131/?shareClass=1263 |
| |

WF-72697846-v1

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD EMERGING MARKETS DEBT UNRESTRICTED BLEND FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the Prospectus.

This Supplement replaces the Supplement dated 22 March 2024.

The date of this Supplement is 28 March 2024.

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DEFINITIONS

"Bond Connect", a mutual market access scheme between mainland China and Hong Kong's bond markets through a cross border platform linking their respective financial infrastructures for trading, settlement and custody of China Interbank Bond Market bonds.

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank and Trust Company and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Emerging Market Companies", means companies whose registered office is located in or which are domiciled or incorporated in an Emerging Market Country and/or companies which exercise the predominant part of their economic activity in, or have significant business operations in Emerging Market Countries and/or companies which are quoted or listed on a Regulated Market of an Emerging Market Country.

"Emerging Market Country / Countries", means all countries not represented in the Morgan Stanley Capital International ("MSCI®") World Index.

"Fixed Income Securities", include Investment Grade, Non-Investment Grade and Unrated bonds, convertible securities (including contingent convertible securities), commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations such as asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities, certificates of deposit, notes and short and medium term obligations.

"Fund", Lazard Emerging Markets Debt Unrestricted Blend Fund.

"Hard Currency/Currencies", the currencies of the G7 nations, being the Canadian Dollar, the Euro, the Japanese Yen, Pound Sterling and the US Dollar.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Grade", a rating of at least Baa3/BBB- by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management LLC and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Non-Investment Grade", a rating of Ba1/BB+ or below by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

"Unrated", having no rating assigned by a recognised rating agency.

LAZARD EMERGING MARKETS DEBT UNRESTRICTED BLEND FUND

INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 9 November 2015.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in **Appendix I** to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund, apart from those listed in Appendix I, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in **Appendix II** to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as medium to long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to maximise total return from income and capital growth.

Investment Policy

In pursuit of its investment objective, the Fund will build and maintain a diversified portfolio consisting of:

fixed and/or floating rate Investment Grade, Non-Investment Grade and Unrated bonds and other
Fixed Income Securities, which are primarily issued by Emerging Market Companies, by
governments, government agencies or supranational bodies of Emerging Market Countries, or
which are denominated in emerging market currencies or collateralised by emerging market debt.
The Fund has the flexibility to invest in excess of 30% of its Net Asset Value in sub-Investment
Grade securities. The Fund may invest in eligible bonds traded on the China Interbank Bond
Market using Bond Connect;

- financial derivative instruments ("FDI"). While the reference items for FDI will primarily relate to debt and credit, currencies and equity securities may also constitute the underlying reference items, as detailed below:
- · units or shares of collective investment schemes; and
- cash; (all as further described below).

The Fund's investments will be denominated in a blend of the local currencies of Emerging Market Countries and Hard Currencies (i.e. primarily, US Dollars) and the Investment Manager may undertake FX transactions both for hedging purposes (as described further below in the section entitled "Currency Hedging Policy") and for direct investment purposes, for example, in circumstances where such transactions may be the only way to access a particular market or currency, represented in the Benchmark index (described below in the section entitled "Benchmark"). It can be expected that, in normal circumstances, the Fund will be invested significantly in constituent securities of the Benchmark Index.

The investment process is a combination of a top-down macro assessment - which is used to determine the level of allocation (vis-à-vis exposure) as between local currency denominated Fixed Income Securities (i.e. securities denominated in the local currencies of Emerging Market Countries) and Fixed Income Securities denominated in Hard Currencies - and fundamental bottom-up country analysis, which is used to determine country weightings within each such asset class. The top-down macro assessment involves analysis by the Investment Manager of relevant markets fundamental data, including growth and inflation metrics, cyclical trends, such as liquidity and risk appetite and global supply/demand appetites. The Investment Manager's fundamental bottom-up country analysis will take account of factors such as a country's economic metrics (such as growth, inflation and demographics), policy measures (both fiscal and monetary), balance sheet indicators (such as foreign exchange reserves and total debt stock), flow indicators (such as foreign direct investment and current accounts) as well as subjective measures, such as political risk.

The Fund will not invest directly in equities, however, by holding a convertible security to maturity or by exercising an option on a warrant (see further below under the heading "Investment in FDI") or a convertible the Fund may from time to time hold equity securities of Emerging Market Companies on an ancillary basis. Any contingent convertible securities held by the Fund will be limited to 5% overweight the exposure to contingent convertible securities in the Benchmark Index.

As indicated above, the Fund may invest in units or shares of collective investment schemes including exchange traded funds and/or other sub-funds of the Company where such investment is consistent with the investment policy of the Fund. Aggregate investment by the Fund in open-ended collective investment schemes shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

The Fund may also at times hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash which may be invested in accordance with the Investment Manager's cash management policy, as further detailed below in the section entitled "Cash and Cash Management".

The securities in which the Fund will invest shall primarily be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus.

Investment by the Fund will be made on a long-only basis and subject to the restrictions set out in Appendix III of the Prospectus.

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar.

Investment in FDI

Subject to the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements, the Fund may engage in transactions in FDI, for hedging purposes (for example, to protect an asset against, or minimise liability from, fluctuations in market value or foreign currency exposures), for efficient portfolio management purposes (with a view to achieving a reduction in risk, a reduction in costs or an increase in capital or income returns within a level of risk consistent with the risk profile of the Fund) and/or for direct investment

purposes (with a view to generating returns). These FDI may be dealt in over-the-counter or be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I to the Prospectus. Investments in FDI shall be in accordance with the relevant provisions of Appendix II of the Prospectus including those relating to collateral requirements and eligible counterparties, in addition to other requirements contained in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements.

While the reference items for FDI will primarily relate to debt and credit, currencies and equity securities may also constitute the underlying reference items, as detailed below.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to total return swaps is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|--------------------|----------|---------|
| Total Return Swaps | 0%* | 50 % |

*It is expected that in normal circumstances the Fund will not have assets subject to total return swaps, hence 0%. However, the Investment Manager retains the flexibility to invest in accordance with the stated maximum at any time.

The Investment Manager uses a risk management technique known as absolute value-at-risk to assess the Fund's market risk to seek to ensure that the use of FDI by the Fund is within regulatory limits. The one-tailed 99% confidence level, one day holding period, value-at-risk on the portfolio of the Fund will be calculated daily and shall not exceed 4.47% of the Fund's Net Asset Value in any one day. The value-at-risk model will use one year of historical data of daily market moves.

Using the value-at-risk approach for exposure measurement does not necessarily limit leverage levels. However, the Fund through its investments in FDI will be leveraged. Calculating leverage resulting from derivative usage, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, as the sum of notionals underlying all the FDI positions in the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value, the expected level of the Fund's leverage will not ordinarily exceed 50% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. Higher leverage levels are possible, but leverage is not expected to exceed 400% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time. It should be noted that for certain types of trading strategies this approach to measuring leverage could lead to leverage levels that are very different from risk-exposures.

The FDI in which the Fund may invest are as follows:

Forwards (foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards)

A forward contract locks in the price at which an index or asset may be purchased or sold on a future date. In forward foreign exchange contracts, the contract holders are obligated to buy or sell from another a specified amount of one currency at a specified price (exchange rate) with another currency on a specified future date. Forward contracts can be 'closed out' by entering into a reverse contract. The Fund may use foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards, to protect against fluctuations in the relative value of its portfolio positions as a result of changes in currency exchange rates and/or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Swaps (credit-default swaps ("CDS"), interest rate swaps, total return swaps, foreign exchange swaps)

Generally, a swap is a contractual agreement between two counterparties in which the cash flows from two reference assets are exchanged as they are received for a predetermined time period. The Fund may invest in CDS in order to transfer the credit risk arising from the Fund's holding of Fixed Income Securities, acquire a specific credit exposure or to speculate on changes in CDS spreads.

The Fund may invest in interest rate swaps in order to offset risks posed to the value of its portfolio by volatility in interest rates or to speculate on changes to interest rates.

The Fund may also enter into total return swaps in order to gain exposure to certain Fixed Income Securities, baskets of Fixed Income Securities or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without having to invest directly in the reference assets or markets. The total return swap allows one party to derive the economic benefit of owning an asset or index without having to buy directly into that asset or index. Foreign exchange swaps may be used by the Fund to manage exchange rate/currency risk arising in the portfolio or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Credit-default swap indices

A credit-default swap index (for example, CDX or iTRAXX) is a <u>credit derivative</u> used to hedge credit risk or to take a position on a <u>basket</u> of credit entities. Unlike a CDS, which is an <u>over-the-counter</u> credit derivative, a credit-default swap index is a standardised credit security and may therefore be more <u>liquid</u> and trade at a smaller <u>bid-offer spread</u>. This means that it can be cheaper to hedge a portfolio of CDS or bonds with a credit-default swap index than it would be to buy many single name CDS to achieve a similar effect. Credit-default swap indices may be used by the Fund to hedge credit risk arising in the portfolio or to take a position on a basket of credit entities.

Options (currency options, bond options, CDS options, options on indices)

An option is a contract which gives the contract buyer the right, but not the obligation, to exercise a term of the option, such as buying a specified quantity of a particular product, asset or financial instrument, on, or up to and including, a future date (the exercise date). The 'writer' (seller) has the obligation to honour the specified term of the contract. Since the option gives the buyer a right and the seller an obligation, the buyer pays the seller a premium. Put options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to sell to the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Call options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to buy from the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Options may also be cash settled. The Fund may buy or sell (write) exchange-traded or over-the-counter put and call options. The Fund may invest in options in order to gain exposure to certain asset classes, baskets of assets or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without having to invest directly in the reference assets or markets, or in order to protect against risks arising in the Fund's portfolio.

Futures (bond futures, currency futures, bond/credit index futures, interest rate futures)

Futures are contracts to buy or sell a standard quantity of a specific asset (or, in some cases, receive or pay cash based on the performance of an underlying asset, instrument or index) at a predetermined future date and at a price agreed through a transaction undertaken on an exchange. The Fund may invest in futures contracts in order to hedge against market risk, currency exchange risk or interest rate risk arising in its portfolio or to gain exposure to an underlying market or reference asset in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without investing directly. Using futures to achieve a particular strategy instead of investing directly in the underlying security or index may result in lower transaction costs being incurred by the Fund.

Swaptions (interest rate swaptions)

A swaption is an option which grants its owner the right but not the obligation to enter into an underlying swap. The Fund may enter into swaptions on underlying interest rate swaps in order to manage interest rate risk arising from its portfolio or to speculate on changes to interest rates.

Credit-linked notes ("CLNs")

CLNs are fully funded balance sheet instruments that may offer the holder synthetic credit exposure to a reference entity (or to multiple reference entities) in a structure resembling a synthetic corporate bond or loan. CLN issuance can either be direct issuance by financial institutions, for instance, or issuance by a special purpose vehicle that holds collateral securities financed through the issuance proceeds. CLNs are created by embedding credit derivatives in new issues. Thus, the CLN investor

achieves synthetic exposure to a CDS in a funded security form. The Fund may invest in CLNs as direct investments or to hedge against credit risk arising in the portfolio.

Convertible Securities (including contingent convertible securities (CoCos))

The Fund may invest in convertible securities, which are bonds, debentures, notes or preferred stock which may be converted into or exchanged for a prescribed amount of common stock of the same or different issuer within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula. Contingent convertible securities or bonds are hybrid bonds that may be convertible into equity, written down or written off by the issuer if a pre-determined trigger event occurs. A convertible security entitles the holder to receive interest paid or accrued on debt or the dividend paid on preferred stock until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion, convertible securities ordinarily provide a stream of income, which generate higher yields than those of common stocks of the same or similar issuers but lower than the yield on non-convertible debt.

Warrants

Warrants are similar to options in that they give the holder the right but not the obligation to buy or sell stock at a set price in the future. A warrant guarantees the holder the right to buy (or sell) a specific number of shares at a specific price (the strike price) for a defined period of time. Unlike options on equity securities that are listed and trade on exchanges, warrants are usually issued by corporations through private transactions and typically trade over-the-counter.

Cash and Cash Management

In addition to cash held by the Fund as ancillary liquidity for the settlement of transactions, the Fund may hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash due either to the Fund's use of FDI and/or because the Investment Manager otherwise deems it to be appropriate to do so. In such circumstances, the Investment Manager may seek to employ an effective cash management policy to seek to maximise the value of such cash holdings to the Fund, by investing in treasuries and a wide variety of other money market instruments and money market funds which satisfy Central Bank Requirements for investment by a UCITS and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below).

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-5% | 10 % |

Consideration of ESG (environmental, social and governance) factors

The Fund incorporates environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio. The Fund also applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the issuer selection process. Information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

Benchmark

Performance of the Fund is measured against a customised 50/50 combination of two recognised emerging market debt indices, one being a Hard Currency index, the other being a local currency

index (the "Benchmark Index") for comparative purposes. The Hard Currency portion (50%) of the Benchmark Index is the J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified Index, Ticker: JPGCCOMP. This index tracks total returns for US dollar denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasi sovereign entities. The local currency portion (50%) of the Benchmark Index is the J.P. Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index, Ticker: JGENVUUG, which tracks total returns for local currency denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign entities.

In pursuing its investment objective, the Fund will aim to outperform the Benchmark Index. However, the Fund does not target any particular level of outperformance of the Benchmark Index as an objective.

The Fund is actively managed (meaning that the Investment Manager has discretion over the composition of the Fund's portfolio subject to its stated investment objective and policy as set out above). The strategy pursued by the Fund does not impose limits on the extent to which portfolio holdings and/or weights must adhere to or may diverge from the composition of the Benchmark Index. Although the Fund has full flexibility to invest in securities not represented in the Benchmark Index, it is nonetheless likely to invest significantly in constituent securities of the Benchmark Index.

The Directors reserve the right, if they consider it in the interests of the Fund to do so and with the consent of the Depositary, to substitute another index for the Benchmark Index, in the circumstances set out in the section of the Prospectus entitled 'Benchmark Indices'.

Currency Hedging Policy

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions, including investment in FDI, in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising both at the level of its portfolio holdings and at Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The FDI which the Fund may use for currency hedging purposes are set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment in FDI".

Hedging at Portfolio Level

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to protect the value of specific portfolio positions or in anticipation of changes in the relative values of the currencies in which current or future Fund portfolio holdings are denominated or quoted. For example, the Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to offset the currency exposure arising as a result of Investments in its portfolio being denominated in currencies different from the Fund Base Currency, or to protect against movements in currency exchange rates between the date on which the Investment Manager contracts to purchase or sell a security and the settlement date for the purchase or sale of that security, or to "lock in" the equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in another currency.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may also engage in currency hedging transactions in order to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The Currency Manager has been appointed to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services in respect of the Hedged Share Classes of the Fund.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class that is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, overhedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

Risk Factors

Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Market Fluctuations", "Credit and Counterparty Risk", "Active Management Risk", "Inflation Risk", "Leverage Risk", "Political Risk", "Emerging Markets Risk Factors", "Risks Associated with Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities", "FDI Risk Factors", "MENA Risk" and "Risks linked with investment in the China Interbank Bond Market through Bond Connect") in addition to those set out below.

Investment not equivalent to Deposit

The Fund may invest a significant amount of its Net Asset Value in deposits and/or money market instruments but an investment in the Fund should not be considered by investors as an alternative to investing in a regular deposit account. Investors should note that a holding in the Fund is subject to the risks associated with investing in a collective investment undertaking, in particular the fact that the principal sum invested is capable of fluctuation as the Net Asset Value of the Fund fluctuates.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

The Fund has the flexibility to invest in assets denominated in currencies different to the Fund Base Currency. Where the currencies in which portfolio assets are denominated differ from the Fund Base Currency and such exposures are not hedged the Fund may be affected unfavourably due to fluctuations in the relevant rates of exchange.

Contingent Convertible Risk (CoCo Risk)

Contingent convertible bonds are hybrid bonds that may be convertible into equity, written down or written off if a trigger event occurs. The trigger event is normally linked to the financial position of the issuer, therefore conversion is most likely to occur as a result of the deterioration of the capital strength of an issuer. Due to the contingent write-down, write-off and conversion features of contingent convertible bonds, such instruments may have greater risk than other forms of securities in times of credit stress. Should a predetermined trigger event specified in the terms of issuance of a contingent convertible bond occur, the Fund may not be able to control whether the issuance is written down, write-off or converted into equity. Contingent convertibles can also be exposed to several key risks such as trigger level risk (the trigger for conversion differs depending on the preference status of the equity); coupon cancellation (the issuer may cancel the discretionary coupon or conversion to capital at any point); capital structure inversion risk (CoCo investors may suffer a loss of capital when equity holders do not); call extension risk (CoCos are only callable with the approval of the competent authority); unknown risk (given the innovative nature of the instruments, there could be risks yet to be determined); and yield/valuation risk (investors have been drawn to CoCos' often attractive yield which may be viewed as a complexity premium).

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "Policy") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the Policy requires the Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of companies, Materiality Mapping¹³ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely may have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

Profile of a Typical Investor

Suitable for investors seeking a medium to long term investment providing an attractive level of return from an actively managed and diversified, medium volatility fixed income portfolio with exposure to emerging markets where the investment does not form a substantial portion of their portfolio.

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¹³ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map™.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges, each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that Hedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses out of Fund assets, with the exception of the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and subcustodial transaction charges – which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates - brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) is subject to a cap of 0.23% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of the Expense Cap. For the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges (if any) brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes (apart from the Q class), where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Dividends in respect of the Q class, where paid, will normally be paid in January, April, July and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR | К | US\$250,000,000 | US\$500,000 | US\$10 | Up to 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP | Е | US\$100,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | Up to 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| USD | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| USD | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |

| USD | Q | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
|-----|----|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|----|----|------------|
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$1,000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| USD | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| USD | E | US\$100,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | Up to 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Е | US\$100,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | Up to 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR | К | US\$250,000,000 | US\$500,000 | US\$10 | Up to 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | Е | US\$100,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | Up to 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP | К | US\$250,000,000 | US\$500,000 | US\$10 | Up to 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | E | US\$100,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | Up to 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |

| USD | Α | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
|-----|----|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|------|----|------------|
| USD | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$1,000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |
| USD | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | See note 8 |
| USD | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | Е | US\$100,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | Up to 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See note 8 |

Notes:

- (1) other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.
 - Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes.
- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).
- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- (5) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.
- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.
 - A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.
- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offer Price | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Share Classes | Initial Offer Price | | | | |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF100 | | | | |
| All EUR denominated classes | €100 | | | | |
| All GBP denominated classes | Stg£100 | | | | |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of the USD denominated M class) | US\$100 | | | | |
| USD denominated M class | US\$1,000 | | | | |

| | Share Class Types | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| C Classes E Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of both the C Classes and the E Classes is, in each case, a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. | | | | | |
| M Class | Shares in the M Class are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). For the purposes of this section: | | | | | |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. | | | | | |
| X Classes | Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). | | | | | |
| | No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Investor Agreement. | | | | | |
| | No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus. | | | | | |
| | The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever. | | | | | |
| | For the purpose of this section: | | | | | |
| | "Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with such investment as are specified in the agreement. | | | | | |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. | | | | | |

APPENDIX II

| Dealing Information | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Business Day | a day normally treated as a business day in Dublin, London and New York. | | | | |
| Cut-Off Time | 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day* | | | | |
| | being the point in time on a Business Day up until which applications for subscriptions switches, transfers and redemptions will be accepted. | | | | |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard Emerging Markets Debt Unrestricted Blend Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogersons Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com | | | | |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. | | | | |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. | | | | |
| Fund Base Currency | US Dollar (USD) | | | | |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. | | | | |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in such format as may be requested by the Administrator. | | | | |
| | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share.** | | | | |

| Share Price | ** see section below entitled "Dilution and Swing Pricing" for information as to how the Net Asset Value per Share may be adjusted on any Dealing Day in calculating the Share Price in order to counteract the effects of dilution. Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. |
|-------------------------|--|
| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class, which may be adjusted in the manner set out immediately below in the section entitled 'Dilution and Swing Pricing'.

DILUTION AND SWING PRICING

Certain costs are customarily incurred when a Fund has to buy or sell portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to requests for subscription or redemption of its Shares.

These dealing costs comprise Duties and Charges incurred in the purchase or sale of Investments and include the costs associated with spreads – i.e. the costs to a Fund associated with spreads between the estimated value attributed to Investments when calculating its Net Asset Value and the actual price at which such Investments are ultimately bought or sold by the Fund in the market place ("**Spreads**"). The incurring of such costs by the Fund can result in the Fund's value being diminished or 'diluted'.

With a view to mitigating the effects of dilution on the Fund, in certain circumstances, and at the Directors' discretion, the Company applies a dilution adjustment in the calculation of the Share Price for its Shares, a policy known as "swing pricing".

Swing pricing, where applied to the Fund, aims to apply the burden of the costs associated with dealing in the Fund's Shares to the investors that actually request those Share deals on any particular Dealing Day, and not to the Shareholders in the Fund who are not trading in the Fund's Shares on the relevant Dealing Day. In this way, although it is not the aim of swing pricing to enhance results over time, it operates to mitigate the adverse effects of dilution as a result of those costs and to preserve and protect the value of shareholdings, thereby benefiting long-term Shareholders' net returns.

Swing pricing will operate in a manner that will aim to ensure that when, on any particular Dealing Day, the net dealing position exceeds a certain threshold, the Company will have the discretion to adjust the price for the Fund's Shares on that day so as to include a provision to account for the estimated associated costs. In this way, on any Dealing Day on which such an adjustment is applied, investors dealing in the Fund's Shares on that day, rather than the Fund itself (i.e. not the then existing or continuing Shareholders of the Fund), will bear the costs estimated to be incurred when buying or selling portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to the dealing requests received.

Swing pricing, where applied, will involve pricing the Shares of the Fund as set out below:

- (ix) where the Fund is in a net subscription position on any particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total purchases of the Fund's Shares exceeds total redemptions) and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted upwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted upwards; and
- (x) where the Fund is in a net redemption position on a particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total redemptions of the Fund's Shares exceeds total subscriptions), and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted downwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted downwards.

Accordingly, where applied for the purpose of calculating the Share Price on any particular Dealing Day, the swing pricing mechanism will involve the relevant Net Asset Value per Share being either increased to arrive at the Share Price (when the Fund is in a net subscription position) or decreased (when the Fund is in a net redemption position) by a percentage factor determined by the Company from time to time at its sole discretion (the "Swing Adjustment").

Since the Swing Adjustment for the Fund will be calculated by reference to the estimated or predicted costs of dealing in the underlying Investments of the Fund, including any dealing Spreads, and these can vary with market conditions, this means that the amount of the Swing Adjustment may vary over time. However, as indicated above, the Swing Adjustment, where applied to the Fund, shall not ordinarily exceed 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share. In exceptional circumstances, however, and only where deemed by the Directors to be necessary in order to protect Shareholders' interests in the Fund, the Swing Adjustment may exceed this threshold.

Where a Swing Adjustment is applied on any particular Dealing Day, it is applied to the Net Asset Value per Share. The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of Shares of the Fund is calculated separately, but any Swing Adjustment will in percentage terms affect the Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of the Fund in an identical manner. Investors who subscribe into or redeem from the same Class of Shares on any particular Dealing Day will deal at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class as adjusted, where relevant, by the Swing Adjustment. The Share Price for Shares of a particular Class on any Dealing Day will therefore always be the same regardless of whether an investor is subscribing into or redeeming from that Class. Where no Swing Adjustment is applied, investors will subscribe and redeem at the unadjusted Net Asset Value per Share for the relevant Class.

As indicated, the Swing Adjustment will be of a level that the Company considers appropriate to mitigate the dilutionary effects of the Duties and Charges which may be incurred by the Fund as a result of having to acquire or dispose of assets for the portfolio, as relevant, following subscriptions, redemptions and/or switches in and out of the Fund on the relevant Dealing Day. Importantly, the Swing Adjustment is designed to account for an approximation or estimate of the relevant dealing costs and may not reflect exactly (either underestimating or overestimating) the precise costs that are ultimately incurred. Any such overestimate will accrue to the benefit of the Fund, whereas any underestimate shall be borne by the Fund.

Additionally, a Swing Adjustment will typically only be applied if, on a given Dealing Day, the relevant net dealing position in the Fund exceeds a level (the "**Swing Threshold**") that has been pre-determined by the Company at its discretion. The Company, however, retains the discretion not to apply a Swing Adjustment, where this is considered to be in the best interests of Shareholders of the Fund as a whole. Where the Fund is experiencing net subscriptions or net redemptions of Shares and a Swing Adjustment is not applied, there may be an adverse dilutionary impact on the value of the Fund. The Company may also in the future remove the Swing Threshold for the Fund with the result that, when calculating the Share Price, the Net Asset Value of its Shares would be adjusted whenever there are net purchases or net redemptions of Shares.

The Company will not benefit from the operation of swing pricing and it will be imposed only in a manner, that, so far as is practicable, is fair to Shareholders and solely for the purposes of reducing dilution. At all times, a robust governance framework will be operated by the Company in relation to its application and use of swing pricing so as to ensure that both the Swing Threshold and the level of any Swing Adjustment are subject to appropriate review and revision as necessary taking into consideration the best interests of Shareholders.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

| | Product name: | Lazard Emerging Markets Debt Unrestricted Blend Fund | Legal entity identifier: | 5493003WQKFO1YWQVQ55 | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that | Environmental and/or social characteristics | | | | | | | | |
| contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the | Does this financia | Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? | | | | | | | |
| investment does not significantly harm any | ■ □ Yes | | □ No | | | | | | |
| environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. | | a minimum of sustainable with an environmental _% | (E/S) ch not have investme | motes Environmental/Social naracteristics and while it does e as its objective a sustainable ent, it will have a minimum on of% of sustainable ents | | | | | |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic | in economic environmentally Taxonomy | | activitie | environmental objective in economic s that qualify as environmentally able under the EU Taxonomy | | | | | |
| activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable | | activities that do not qualify as y sustainable under the EU | activitie | environmental objective in economic s that do not qualify as environmentally able under the EU Taxonomy | | | | | |
| investments with an environmental objective | | | with a s | ocial objective | | | | | |
| might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | | a minimum of sustainable with a social objective: | · · | otes E/S characteristics, but will make any sustainable nents | | | | | |
| | What environmer product? | ntal and/or social charact | eristics are | promoted by this financial | | | | | |
| | 3. The Investme "CRA Risk economic of sovereign of behaviours • Enviror resourd • Social ("SDGs regulat life exp | Score") to assess sovered development of relevant courseless according to their enderoses a combination of equations across a combination of equations across a combination of equations; greenhouse gas ("GHG") indicators: progress towards"); health expenditures, errory quality; political stability arectancy. | ary Country Rising issuer rising issuer rising intries. The Convironmental, ally weighted in energy intended emissions; and succession levels and personal insection is estiment in section. | sity; climate risk; use of nature | | | | | |

the poorest CRA Risk Score unless there is a reasonable expectation that the rating improves over time. 4. The Investment Manager maintains an exclusion list of countries in which the Fund will not invest. The country exclusion list is comprised of countries that are deemed, under the CRA, to have significant social violations and/or are subject to financial sanctions. The Fund will not invest in the sovereign debt of, or securities issued by government-related entities in, countries on the exclusion list. 5. To avoid investing in companies that violate global environmental and social norms. The Investment Manager assesses companies against an internally generated watchlist, which leverages third-party vendor information. An exclusion policy is applied by the Fund that prohibits investing in or obtaining exposure to companies that are deemed by the Investment Manager to violate United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles. This helps to avoid investments that, at a minimum, do not meet social and environmental norms with regards to human rights, labour, and anti-corruption, as well as environmental degradation. 6. To promote certain minimum environmental and social safeguards by applying specific exclusion thresholds on corporates that are involved in controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. Sustainability indicators What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? environmental or social characteristics promoted by The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and the financial product are social characteristics of the Fund are attained: attained 11. The Fund's overall CRA Risk Score which reflects underlying sovereigns' risk to longterm prosperity and economic development of relevant countries according to their environmental, social and governance-related behaviours across a combination of equally weighted ESG indicators. 12. The Fund will not invest in countries on the Investment Manager's sovereign exclusion list. 13. The Fund has no exposure to corporate issuers deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching the UNGC principles. 14. The Fund has no exposure to corporate issuers excluded by the exclusion criteria relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? Not applicable – the Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? Principal adverse impacts Not applicable. are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into sustainability factors relating account? to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-Not applicable. corruption and anti- bribery matters. 330

— How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Not applicable.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Specifically for corporate issuers:

Through pre-investment global norms and activity-based exclusions, the following PAIs are considered:

- Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14, Table 1)

Through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, such as engagement, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Specifically for government and government-related issuers in the Fund, through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered:

- GHG intensity of sovereigns (PAI 15, Table 1)
- Investee countries subject to social violations (PAI 16, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, the following PAIs may be considered:

- GHG intensity of sovereigns (PAI 15, Table 1)
- Investee countries subject to social violations (PAI 16, Table 1)

Material environmental and social issues listed in the PAIs are regularly identified by investment professionals and are discussed as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information. Given limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time.

Information relating to PAIs, where data is available, will be provided in the Fund's annual financial reports.

□No



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance Lazard Emerging Markets Debt Unrestricted Blend Fund is an emerging market, fixed income strategy that invests in securities issued by emerging market companies or emerging market governments and government-related entities. Investments are selected for the Fund using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" and in accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Fund has the following binding elements.

For sovereign issuers:

11. The Investment Manager assesses sovereign issuers using its proprietary CRA Risk Score tool that ranks relevant countries based on environmental, social and governance-related behaviours across a combination of equally weighted ESG indicators such as sovereign energy intensity; climate risk; use of nature resources; greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions; food production: progress towards UN Sustainable Development Goals ("SDGs"); health expenditures, education levels; labour force participation, regulatory quality; political stability and personal freedoms; gender equality; and life expectancy.

For corporate issuers:

- 12. The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on third-party data and internal research. Any company deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching UNGC principles will be excluded from the Fund's investment universe and the Fund will have 0% exposure to such companies.
- 13. The Fund applies activity-based exclusion criteria for certain products and services and will have 0% exposure to securities excluded under this policy. The exclusion

criteria for the Fund excludes companies which are involved in: • the manufacture or production of controversial weapons (any revenue from controversial weapons such as anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, nuclear weapons in countries not party to the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), biological weapons, chemical weapons, depleted uranium weapons). • military weapons production which represents 10% of revenue or greater. • tobacco production which represents 5% of revenue or greater. • thermal coal mining or production which represents 30% of revenue or greater. Good What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments governance practices include sound considered prior to the application of that investment strategy? management structures employee relations. remuneration of staff and There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered. tax compliance. What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies? The assessment of good governance practices at investee companies will only apply for corporate issuers in the Fund. The assessment is supported by a broad range of governance information from third-party ESG data sets. These data sources also provide governancerelated controversy information, which can be used to flag governance issues at investee companies. Governance assessments and information are taken into consideration as part of due diligence processes, ongoing monitoring of issuers in the portfolio, and stewardship activities. What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product? At least 50% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category will include investments and other Asset allocation describes instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social the share of investments in specific assets. characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 50% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the
 green investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g. for a
 transition to a green
 economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics
50%

Investments

#2 Other
0%

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments or to making Taxonomy-aligned investments. It is expected, however, that in pursuing its environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute to one or more of the following environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation: climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation.



| Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy. ¹⁹ ? □ In fossil gas □ In nuclear energy □ In fossil gas □ In nuclear energy □ No The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment of investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excluding sovereign bonds a nuclear investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excluding sovereign bonds a nuclear investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excludes year of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excludes year of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excludes year of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments in transitional and enabling activities? There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. Objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally austainable economic decimal product in the financial product in the | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|---|-------------|--|--|
| The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds', the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments including sovereign bonds* 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excluding sovereign bonds* 1. Taxonomy-aligned (no fossil gas & nuclear) 2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments so fine the total investments. 3. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures 3. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures 3. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures 3. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures 3. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures 3. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures 3. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures 3. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures 3. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures 3. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of | | activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹⁴? ☐Yes: | | | | | | |
| aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds. 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments including sovereign bonds* 1. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excluding sovereign bonds* 1. Taxonomy-aligndent of investments excluding sovereign bonds* 2. Taxonomy-aligndent of investments excluding sovereign bonds* 1. Taxonomy-aligndent of investments excluding sovereign bonds* 2. Taxonomy-aligndent | | _ | ii nuclear energy | | | | | |
| investments including sovereign bonds* = 0% Taxonomy- aligned (no fossil gas & nuclear) Non Taxonomy- aligned = 100% This graph represents 100% of the total investments. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? | | The two graphs below s aligned with the EU Tax the Taxonomy-alignment alignment in relation to a bonds, while the second | conomy. As there is nt of sovereign bor all the investments of graph shows the | s no appropriate methonds*, the first graph so of the financial produc Taxonomy alignment o | odology to determin hows the Taxonom t including sovereig | e y n | | |
| Taxonomy- aligned (no fossil gas & nuclear) Non Taxonomy- aligned This graph represents 100% of the total investments. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? | | investments inclu | iding sovereign | investments exclu | ding sovereign | | | |
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| This graph represents 100% of the total investments. * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? | | (7) | = 100% | | -100% | | | |
| * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? | | , 510 | - 100% | This graph represents 100% of the | | | | |
| What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? | | * For the purpose of t | these graphs 'sovere | eian bonds' consist of all | sovereian exposures | | | |
| Sustainable economic What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? | with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria | There is no committed mir | nimum share of inves | tments in transitional and | d enabling activities. | | | |
| | activities under the EU | | | | ith an environmenta | al | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

¹⁴ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

There is no minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy. What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments? There is no committed minimum share of socially sustainable investments. What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards? "#2 Other" may include other investments and instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash, and cash equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included in the 'What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?' above. Minimum environmental and social safeguards set in exclusion criteria relating to global norms and activity-based screening still apply to the underlying securities. Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

| Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they | The Fund has not designated an index as a reference benchmark to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes. |
|---|--|
| characteristics that they promote. | How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | Where can I find more product specific information online? More product-specific information can be found on the website: |
| | https://www.lazardassetmanagement.com/ie/en_uk/funds/ucits-funds/lazard-emerging-markets-debt-unrestricted-blend-fund/f1361/s138/?shareClass=3261 |
| | |

WF-72686364-v2

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE DEBT FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the Prospectus.

This Supplement replaces the Supplement dated 6 July 2023.

The date of this Supplement is 22 March 2024.

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DEFINITIONS

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank and Trust Company and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Emerging Market Companies", means companies whose registered office is located in or which are domiciled or incorporated in an Emerging Market Country and/or companies which exercise the predominant part of their economic activity in, or have significant business operations in Emerging Market Countries and/or companies which are quoted or listed on a Regulated Market of an Emerging Market Country and any subsidiary company in which any of the foregoing entities holds a controlling interest.

"Emerging Market Country / Countries", means all countries not represented in the Morgan Stanley Capital International ("MSCI®") World Index.

"Fixed Income Securities", include Investment Grade, Non-Investment Grade and Unrated bonds, convertible securities (including contingent convertible securities), commercial paper, collateralised debt obligations such as asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities, certificates of deposit, inflation linked bonds, notes and short and medium term obligations.

"Fund", Lazard Emerging Markets Corporate Debt Fund.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Grade", a rating of at least Baa3/BBB- by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management LLC and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Non-Investment Grade", a rating of Ba1/BB+ to D/DDD inclusive by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

"Unhedged Share Class", a class of Shares denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency and which is not a Hedged Share Class.

"Unrated", having no rating assigned by a recognised rating agency, but deemed by the Investment Manager to be of an equivalent rating to a rating of B3/B- or higher by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised rating agency.

LAZARD EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE DEBT FUND INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 2 September 2013.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in Appendix I to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund, apart from those listed in Appendix I, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in **Appendix II** to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as medium to long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to maximise total return from income and capital growth.

Investment Policy

In pursuit of its investment objective, the Fund will build and maintain a diversified portfolio consisting primarily of:

- fixed and/or floating rate Investment Grade, Non-Investment Grade and Unrated bonds and other Fixed Income Securities, which are issued by Emerging Market Companies and may be denominated in any currency, including the US Dollar and currencies of developing and Emerging Market Countries;
- fixed and/or floating rate Investment Grade, Non-Investment Grade and Unrated bonds and other Fixed Income Securities, which are issued by governments, government agencies or supranational bodies of Emerging Market Countries and may be denominated in any currency, including the US Dollar and currencies of developing and Emerging Market Countries;

- financial derivative instruments ("FDI"). While the reference items for FDI will primarily relate to debt and credit, currencies and equity securities may also constitute the underlying reference items, as detailed below;
- · units or shares of collective investment schemes; and
- cash; (all as further described below).

The Fund does not intend to invest directly in equities, but the Fund may from time to time hold equity securities of Emerging Market Companies on an ancillary basis as a result, for example, of holding a convertible security to maturity or by exercising an option on a warrant (see further below under the heading "Investment in FDI") or a convertible. Any contingent convertible securities held by the Fund will be limited to 10% overweight the exposure to contingent convertible securities in the Benchmark Index.

As indicated above, the Fund may invest in units or shares of collective investment schemes including exchange traded funds and/or other funds of the Company where such investment is consistent with the investment policy of the Fund. Aggregate investment by the Fund in open-ended collective investment schemes shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

The Fund may also at times hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash which may be invested in accordance with the Investment Manager's cash management policy, as further detailed below in the section entitled "Cash and Cash Management".

The strategy pursued by the Fund seeks to achieve strong risk-adjusted returns over a full market cycle by utilising the Investment Manager's credit analysis, views on cyclical and structural trends, and global macro economic outlook in the selection of securities and the positioning of the portfolio in terms of its exposure at any particular time to particular sectors, countries, credit ratings, durations, maturities, etc. Credit analysis involves assessing the current and expected changes in creditworthiness of an issuer, structural trends tend to reflect fundamental or long-term shifts in an economy or market, for example, demographic changes or a change to a country's stage of economic development, whereas cyclical trends are those which tend to be shorter in duration and more fluid.

The emerging market exposure that the Fund seeks to achieve will typically be attained through emerging market corporate debt. The entire universe of emerging market corporate debt is considered by the Investment Manager and allocations are made where the Investment Manager believes value exists. However, it can be expected that, in normal circumstances, the Fund will be invested significantly in constituent securities of the J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index Broad Diversified (see section below entitled 'Benchmark').

In circumstances where at any time the Investment Manager considers that investment in emerging markets offers insufficient opportunities to maximise returns for the Fund, or otherwise believes that it is in the best interests of the Fund to do so, the Fund may invest a portion of its Net Asset Value in Fixed Income Securities and/or other transferable securities (preferred and common stock, debentures, convertibles and depository receipts) which do not provide exposure to Emerging Market Companies or to Emerging Market Countries. Any such investment will at all times be ancillary to the Fund's core emerging markets debt strategy and will primarily be undertaken either as a hedge to an emerging market risk or as a highly correlated substitute for an emerging market investment.

The Investment Manager will select the Fund's investments in Fixed Income Securities based on an analysis of (i) the credit quality of the issuers (i.e. of the capacity of the issuers to meet their obligations) and (ii) the nature and maturity of their instruments in issue. The Investment Manager at all times retains the flexibility to invest in excess of 30% of the Fund's Net Asset Value in sub-Investment Grade securities.

The securities in which the Fund will invest shall primarily be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus.

Investment by the Fund is subject to the restrictions set out in Appendix III of the Prospectus.

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar.

Investment in FDI

Subject to the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank, the Fund may also engage in transactions in FDI, for hedging purposes (for example, to protect an asset against, or minimise liability from, fluctuations in market value or foreign currency exposures), for efficient portfolio management purposes (with a view to achieving a reduction in risk, a reduction in costs or an increase in capital or income returns within a level of risk consistent with the risk profile of the Fund) and/or for direct investment purposes (with a view to generating returns). These FDI may be dealt in over-the-counter or be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I to the Prospectus. Investments in FDI shall be in accordance with the relevant provisions of Appendix II of the Prospectus including those relating to collateral requirements and eligible counterparties, in addition to other requirements contained in the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank. Counterparties to the OTC FDI in which the Fund invests shall have no discretion over the composition or management of the Fund's portfolio or over the underlying of the relevant FDI. The approval of a counterparty is not required in relation to any portfolio transaction.

While the reference items for FDI will primarily relate to debt and credit, currencies and equity securities may also constitute the underlying reference items, as detailed below.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to total return swaps is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|--------------------|----------|---------|
| Total Return Swaps | 0%* | 50 % |

*It is expected that in normal circumstances the Fund will not have assets subject to total return swaps, hence 0%. However, the Investment Manager retains the flexibility to invest in accordance with the stated maximum at any time.

The Investment Manager uses a risk management technique known as absolute value-at-risk to assess the Fund's market risk to seek to ensure that the use of FDI by the Fund is within regulatory limits. The one-tailed 99% confidence level, one day holding period, value-at-risk on the portfolio of the Fund will be calculated daily and shall not exceed 4.47% of the Fund's Net Asset Value in any one day. The value-at-risk model will use one year of historical data of daily market moves.

Using the value-at-risk approach for exposure measurement does not necessarily limit leverage levels. However, the Fund through its investments in FDI will be leveraged. Calculating leverage resulting from derivative usage, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, as the sum of notionals underlying all the FDI positions in the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value, the expected level of the Fund's leverage will not ordinarily exceed 25% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. Higher leverage levels are possible, but leverage is not expected to exceed 200% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time.

The FDI in which the Fund may invest are as follows:

Forwards (foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards)

A forward contract locks in the price at which an index or asset may be purchased or sold on a future date. In forward foreign exchange contracts, the contract holders are obligated to buy or sell from another a specified amount of one currency at a specified price (exchange rate) with another currency on a specified future date. Forward contracts can be 'closed out' by entering into a reverse contract. The Fund may use foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards, to protect against fluctuations in the relative value of its portfolio positions as a result of changes in currency exchange rates and/or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Swaps (credit-default swaps ("CDS"), interest rate swaps, total return swaps, foreign exchange swaps)

Generally, a swap is a contractual agreement between two counterparties in which the cash flows from two reference assets are exchanged as they are received for a predetermined time period.

The Fund may invest in CDS in order to transfer the credit risk arising from the Fund's holding of Fixed Income Securities, acquire a specific credit exposure or to speculate on changes in CDS spreads.

The Fund may invest in interest rate swaps in order to offset risks posed to the value of its portfolio by volatility in interest rates or to speculate on changes to interest rates.

The Fund may also enter into total return swaps in order to gain exposure to certain Fixed Income Securities, baskets of Fixed Income Securities or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without having to invest directly in the reference assets or markets. The total return swap allows one party to derive the economic benefit of owning an asset or index without having to buy directly into that asset or index.

Foreign exchange swaps may be used by the Fund to manage exchange rate/currency risk arising in the portfolio or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Credit-default swap indices

A credit-default swap index (for example, CDX or iTRAXX) is a <u>credit derivative</u> used to hedge credit risk or to take a position on a <u>basket</u> of credit entities. Unlike a CDS, which is an over-the-counter credit derivative, a credit default swap index is a standardised credit security and may therefore be more <u>liquid</u> and trade at a smaller <u>bid-offer spread</u>. This means that it can be cheaper to hedge a portfolio of CDS or bonds with a credit-default swap index than it would be to buy many single name CDS to achieve a similar effect. Credit-default swap indices may be used by the Fund to hedge credit risk arising in the portfolio or to take a position on a basket of credit entities.

Options (currency options, bond options, CDS options, options on indices)

An option is a contract which gives the contract buyer the right, but not the obligation, to exercise a term of the option, such as buying a specified quantity of a particular product, asset or financial instrument, on, or up to and including, a future date (the exercise date). The 'writer' (seller) has the obligation to honour the specified term of the contract. Since the option gives the buyer a right and the seller an obligation, the buyer pays the seller a premium. Put options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to sell to the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Call options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to buy from the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Options may also be cash settled. The Fund may buy or sell (write) exchange-traded or over-the-counter put and call options. The Fund may invest in options in order to gain exposure to certain asset classes, baskets of assets or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without having to invest directly in the reference assets or markets, or in order to protect against risks arising in the Fund's portfolio.

Futures (bond futures, currency futures, bond/credit index futures, interest rate futures)

Futures are contracts to buy or sell a standard quantity of a specific asset (or, in some cases, receive or pay cash based on the performance of an underlying asset, instrument or index) at a predetermined future date and at a price agreed through a transaction undertaken on an exchange. The Fund may invest in futures contracts in order to hedge against market risk, currency exchange risk or interest rate risk arising in its portfolio or to gain exposure to an underlying market or reference asset in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without investing directly. Using futures to achieve a particular strategy instead of investing directly in the underlying security or index may result in lower transaction costs being incurred by the Fund.

Swaptions (interest rate swaptions)

A swaption is an option which grants its owner the right but not the obligation to enter into an underlying swap. The Fund may enter into swaptions on underlying interest rate swaps in order to manage interest rate risk arising from its portfolio or to speculate on changes to interest rates.

Credit-linked notes ("CLNs")

CLNs are fully funded balance sheet instruments that may offer the holder synthetic credit exposure to a reference entity (or to multiple reference entities) in a structure resembling a synthetic corporate bond or loan. CLN issuance can either be direct issuance by financial institutions, for instance, or issuance by a special purpose vehicle that holds collateral securities financed through the issuance proceeds. CLNs are created by embedding credit derivatives in new issues. Thus, the CLN investor achieves synthetic exposure to a CDS in a funded security form. The Fund may invest in CLNs as direct investments or to hedge against credit risk arising in the portfolio.

Convertible Securities (including contingent convertible securities (CoCos))

The Fund may invest in convertible securities, which are bonds, debentures, notes or preferred stock which may be converted into or exchanged for a prescribed amount of common stock of the same or different issuer within a particular period of time at a specified price or formula. Contingent convertible securities or bonds are hybrid bonds that may be convertible into equity, written down or written off by the issuer if a pre-determined trigger event occurs. A convertible security entitles the holder to receive interest paid or accrued on debt or the dividend paid on preferred stock until the convertible security matures or is redeemed, converted or exchanged. Before conversion, convertible securities ordinarily provide a stream of income, which generate higher yields than those of common stocks of the same or similar issuers but lower than the yield on non-convertible debt. The convertible securities in which the Fund may invest may embed a derivative element and may, as a result, generate leverage.

Warrants

Warrants are similar to options in that they give the holder the right but not the obligation to buy or sell stock at a set price in the future. A warrant guarantees the holder the right to buy (or sell) a specific number of shares at a specific price (the strike price) for a defined period of time. Unlike options on equity securities that are listed and trade on exchanges, warrants are usually issued by corporations through private transactions and typically trade over-the-counter.

Cash and Cash Management

In addition to cash held by the Fund as ancillary liquidity for the settlement of transactions, the Fund may hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash due either to the Fund's use of FDI and/or because the Investment Manager otherwise deems it to be appropriate to do so. In such circumstances, the Investment Manager may seek to employ an effective cash management policy to seek to maximise the value of such cash holdings to the Fund, by investing in treasuries and a wide variety of other money market instruments and money market funds which satisfy Central Bank Requirements for investment by a UCITS and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below).

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-5% | 10 % |

Consideration of ESG (environmental, social and governance) factors

The Fund incorporates environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio. The Fund also applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the issuer selection process. Information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

Benchmark

Performance of the Fund is measured against the J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index Broad Diversified (CEMBI Broad Diversified, Ticker: JBCDCOMP) (the "Benchmark Index") for comparative purposes. The Benchmark Index is an expansion of the J.P. Morgan Corporate Emerging Markets Bond Index (the "CEMBI"). The CEMBI is a market capitalisation weighted index consisting of U.S. dollar denominated emerging market corporate bonds. The Benchmark Index provides a well-distributed, more balanced weighting for countries included in the CEMBI.

In pursuing its investment objective, the Fund will aim to outperform the Benchmark Index. However, the Fund does not target any particular level of outperformance of the Benchmark Index as an objective.

The Fund is actively managed (meaning that the Investment Manager has discretion over the composition of the Fund's portfolio subject to its stated investment objective and policy as set out above). The strategy pursued by the Fund does not impose limits on the extent to which portfolio holdings and/or weights must adhere to or may diverge from the composition of the Benchmark Index. Although the Fund has full flexibility to invest in securities not represented in the Benchmark Index, it is nonetheless likely to invest significantly in constituent securities of the Benchmark Index.

The Directors reserve the right, if they consider it in the interests of the Fund to do so and with the consent of the Depositary, to substitute another index for the Benchmark Index, in the circumstances set out in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Benchmark Indices".

Currency Hedging Policy

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions, including investment in FDI, in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising both at the level of its portfolio holdings and at Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The FDI which the Fund may use for currency hedging purposes are set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment in FDI".

Hedging at Portfolio Level

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to protect the value of specific portfolio positions or in anticipation of changes in the relative values of the currencies in which current or future Fund portfolio holdings are denominated or quoted. For example, the Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to offset the currency exposure arising as a result of Investments in its portfolio being denominated in currencies different from the Fund Base Currency, or to protect against movements in currency exchange rates between the date on which the Investment Manager contracts to purchase or sell a security and the settlement date for the purchase or sale of that security, or to "lock in" the equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in another currency.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may also engage in currency hedging transactions in order to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the

relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The Currency Manager has been appointed to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services in respect of the Hedged Share Classes of the Fund.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class that is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, overhedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

Risk Factors

Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Market Fluctuations", "Credit and Counterparty Risk", "Active Management Risk", "Inflation Risk", "Liquidity Risk", "Political Risk", "Emerging Markets Risk Factors", "Risks Associated with Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities", "FDI Risk Factors" and "MENA Risk") in addition to those set out below.

Investment not equivalent to Deposit

The Fund may invest a significant amount of its Net Asset Value in deposits and/or money market instruments but an investment in the Fund should not be considered by investors as an alternative to investing in a regular deposit account. Investors should note that a holding in the Fund is subject to the risks associated with investing in a collective investment undertaking, in particular the fact that the principal sum invested is capable of fluctuation as the Net Asset Value of the Fund fluctuates.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

Contingent Convertible Risk (CoCo Risk)

Contingent convertible bonds are hybrid bonds that may be convertible into equity, written down or written off, if a pre-determined trigger event occurs. The trigger event is normally linked to the financial position of the issuer, therefore conversion is most likely to occur as a result of the deterioration of the

capital strength of an issuer. Due to the contingent write-down, write-off and conversion features of contingent convertible bonds, such instruments may have greater risk than other forms of securities in times of credit stress. Should a predetermined trigger event specified in the terms of issuance of a contingent convertible bond occur, the Fund may not be able to control whether the issuance is written down, write-off or converted into equity. Contingent convertibles can also be exposed to several key risks such as trigger level risk (the trigger for conversion differs depending on the preference status of the equity); coupon cancellation (the issuer may cancel the discretionary coupon or conversion to capital at any point); capital structure inversion risk (CoCo investors may suffer a loss of capital when equity holders do not); call extension risk (CoCos are only callable with the approval of the competent authority); unknown risk (given the innovative nature of the instruments, there could be risks yet to be determined); and yield/valuation risk (investors have been drawn to CoCos' often attractive yield which may be viewed as a complexity premium).

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "Policy") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the Policy requires the Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of companies, Materiality Mapping¹⁵ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely may have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

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¹⁵ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map™.

Profile of a Typical Investor

Suitable for investors with a medium to long term investment horizon seeking an attractive level of return from an actively managed and diversified portfolio providing exposure primarily to emerging market fixed income securities.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement, a Currency Management Fee may also be chargeable in respect of a class of Shares to the extent provided for in the sub-section below entitled "Currency Management Fee".

Currency Management Fee

Each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that Hedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses out of Fund assets, with the exception of the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and subcustodial transaction charges – which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates - brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) is subject to a cap of 0.23% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of the Expense Cap. For the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges (if any), brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes, where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|-------------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| | | | | | | | | • | |
|--------------|----|----------------|-----------|--------|-------|------|------|----|------------|
| GBP | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | ВР | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | ВР | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | ВР | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|-------------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | А | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| GBP | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|------|----|------------|
| GBP (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | A | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | AP | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$500 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | US\$250,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.70% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | US\$10,000,000 | US\$10 | US\$10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | PK | US\$100,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 0.80% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Notes:

(1) other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.

Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes.

- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).
- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- (5) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager. The Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.

- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.
 - A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.
- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offer Price | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Share Classes | Initial Offer Price | | | | | | |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF100 | | | | | | |
| All EUR denominated classes | €100 | | | | | | |
| All GBP denominated classes | Stg£100 | | | | | | |
| All JPY denominated classes | JPY10,000 | | | | | | |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of USD denominated M classes) | US\$100 | | | | | | |
| USD denominated M classes | US\$1,000 | | | | | | |

| Share Class Types | | |
|-------------------|--|--|
| C Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of the C Classes is a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. | |
| EA Classes | The Annual Management Fee chargeable in respect of Shares of the EA Classes has been set at a rate intended to attract assets into the Fund. It is therefore intended that the EA Classes will only be available for investment, in accordance with the provisions set out below, for a limited period following publication of this Supplement. | |
| | Shares in the EA Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor with a direct account with the Company, or where held in a designated nominee account that is clearly identifiable for that investor only. Shares in EA Classes cannot be held in omnibus accounts. | |
| | Subject as set out below, the EA Classes shall be closed to all further subscriptions once the Net Asset Value of the Fund has reached US\$250 million (or such other amount as the Directors may at their discretion determine). | |
| | Following closure of the EA Classes in accordance with the preceding paragraph, Existing EA Class Shareholders (as such term is defined below) may continue to subscribe for Shares of any of the EA Classes. | |
| | Shares of the EA Classes can be redeemed at any time in accordance with the normal redemption procedures set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Redemption Procedure". | |
| | However, if following the closure of the EA Classes, an Existing EA Class Shareholder redeems their entire holding in the EA Classes, the Existing EA Class Shareholder is no longer entitled to further subscriptions for Shares of any of the EA Classes. | |
| | Once the Directors have exercised their discretion to close the EA Classes to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, a notice to that effect will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com . | |
| | For the purpose of this section: | |
| | "Existing EA Class Shareholders" means the registered holders of Shares in any EA Class as at the time the EA | |

| | Classes are closed to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs. |
|-----------|---|
| M Classes | Shares in the M Classes are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). |
| | For the purposes of this section: |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership |
| X Classes | Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). |
| | No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Investor Agreement. |
| | No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus. |
| | The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever. |
| | For the purpose of this section: |
| | "Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with such investment as are specified in the agreement. |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |

APPENDIX II

| Dealing Information | | |
|---|---|--|
| Business Day | a day normally treated as a business day in Dublin, London and New York. | |
| Cut-Off Time | 12.00 pm (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day * | |
| | * being the point in time on a Business Day up until which applications for subscriptions, switches, transfers and redemptions will be accepted. | |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard Emerging Markets Corporate Debt Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogersons Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com | |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. | |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. | |
| | However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. | |
| | Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. | |
| Fund Base Currency | US Dollar (USD) | |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** | |
| | ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. | |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** | |
| | *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. | |
| | In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. | |
| | Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in such format as may be requested by the Administrator. | |
| Share Price | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share.** | |
| | ** see section below entitled "Dilution and Swing Pricing" for information as to how the Net Asset | |

| | Value per Share may be adjusted on any Dealing Day in calculating the Share Price in order to counteract the effects of dilution. Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. |
|-------------------------|---|
| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class, which may be adjusted in the manner set out immediately below in the section entitled 'Dilution and Swing Pricing'.

DILUTION AND SWING PRICING

Certain costs are customarily incurred when a Fund has to buy or sell portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to requests for subscription or redemption of its Shares.

These dealing costs comprise Duties and Charges incurred in the purchase or sale of Investments and include the costs associated with spreads – i.e. the costs to a Fund associated with spreads between the estimated value attributed to Investments when calculating its Net Asset Value and the actual price at which such Investments are ultimately bought or sold by the Fund in the market place ("**Spreads**"). The incurring of such costs by the Fund can result in the Fund's value being diminished or 'diluted'.

With a view to mitigating the effects of dilution on the Fund, in certain circumstances, and at the Directors' discretion, the Company applies a dilution adjustment in the calculation of the Share Price for its Shares, a policy known as "swing pricing".

Swing pricing, where applied to the Fund, aims to apply the burden of the costs associated with dealing in the Fund's Shares to the investors that actually request those Share deals on any particular Dealing Day, and not to the Shareholders in the Fund who are not trading in the Fund's Shares on the relevant Dealing Day. In this way, although it is not the aim of swing pricing to enhance results over time, it operates to mitigate the adverse effects of dilution as a result of those costs and to preserve and protect the value of shareholdings, thereby benefiting long-term Shareholders' net returns.

Swing pricing will operate in a manner that will aim to ensure that when, on any particular Dealing Day, the net dealing position exceeds a certain threshold, the Company will have the discretion to adjust the price for the Fund's Shares on that day so as to include a provision to account for the estimated associated costs. In this way, on any Dealing Day on which such an adjustment is applied, investors dealing in the Fund's Shares on that day, rather than the Fund itself (i.e. not the then existing or continuing Shareholders of the Fund), will bear the costs estimated to be incurred when buying or selling portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to the dealing requests received.

Swing pricing, where applied, will involve pricing the Shares of the Fund as set out below:

(i) where the Fund is in a net subscription position on any particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total purchases of the Fund's Shares exceeds total redemptions) and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share

may be <u>adjusted upwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2.5% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted upwards; and

(ii) where the Fund is in a net redemption position on a particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total redemptions of the Fund's Shares exceeds total subscriptions), and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted downwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2.5% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted downwards.

Accordingly, where applied for the purpose of calculating the Share Price on any particular Dealing Day, the swing pricing mechanism will involve the relevant Net Asset Value per Share being either increased to arrive at the Share Price (when the Fund is in a net subscription position) or decreased (when the Fund is in a net redemption position) by a percentage factor determined by the Company from time to time at its sole discretion (the "Swing Adjustment").

Since the Swing Adjustment for the Fund will be calculated by reference to the estimated or predicted costs of dealing in the underlying Investments of the Fund, including any dealing Spreads, and these can vary with market conditions, this means that the amount of the Swing Adjustment may vary over time. However, as indicated above, the Swing Adjustment, where applied to the Fund, shall not ordinarily exceed 2.5% of the Net Asset Value per Share. In exceptional circumstances, however, and only where deemed by the Directors to be necessary in order to protect Shareholders' interests in the Fund, the Swing Adjustment may exceed this threshold.

Where a Swing Adjustment is applied on any particular Dealing Day, it is applied to the Net Asset Value per Share. The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of Shares of the Fund is calculated separately, but any Swing Adjustment will in percentage terms affect the Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of the Fund in an identical manner. Investors who subscribe into or redeem from the same Class of Shares on any particular Dealing Day will deal at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class as adjusted, where relevant, by the Swing Adjustment. The Share Price for Shares of a particular Class on any Dealing Day will therefore always be the same regardless of whether an investor is subscribing into or redeeming from that Class. Where no Swing Adjustment is applied, investors will subscribe and redeem at the unadjusted Net Asset Value per Share for the relevant Class.

As indicated, the Swing Adjustment will be of a level that the Company considers appropriate to mitigate the dilutionary effects of the Duties and Charges which may be incurred by the Fund as a result of having to acquire or dispose of assets for the portfolio, as relevant, following subscriptions, redemptions and/or switches in and out of the Fund on the relevant Dealing Day. Importantly, the Swing Adjustment is designed to account for an approximation or estimate of the relevant dealing costs and may not reflect exactly (either underestimating or overestimating) the precise costs that are ultimately incurred. Any such overestimate will accrue to the benefit of the Fund, whereas any underestimate shall be borne by the Fund.

Additionally, a Swing Adjustment will typically only be applied if, on a given Dealing Day, the relevant net dealing position in the Fund exceeds a level (the "**Swing Threshold**") that has been pre-determined by the Company at its discretion. The Company, however, retains the discretion not to apply a Swing Adjustment, where this is considered to be in the best interests of Shareholders of the Fund as a whole. Where the Fund is experiencing net subscriptions or net redemptions of Shares and a Swing Adjustment is not applied, there may be an adverse dilutionary impact on the value of the Fund. The Company may also in the future remove the Swing Threshold for the Fund with the result that, when calculating the Share Price, the Net Asset Value of its Shares would be adjusted whenever there are net purchases or net redemptions of Shares.

The Company will not benefit from the operation of swing pricing and it will be imposed only in a manner, that, so far as is practicable, is fair to Shareholders and solely for the purposes of reducing dilution. At all times, a robust governance framework will be operated by the Company in relation to its application and use of swing pricing so as to ensure that both the Swing Threshold and the level of any Swing Adjustment are

subject to appropriate review and revision as necessary taking into consideration the best interests of Shareholders.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

| | Р | roduct name: | Lazard Emerging Markets Corporate Debt Fund | Leç ent ide | - | 549300WQFPQLPQ84WG72 | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|--|--|
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that | | En | vironmental and/or | SOC | cial ch | aracteristics | | |
| contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the | D | oes this financ | cial product have a sustai | inabl | nable investment objective? | | | |
| investment does not significantly harm any | | ☐ Yes | | | ⊠ No | | | |
| environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. | | sustainable | a minimum of investments with an ital objective:% | | It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of% of sustainable investments | | | |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally | | | ctivities that qualify as y sustainable under the EU | | with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | | | |
| sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not ay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable | | in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | | | with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | | | |
| investments with an environmental objective | | | | | with a s | social objective | | |
| might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | | | a minimum of investments with a ctive:% | × | | otes E/S characteristics, but t make any sustainable nents | | |
| | | What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this finan product? | | | | | | |
| | Т | 9.To maintair Index (as The ESG corporate 10. To avoid in norms. The generated exclusion exposure | referred to in the section of rating methodology is based issuers' exposure to, and investing in companies that he Investment Manager as a watchlist, which leverages policy is applied by the Fu | ratin f this ed or mana t viola sesse s thir nd th med | g that is Supple a a third- agement ate globates comp d-party vertically by the li | better than the Benchmark ment entitled "Benchmark"). party framework that assesses tof, material ESG issues. all environmental and social anies against an internally vendor information. An bits investing in or obtaining nvestment Manager to violate | | |

| | investments that, at a minimum, do not meet social and environmental norms with regards to human rights, labour, and anti-corruption, as well as environmental degradation. 11. To promote certain minimum environmental and social safeguards by applying specific exclusion thresholds on corporates that are involved in controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. |
|--|---|
| Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by | What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? |
| the financial product are attained. | The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund are attained: |
| | 15. The Fund's weighted average ESG rating is better than that of the Benchmark Index. |
| | 16. The Fund has no exposure to corporate issuers deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching the UNGC principles.17. The Fund has no exposure to companies excluded by the exclusion criteria relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. |
| | What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? |
| | Not applicable – the Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. |
| | How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? |
| Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of | Not applicable. |
| investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee | How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account? |
| matters, respect for human rights, anti- corruption and anti- bribery matters. | Not applicable. |
| | How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: |
| | Not applicable. |
| | |
| | |

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomyaligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Through pre-investment global norms and activity-based exclusions, the following PAIs are considered:

- Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14, Table 1)

Through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, such as engagement or voting, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Material environmental and social issues listed in the PAIs are regularly identified by investment professionals and are discussed as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information and relative industry positioning. Given limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time.

Information relating to PAIs, where data is available, will be provided in the Fund's annual financial reports.

| | □No |
|---|--|
| | |
| | What investment strategy does this financial product follow? |
| | What invocations strategy accounts infancial product follow: |
| | |
| The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance | Lazard Emerging Markets Corporate Debt Fund is an emerging market, fixed income strategy that invests in securities issued by emerging market companies. Investments are selected using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" for the Fund and in accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund. |
| | What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? |
| | The Fund has the following binding elements: |
| | 14. The Fund's ESG rating is monitored against the Benchmark Index to ensure it outperforms on a weighted average basis. The ESG rating measures companies' exposure to, and management of, material environmental, social, and governance considerations. The Investment Manager seeks to achieve a better overall ESG rating by making investments in issuers with attractive ESG characteristics and limiting exposure to companies with higher sustainability risks. 15. The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on third-party data and internal research. Any company deemed to be breaching UNGC principles will be excluded from the Fund's investment universe and the Fund will have 0% exposure to such companies. 16. The Fund applies activity-based exclusion criteria for certain products and services and will have 0% exposure to securities excluded under this policy. The exclusion criteria for the Fund excludes companies which are involved in: • the manufacture or production of controversial weapons (any revenue from controversial weapons such as anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, nuclear weapons in countries not party to the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), biological weapons, chemical weapons, depleted uranium weapons). • military weapons production which represents 10% of revenue or greater. • tobacco production which represents 5% of revenue or greater. • thermal coal mining or production which represents 30% of revenue or |
| | greater. |
| Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, | What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy? |
| remuneration of staff and tax compliance. | There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered. |
| | |

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The assessment of good governance practices is supported by a broad range of governance information from third-party ESG data sets. These data sources also provide governance-related controversy information, which can be used to flag governance issues at investee companies. Governance assessments and information are taken into consideration as part of due diligence processes, ongoing monitoring of issuers in the portfolio, and stewardship activities.



What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

At least 50% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category will include investments and other instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 50% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the
 green investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g. for a
 transition to a green
 economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

management rules.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable

environmental

objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally

sustainable economic activities under the EU

Taxonomy.

investments with an

The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments or to making Taxonomy-aligned investments. It is expected, however, that in pursuing its environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute to one or more of the following environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation: climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation.

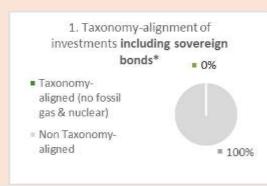
Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹⁶?

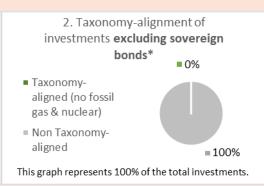
□Yes:

☐ In fossil gas ☐ In nuclear energy

 $\boxtimes No$

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





- **★** For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures
- What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities.



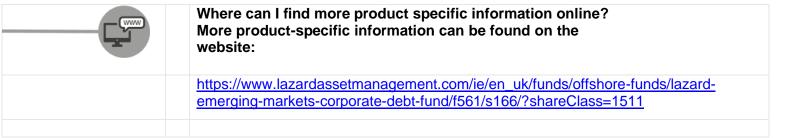
What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

There is no minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy.

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¹⁶ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

| | What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments? |
|---|--|
| | There is no committed minimum share of socially sustainable investments. |
| | What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards? |
| | "#2 Other" may include other investments and instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash, and cash equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to a minimum share in making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" investments category and therefore 0% is included in the 'What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?' above. |
| | Minimum environmental and social safeguards set in exclusion criteria relating to global norms and activity-based screening still apply to the underlying securities. |
| ? | Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes? |
| Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social | The Fund has not designated an index as a reference benchmark to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes. |
| characteristics that they promote. | How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? |
| | Not applicable. |



WF-72697846-v1

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD SCANDINAVIAN HIGH QUALITY BOND FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the Prospectus.

This Supplement replaces the Supplement dated 1 December 2022.

The date of this Supplement is 22 March 2024.

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DEFINITIONS

"Callable Bond", a type of bond (also commonly referred to as a redeemable bond) that allows the issuer of the bond the right to redeem the bond at some point before the bond reaches its maturity.

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank International GmbH and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Debt Instruments", include bonds (including, for example, inflation-linked bonds, Callable Bonds, Putable Bonds, Sinkable Bonds), commercial paper, certificates of deposit and short term debt obligations (i.e. debt obligations, such as treasuries or bonds that are due to mature within 1 year or within the then current fiscal year) and medium term debt obligations (i.e. debt obligations, such as some government issued notes, that are due to mature between 1 and 10 years of the date on which the debt was created).

"Fund", Lazard Scandinavian High Quality Bond Fund.

"Hard Currency/Currencies", the currencies of the G7 nations, being the Australian Dollar, the Canadian Dollar, the Euro, the Japanese Yen, the Pound Sterling, the Swiss Franc, and the US Dollar.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Grade", a rating of at least Baa3/BBB- by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Putable Bond", a type of bond the holder of which has the right, but not the obligation, to demand early repayment of the principal.

"Scandinavian Companies", means companies whose registered office is located in or which are domiciled or incorporated in a Scandinavian Country and/or companies which exercise the predominant part of their economic activity in, or have significant business operations in a Scandinavian Country and/or companies which are quoted or listed on a Regulated Market of a Scandinavian Country.

"Scandinavian Country", includes Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

"Sinkable Bond", a bond that is backed by a sinking fund designed to ensure that principal and interest payments on the bond are made by the issuer as promised. Such bonds typically pay down the principal according to a pre-set schedule.

LAZARD SCANDINAVIAN HIGH QUALITY BOND FUND INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 18 December 2018.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in Appendix I to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund, apart from those listed in Appendix I, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the Euro. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in **Appendix II** to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as medium to long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek to achieve capital appreciation combined with a modest level of income.

Investment Policy

In pursuit of its investment objective, the Fund will aim to build and maintain a diversified portfolio comprised primarily of fixed and/or floating rate bonds and other Debt Instruments that are either:

- issued and/or guaranteed by the governments, government agencies, quasi sovereign entities or supranational bodies of Scandinavian Countries or issued by Scandinavian Companies. Such securities may be denominated in either (i) the local currency of a Scandinavian Country or (ii) a Hard Currency; or
- issued and/or guaranteed by any other government, government agency, quasi sovereign entity, supranational body or company other than those specified immediately above,

provided however that any such security is issued/denominated in the local currency of a Scandinavian Country.

All securities in which the Fund may invest in accordance with the preceding paragraph shall either have an Investment Grade credit rating at the time of their purchase by the Fund or, otherwise, may have no individual credit rating ("Unrated Securities") provided that the issuer of any such Unrated Securities has an investment grade rating at the time the security in question is purchased by the Fund. Rated Securities which are downgraded to below Investment Grade following acquisition by the Fund may continue to be held by the Fund until such time as the Investment Manager in its sole discretion determines to liquidate the position. The Fund shall at no time have in excess of 30% of its Net Asset Value invested in securities that are rated below Investment Grade.

The Investment Manager will select the Fund's investments in the types of securities outlined above based on analysis and assessment of (i) the credit quality of the issuers (i.e. of the capacity of the issuers to meet their obligations), (ii) the nature and maturity of their instruments in issue and (iii) the relative value offered by the selected issue as compared with other issues of the same or a comparable issuer, which analysis may involve the application of a wide variety of financial analysis techniques, the creation of projections, detailed analysis of cash flows, the examination of collateral and other sources of repayment as well as credit history and management ability. The Investment Manager will also take into account, when selecting investments, its macroeconomic view of such factors as interest rates, yield curves, sector spreads, and currencies. This is combined with a disciplined portfolio construction process designed to ensure sufficient diversification (for example, in terms of issuer or issue concentrations) and liquidity across the portfolio.

In addition to the foregoing, the Investment Manager, both prior to investing in any security on behalf of the Fund and on an ongoing basis following investment, assesses the issuer of each such security using its proprietary 'sustainability framework' taking into account key ESG factors relevant to the particular asset class concerned. This 'sustainability framework' facilitates the assessment of issuer specific environmental ('E'), social ('S') and governance ('G') profiles both on an absolute basis and in a peer group comparison. The sustainability framework assessment results in issuers – both public and private – being evaluated by reference to the following three core ESG factors:

- Environmental Sustainability: with a focus on the carbon intensity profile of the issuer;
- Social Sustainability: with a focus on fair and equitable business practices across key stakeholders such as customers, employees, suppliers and wider society; and
- Governance: with a focus on management quality and rule of law compliance.

A sustainability quality assessment of each issuer which the Fund is considering for investment is conducted by reference to each of these ESG factors. These sustainability quality assessments are based on a broad set of asset class specific indicators that are in turn aggregated to form an issuer specific E, S and G percentile score. These percentile scores are analysed on an absolute basis and on a relative basis against peers (e.g. among developed countries or among non-financial energy sector corporates). On the basis of the ESG peer group quality assessment, the Investment Manager has defined a strict minimum quality requirement and excludes issuers that are scored in the bottom E, S and G quality quartile. This means that the issuers with the lowest aggregated E,S and G percentile scores following assessment against the ESG Factors specified above (i.e. those scoring within the bottom 25% of all assessed issuers) are not eligible for investment by the Fund.

In addition to incorporating environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio, the Fund also applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the issuer selection process. Further information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

In seeking to achieve the Fund's investment objective, the Investment Manager may also make investments (including investments in derivative instruments as outlined below in the section entitled 'Investment in FDI') designed to hedge various market risks that might impact the value of the Fund's

portfolio such as risks relating to interest rates, currency exchange rates and broad or security-specific changes in the prices of securities.

There are no restrictions on the Fund's average portfolio maturity or on the maturities of the individual Debt Instruments in which the Fund may invest.

In addition to investing in bonds and other Debt Instruments, the Fund may also invest in units or shares of collective investment schemes including exchange traded funds and/or other sub-funds of the Company where such investment is consistent with the investment policy of the Fund. Aggregate investment by the Fund in open-ended collective investment schemes shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

The Fund may also at times hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash which may be invested in accordance with the Investment Manager's cash management policy, as further detailed below in the section entitled "Cash and Cash Management".

Investment in securities listed or traded on the Regulated Markets of Russia shall not exceed 5% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time and shall be limited to securities that are listed or traded on the Moscow Exchange.

The securities in which the Fund will invest shall primarily be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus and investment by the Fund is subject to the restrictions set out in Appendix III of the Prospectus.

Investment in FDI

Subject to the conditions and within the limits laid down by the Central Bank, the Fund may engage in transactions in FDI for hedging purposes (for example, to protect an asset against, or minimise liability from, fluctuations in market value or foreign currency exposures) and for efficient portfolio management purposes (with a view to achieving a reduction in risk, a reduction in costs, or an increase in capital or income returns within a level of risk consistent with the risk profile of the Fund) and/or for direct investment purposes (with a view to generating returns). These FDI may be dealt in over-the-counter or be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I to the Prospectus. Investments in FDI shall be in accordance with the relevant provisions of Appendix II of the Prospectus including those relating to collateral requirements and eligible counterparties, in addition to other requirements contained in the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank. Counterparties to the OTC FDI in which the Fund invests shall have no discretion over the composition or management of the Fund's portfolio or over the underlying of the relevant FDI. The approval of a counterparty is not required in relation to any portfolio transaction.

The FDI in which the Fund may invest are as follows:

Forwards (foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards)

A forward contract locks in the price at which an index or asset may be purchased or sold on a future date. In forward foreign exchange contracts, the contract holders are obligated to buy or sell from another a specified amount of one currency at a specified price (exchange rate) with another currency on a specified future date. Forward contracts can be 'closed out' by entering into a reverse contract. The Fund may use foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards, to protect against fluctuations in the relative value of its portfolio positions as a result of changes in currency exchange rates and for share class hedging purposes.

Swaps (interest rate swaps, foreign exchange swaps)

Generally, a swap is a contractual agreement between two counterparties in which the cash flows from two reference assets are exchanged as they are received for a predetermined time period. The Fund may invest in interest rate swaps in order to offset risks posed to the value of its portfolio by volatility in interest rates or to speculate on changes to interest rates.

Foreign exchange swaps may be used by the Fund to manage exchange rate/currency risk arising in the portfolio.

Futures (bond futures, currency futures, interest rate futures)

Futures are contracts to buy or sell a standard quantity of a specific asset (or, in some cases, receive or pay cash based on the performance of an underlying asset or instrument) at a pre-determined future date and at a price agreed through a transaction undertaken on an exchange. The Fund may invest in futures contracts in order to hedge against market risk, currency exchange risk or interest rate risk arising in its portfolio or to gain exposure to an underlying market or reference asset in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without investing directly. Using futures to achieve a particular strategy instead of investing directly in the underlying security may result in lower transaction costs being incurred by the Fund.

The Fund will only invest in FDI in accordance with the risk management process ("RMP") for the Company prepared and submitted to the Central Bank in accordance with its requirements. As indicated above, the reference underlyings of the FDI in which the Fund may invest will primarily relate to debt, credit and currencies.

The Fund's global exposure, being the incremental exposure and leverage generated by the Fund through its use of FDI, including embedded derivatives, will be calculated on at least a daily basis using the commitment approach and may at no time exceed 100% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

Cash and Cash Management

Under normal circumstances, the Fund may invest up to 10% of its Net Asset Value in cash (exclusive of cash held as ancillary liquidity for the settlement of transactions) and/or cash equivalents, such as treasuries, money market instruments (such as short term bills and commercial paper) and units/shares of money market funds which satisfy the requirements of the Central Bank for investment by a UCITS and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below). A higher percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value may be invested in cash and cash equivalents to the extent considered appropriate by the Investment Manager in light of market conditions.

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-5% | 10 % |

Currency Hedging Policy

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions, including investment in FDI, in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising both at the level of its portfolio holdings and at Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The FDI which the Fund may use for currency hedging purposes are set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment in FDI".

Hedging at Portfolio Level

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to protect the value of specific portfolio positions or in anticipation of changes in the relative values of the currencies in which current or future Fund portfolio holdings are denominated or quoted. For example, the Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to offset the currency exposure arising as a result of Investments in its portfolio being denominated in currencies different from the Fund Base Currency, or to protect against movements in currency exchange rates between the date on which the Investment Manager contracts to purchase or sell a security and the settlement date for the purchase or sale of that security, or to "lock in" the equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in another currency.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may also engage in currency hedging transactions in order to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The Currency Manager has been appointed to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services in respect of the Hedged Share Classes of the Fund.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class that is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, overhedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

Risk Factors

Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Market Fluctuations", "Credit and Counterparty Risk", "Active Management Risk", "Inflation Risk", "Risks Associated with Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities" and "FDI Risk Factors") in addition to those set out below.

Investment not equivalent to Deposit

The Fund may invest a significant amount of its Net Asset Value in deposits and/or money market instruments but an investment in the Fund should not be considered by investors as an alternative to investing in a regular deposit account. Investors should note that a holding in the Fund is subject to

the risks associated with investing in a collective investment undertaking, in particular the fact that the principal sum invested is capable of fluctuation as the Net Asset Value of the Fund fluctuates.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is the Euro. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

The Fund has the flexibility to invest in assets denominated in currencies different to the Fund Base Currency. Where the currencies in which portfolio assets are denominated differ from the Fund Base Currency and such exposures are not hedged the Fund may be affected unfavourably due to fluctuations in the relevant rates of exchange.

Callable Risk

The Fund will invest in callable bonds that are subject to prepayment risk. These prepayments are known in timely occurrence but unknown in amount (theoretically between 0% and 100% of a specific bond series). Due to the nature of the prepayment risk, the Fund may be affected unfavourably depending on the specific bond/market characteristics.

Concentration Risk

In view of the concentrated nature of the portfolio, the level of risk is expected to be higher than that associated with a broader based, more diversified fund and the value may be more volatile. For example, the performance of a single stock within the portfolio may have a greater effect on the Fund's Net Asset Value per Share. In addition, the Fund may be somewhat concentrated in individual countries or sectors. If one of these components underperformed, it would have a greater effect than would be the case in a more diversified portfolio where the risk is more widely spread.

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "Policy") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the Policy requires the Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of companies, Materiality Mapping¹⁷ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of

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¹⁷ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map™.

the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely may have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

Profile of a Typical Investor

The Fund is suitable for retail and institutional investors over the medium to long term seeking to achieve an attractive level of return from an actively managed, medium volatility portfolio of Debt Instruments which are either issued by Scandinavian issuers in local or hard currency or issued by global issuers in Scandinavian currencies.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES

Establishment Costs

All fees and expenses relating to the establishment of the Fund and the fees of the professional advisers to the Fund (establishment expenses) not exceeding € 75,000 will be borne by the Fund. To the extent that such fees and expenses are borne by the Fund, they will be amortised over the first 60 months of the lifetime of the Fund or such other period as the Directors may determine and will be charged as between the various classes thereof established by the Company within the amortisation period and in such manner as the Directors (with the consent of the Depositary) deem fair and equitable, provided that each class thereof will bear its own direct establishment costs and provided that such proportion of the establishment expenses as are to be amortised in each year are subject to the annual expense cap set out in the section entitled "Other Expenses Cap" below. If the effect of this accounting treatment becomes material in the future and there is a requirement to write off the unamortised balance of establishment and organisational costs, the Directors will reconsider this policy.

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges, each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that

Hedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses out of Fund assets, with the exception of the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and subcustodial transaction charges – which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates – brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) is subject to a cap of 0.23% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of the Expense Cap. For the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges (if any), brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes, where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|----------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| CHF (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| EUR | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | ВР | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |

| EUR | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-------------|----------|-----|-------------|------|------|----|------------|
| EUR | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | X | | | | | | | | See Note 8 |
| EUR | | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | |
| EUR | G | €30,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | Up to 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP (Hedged) | Α | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD | Α | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| USD (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-------------|----------|-----|-------|------|------|----|------------|
| USD (Hedged) | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|----------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| CHF | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-------------|----------|-----|-------|------|------|----|------------|
| CHF | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| CHF (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| EUR | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| GBP (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|------------------|--|------------|-------|------|------|----|------------|
| GBP (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.70% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Α | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.40% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | В | €250,000 €500 | €1,000 —————————————————————————————————— | €10 €10 | 0.60% | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | | | | | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.75% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.35% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| JPY (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-------------|----------|-----|-------|------|----|----|------------|
| JPY (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | 0.30% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Notes:

- (1) other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.
 - Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes.
- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).
- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- (5) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.
- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.
 - A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.
- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offer Price | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Share Classes | Initial Offer Price | | | | |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF100 | | | | |
| All EUR denominated classes (with the exception of EUR denominated M classes) | EUR100 | | | | |
| EUR denominated M classes | EUR1,000 | | | | |
| All GBP denominated classes | GBP100 | | | | |
| All JPY denominated classes | JPY10,000 | | | | |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of USD denominated M classes) | USD100 | | | | |
| USD denominated M classes | USD1,000 | | | | |

| | Share Class Types | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| C Classes S Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of both the C Classes and the S Classes is, in each case, a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. | | | | |
| EA Classes | The Annual Management Fee chargeable in respect of Shares of the EA Classes has been set at a rate intended to attract assets into the Fund. It is therefore intended that the EA Classes will only be available for investment, in accordance with the provisions set out below, for a limited period following publication of this Supplement. | | | | |
| | Subject as set out below, the EA Classes shall be closed to all further subscriptions once the Net Asset Value of the Fund has reached €150 million (or such other amount as the Directors may at their discretion determine). | | | | |
| | For a period of up to 12 months following closure of the EA Classes in accordance with the preceding paragraph, Existing EA Class Shareholders (as such term is defined below) may continue to subscribe for Shares of any of the EA Classes provided that the total amount so invested by an Existing EA Class Shareholder shall not exceed twice the Net Asset Value of that Shareholder's total holding of Shares in the EA Classes calculated as at the time the EA Classes were closed to further subscriptions. | | | | |
| | Once the Directors have exercised their discretion to close the EA Classes to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, a notice to that effect will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com . | | | | |
| | Shares of the EA Classes can be redeemed at any time in accordance with the normal redemption procedures set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Redemption Procedure". | | | | |
| | For the purpose of this section: | | | | |
| | "Existing EA Class Shareholders" means the registered holders of Shares in any EA Class as at the time the EA Classes are closed to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs. | | | | |
| M Classes | Shares in the M Classes are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). | | | | |
| | For the purposes of this section: | | | | |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. | | | | |
| X Classes | Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). | | | | |
| | No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Investor Agreement. | | | | |
| | No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus. | | | | |
| | The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever. | | | | |
| | For the purpose of this section: | | | | |
| "Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with are specified in the agreement. | | | | | |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. | | | | |
| | | | | | |

APPENDIX II

| Dealing Information | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Business Day | a day normally treated as a business day in Frankfurt and London. | | | | | |
| Cut-Off Time | 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day* | | | | | |
| | being the point in time on a Business Day up until which applications for subscriptions, switches, transfers and redemptions will be accepted. | | | | | |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard Scandinavian High Quality Bond Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogersons Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com | | | | | |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. | | | | | |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. | | | | | |
| Fund Base Currency | Euro (EUR) | | | | | |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. | | | | | |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in such format as may be requested by the Administrator. | | | | | |
| Share Price | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share. Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. | | | | | |

| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
|-------------------------|---|
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Share class.

The Directors have the flexibility in accordance with the Company's constitution to apply a pricing methodology, known as 'swing pricing', when calculating the price for Shares of the Fund. However, as at the date of this Supplement, the Directors have determined that Shares in the Fund shall be issued and redeemed at their Net Asset Value and that swing pricing shall not be applied.

In the event that the Directors determine in the future to exercise their discretion to commence pricing the Shares using the swing pricing methodology, Shareholders in the Fund will be notified of this intention in advance and afforded a sufficient opportunity to redeem from the Fund prior to the application of swing pricing. In such circumstances, this Supplement will also be updated in advance of swing pricing taking effect.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the Net Asset Value on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Net Asset Value for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

| | Product name: | Lazard Scandinavian High Quality Bond Fund | Leg ent ide | | 254900KW60JRU6OEWK51 | | | |
|---|--|---|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that | Environmental and/or social characteristics | | | | | | | |
| contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the | Does this financ | ial product have a sustail | nable investment objective? | | | | | |
| investment does not significantly harm any | □ Yes | | | ⊠ No | | | | |
| environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. | | minimum of investments with an tal objective:% | | (E/S) cl does no sustaina minimu | otes Environmental/Social haracteristics and while it of have as its objective a able investment, it will have a m proportion of% of able investments | | | |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally | | tivities that qualify as y sustainable under the EU | | with an environmental objective in econor activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy | | | | |
| sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an | | tivities that do not qualify as y sustainable under the EU | | activitie sustaina | environmental objective in economic s that do not qualify as environmentally able under the EU Taxonomy ocial objective | | | |
| environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | ☐ It will make a sustainable social object | investments with a | | It promo | otes E/S characteristics, but t make any sustainable | | | |
| | What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product? | | | | | | | |
| The Fund's environmental and social characteristics are: 12. To invest in securities of sovereign and corporate issuers which so top 75% of scores assigned to such issuers reviewed by the I Manager using its proprietary sustainability framework, which ran based on their performance against specific environmental, s governance indicators. 13. To avoid investing in companies that violate global environmental norms. The Investment Manager assesses companies against an generated watchlist, which leverages third-party vendor inform exclusion policy is applied by the Fund that prohibits investing in or exposure to companies that are deemed by the Investment Manager United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles. This helps | | | | | reviewed by the Investment mework, which ranks issuers environmental, social and bal environmental and social mpanies against an internally arty vendor information. An hibits investing in or obtaining investment Manager to violate | | | |

| | investments that, at a minimum, do not meet social and environmental norms with regards to human rights, labour, and anti-corruption, as well as environmental degradation. 14. To promote specific minimum environmental and social safeguards by excluding corporates that are involved in controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social | What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? | | | | | |
| characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. | The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund are attained: | | | | | |
| | 18. The Fund's investments in securities of sovereign and corporate issuers are issued by sovereign and corporate issuers which score in the top 75% of scores assigned to such issuers rated by the Investment Manager using its proprietary Sustainability Framework (no exposure to securities of issuers excluded by this threshold). | | | | | |
| | 19. The Fund has no exposure to companies deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching the UNGC principles. | | | | | |
| | 20. The Fund has no exposure to companies excluded by the exclusion crite relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. | | | | | |
| | What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? | | | | | |
| | Not applicable – the Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. | | | | | |
| | How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? | | | | | |
| Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors | Not applicable. | | | | | |
| relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti- corruption and | How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account? | | | | | |
| anti- bribery matters. | Not applicable. | | | | | |
| | How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | 392 | | | | | |

| Not applicable. | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
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| | | | |

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomyaligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Specifically for corporate issuers:

Through pre-investment global norms and activity-based exclusions, the following PAIs are considered:

- Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14, Table 1)

Through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, such as engagement, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Specifically for government and government-related issuers in the Fund, through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered:

- GHG intensity of sovereigns (PAI 15, Table 1)
- Investee countries subject to social violations (PAI 16, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, the following PAIs may be considered:

- GHG intensity of sovereigns (PAI 15, Table 1)
- Investee countries subject to social violations (PAI 16, Table 1)

Material environmental and social issues such as those listed in the PAIs are identified by investment professionals and are incorporated as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information and relative industry positioning. Given limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time.

Information relating to PAIs will be made available in the Fund's annual financial reports.

□No



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance Lazard Scandinavian High Quality Bond Fund is an actively managed fixed income strategy that invests in Scandinavian issuers issuing in local or hard currency and global issuers issuing in Scandinavian local currencies. Investments are selected for the Fund using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" and in accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Fund has the following binding elements:

- 17. The Investment Manager assesses sovereign and corporate issuers using its proprietary Sustainability Framework that ranks such issuers based on their performance (both on an absolute basis and by reference to peer group comparison) against specific environmental, social and governance indicators, including:
 - for sovereign issuers: pollution, energy use, food security, education, employment, poverty, healthcare, human rights, political stability

- and gender parity; and
- for corporate issuers: carbon emissions, resource intensity, human capital, health and safety, corporate governance and business ethics.
- 18. The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on thirdparty data and internal research. Any company deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching UNGC principles will be excluded from the Fund's investment universe and the Fund will have 0% exposure to such companies.
- 19. The Fund applies activity-based exclusion criteria for certain products and services and will have 0% exposure to securities excluded under this policy. The exclusion criteria for the Fund includes companies which are involved in:
 - the manufacture or production of controversial weapons (any revenue from anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, nuclear weapons in countries not party to the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), biological weapons, chemical weapons, depleted uranium weapons.).
 - military weapons production which represents 10% of revenue or greater.
 - tobacco production which represents 5% of revenue or greater.
 - thermal coal mining or production which represents 30% of revenue or greater.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and

tax compliance.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The assessment of good governance practices at investee companies will only apply for corporate issuers in the Fund. The assessment is supported by a broad range of governance information from third-party ESG data sets. These data sources also provide governance-related controversy information, which can be used to flag governance issues at investee companies. Governance assessments and information are taken into consideration as part of due diligence processes, ongoing monitoring of issuers in the portfolio, and stewardship activities.



What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

At least 50% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category will include investments and other instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 50% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of: #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies Investments capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the #2 Other green investments made by investee 0% companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy. operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial companies. product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product. #20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments. How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund. To comply with the EU To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an Taxonomy, the criteria for environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy? fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments or to making renewable power or lowcarbon fuels by the end of Taxonomy-aligned investments. It is expected, however, that in pursuing its 2035. For nuclear energy, the environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute to one or more of the following criteria include comprehensive environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation: climate change safety and waste management mitigation and/or climate change adaptation. rules. Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related Enabling activities directly activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹⁸? enable other activities to make a substantial □Yes:

☐ In fossil gas ☐ In nuclear energy

 $\boxtimes No$

contribution to an

environmental objective.

Transitional activities are

¹⁸ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are sustainable

objective that do not take into account the criteria

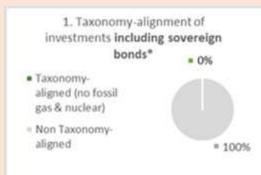
for environmentally sustainable economic

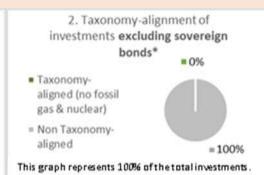
Taxonomy.

activities under the EU

investments with an environmental

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





- * For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures
- What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

There is no minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

There is no committed minimum share of socially sustainable investments.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

"#2 Other" may include other investments and instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash, and cash equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included in the 'What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?' above

Minimum environmental and social safeguards set in exclusion criteria relating to global norms and activity-based screening still apply to the underlying securities.

| ? | Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes? |
|---|---|
| Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social | The Fund has not designated an index as a reference benchmark to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes. |
| characteristics that they promote. | How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | Where can I find more product specific information online? More product-specific information can be found on the website: |
| | https://www.lazardassetmanagement.com/ie/en_uk/funds/offshore-funds/lazardscandinavian-high-quality-bond-fund/f2861/s258/?shareClass=7703 |
| | |

WF-72697846-v1

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD NORDIC HIGH YIELD BOND FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the Prospectus.

This Supplement replaces the Supplement dated 1 December 2022

The date of this Supplement is 22 March 2024.

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DEFINITIONS

"Callable Bond", a type of bond (also commonly referred to as a redeemable bond) that allows the issuer of the bond the right to redeem the bond at some point before the bond reaches its maturity.

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank International GmbH and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Debt Instruments", namely bonds (including, for example, inflation-linked bonds, Callable Bonds, Putable Bonds, Sinkable Bonds), notes, commercial paper and certificates of deposit.

"Fund", Lazard Nordic High Yield Bond Fund.

"Hard Currency/Currencies", the currencies of the G7 nations, being the Australian Dollar, the Canadian Dollar, the Euro, the Japanese Yen, the Pound Sterling, the Swiss Franc, and the US Dollar.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Grade", a rating of at least Baa3/BBB- by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management (Deutschland) GmbH and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Putable Bond", a type of bond the holder of which has the right, but not the obligation, to demand early repayment of the principal.

"Non-Investment Grade", a rating of Ba1/BB+ to B3/B- by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Scandinavian Companies", means companies whose registered office is located in or which are domiciled or incorporated in a Scandinavian Country and/or companies which exercise the predominant part of their economic activity in, or have significant business operations in a Scandinavian Country and/or companies which are quoted or listed on a Regulated Market of a Scandinavian Country.

"Scandinavian Country", includes Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway and Sweden.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

"Sinkable Bond", a bond that is backed by a sinking fund designed to ensure that principal and interest payments on the bond are made by the issuer as promised. Such bonds typically pay down the principal according to a pre-set schedule.

"Taxonomy Regulation", Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment, and amending Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, as may be amended.

"Unrated", having no rating assigned by a recognised rating agency, but deemed by the Investment Manger to be of an equivalent rating to a rating of B3/B- or higher by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised rating agency. In this context, the Investment Manager's determination shall be based upon an assessment of the relevant security by reference to the credit rating of the issuer of that security or by reference to the rating used by recognised rating agencies for similarly leveraged obligors in a similar sector.

LAZARD NORDIC HIGH YIELD BOND FUND

INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 29 August 2022.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in **Appendix I** to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund, apart from those listed in Appendix I, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the Euro. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in **Appendix II** to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as medium to long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to maximise total return from income and capital growth.

Investment Policy

In pursuit of its investment objective, the Fund will aim to build and maintain an actively managed, diversified portfolio comprised primarily of high yielding (including both Non-Investment Grade and Unrated) fixed and/or floating rate bonds and other Debt Instruments that are either:

- issued and/or guaranteed by the governments, government agencies, quasi sovereign entities or supranational bodies of Scandinavian Countries or issued by Scandinavian Companies. Such securities may be denominated in either (i) the local currency of a Scandinavian Country or (ii) a Hard Currency; or
- issued and/or guaranteed by any other government, government agency, quasi sovereign entity, supranational body or company other than those specified immediately above, provided however that any such security is issued/denominated in the local currency of a Scandinavian Country.

The Fund may also invest in and hold Investment Grade fixed and/or floating rate bonds and other Debt Instruments of the types outlined in the preceding bullet points (immediately above), although any such investments/holdings will be ancillary to the Fund's investment in Non-Investment Grade and Unrated Debt Instruments as outlined above.

Rated securities which, following their acquisition by the Fund, are downgraded to a rating below B3/B- (as assessed by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised rating agency) or, for Unrated securities, that are no longer deemed by the Investment Manger to be of an equivalent rating to a rating of at least B3/B- may continue to be held by the Fund until such time as the Investment Manager in its sole discretion determines to liquidate the position.

There are no restrictions on the Fund's average portfolio maturity or on the maturities of the individual Debt Instruments in which the Fund may invest.

Securities in which the Fund may invest in accordance with the preceding paragraphs will be selected based on a fundamental, bottom-up security analysis involving analysis and assessment of (i) the credit quality of the issuers (i.e. of the capacity of the issuers to meet their obligations), (ii) the nature and maturity of their instruments in issue and (iii) the relative value offered by the selected issue as compared with other issues of the same or a comparable issuer. The selection process may involve a variety of financial analysis techniques, the creation of projections/scenario analyses, the detailed analysis of cash flows, the examination of collateral, credit history and management ability and a macroeconomic view of such factors as interest rates, yield curves, sector spreads, and currencies across the defined investment universe. This is combined with a disciplined portfolio construction process designed to ensure sufficient diversification (for example, in terms of issuer or issue concentrations) and liquidity across the portfolio.

In seeking to achieve the Fund's investment objective, the Investment Manager, in addition to the foregoing, may also make investments (including investments in derivative instruments as outlined below in the section entitled 'Investment in FDI') designed to hedge various market risks that might impact the value of the Fund's portfolio, such as risks relating to interest rates, currency exchange rates and broad or security-specific changes in the prices of securities.

The Fund may also at times hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash which may be invested in accordance with the Investment Manager's cash management policy, as further detailed below in the section entitled "Cash and Cash Management".

In addition to investment in equities and equity-related securities, the Fund may also invest in the units or shares of open-ended collective investment schemes, including exchange traded funds, which provide exposure consistent with the investment policy of the Fund. Aggregate investment by the Fund in open ended collective schemes shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time.

The securities in which the Fund will invest shall primarily be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus and investment by the Fund is subject to the restrictions set out in Appendix III of the Prospectus.

Investment in FDI

Subject to the conditions and within the limits laid down by the Central Bank, the Fund may engage in transactions in FDI for hedging purposes (for example, to protect an asset against, or minimise liability from, fluctuations in market value or foreign currency exposures) and for efficient portfolio management purposes (with a view to achieving a reduction in risk, a reduction in costs, or an increase in capital or income returns within a level of risk consistent with the risk profile of the Fund) and/or for direct investment purposes (with a view to generating returns). These FDI may be dealt in over-the-counter or be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I to the Prospectus. Investments in FDI shall be in accordance with the relevant provisions of Appendix II of the Prospectus including those relating to collateral requirements and eligible counterparties, in addition to other requirements contained in the Regulations and conditions imposed by the Central Bank. Counterparties to the OTC FDI in which the Fund invests shall have no discretion over the composition or management of the

Fund's portfolio or over the underlying of the relevant FDI. The approval of a counterparty is not required in relation to any portfolio transaction.

The FDI in which the Fund may invest are as follows:

Forwards (foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards)

A forward contract locks in the price at which an index or asset may be purchased or sold on a future date. In forward foreign exchange contracts, the contract holders are obligated to buy or sell from another a specified amount of one currency at a specified price (exchange rate) with another currency on a specified future date. Forward contracts can be 'closed out' by entering into a reverse contract. The Fund may use foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards, to protect against fluctuations in the relative value of its portfolio positions as a result of changes in currency exchange rates and for share class hedging purposes.

Swaps (interest rate swaps, foreign exchange swaps, credit default swaps "CDS")

Generally, a swap is a contractual agreement between two counterparties in which the cash flows from two reference assets are exchanged as they are received for a predetermined time period. The Fund may invest in interest rate swaps in order to offset risks posed to the value of its portfolio by volatility in interest rates or to speculate on changes to interest rates. The Fund may invest in credit default swaps, which may be used to hedge against credit risk on a single name and portfolio level and/or for direct investment purposes. Foreign exchange swaps may be used by the Fund to manage exchange rate/currency risk arising in the portfolio.

Futures (bond futures, currency futures, interest rate futures)

Futures are contracts to buy or sell a standard quantity of a specific asset (or, in some cases, receive or pay cash based on the performance of an underlying asset or instrument) at a pre-determined future date and at a price agreed through a transaction undertaken on an exchange. The Fund may invest in futures contracts in order to hedge against market risk, currency exchange risk or interest rate risk arising in its portfolio or to gain exposure to an underlying market or reference asset in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without investing directly. Using futures to achieve a particular strategy instead of investing directly in the underlying security may result in lower transaction costs being incurred by the Fund.

The Fund will only invest in FDI in accordance with the risk management process ("RMP") for the Company prepared and submitted to the Central Bank in accordance with its requirements. As indicated above, the reference underlyings of the FDI in which the Fund may invest will primarily relate to debt, credit and currencies.

Leverage

The Fund's global exposure, being the incremental exposure and leverage generated by the Fund through its use of FDI, including embedded derivatives, will be calculated on at least a daily basis using the commitment approach and may at no time exceed 100% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

Cash and Cash Management

Under normal circumstances, the Fund may hold up to 10% of its Net Asset Value in cash (exclusive of cash held as ancillary liquidity for the settlement of transactions) and cash equivalents, such as treasuries, money market instruments (such as short-term bills and commercial paper) and units/shares of money market funds which satisfy the requirements of the Central Bank for investment by a UCITS and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below). A higher percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value may be invested in cash and cash equivalents to the extent considered appropriate by the Investment Manager in light of market conditions.

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the

Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

SFTR

The Fund does not enter into 'Total Return Swaps' as such term is defined in accordance with the SFTR

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-5% | 10 % |

Currency Hedging Policy

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions, including investment in FDI, in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising both at the level of its portfolio holdings and at Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The FDI which the Fund may use for currency hedging purposes are set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment in FDI".

Hedging at Portfolio Level

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to protect the value of specific portfolio positions or in anticipation of changes in the relative values of the currencies in which current or future Fund portfolio holdings are denominated or quoted. For example, the Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to offset the currency exposure arising as a result of Investments in its portfolio being denominated in currencies different from the Fund Base Currency, or to protect against movements in currency exchange rates between the date on which the Investment Manager contracts to purchase or sell a security and the settlement date for the purchase or sale of that security, or to "lock in" the equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in another currency.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may also engage in currency hedging transactions in order to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The Currency Manager has been appointed to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services in respect of the Hedged Share Classes of the Fund.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of

the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class that is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, overhedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "ESG Policy") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the ESG Policy requires the Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of companies, Materiality Mapping¹⁹ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely may have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

Sustainability Framework

The Investment Manager, both prior to investing in any security on behalf of the Fund and on an ongoing basis following investment, assesses the issuer of each such security using its proprietary 'sustainability framework' taking into account key ESG factors relevant to the particular asset class concerned. This 'sustainability framework' facilitates the assessment of issuer specific environmental

¹⁹ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map™.

('E'), social ('S') and governance ('G') profiles both on an absolute basis and in a peer group comparison. The sustainability framework assessment results in issuers – both public and private – being evaluated by reference to the following three core ESG factors:

- Environmental Sustainability: with a focus on the carbon intensity profile of the issuer;
- Social Sustainability: with a focus on fair and equitable business practices across key stakeholders such as customers, employees, suppliers and wider society; and
- Governance: with a focus on management quality and rule of law compliance.

A sustainability quality assessment of each issuer which the Fund is considering for investment is conducted by reference to each of these ESG factors. These sustainability quality assessments are based on a broad set of asset class specific indicators that are in turn aggregated to form an issuer specific E, S and G percentile score. These percentile scores are analysed on an absolute basis and on a relative basis against peers (e.g. among developed countries or among non-financial energy sector corporates). On the basis of the ESG peer group quality assessment, the Investment Manager has defined a strict minimum quality requirement and excludes issuers that are scored in the bottom E, S and G quality quartile. This means that the issuers with the lowest aggregated E,S and G percentile scores following assessment against the ESG Factors specified above (i.e. those scoring within the bottom 25% of all assessed issuers) are not eligible for investment by the Fund.

The issuer specific sustainability assessment is fully incorporated in the bottom-up, fundamental credit analysis conducted by the Investment Manager when selecting stocks for the Fund.

In addition to incorporating environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio, the Fund also applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the issuer selection process. Further information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

Risk Factors

Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Market Fluctuations", "Credit and Counterparty Risk", "Active Management Risk", "Inflation Risk", "Risks Associated with Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities" and "FDI Risk Factors") in addition to those set out below.

Investment not equivalent to Deposit

The Fund may invest a significant amount of its Net Asset Value in deposits and/or money market instruments but an investment in the Fund should not be considered by investors as an alternative to investing in a regular deposit account. Investors should note that a holding in the Fund is subject to the risks associated with investing in a collective investment undertaking, in particular the fact that the principal sum invested is capable of fluctuation as the Net Asset Value of the Fund fluctuates.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is the Euro. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

The Fund has the flexibility to invest in assets denominated in currencies different to the Fund Base Currency. Where the currencies in which portfolio assets are denominated differ from the Fund Base Currency and such exposures are not hedged the Fund may be affected unfavourably due to fluctuations in the relevant rates of exchange.

Callable Risk

The Fund will invest in callable bonds that are subject to prepayment risk. These prepayments are known in timely occurrence but unknown in amount (theoretically between 0% and 100% of a specific bond series). Due to the nature of the prepayment risk, the Fund may be affected unfavourably depending on the specific bond/market characteristics.

Profile of a Typical Investor

The Fund is suitable for retail and institutional investors over the medium to long term seeking to achieve an attractive level of return from an actively managed, medium volatility portfolio of Debt Instruments which are either issued by Scandinavian issuers in local or hard currency or issued by global issuers in Scandinavian currencies.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES

Establishment Costs

All fees and expenses relating to the establishment of the Fund and the fees of the professional advisers to the Fund (establishment expenses) not exceeding €50,000 will be borne by the Fund. To the extent that such fees and expenses are borne by the Fund, they will be amortised over the first 60 months of the lifetime of the Fund or such other period as the Directors may determine and will be charged as between the various classes thereof established by the Company within the amortisation period and in such manner as the Directors (with the consent of the Depositary) deem fair and equitable, provided that each class thereof will bear its own direct establishment costs and provided that such proportion of the establishment expenses as are to be amortised in each year are subject to the annual expense cap set out in the section entitled "Expense Cap" below. If the effect of this accounting treatment becomes material in the future and there is a requirement to write off the unamortised balance of establishment and organisational costs, the Directors will reconsider this policy.

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges, each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that

Hedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses out of Fund assets with the exception of the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and subcustodial transaction charges – which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates - brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) is subject to a cap of 0.23% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of this Expense Cap. For the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments - including custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges (if any), brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes - are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes, where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | s | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| GBP | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|---------|-------------|----------|-----|----------|------|------|-----|------------|
| | | | , | | | | -/- | .,, | |
| GBP (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | €500 | €1,000 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | C | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | M | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | X | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | €500 | €1,000 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| JPY | EA S | €500 | €100 000 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | X | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| JPY (Hedged) X €1,000,000 €1,000 €10 None None 2% 1% See Note 8 |
|---|
|---|

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | s | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CPD | Δ. | 6250,000 | 61.000 | 640 | 0.600/ | 30/ | 20/ | 40/ | Soo Note 0 |
| GBP | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | |
| GBP | B BP | €500 €500 | €10 €10 | €10 €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | €500 | | | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | €500 | €10 €10 | €10 €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| GBP | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-------------|----------|-----|----------|--------|------|-----|------------|
| OD! | ^ | C1,000,000 | 21,000 | 210 | None | 140110 | 270 | 170 | COC NOIC O |
| GBP (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | €500 | €1,000 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | | | | | | | + | |
| | | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | M | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | X | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | A | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | X | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| 31 1 | ^ | C1,000,000 | C1,000 | CIO | None | 140116 | 270 | 170 | OGE NOTE O |
| JPY (Hedged) | А | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.60% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | €250,000 | €1,000 | €10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | €500 | €10 | €10 | 1.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.55% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | €500 | €10 | €10 | 0.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | S | €25,000,000 | €100,000 | €10 | Up to 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| JPY (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|---|------------|--------|-----|------|------|----|----|------------|
|--------------|---|------------|--------|-----|------|------|----|----|------------|

Notes:

- (1) other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.
 - Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes.
- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).
- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- (5) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.
- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.
 - A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.
- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offer Price | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Share Classes | Initial Offer Price | | | | | |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF100 | | | | | |
| All EUR denominated classes (with the exception of EUR denominated M classes) | EUR100 | | | | | |
| EUR denominated M classes | EUR1,000 | | | | | |
| All GBP denominated classes | GBP100 | | | | | |
| All JPY denominated classes | JPY10,000 | | | | | |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of USD denominated M classes) | USD100 | | | | | |
| USD denominated M classes | USD1,000 | | | | | |

| | Share Class Types |
|------------------------|---|
| C Classes S Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of both the C Classes and the S Classes is, in each case, a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. |
| EA Classes | The Annual Management Fee chargeable in respect of Shares of the EA Classes has been set at a rate intended to attract assets into the Fund. It is therefore intended that the EA Classes will only be available for investment, in accordance with the provisions set out below, for a limited period following publication of this Supplement. |
| | Subject as set out below, the EA Classes shall be closed to all further subscriptions once the Net Asset Value of the Fund has reached €100 million (or such other amount as the Directors may at their discretion determine). |
| | Once the Directors have exercised their discretion to close the EA Classes to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraph, a notice to that effect will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com . |
| | Shares of the EA Classes can be redeemed at any time in accordance with the normal redemption procedures set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Redemption Procedure". |
| M Classes | Shares in the M Classes are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). |
| | For the purposes of this section: |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |
| X Classes | Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). |
| | No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Investor Agreement. |
| | No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus. |
| | The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever. |
| | For the purpose of this section: |
| | "Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with such investment as are specified in the agreement. |
| | "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |
| | |

APPENDIX II

| | Dealing Information |
|--|--|
| Business Day | a day normally treated as a business day in Frankfurt, Denmark, Norway and Sweden. |
| Cut-Off Time (for receipt of applications for subscriptions and transfers) | 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day* * being the point in time on a Business Day up until which applications for subscriptions and transfers will be accepted. |
| Cut-Off Time (for receipt of applications for switches and redemptions) | 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the fifth Business Day prior to relevant Dealing Day** ** being the point in time on a Business Day up until which applications for switches and redemptions will be accepted. |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard Nordic High Yield Bond Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogersons Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. |
| Fund Base Currency | Euro (EUR) |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in such format as may be requested by the Administrator. |

| Share Price | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share.** |
|-------------------------|---|
| | ** see section below entitled "Dilution and Swing Pricing" for information as to how the Net Asset Value per Share may be adjusted on any Dealing Day in calculating the Share Price in order to counteract the effects of dilution. |
| | Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. |
| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class, which may be adjusted in the manner set out immediately below in the section entitled 'Dilution and Swing Pricing'.

DILUTION AND SWING PRICING

Certain costs are customarily incurred when a Fund has to buy or sell portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to requests for subscription or redemption of its Shares.

These dealing costs comprise Duties and Charges incurred in the purchase or sale of Investments and include the costs associated with spreads – i.e. the costs to a Fund associated with spreads between the estimated value attributed to Investments when calculating its Net Asset Value and the actual price at which such Investments are ultimately bought or sold by the Fund in the market place ("**Spreads**"). The incurring of such costs by the Fund can result in the Fund's value being diminished or 'diluted'.

With a view to mitigating the effects of dilution on the Fund, in certain circumstances, and at the Directors' discretion, the Company applies a dilution adjustment in the calculation of the Share Price for its Shares, a policy known as "swing pricing".

Swing pricing, where applied to the Fund, aims to apply the burden of the costs associated with dealing in the Fund's Shares to the investors that actually request those Share deals on any particular Dealing Day, and not to the Shareholders in the Fund who are not trading in the Fund's Shares on the relevant Dealing Day. In this way, although it is not the aim of swing pricing to enhance results over time, it operates to mitigate the adverse effects of dilution as a result of those costs and to preserve and protect the value of shareholdings, thereby benefiting long-term Shareholders' net returns.

Swing pricing will operate in a manner that will aim to ensure that when, on any particular Dealing Day, the net dealing position exceeds a certain threshold, the Company will have the discretion to adjust the price for the Fund's Shares on that day so as to include a provision to account for the estimated associated costs. In this way, on any Dealing Day on which such an adjustment is applied, investors dealing in the Fund's Shares on that day, rather than the Fund itself (i.e. not the then existing or continuing Shareholders of the Fund), will bear the costs estimated to be incurred when buying or selling portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to the dealing requests received.

Swing pricing, where applied, will involve pricing the Shares of the Fund as set out below:

- (i) where the Fund is in a net subscription position on any particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total purchases of the Fund's Shares exceeds total redemptions) and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted upwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted upwards; and
- (ii) where the Fund is in a net redemption position on a particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total redemptions of the Fund's Shares exceeds total subscriptions), and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted downwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted downwards.

Accordingly, where applied for the purpose of calculating the Share Price on any particular Dealing Day, the swing pricing mechanism will involve the relevant Net Asset Value per Share being either increased to arrive at the Share Price (when the Fund is in a net subscription position) or decreased (when the Fund is in a net redemption position) by a percentage factor determined by the Company from time to time at its sole discretion (the "Swing Adjustment").

Since the Swing Adjustment for the Fund will be calculated by reference to the estimated or predicted costs of dealing in the underlying Investments of the Fund, including any dealing Spreads, and these can vary with market conditions, this means that the amount of the Swing Adjustment may vary over time. However, as indicated above, the Swing Adjustment, where applied to the Fund, shall not ordinarily exceed 2% of the Net Asset Value per Share. In exceptional circumstances, however, and only where deemed by the Directors to be necessary in order to protect Shareholders' interests in the Fund, the Swing Adjustment may exceed this threshold.

Where a Swing Adjustment is applied on any particular Dealing Day, it is applied to the Net Asset Value per Share. The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of Shares of the Fund is calculated separately, but any Swing Adjustment will in percentage terms affect the Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of the Fund in an identical manner. Investors who subscribe into or redeem from the same Class of Shares on any particular Dealing Day will deal at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class as adjusted, where relevant, by the Swing Adjustment. The Share Price for Shares of a particular Class on any Dealing Day will therefore always be the same regardless of whether an investor is subscribing into or redeeming from that Class. Where no Swing Adjustment is applied, investors will subscribe and redeem at the unadjusted Net Asset Value per Share for the relevant Class.

As indicated, the Swing Adjustment will be of a level that the Company considers appropriate to mitigate the dilutionary effects of the Duties and Charges which may be incurred by the Fund as a result of having to acquire or dispose of assets for the portfolio, as relevant, following subscriptions, redemptions and/or switches in and out of the Fund on the relevant Dealing Day. Importantly, the Swing Adjustment is designed to account for an approximation or estimate of the relevant dealing costs and may not reflect exactly (either underestimating or overestimating) the precise costs that are ultimately incurred. Any such overestimate will accrue to the benefit of the Fund, whereas any underestimate shall be borne by the Fund.

Additionally, a Swing Adjustment will typically only be applied if, on a given Dealing Day, the relevant net dealing position in the Fund exceeds a level (the "**Swing Threshold**") that has been pre-determined by the Company at its discretion. The Company, however, retains the discretion not to apply a Swing Adjustment, where this is considered to be in the best interests of Shareholders of the Fund as a whole. Where the Fund is experiencing net subscriptions or net redemptions of Shares and a Swing Adjustment is not applied, there may be an adverse dilutionary impact on the value of the Fund. The Company may also in the future remove the Swing Threshold for the Fund with the result that, when calculating the Share Price, the Net Asset Value of its Shares would be adjusted whenever there are net purchases or net redemptions of Shares.

The Company will not benefit from the operation of swing pricing and it will be imposed only in a manner, that, so far as is practicable, is fair to Shareholders and solely for the purposes of reducing dilution. At all times, a robust governance framework will be operated by the Company in relation to its application and use of swing pricing so as to ensure that both the Swing Threshold and the level of any Swing Adjustment are subject to appropriate review and revision as necessary taking into consideration the best interests of Shareholders.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the Net Asset Value on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Net Asset Value for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

| | _ | | | | | | _ | | |
|---|---|--|----------------------|---|---------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|
| | | Proc | duct name: | Lazard Nordic Hig Yield Bond Fund | h | Leg ent ide | | 254900LQCI | D5S0KTSPU07 |
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. | | Environmental and/or social characteristics | | | | | | | |
| | | Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? | | | | | | | |
| | | •• | □ Yes | | | | ⊠ No | | |
| | | _ | | a minimum of susta s with an environm % | | | does no sustaina minimu | haracteristics ot have as its o | bjective a nt, it will have a f% of |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable | | | | ctivities that qualify as y sustainable under the EU | J | | with an activities | environmental objects that qualify as envable under the EU T | ctive in economic ironmentally |
| | | | | ctivities that do not qualify a y sustainable under the EU | | | activities sustaina | environmental obje s that do not qualify able under the EU T | as environmentally |
| investments with an environmental objective | | | | | | | with a s | ocial objective | |
| might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | | _ | | a minimum of susta s with a social obje | | X | • | otes E/S chara t make any s u nents | |
| | | | t environme luct? | ntal and/or social | charact | eris | tics are | promoted by | this financial |
| | | The Fund's environmental and social characteristics are: | | | | | | | |
| | | 15. To invest in the securities of corporate issuers which score in the top 75% of scores assigned to corporate issuers reviewed by the Investment Manager using its proprietary Sustainability Framework, which ranks issuers based on their performance against specific environmental, social and governance indicators. 16. To avoid investing in companies that violate global environmental and social norms. The Investment Manager assesses companies against an internally generated watchlist, which leverages third-party vendor information. An exclusion policy is applied by the Fund that prohibits investing in or obtaining exposure to companies that are deemed by the Investment Manager to violate | | | | | | | |
| | | United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles. This helps to avoid | | | | | | | |

| measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund are attained: 21. The Fund's investments in securities of corporate issuers are issued by corporate issuers which have a score in the top 75% of scores assigned to corporate issuers rated by the Investment Manager using its proprietary Sustainability Framework (no exposure to securities of corporate issuers excluded by this threshold). 22. The Fund has no exposure to companies deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching the UNGC principles. 23. The Fund has no exposure to companies excluded by the exclusion criteria relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? Not applicable – the Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. | | |
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| the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental product are attained. 21. The Fund's investments in securities of corporate issuers are issued by corporate issuers rated by the Investment Manager using its proprietary Sustainability Framework (no exposure to securities of corporate issuers excluded by this threshold). 22. The Fund has no exposure to companies deemed by the Investment Manager using its proprietary Sustainability Framework (no exposure to securities of corporate issuers excluded by this threshold). 23. The Fund has no exposure to companies excluded by the exclusion criteria relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? Not applicable – the Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment becisions on investment decisions on the decision of investment decisions on investment decisions on investment decisions on investment decisions on the decision of investment decisions on investment decisions on | | with regards to human rights, labour, and anti-corruption, as well as environmental degradation. 17. To promote specific minimum environmental and social safeguards by excluding corporates that are involved in controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco |
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| Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and | matters. | Not applicable. |
| | | Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and |
| 423 | | 422 |

| Not applicable. | |
|-----------------|--|
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The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomyaligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Through pre-investment global norms and activity-based exclusions, the following PAIs are considered:

- Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14, Table 1)

Through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, such as engagement, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

| | Material environmental and social issues such as those listed in the PAIs are identified by investment professionals and are incorporated as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information and relative industry positioning. Given limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time. Information relating to PAIs will be made available in the Fund's annual financial reports. |
|---|--|
| | |
| | □No |
| | What investment strategy does this financial product follow? |
| The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance | Lazard Nordic High Yield Bond Fund is an actively managed fixed income strategy that invests predominantly in Scandinavian high-yield credit bonds. Investments are selected for the Fund using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" and in accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund. |
| | What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics |
| | promoted by this financial product? |
| | |
| | promoted by this financial product? |
| | The Fund has the following binding elements: 20. The Investment Manager assesses corporate issuers using a proprietary Sustainability Framework that ranks issuers based on their performance (both on an absolute basis and by reference to peer group comparison) against specific environmental, social and governance indicators, including carbon emissions, resource intensity, human capital, health and safety, corporate governance and business ethics. 21. The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on third-party data and internal research. Any company deemed to be breaching UNGC principles will be excluded from the Fund's investment universe and the Fund will have 0% exposure to such companies. 22. The Fund applies activity-based exclusion criteria for certain products and services and will have 0% exposure to securities excluded under this policy. |

| | greater. |
|--|---|
| Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance. | What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy? |
| | There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered. |
| | What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies? |
| | The assessment of good governance practices is supported by a broad range of governance information from third-party ESG data sets. These data sources also provide governance-related controversy information, which can be used to flag governance issues at investee companies. Governance assessments and information are taken into consideration as part of due diligence processes, ongoing monitoring of issuers in the portfolio, and stewardship activities. |
| | What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product? |
| | At least 50% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund does not commit to making |
| Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets. | sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category will include investments and other instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 50% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis. |
| | |
| Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of: - turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies | #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics 50% Investments |

- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial

#2 Other

0%

product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.



To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for

switching to renewable

by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive

power or low-carbon fuels

Enabling activities directly

Transitional activities are

low-carbon alternatives are

not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas

corresponding to the best

enable other activities to

limitations on emissions and

fossil gas include

safety and waste

management rules.

make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

activities for which

emission levels

performance.

To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

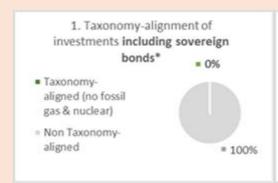
The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments or to making Taxonomy-aligned investments. It is expected, however, that in pursuing its environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute to one or more of the following environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation: climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation.

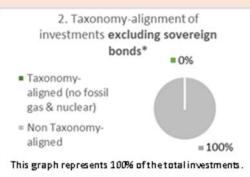
Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy²⁰?

□Yes:

☐ In fossil gas ☐ In nuclear energy ⊠No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





²⁰ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

| ★ For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures |
|--|
| What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities? |
| There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities. |
| What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy? |
| There is no minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy. |
| What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments? |
| There is no committed minimum share of socially sustainable investments. |
| What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards? |
| "#2 Other" may include other investments and instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash, and cash equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included in the 'What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?' above |
| Minimum environmental and social safeguards set in exclusion criteria relating to global norms and activity-based screening still apply to the underlying securities. |
| Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes? |
| The Fund has not designated an index as a reference benchmark to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes. |
| How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? |
| Not applicable. |
| |

| https://www.lazardassetmanagement.com/ie/en_uk/funds/ucits-funds/lazard-nordic-high-yield-bond-fund/f4941/s319/?shareClass=12923 |
|--|
| Where can I find more product specific information online? More product-specific information can be found on the website: |
| Not applicable. |
| Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? |
| Not applicable. |
| How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? |
| Not applicable. |
| How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis? |

WF-72697846-v1

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD EUROPEAN ALTERNATIVE FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

| This Suppleme Prospectus. | nt forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the |
|------------------------------|---|
| This Supplemen | t replaces the Supplement dated 27 January 2023. |
| The date of this | Supplement is 22 March 2024. |

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DEFINITIONS

"Convertible Securities", corporate bonds, notes, preferred stocks or debt securities of issuers that can be converted into (that is, exchanged for) common stocks or other equity securities of the relevant issuer(s).

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank and Trust Company and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Euribor", the Euro Interbank Offered Rate.

"Fund", Lazard European Alternative Fund.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management LLC and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

"Unhedged Share Class", a class of Shares denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency and which is not a Hedged Share Class.

LAZARD EUROPEAN ALTERNATIVE FUND

INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 16 September 2015.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in **Appendix I** to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund apart from those listed in Appendix I, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the Euro. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in **Appendix II** to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as medium to long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek long-term capital growth.

Investment Policy

The Investment Manager will seek to achieve the Fund's investment objective primarily through investing in a diversified portfolio of equities and equity-related securities (namely, common and preferred stock, both ADRs and GDRs and Convertible Securities) of or relating to companies that are domiciled, incorporated or listed in Europe or which are not domiciled, incorporated or listed in Europe but which derive significant sources of profit from or have close economic links with Europe. This means that typically anywhere between 40% and 80% of the Fund's Net Asset Value will be comprised of investments in such securities (achieved either directly or indirectly through the use of FDI as described in the next following paragraphs below), depending upon the extent to which the Investment Manager is relying at any time on the cash management flexibilities described below in the section of this 'Investment Policy' entitled "Cash Management and Defensive Investment Measures".

The Fund may gain exposure to equity and equity-related securities either directly by acquiring such securities or indirectly through the use of financial derivative instruments ("FDI") for direct investment

purposes by taking synthetic long and/or synthetic short positions. Short positions may only be taken synthetically through the use of FDI including contracts for difference, swaps, equity index futures, equity options, forwards and warrants (as set out in more detail below under the heading "Investment in FDI").

Long positions may be taken in companies (of the type described above) which the Investment Manager believes have high sustainable or improving financial productivity and/or compelling valuations while short positions will be taken in companies which possess the opposite characteristics. The Investment Manager will aim to generate positive returns from both long and short positions although short positions may also be used to reduce or mitigate market risks.

Some investments may be opportunistic in nature, i.e. investments which the Investment Manager identifies as being temporarily depressed and which offer attractive prospective returns over a short time period.

The Investment Manager will utilise a "bottom-up" stock picking investment approach to identify suitable investment opportunities. A key component in the investment process is fundamental analysis which is conducted to assess, for example, a stock's potential for growth and to identify catalysts for price re-evaluation (e.g. whether the company's earnings estimates are considered to be too low relative to market expectations of the company's earnings or compared to the potential earnings power of the company at different times of the investment cycle). Fundamental analysis will involve, for example, analysing a company's quality and depth of management, competitive position and sensitivity to economic/market cycles.

The Fund incorporates environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio. The Fund also applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the stock selection process. Information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

Country allocations and industry/sector exposures are residual consequences of the stock selection process rather than primary drivers of it and stock selection is not undertaken by reference to a benchmark.

The Fund may also invest in units or shares of collective investment schemes, including exchange traded funds ("ETFs") and other sub-funds of the Company, where such investment provides equity exposure consistent with the investment policy of the Fund. Aggregate investment by the Fund in open-ended collective investment schemes shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

The Fund may also invest in listed REITs (i.e. Real estate investment trusts), exchange traded notes ("ETNs") and closed-ended collective investment schemes where such Investments are consistent with the Fund's investment policy.

The securities, including REITs, ETFs, ETNs and closed-ended collective investment schemes, in which the Fund will invest shall primarily be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus and investment by the Fund is subject to the restrictions set out in Appendix III of the Prospectus.

The Fund may also invest in equities and equity-related securities of companies that are domiciled, incorporated or listed in non-European countries and which do not derive significant sources of profit from, or have no close economic links with Europe provided such investment shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. Emerging market exposure shall not exceed 20% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. Investment in securities listed or traded on the Regulated Markets of Russia shall not exceed 5% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time.

Under normal market conditions, maximum short equity exposure is anticipated to be less than 100% of the Fund's Net Asset Value and the maximum long equity exposure is anticipated to be less than 200% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

Investment in FDI

Subject to the conditions and within the limits laid down by the Central Bank, the Fund may also engage in transactions in FDI, for hedging purposes (for example, to protect an asset against, or minimise liability from, fluctuations in market value or foreign currency exposures), for efficient portfolio management purposes (with a view to achieving a reduction in risk, a reduction in costs or an increase in capital or income returns within a level of risk consistent with the risk profile of the Fund) and/or for direct investment purposes (with a view to generating returns, in particular in the context of the Fund's short exposure). These FDI may be dealt in over-the-counter or be listed or traded on the Regulated Markets set out in Appendix I to the Prospectus. Investments in FDI shall be in accordance with the provisions of Appendix II of the Prospectus. The reference items for FDI will primarily relate to equities and equity-related securities, however currencies may also constitute underlying reference items, as detailed below. To the extent that the Fund invests in eligible securities which embed a derivative (for example, ETNs and/or Convertible Securities) the security will be broken down into its component parts and the effect of the embedded derivative exposure will be captured in the risk management technique used to measure global exposure in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to total return swaps is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|--------------------|----------|---------|
| Total Return Swaps | 0-60 % | 100 % |

The Investment Manager uses a risk management technique known as absolute value-at-risk to assess the Fund's market risk to seek to ensure that the use of FDI by the Fund is within regulatory limits. The 99% confidence level, one day holding period, value-at-risk on the portfolio of the Fund shall not exceed 4.47% in any one day. The value-at-risk model will use one year of historical data of daily market moves and will be calculated daily.

The Fund through its investments in FDI may be leveraged. Calculating leverage resulting from derivative usage, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, as the sum of notionals underlying all the FDI positions in the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value, the expected level of the Fund's leverage will not ordinarily exceed 100% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. Higher leverage levels are possible, but leverage is not expected to exceed 350% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time. It should be noted that for certain types of trading strategies this approach to measuring leverage could lead to leverage levels that are very different from risk-exposures. This is because measuring leverage based on the full sum of notionals of all derivative positions within the Fund's portfolio does not permit account to be taken of risk exposures (arising from combinations of trades by the Fund on FDI and/or security positions) that can effectively be eliminated or offset as a result of the trades in question (and the resultant exposures) being capable of being netted or hedged.

While the Fund may invest in any of the FDI described below, the use of contracts for difference will form an integral part of the Fund's strategy.

Contracts for difference ("CFDs") (CFDs on equity securities and on equity indices)

A CFD is an agreement between two parties which stipulates that one party will pay to the other the difference between the value of an underlying asset, instrument or index at the time the contract is entered into and the value of that asset, instrument or index when the contract is closed out. The amount that one party pays to the other depends on the directional movement in the price of the underlying asset, instrument or index and the extent by which such price moves. Where a long position is taken and the value of the underlying has increased at the time the contract is closed out, the contract seller will pay the difference to the buyer. Conversely, if the value of the underlying has decreased at the time the contract is closed out, the buyer will be required to pay the difference to the seller.

Futures (equity futures, currency futures, equity index futures)

Futures are contracts to buy or sell a standard quantity of a specific asset (or, in some cases, receive or pay cash based on the performance of an underlying asset, instrument or index) at a predetermined future date and at a price agreed through a transaction undertaken on an exchange. The Fund may invest in futures contracts in order to hedge against market risk or currency exchange risk arising in its portfolio or to gain exposure to an underlying market or reference asset in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without investing directly. Using futures to achieve a particular strategy instead of investing directly in the underlying security or index may result in lower transaction costs being incurred by the Fund.

Options (currency options, equity options, options on equity indices)

An option is a contract which gives the contract buyer the right, but not the obligation, to exercise a term of the option, such as buying a specified quantity of a particular product, asset or financial instrument, on, or up to and including, a future date (the exercise date). The 'writer' (seller) has the obligation to honour the specified term of the contract. Since the option gives the buyer a right and the seller an obligation, the buyer pays the seller a premium. Put options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to sell to the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Call options are contracts that give the option buyer the right to buy from the seller of the option the underlying product or financial instrument at a specified price on, or before, the exercise date. Options may also be cash settled. The Fund may buy or sell (write) exchange-traded or over-the-counter put and call options. The Fund may invest in options in order to gain exposure to certain asset classes, baskets of assets or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without having to invest directly in the reference assets or markets, or in order to protect against risks arising in the Fund's portfolio.

Forwards (foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards)

A forward contract locks in the price at which an asset may be purchased or sold on a future date. In forward foreign exchange contracts, the contract holders are obligated to buy or sell from another a specified amount of one currency at a specified price (exchange rate) with another currency on a specified future date. Forward contracts can be 'closed out' by entering into a reverse contract. The Fund may use foreign exchange forwards, including non-deliverable currency forwards, for example, to protect against fluctuations in the relative value of its portfolio positions as a result of changes in currency exchange rates and/or to benefit directly from changes in currency exchange rates.

Swaps (equity swaps, total return swaps)

Generally, a swap is a contractual agreement between two counterparties in which the cash flows from two reference assets are exchanged as they are received for a predetermined time period. The Fund may enter into equity swaps to gain exposure to certain equities in order to avoid transaction costs (including tax), to avoid locally based dividend taxes, or to gain a short exposure to certain equity securities.

The Fund may also enter into total return swaps in order to gain exposure to certain asset classes, baskets of assets or markets in keeping with the investment policy of the Fund without having to invest directly in the reference assets or markets. The total return swap allows one party to derive the economic benefit of owning an asset or index without having to buy directly into that asset or index.

Warrants

Warrants are similar to options in that they give the holder the right but not the obligation to buy or sell stock at a set price in the future. A warrant guarantees the holder the right to buy (or sell) a specific number of shares at a specific price (the strike price) for a defined period of time. Unlike options on equity securities that are listed and trade on exchanges, warrants are usually issued by corporations through private transactions and typically trade over-the-counter.

Cash Management and Defensive Investment Measures

In addition to cash held by the Fund as ancillary liquidity for the settlement of transactions, the Fund may hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash as a result either of the Fund's use of FDI and/or because the Investment Manager otherwise deems it to be appropriate to do so, including for defensive purposes. In such circumstances, the Investment Manager may seek to maximise the value of such cash holdings to the Fund, by investing, at any time and also to the extent considered appropriate in light of market conditions, in cash and/or near cash equivalents (namely treasuries including European sovereign bonds, certificates of deposit and other money market instruments which meet Central Bank Requirements for money market instruments) and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below). Cash collateral may only be invested in accordance with the specifications prescribed in section *C: Collateral Policy* of **Appendix II** of the Prospectus.

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-20% | 50% |

Benchmark

Performance of the Fund is measured against the MSCI Europe Net Total Return Index, Ticker: MSDEE15N (the "Benchmark Index") for comparative purposes only. The Benchmark Index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalisation across the European Developed Markets equity universe (large and mid cap).

As the Fund is actively managed (meaning that the Investment Manager has discretion over the composition of the Fund's portfolio subject to its stated investment objective and policy as set out above), securities selection is not constrained by the Benchmark Index. Neither does the strategy pursued by the Fund impose limits on the extent to which portfolio holdings and/or weights must adhere to or may diverge from the Benchmark Index. While the Fund has full flexibility to invest in securities not represented in the Benchmark Index, it is nonetheless likely to have exposure to a limited but fluctuating number of its constituent securities.

The Directors reserve the right, if they consider it in the interests of the Fund to do so and with the consent of the Depositary, to substitute another index for the Benchmark Index, in the circumstances set out in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Benchmark Indices".

Currency Hedging Policy

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions, including investment in FDI in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising both at the level of its portfolio holdings and at Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The FDI which the Fund may use for currency hedging purposes are set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment in FDI".

Hedging at Portfolio Level

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to protect the value of specific portfolio positions or in anticipation of changes in the relative values of the currencies in which current or future Fund portfolio holdings are denominated or quoted. For example, the Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to offset the currency exposure arising as a result of Investments in its portfolio being denominated in currencies different from the Fund Base Currency, or to protect against movements in currency exchange rates between the date on which the Investment Manager contracts to purchase or sell a security and the settlement date for the purchase or sale of that security, or to "lock in" the equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in another currency.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may also engage in currency hedging transactions in order to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The Currency Manager has been appointed to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services in respect of the Hedged Share Classes of the Fund.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class that is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, overhedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

The Fund qualifies as a "mixed fund" for the purposes of the German Investment Tax Act ("GITA") in that at least 25% of the Fund's Net Asset Value will at all times be invested in equity securities which are listed on a stock exchange or traded on an organised market. For the avoidance of doubt, the term "equity securities" in this particular context does not include units or shares of investment funds or REITs (Real Estate Investment Trusts). Relevant investors should refer to the section of the Prospectus entitled "German Taxation" for further information in relation to GITA.

Risk Factors

Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Market Fluctuations", "Active Management Risk" and "Equity Market Risk") in addition to those set out below.

Shorting Strategy

The Fund may take synthetic short sale positions without maintaining an equivalent quantity, or a right to acquire an equivalent quantity, of the underlying securities in its portfolio. While the Investment Manager generally engages in these transactions only in circumstances where it has concluded that a particular security is overvalued in its principal markets, there can be no assurance that the security will experience declines in market value. It is possible for the Fund to lose value on both the long and the short side of the portfolio, thereby increasing the risk of the Fund.

Short Sales

The Fund is not permitted to enter into "physical short sales". The Fund may however take short positions through derivatives in respect of underlying assets in pursuit of its investment objective and in accordance with Regulations and the Fund's investment policy. In general, short selling involves selling securities the seller does not own in anticipation of a decline in their market value and borrowing the same securities for delivery to the purchaser, with an obligation to redeliver securities equivalent to the borrowed securities at a later date. Short selling allows the investor to profit from a decline in market price of securities to the extent such decline exceeds the transaction costs and the costs of borrowing the securities. A short sale creates the risk of an unlimited loss, in that the price of the underlying securities could theoretically increase without limit, thus increasing the cost to the Fund of buying those securities to cover the short position.

There can be no assurance that the securities necessary to cover a short position will be available for purchase. Purchasing securities to close out a short position can itself cause the price of the securities to rise further, thereby exacerbating the loss.

In taking short positions through derivatives, the Fund will be seeking the same financial reward, and will be exposed to the same market risks, as if it were entering into physical short sales. Taking short positions through derivatives involves trading on margin and, accordingly, the leverage provided through margined positions involves greater risk than investments based on physical short sales.

Due to legislative or regulatory action taken by regulators and governments around the world, taking short positions on certain assets has been restricted. The levels of restriction vary across different jurisdictions and are subject to change in the short to medium term. These restrictions have made it difficult and in some cases impossible for certain market participants to either continue to implement their investment strategies or to control the risk of their open positions. Accordingly, the Investment Manager may not be in a position to trade in a way to fully benefit from its negative views in relation to certain assets, companies or sectors, and the ability of the Investment Manager to fulfil the investment objective of the Fund may therefore be constrained.

Contracts for Differences

The Fund may enter into contracts for differences. In these transactions, the Fund and another party assume price positions in reference to an underlying security or other financial instrument. The "difference" is determined by comparing each party's original position with the market price of such securities or financial instruments at a pre-determined closing date. Each party will then either receive or pay the difference, depending on the success of its investment.

Financial markets for the securities or instruments which form the subject of a contract for differences can fluctuate significantly. Parties to a contract for differences assume the risk that the markets for the underlying securities will move in a direction unfavourable to their original positions. In addition, these contracts often involve considerable economic leverage. As a result, such contracts can lead to disproportionately large losses as well as gains and relatively small market movements can have large impacts on the value of the investment.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is the Euro. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund

Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "Policy") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the Policy requires the Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of companies, Materiality Mapping²¹ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely may have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

Profile of a Typical Investor

Suitable for investors over the medium to long term seeking to achieve capital appreciation, principally (although not exclusively) through investment in listed equity securities on a European basis and who are willing to accept a medium level of volatility.

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²¹ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map™.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement, a Currency Management Fee and/or a Performance Fee may also be chargeable in respect of a class of Shares to the extent provided for in the sub-sections below entitled "Currency Management Fee" and "Performance Fee".

Currency Management Fee

Each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that Hedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Performance Fee

The Manager is also entitled (in addition to any other fee to which it is entitled in accordance with the terms of this Supplement) to receive a performance fee (the "Performance Fee"), accrued daily and payable once annually (or otherwise on redemption of the relevant Shares), in respect of each of the Share classes in the Fund (excluding the EA Classes, the M Classes and the X Classes), equal to 20% of the Net Gain, if any, during the relevant Performance Period.

The Manager is also entitled to receive a Performance Fee, accrued daily and payable once annually (or otherwise on redemption of the relevant Shares), in respect of each of the EA Classes equal to 10% of the Net Gain, if any, during the relevant Performance Period.

No Performance Fee shall be charged to the assets of the M Classes and the X Classes.

Subject to the immediately following paragraph, any Performance Fee due (otherwise than on redemption of relevant Shares) will crystallise and be credited to the Manager once annually on the last Business Day of each calendar year and will be paid to the Manager by the 20th Business Day following the crystallisation date.

For newly launched Share classes, any Performance Fee due (otherwise than on redemption of the relevant Shares) will crystallise not earlier than 12 months following closure of the Initial Offer Period for the relevant class on the last Valuation Point for the then current calendar year.

A Performance Fee shall accrue and become due and payable in respect of Shares of any relevant class only in the event that both of the conditions below are met:

- the Ending NAV per Share for any Performance Period has exceeded the Hurdle NAV per Share; and
- the Ending NAV per Share for the applicable Performance Period (or as at the date the relevant Shares are redeemed) exceeds the High Water Mark.

Definitions

Each term identified below will have the definition set out following it, solely for the purposes of the Performance Fee calculation.

Ending NAV per Share

With respect to each class of Shares apart from the Unhedged Share Classes, the Ending NAV per Share is the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class as at the Valuation Point immediately prior to the accrual of any applicable Performance Fee.

With respect to each Unhedged Share Class, the Ending NAV per Share is the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class as described in the preceding paragraph, but expressed in the Fund Base Currency as calculated using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date.

Hurdle NAV per Share

The Hurdle NAV per Share is calculated by applying the higher of 1.5% or the prevailing 3 month Euribor rate (ticker code: EUR003M) (subject to a cap of 5%) as at the date of accrual of the Performance Fee (the "Hurdle Rate") to:

- (i) the opening Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class for the then current Performance Period or, where the relevant class is an Unhedged Share Class, to the opening Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class for the then current Performance Period as expressed in the Fund Base Currency (using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date) (the "Opening NAV per Share"); or
- (ii) where the current Performance Period is the first Performance Period for the relevant class, to the Initial Offer Price per Share for the relevant Shares or, where the relevant class is an Unhedged Share Class, to the Initial Offer Price per Share for the relevant Shares as expressed in the Fund Base Currency (using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date).

The Hurdle Rate will be prorated for Performance Periods less than one year.

The Hurdle NAV per Share will be adjusted for any dividend paid.

High Water Mark

With respect to each class of Shares apart from the Unhedged Share Classes, the High Water Mark is the greater of:

- (i) the previous highest Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Share class (after deduction of any applicable Performance Fee and any applicable dividend) on the last Valuation Point for any previous Performance Period for which a Performance Fee was paid or accrued; or
- (ii) the Initial Offer Price per Share of the relevant Share class.

With respect to each Unhedged Share Class, the High Water Mark is the greater of (i) or (ii) above each as expressed in the Fund Base Currency using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date.

The High Water Mark will be adjusted for any appropriate dividend paid.

A Performance Fee is only ever payable or paid on the increase of the relevant Share classes' Net Asset Value over the relevant High Water Mark or the relevant Hurdle NAV per Share, whichever is higher.

Excess performance is calculated net of all costs before any performance fee accrual.

Net Gain

With respect to the Shares of each relevant class, the Net Gain per Share is the difference between the Ending NAV per Share and the higher of (i) the Hurdle NAV per Share and (ii) the High Water Mark. "Net Gain" is the Net Gain per Share multiplied by the average number of Shares of the relevant class in issue during the period commencing on the date on which the then current Performance Period began and ending on the accrual date. The average number of Shares will be adjusted to take account of redemptions during the relevant period.

Performance Period

The first "Performance Period" for each relevant Share class shall commence as of the first Business Day following the closure of the Initial Offer Period for that class and end not earlier than 12 months later on the last Valuation Point of the then current calendar year. Each subsequent Performance Period shall commence immediately on the end of the prior Performance Period and end on the last Valuation Point of the next following calendar year (or otherwise on the date by reference to which the last Net Asset Value for the relevant Share class is calculated).

Prevailing Exchange Rate

"Prevailing Exchange Rate" means the exchange rate prevailing as between the currency in which the relevant Unhedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency.

General

For each Share class (excluding the EA Classes, the M Classes and the X Classes) the Performance Fee will be calculated by taking the Net Gain for the relevant Share class for the applicable Performance Period and multiplying the resultant figure by 20%.

For each of the EA Classes the Performance Fee will be calculated by taking the Net Gain for the relevant EA Class for the applicable Performance Period and multiplying the resultant figure by 10%.

Each Share shall bear its pro-rata share of the Performance Fee, if any, payable in respect of the relevant class.

The Performance Fee will be accrued daily and, provided the relevant Shares have not been redeemed, will crystallise and be credited to the Manager once annually on the last Business Day of each calendar year and will be paid to the Manager by the 20th Business Day following the crystallisation date. Any Performance Fee accrued in respect of Shares redeemed during a Performance Period shall crystallise in due proportions and become payable at the point of redemption.

The Performance Fee shall be calculated independently by the Administrator and verified by the Depositary and is not open to the possibility of manipulation.

Worked example of how the performance fee is calculated

- 1. Assuming an Ending NAV per Share of \$110, assuming a High Water Mark of \$100 and a Hurdle NAV per Share of \$101.50 the Net gain would be \$8.50. Assuming an average number of shares over the performance period of 10,000 shares, the performance fee would be calculated as follows:
 - Day 1 calculation: $\$8.50 \times 20\% *10,000 = \$17,000$ (where 20% is the performance fee percentage rate payable).
- 2. Assuming 10% of the shares redeemed at the end of Day 1, \$1,700 of the performance fee would be crystalised. In this example the assumed average shares would be reduced to 9,000. Assuming the Ending NAV per Share increased to \$115 (i.e. a Net Gain of \$13.50), the performance fee calculation would be calculated as follows:

Day 2 calculation: \$13.50 * 20% * 9,000 = \$24,300.

The worked example set out immediately above applies for all Share Classes in the Fund, but for the EA Classes, the M Classes and the X Classes.

For the EA classes, the foregoing worked example will apply in identical fashion except that the performance fee percentage rate used in the calculation should be 10% (rather than 20% as above).

No Performance Fee is chargeable to the assets of the M Classes and the X Classes.

Performance Fee Risks

The Performance Fee is a Net Asset Value based fee calculated by reference to the average number of Shares of the relevant class in issue over the Performance Period and, as a result, equalisation will not apply. Therefore, in circumstances where a Performance Fee is payable in respect of a particular Performance Period, Shareholders who acquired Shares of the relevant class after commencement of that Performance Period will be liable to pay a Performance Fee based on the performance of that Share class over the entire Performance Period rather than on the performance of the actual Shares they acquired over the period during which those Shares were held. Therefore, Shareholders who acquire Shares after commencement of a Performance Period may be liable for a Performance Fee even where there has not been an appreciation of performance of the relevant Share class during the period in which the Shares were actually held.

The calculation of the Performance Fee includes net realised and net unrealised gains and losses as at the end of each Performance Period and as a result, incentive fees may be paid on unrealised gains which may subsequently never be realised.

It should be noted that there is no repayment of any Performance Fee already paid if the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class (as expressed in the relevant currency) subsequently falls back below the High Water Mark, even if a Shareholder redeems his holding.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses (including, custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges — which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates - incurred when acquiring or disposing of Investments, but not including the following expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments: namely, brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) out of Fund assets is subject to a cap of 0.30% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of the Expense Cap. Brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes incurred when acquiring or disposing of Investments are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes, where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|----------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 1.65% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | х | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 1.65% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| EUR | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | В | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 1.65% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | х | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 1.65% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| GBP | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|------------|----------|---------|-------|----|----|----|------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 1.65% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD (Hedged) | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 1.65% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 1.65% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| CHF (Hedged) | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
|--------------|----|-------------|----------|---------|-------|------|------|----|------------|
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| EUR | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | В | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 1.65% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | М | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | S | €25,000,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR | X | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | None | None | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 1.65% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 1.65% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | М | €1,000,000 | €1,000 | €10 | None | None | None | 1% | Seeded |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD (Hedged) | С | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 0.90% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD (Hedged) | EA | €5,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | AP | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | 1.15% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD (Hedged) | BP | €1,000 | €500 | €500 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD (Hedged) | М | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | None | None | None | 1% | Seeded |
| USD (Hedged) | Х | €1,000,000 | €100,000 | €10,000 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Notes:

(1) other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.

Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes.

- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).
- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- (5) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.
- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.

A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.

- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offer Price | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Share Classes | Initial Offer Price | | | | |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF100 | | | | |
| All EUR denominated classes (with the exception of EUR denominated M classes) | €100 | | | | |
| EUR denominated M classes | €1,000 | | | | |
| All GBP denominated classes | Stg£100 | | | | |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of USD denominated M classes) | US\$100 | | | | |
| USD denominated M classes | US\$1,000 | | | | |

| | Share Class Types |
|------------------------|---|
| C Classes S Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of both the C Classes and the S Classes is, in each case, a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. |
| EA Classes | The Annual Management Fee and the Performance Fee chargeable in respect of Shares of the EA Classes has been set at a rate intended to attract assets into the Fund. It is therefore intended that the EA Classes will only be available for investment, in accordance with the provisions set out below, for a limited period following publication of this Supplement. |

Subject as set out below, the EA Classes shall be closed to all further subscriptions once the Net Asset Value of the Fund has reached €100 million (or such other amount as the Directors may at their discretion determine). For a period of up to 12 months following closure of the EA Classes in accordance with the preceding paragraph, Existing EA Class Shareholders (as such term is defined below) may continue to subscribe for Shares of any of the EA Classes provided that the total amount so invested by an Existing EA Class Shareholder shall not exceed twice the Net Asset Value of that Shareholder's total holding of Shares in the EA Classes calculated as at the time the EA Classes were closed to further subscriptions. Once the Directors have exercised their discretion to close the EA Classes to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, a notice to that effect will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com. Shares of the EA Classes can be redeemed at any time in accordance with the normal redemption procedures set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Redemption Procedure" For the purpose of this section: "Existing EA Class Shareholders" means the registered holders of Shares in any EA Class as at the time the EA Classes are closed to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs. **M Classes** Shares in the M Classes are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). For the purposes of this section: "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor X Classes Agreement (as such term is defined below). No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Investor Agreement. No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus. The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever. For the purpose of this section: "Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with such investment as are specified in the agreement. "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership.

APPENDIX II

| | Dealing Information |
|---|---|
| Business Day | a day on which the stock exchanges in London and Dublin are open for business. |
| Cut-Off Time | 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day* |
| | * being the point in time on a Business Day up until which applications for subscriptions, switches, transfers and redemptions will be accepted. |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard European Alternative Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogersons Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. |
| | However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. |
| Fund Base Currency | Euro (EUR) |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** |
| | ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | normally within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** |
| | *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. |
| | In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. |
| | Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in such format as may be requested by the Administrator. |
| Share Price | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share.** |
| | ** see section below entitled "Dilution and Swing Pricing" for information as to how the Net Asset |

| | Value per Share may be adjusted on any Dealing Day in calculating the Share Price in order to counteract the effects of dilution. Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. |
|-------------------------|---|
| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class, which may be adjusted in the manner set out immediately below in the section entitled 'Dilution and Swing Pricing'.

DILUTION AND SWING PRICING

Certain costs are customarily incurred when a Fund has to buy or sell portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to requests for subscription or redemption of its Shares.

These dealing costs comprise Duties and Charges incurred in the purchase or sale of Investments and include the costs associated with spreads – i.e. the costs to a Fund associated with spreads between the estimated value attributed to Investments when calculating its Net Asset Value and the actual price at which such Investments are ultimately bought or sold by the Fund in the market place ("**Spreads**"). The incurring of such costs by the Fund can result in the Fund's value being diminished or 'diluted'.

With a view to mitigating the effects of dilution on the Fund, in certain circumstances, and at the Directors' discretion, the Company applies a dilution adjustment in the calculation of the Share Price for its Shares, a policy known as "swing pricing".

Swing pricing, where applied to the Fund, aims to apply the burden of the costs associated with dealing in the Fund's Shares to the investors that actually request those Share deals on any particular Dealing Day, and not to the Shareholders in the Fund who are not trading in the Fund's Shares on the relevant Dealing Day. In this way, although it is not the aim of swing pricing to enhance results over time, it operates to mitigate the adverse effects of dilution as a result of those costs and to preserve and protect the value of shareholdings, thereby benefiting long-term Shareholders' net returns.

Swing pricing will operate in a manner that will aim to ensure that when, on any particular Dealing Day, the net dealing position exceeds a certain threshold, the Company will have the discretion to adjust the price for the Fund's Shares on that day so as to include a provision to account for the estimated associated costs. In this way, on any Dealing Day on which such an adjustment is applied, investors dealing in the Fund's Shares on that day, rather than the Fund itself (i.e. not the then existing or continuing Shareholders of the Fund), will bear the costs estimated to be incurred when buying or selling portfolio assets in order to satisfy or give effect to the dealing requests received.

Swing pricing, where applied, will involve pricing the Shares of the Fund as set out below:

(i) where the Fund is in a net subscription position on any particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total purchases of the Fund's Shares exceeds total redemptions) and that net position exceeds a

certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted upwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 0.25% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted upwards; and

(ii) where the Fund is in a net redemption position on a particular Dealing Day (i.e. where total redemptions of the Fund's Shares exceeds total subscriptions), and that net position exceeds a certain threshold determined by the Company at its discretion, the Net Asset Value per Share may be <u>adjusted downwards</u> by an appropriate percentage factor (not ordinarily exceeding 0.25% of the Net Asset Value per Share) to account for Duties and Charges (including the costs associated with Spreads). Investors subscribing and/or redeeming Shares of a Class in the Fund on that particular Dealing Day will deal at this Share Price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class adjusted downwards.

Accordingly, where applied for the purpose of calculating the Share Price on any particular Dealing Day, the swing pricing mechanism will involve the relevant Net Asset Value per Share being either increased to arrive at the Share Price (when the Fund is in a net subscription position) or decreased (when the Fund is in a net redemption position) by a percentage factor determined by the Company from time to time at its sole discretion (the "Swing Adjustment").

Since the Swing Adjustment for the Fund will be calculated by reference to the estimated or predicted costs of dealing in the underlying Investments of the Fund, including any dealing Spreads, and these can vary with market conditions, this means that the amount of the Swing Adjustment may vary over time. However, as indicated above, the Swing Adjustment, where applied to the Fund, shall not ordinarily exceed 0.25% of the Net Asset Value per Share. In exceptional circumstances, however, and only where deemed by the Directors to be necessary in order to protect Shareholders' interests in the Fund, the Swing Adjustment may exceed this threshold.

Where a Swing Adjustment is applied on any particular Dealing Day, it is applied to the Net Asset Value per Share. The Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of Shares of the Fund is calculated separately, but any Swing Adjustment will in percentage terms affect the Net Asset Value per Share of each Class of the Fund in an identical manner. Investors who subscribe into or redeem from the same Class of Shares on any particular Dealing Day will deal at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Class as adjusted, where relevant, by the Swing Adjustment. The Share Price for Shares of a particular Class on any Dealing Day will therefore always be the same regardless of whether an investor is subscribing into or redeeming from that Class. Where no Swing Adjustment is applied, investors will subscribe and redeem at the unadjusted Net Asset Value per Share for the relevant Class.

As indicated, the Swing Adjustment will be of a level that the Company considers appropriate to mitigate the dilutionary effects of the Duties and Charges which may be incurred by the Fund as a result of having to acquire or dispose of assets for the portfolio, as relevant, following subscriptions, redemptions and/or switches in and out of the Fund on the relevant Dealing Day. Importantly, the Swing Adjustment is designed to account for an approximation or estimate of the relevant dealing costs and may not reflect exactly (either underestimating or overestimating) the precise costs that are ultimately incurred. Any such overestimate will accrue to the benefit of the Fund, whereas any underestimate shall be borne by the Fund.

Additionally, a Swing Adjustment will typically only be applied if, on a given Dealing Day, the relevant net dealing position in the Fund exceeds a level (the "**Swing Threshold**") that has been pre-determined by the Company at its discretion. The Company, however, retains the discretion not to apply a Swing Adjustment, where this is considered to be in the best interests of Shareholders of the Fund as a whole. Where the Fund is experiencing net subscriptions or net redemptions of Shares and a Swing Adjustment is not applied, there may be an adverse dilutionary impact on the value of the Fund. The Company may also in the future remove the Swing Threshold for the Fund with the result that, when calculating the Share Price, the Net Asset Value of its Shares would be adjusted whenever there are net purchases or net redemptions of Shares.

The Company will not benefit from the operation of swing pricing and it will be imposed only in a manner, that, so far as is practicable, is fair to Shareholders and solely for the purposes of reducing dilution. At all times, a robust governance framework will be operated by the Company in relation to its application and use

of swing pricing so as to ensure that both the Swing Threshold and the level of any Swing Adjustment are subject to appropriate review and revision as necessary taking into consideration the best interests of Shareholders.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Share Price for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

| | Product name: | Lazard European Alternative Fund | Legal entity identifier: | 549300MOW4JOB6PQ9K89 | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that | Environmental and/or social characteristics | | | | | | | | |
| contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the | Does this finance | ial product have a sustai | nable invest | ment objective? | | | | | |
| investment does not significantly harm any | □ Yes | | □ ⊠ No | | | | | | |
| environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. | sustainable | a minimum of investments with an htal objective:% | (E/S) c does no sustain minimu | notes Environmental/Social haracteristics and while it of have as its objective a able investment, it will have a m proportion of% of able investments | | | | | |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic | environmentall Taxonomy | ctivities that qualify as ly sustainable under the EU | with an activitie sustain | environmental objective in economic es that qualify as environmentally able under the EU Taxonomy | | | | | |
| activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable | | ctivities that do not qualify as ly sustainable under the EU | activitie sustain | environmental objective in economic structure that do not qualify as environmentally able under the EU Taxonomy | | | | | |
| investments with an environmental objective | | | □ with a s | social objective | | | | | |
| might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | | a minimum of investments with a ctive:% | | otes E/S characteristics, but t make any sustainable nents | | | | | |
| - | What environme product? | ental and/or social charac | teristics are | promoted by this financial | | | | | |
| | The Fund's environmental and social characteristics are: | | | | | | | | |
| | Index (as The rating assesses environme 19. To avoid norms. T generated exclusion exposure United N | referred to in the section g methodology is based of companies' exposure ental, social, and governance investing in companies the local helps of the local policy is applied by the Forto companies that are deel ations Global Compact (| of this Supp on third-party to, and ce issues. at violate glo ssesses cor ges third-pa und that prol med by the I (UNGC) prir | is better than the Benchmark lement entitled "Benchmark"). ESG rating information that management of, material obal environmental and social mpanies against an internally arty vendor information. Annibits investing in or obtaining investment Manager to violate aciples. This helps to avoid cial and environmental norms | | | | | |

| | with regards to human rights, labour, and anti-corruption, as well as environmental degradation. 20. To promote certain minimum environmental and social safeguards by applying specific exclusion thresholds on corporates that are involved in controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by | What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? | | | | |
| the financial product are attained. | The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund are attained: | | | | |
| | 24. The Fund's weighted average ESG rating is better than that of the Benchmark Index.25. The Fund has no exposure to companies deemed by the Investment Manager | | | | |
| | to be breaching the UNGC principles. 26. The Fund has no exposure to companies excluded by the exclusion criteria relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. | | | | |
| | What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? | | | | |
| | Not applicable – the Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. | | | | |
| | How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? | | | | |
| Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors | Not applicable. | | | | |
| relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti- corruption and anti- bribery matters. | How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account? | | | | |
| | Not applicable. | | | | |
| | How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| Not applicable. | | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomyaligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Through pre-investment global norms and activity-based exclusions, the following PAIs are considered:

- Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14, Table 1)

Through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, such as engagement or voting, the following PAIs may be considered:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Material environmental and social issues such as those listed in the PAIs are regularly

| identified by investment professionals and are discussed as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information and relative industry positioning. Given limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time. Information relating to PAIs will be made available in the Fund's annual financial reports. What investment strategy does this financial product follow? The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance The Lazard European Alternative Fund is a long/short equity fund with a strong focus on bottom-up stock selection aimed at delivering disproportionate positive returns given the risk taken. Investments are selected for the Fund using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" and in accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund. What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? The Fund has the following binding elements: 23. The Fund's ESG rating is monitored against the Benchmark Index to ensure it outperforms on a weighted average basis. The ESG rating measures companies' exposure to, and performance managing, material environmental, social, and governance considerations. The Investment Manager seeks to achieve a better overall ESG rating by making investments in issuers with attractive ESG characteristics and limiting exposure to companies with higher sustainability risks. 24. The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on third-party d |
|--|
| The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance The Univestment decisions based on factors and investment objectives and risk tolerance The Lazard European Alternative Fund is a long/short equity fund with a strong focus on bottom-up stock selection aimed at delivering disproportionate positive returns given the risk taken. Investments are selected for the Fund using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" and in accordance with the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund. What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? The Fund has the following binding elements: 23. The Fund's ESG rating is monitored against the Benchmark Index to ensure it outperforms on a weighted average basis. The ESG rating measures companies' exposure to, and performance managing, material environmental, social, and governance considerations. The Investment Manager seeks to achieve a better overall ESG rating by making investments in issuers with attractive ESG characteristics and limiting exposure to companies with higher sustainability risks. 24. The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on third-party data and internal research. Any company deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching UNGC principles will be excluded from the Fund's |
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| 25. The Fund applies activity-based exclusion criteria for certain products and services and will have 0% exposure to securities excluded under this policy. The exclusion criteria for the Fund includes companies which are involved in: the manufacture or production of controversial weapons (any revenue from anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, nuclear weapons in countries not party to the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), biological weapons, chemical weapons, depleted uranium weapons.). military weapons production which represents 10% of revenue or greater. tobacco production which represents 5% of revenue or greater. thermal coal mining or production which represents 30% of revenue or greater. |

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The Investment Manager has developed Global Governance Principles that set out expectations for corporate governance on issues such as board independence, accountability and composition, as well as culture, remuneration, shareholder rights, amongst others. The principles provide a framework for governance assessments and stewardship activity, clearly setting out the Investment Manager's expectations of company management and effective stakeholder management.

The assessment of good governance practices is relevant only for corporate issuers in the Fund. The assessment is supported by a broad range of governance information from third-party ESG data sets. These data sources also provide governance-related controversy information, which can be used to flag governance issues at investee companies. Governance assessments and information are taken into consideration as part of due diligence processes, ongoing monitoring of issuers in the portfolio, and stewardship activities.



What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

At least 50% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category will include investments and other instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 50% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the
 green investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g. for a
 transition to a green
 economy.



| #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments |
|---|
| |

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments or to making Taxonomy-aligned investments. It is expected, however, that in pursuing its environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute to one or more of the following environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation: climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy²²?

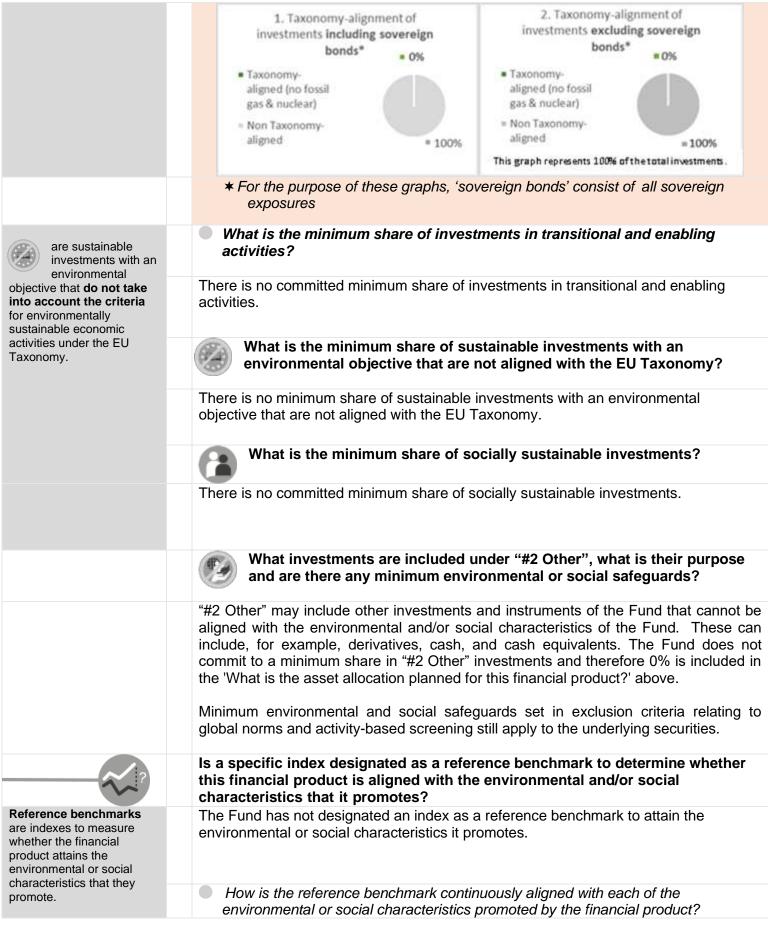
□Yes:

□ In fossil gas □ In nuclear energy

⊠No

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.

²² Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.



| Not applicable. |
|---|
| How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis? |
| Not applicable. |
| How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? |
| Not applicable. |
| Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? |
| Not applicable. |
| Where can I find more product specific information online? More product-specific information can be found on the website: |
| https://www.lazardassetmanagement.com/ie/en_uk/funds/ucits-funds/lazard-european-alternative-fund/f1182/s197/?shareClass=3029 |
| |

WF-72697846-v1

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

LAZARD RATHMORE ALTERNATIVE FUND

(a Fund of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc an open-ended investment company with variable capital structured as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between Funds)

SUPPLEMENT

This Supplement forms part of and should be read in the context of and in conjunction with the Prospectus.

This Supplement replaces the Supplement dated 27 March 2023.

The date of this Supplement is 22 March 2024.

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DEFINITIONS

"Currency Manager", State Street Bank and Trust Company and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide currency management services to the Fund.

"Fixed Income Securities", include Investment Grade, Non-Investment Grade and Unrated bonds, convertible securities, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, notes and short and medium term obligations.

"Fund". Lazard Rathmore Alternative Fund.

"Hedged Share Classes", those classes of Shares specified in Appendix I of this Supplement as being hedged Share classes.

"Initial Offer Period", the period during which Shares of a particular class or classes in the Fund are initially on offer as set out in this Supplement or such earlier or later period as the Directors, at their discretion, may determine and notify to the Central Bank.

"Initial Offer Price", the price per Share at which Shares of a particular class may be subscribed for during the relevant Initial Offer Period.

"Investment Grade", a rating of at least Baa3/BBB- by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Investment Manager", Lazard Asset Management LLC and/or such other person as may be appointed, in accordance with Central Bank Requirements, to provide investment management services to the Fund.

"Non-Investment Grade", a rating of Ba1/BB+ or below by Moody's, Standard & Poor's or another recognised credit rating agency.

"Share(s)", share(s) of the Fund.

"VIX Index", the Chicago Board Options Exchange (CBOE) Volatility Index.

Unhedged Share Class", a class of Shares denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency and which is not a Hedged Share Class.

"Unrated", having no rating assigned by a recognised rating agency.

LAZARD RATHMORE ALTERNATIVE FUND

INTRODUCTION

The Company is authorised in Ireland by the Central Bank as a UCITS for the purposes of the Regulations. The Fund was approved by the Central Bank on 26 March 2018.

This Supplement forms part of the Prospectus and should be read in conjunction with the general description of the Company contained in the current Prospectus (together with the most recent annual and semi-annual reports).

The Company is structured as an umbrella fund in that the share capital of the Company may be divided into different classes of shares with one or more classes representing a separate fund of the Company. Each fund may have more than one share class.

Details of the available classes of Shares in this Fund are set out in Appendix I to this Supplement.

As at the date of this Supplement, there are no other Share classes in the Fund, apart from those listed in Appendix I, but additional share classes may be added in the future in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against movements in the Fund Base Currency.

Dealing information, including a description of the procedures for subscribing and redeeming Shares, settlement deadlines, dealing frequency and pricing is set out in **Appendix II** to this Supplement.

The Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics and is therefore subject to the sustainability-related disclosure rules set out in Article 8 of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation ("SFDR").

Information about the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund is set out in **Appendix** III to this Supplement.

An investment in the Fund should be viewed as medium to long term and should not constitute a substantial portion of an investment portfolio and may not be suitable for all investors.

Investment Objective and Policy

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Fund is to seek to achieve absolute returns through a combination of capital appreciation and income over a three year market cycle.

Investment Policy

An "absolute return" fund differs from a fund that pursues a "relative return" strategy, which typically seeks to outperform a particular benchmark, in that its objective is to generate returns uncorrelated to broad-based equity and credit benchmarks.

The Fund aims to achieve its investment objective by generating returns through the exploitation of anomalies across the capital structure of various entities. In order to generate returns in this way, the Fund will pursue two relative value sub-strategies run by the Investment Manager, namely (i) capital structure and convertible arbitrage and (ii) special situations/event driven investing. In pursuit of these sub-strategies (and the ultimate objective of achieving absolute returns), the Investment Manager will typically take both long and short positions, which will be actively managed in order to extract returns at every opportunity. Accordingly, the Fund will invest in a variety of securities and instruments, as identified in the section of this Supplement entitled "Permitted Investments" and will invest principally in financial derivative instruments ("FDI"), as described further below.

Capital Structure and Convertible Arbitrage

Capital structure and convertible arbitrage trades typically consist of a long position and a short position. The long position is generally a corporate or convertible bond or convertible preferred stock, but may also include warrants or other equity-linked securities such as options, contracts for differences on equity securities or on equity indices, exchange traded funds ("ETFs") and exchange traded notes ("ETNs"). In the event of convertible arbitrage, the short position is typically taken with respect to the underlying common stock, but may also include options on the stock, or other securities related to the issuer of the underlying stock. In a typical convertible arbitrage trade (usually involving the Fund in taking a long position in a convertible security and a short position in the underlying common stock), when the stock goes up in value the short position is increased by selling the common stock. When the stock goes down in value the short position is reduced by buying common stock. Therefore the stock can be purchased at a low price and sold at a high price and this adds to the return of the strategy. Within a capital structure trade, the short position may include other Fixed Income Securities issued by the same issuer, equity, or options, which, on a relative value basis, isolate the investment opportunity and hedge targeted risks. Occasionally, the long and short positions may be reversed. All short positions will be achieved through the use of swaps or other FDI described below under the heading "Investment in FDI".

These trades seek returns through 1) the identification of price inefficiencies, often due to changes in volatility, funding levels, stock borrow dynamics, market technicals and credit factors, and 2) optimal trade positioning to maximize the investment opportunity. The primary drivers of a convertible's valuation are most often defined by the convertible's stock price, credit and volatility characteristics, but may also include: interest rates, dividend policy, issue terms and structure, covenant protections, and structural and contractual considerations, company fundamentals, sector fundamentals, currency or country fundamentals, global liquidity, and the liquidity of the global convertible securities market broadly.

Special Situations/Events Driven Investing

Through a relative value approach, this strategy seeks to take advantage of corporate developments that impact security prices, which may result in pricing anomalies that create investment opportunities or which influence issuers to change their capital structure in a manner which benefits investors and issuers alike. These developments/events include, but are not limited to, the following: buybacks, changes to the terms upon which callable paper may be called, dividend policy changes, the execution of exchange offers (meaning the exchange of one security for another, e.g. an exchange of one bond for another bond which is offered on different terms than the former), mergers and acquisitions, the offering of "sweeteners" (being incentives that are sometimes offered by companies to holders of their securities, typically to allow the company in question to take advantage of certain tax or accounting benefits associated with the relevant security), default/distress events and other changes to a company's capital structure.

In order to gain relative value exposure to special situations and events, investment will predominantly be made in a variety of corporate securities, including convertible securities, debt and common stocks, as well as investments in equity and credit derivatives. The Investment Manager may utilise certain hedging and other investment techniques, including taking synthetic short positions or buying or selling options or other FDI to either maintain exposure to certain aspects of the special situations or event driven opportunities or to decrease exposure to downside risk and losses. All short positions will be achieved through the use of swaps or other FDI listed below under the heading "Investment in FDI".

Under normal market conditions, maximum short exposure is anticipated to be less than 250% of the Fund's Net Asset Value and the maximum long exposure is anticipated to be less than 400% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. These ranges are, however, subject to change depending upon market conditions. The long exposure may increase to a maximum of 700% of the Fund's Net Asset Value and the short exposure may increase to a maximum of 500% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

Permitted Investments

In pursuing the foregoing investment strategies, the Fund may (at the sole discretion of the Investment Manager) invest indirectly through the use of Unfunded Swaps (as described further below in the section entitled "Investment in FDI") and/or directly (as relevant) in global convertible and corporate debt securities (including fixed and/or floating rate investment grade, high-yield and distressed corporate Fixed Income Securities), convertible preferred stocks, ETFs, global equities, government securities (i.e. sovereign obligations primarily from G7 countries, such as US Treasury Bonds, German Bunds and UK Gilts) and related futures contracts (such as futures on US 5 Year and 10 Year Treasury Notes and German Bund Futures), ETNs, interest rate swaps and futures, credit default swaps, global foreign currencies, foreign exchange futures, 144A securities and Regulation S securities (being securities that are not subject to the registration requirement under section 5 of the 1933 Act), contracts for differences on equity securities and equity indices and other FDI (as described further below in the section entitled "Investment in FDI").

While it is expected that the relative value sub-strategies described above will be pursued indirectly through the use of Unfunded Swaps, the Investment Manager is not restricted to this approach and may, as indicated above, also or alternatively pursue these strategies through direct investment in the securities identified above (with such direct investment anticipated to represent between 10% and 50% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any given time).

Aggregate investment by the Fund in open-ended collective investment schemes (including in ETFs) shall not exceed 10% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

The Fund may also at times hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash which may be invested in accordance with the Investment Manager's cash management policy, as further detailed below in the section entitled "Cash and Cash Management".

With the exception of permitted investments in unlisted securities and over-the-counter derivative instruments, the Fund will only acquire instruments, which are listed on and/or traded in any of the Regulated Markets which are set out in Appendix I of the Prospectus. Investment in securities listed or traded on the Regulated Markets of Russia shall not exceed 5% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time. As the Fund has a global focus, investors should note that in excess of 20% of the Fund's Net Asset Value may be exposed to emerging markets.

Investment in FDI

The Fund will invest in some or all of the following FDI:

- (i) Unfunded swaps ("Unfunded Swaps") with one or more trading counterparties (each a "Trading Counterparty") (see section "Use of Unfunded Swaps" below). Where the Fund enters into Unfunded Swaps, such Unfunded Swaps will provide the Fund with exposure to a notional portfolio of assets whereby the Fund is able to derive the economic benefit of those assets without having to acquire the assets directly. This enables the Fund to gain exposure to the notional portfolio more efficiently from a cost and timing perspective and to access certain markets more easily than acquiring the underlying assets directly. The notional portfolio of assets forming the underlying portfolio of the Unfunded Swap will seek to provide the Fund with exposure to the relative value sub-strategies run by the Investment Manager referred to above and shall typically include global convertible and corporate securities (including fixed and/or floating rate investment grade, high-yield and distressed corporate Fixed Income Securities), preferred stocks, ETFs, global equities, government securities, ETNs, global foreign currencies, 144A securities and Regulation S securities, contracts for differences on equity securities and equity indices and FDI (as described herein). The Unfunded Swaps will be marked-to-market daily and that will be reflected in the Fund's Net Asset Value.
- (ii) The Fund may invest directly in futures as part of its portfolio management and hedging strategy. The Fund may invest in futures contracts on a variety of financial products including interest rates, foreign currencies, global equities, global equity indices and volatility indices

(being indices constructed using the options market's expectation of volatility using a wide range of options on an index like the S&P 500 Index) such as the VIX Index.

- (iii) The Fund may invest directly in listed/exchange-traded options as part of certain option trading strategies in line with convertible arbitrage and special situation/event driven investment and as part of its portfolio management and hedging strategy. The Fund may invest in option contracts on financial products including interest rates, foreign currencies, global equities, global equity indices, government issued notes and treasury bills, government and corporate bonds (which may be issued at fixed or floating rates and which may be investment grade or non-investment grade), credit indices and the VIX Index. The Fund may also invest directly in unlisted/over-the-counter options, including options on global equities, global equity indices, ETFs, ETNs, interest rates, foreign exchange, credit instruments, credit indices and volatility indices such as the VIX Index.
- (iv) The Fund may invest directly in forward contracts to include forward foreign exchange contracts (for purposes which may include altering the currency exposure of securities held by the Fund, hedging against exchange risks, increasing exposure to a currency, shifting exposure to currency fluctuations from one currency to another and hedging classes denominated in a class currency to the Fund Base Currency. Forwards may also be used on global equities.
- (v) The Fund may invest directly in swaps including equity swaps, swaptions, interest rate swaps, credit default swaps, total return swaps (on securities such as equities, options, interest rates and credit default contracts) and currency swaps. Swaps are used in line with convertible arbitrage and special situation strategies to increase or decrease the Fund's exposure to global equity securities, interest rates, foreign currencies and credit spreads. Credit spread is the difference in yield between two bonds of similar maturity, typically the difference in yield between a debt security and a government bond, such as a US Treasury bond, with comparable maturity.
- (vi) The Fund may invest up to 5% of its Net Asset Value directly in warrants and rights.

Use of Unfunded Swaps

Each Trading Counterparty and the Company on behalf of the Fund have entered or will enter into a master agreement (and credit support annex) and will enter into relevant trade confirmations which will govern the Unfunded Swaps, including provisions relating to termination. Additional confirmations may be entered into in relation to repurchases of and subscriptions for Shares to adjust the nominal value of the underlying exposure.

No Trading Counterparty has discretion over the composition of the Fund's portfolio or of the notional portfolio of assets forming the underlying portfolio on the Unfunded Swaps.

On a daily basis the Investment Manager will ensure that margin is posted between the Fund's cash account and the relevant Trading Counterparty to ensure that the Fund's risk exposure to the Trading Counterparty (caused by any profit and loss on the Unfunded Swap) is reduced to the extent required by the Central Bank or the Regulations.

The Unfunded Swaps may be terminated on the occurrence of certain events with respect to either the Fund or the relevant Trading Counterparty including, but not limited to, an event of default (such as a failure to pay, breach of agreement or bankruptcy) or a termination event which is not due to the fault of either party (for example, a change in legislation beyond the control of the parties which renders performance of the contract illegal, or a change in tax law meaning that performance of the contract would lead to the imposition of a withholding tax).

If the Unfunded Swaps are terminated, market quotations will be obtained with respect to the Unfunded Swaps. An amount equal to the relevant market quotation will be settled between the relevant Trading Counterparty and the Fund in accordance with the terms of the Unfunded Swaps. The Fund may then enter into new FDI in the form of unfunded swaps with other trading

counterparties. Please see disclosures under the heading "Unfunded Swaps" of the "Risk Factors" section of the Prospectus.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to total return swaps is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|--------------------|----------|---------|
| Total Return Swaps | 0-2 % | 15 % |

Selection Process of the Investment Manager

The Investment Manager follows certain guidelines for selecting investments for the Fund. The process for security selection is systematised with the assistance of the Investment Manager's proprietary database. This proprietary database allows for ongoing screening, investment analysis, analysis of the terms governing relevant securities (such as limitations on the issuer's ability to take on additional debt, any obligation on the issuer to provide audited financial statements to bond holders and restrictions on the issuer's ability to make new capital investments) and trading and monitoring of securities. The process incorporates five primary steps: (i) modelling, (ii) use of proprietary systems and screening systems, (iii) security analysis, (iv) portfolio construction and (v) risk management. The investment process is continuous and is designed to be flexible, to ensure that changes and enhancements in the portfolio construction process can be incorporated at the Investment Manager's discretion. The investment process includes the following steps:

Modelling – Each security in the Fund's investment universe is modelled. Inputs for modelling include all of the factors that can influence the valuation of such security, such as volatility, credit spread, dividends, interest rates, currency and/or (in the case of convertible securities) the underlying stock price. Each security in the universe is modelled by employing a consistent valuation process to facilitate a relative valuation analysis. Modelling serves as the first step in formulating return expectations.

Modelling is enabled by a proprietary investment platform supported by several systems including, but not limited to, the KYNEX securities system. The Investment Manager has enhanced this system to include: data customisation including historical information, tailored analysis programs, pre-defined reporting modules, universal modelling capabilities and a differentiated approach to profit and loss management using the Investment Manager's proprietary software (which is designed to identify and alert the Investment Manager to subtle inflections in position level profit and losses).

Return-on-Risk Capital: Positions are initiated and sized based on return on risk capital (RORC), which is an expected return measure given the net dollars at risk of a position. RORC is continually assessed in conjunction with the evolution of credit fundamentals. Other factors include security liquidity, investment or trade type, diversification by structure, term, sector, and geography.

Proprietary Systems and Analysis – Once modelled, each security is primarily characterised by its volatility or credit profile, as appropriate. Secondary level analysis focuses on defining levels to buy, to sell or to seek short exposure to issues across the valuation variables, including volatility, credit spread, interest rates, dividend level, stock price and bond price. In addition, to define special situation and event opportunities, potential investments are screened against database comparables.

Security Analysis – Real-time market information provides live updates to securities. As market movements trigger "flags" in the system, such flagged securities are analysed to determine whether there is a potential investment opportunity or if the parameter levels of the "flags" need to be updated. Comparable analysis of a flagged security with other securities serves as the basis for evaluating potential trades. As an example, if a company's stock sells off, it is possible that the debt securities of the same entity may depreciate more on a relative basis, in which case this will be "flagged" as an opportunity to enter into a relative value trade. Furthermore, scenario and sensitivity analyses are performed for all portfolio securities. In addition, in seeking alternative special situation and event-driven opportunities, potential investments are screened for various characteristics against

comparables. These characteristics include yield, duration, volatility, investment sector and other unique elements of a company's balance sheet or capital structure.

Portfolio Construction – An investment thesis is established for each notional trade or investment considered by the Investment Manager, which includes expectations for return, probability of outcome, and sources of attribution. Positions are sized based on risk-return expectations taking into account market and security liquidity, diversification by structure, term, sector, geography and other relevant factors.

Consideration of ESG (environmental, social and governance) factors

The Fund incorporates environmental, social, and governance considerations as part of broader investment due diligence and ongoing monitoring of investments in the portfolio. The Fund also applies global norms-based and activity-based exclusion criteria in the issuer selection process. Information in relation to the foregoing exclusion criteria and in relation to the sustainability-related features of the Fund's investments is set out in **Appendix III** to this Supplement, which Appendix details the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund.

Risk Management

The Company on behalf of the Fund has filed with the Central Bank its risk management policy which enables it to measure, monitor and manage the various risks associated with the use of FDI. The Company will, on request, provide supplementary information to Shareholders relating to the risk management methods employed, including the quantitative limits that are applied and any recent developments in the risk and yield characteristics of the main categories of investments.

Risk management is a continuous and dynamic feature of the Fund's portfolio construction process. The Investment Manager has oversight of the risk management of the Fund and implements the risk management processes both at individual security and overall portfolio level to ensure that each trade placed in respect of the Fund is compliant with the UCITS restrictions applicable to the Fund. The Investment Manager produces a daily pre-trade report that provides the investment team with guidance on applicable UCITS concentration limits and as to the availability of capacity for investment in issuers in accordance with the Regulations.

Value-at-Risk ("VaR") Methodology

The Investment Manager uses a risk management technique known as absolute VaR to assess the Fund's market risk on a daily basis to seek to ensure that the use of FDI by the Fund is within regulatory limits. The one-tailed 99% confidence level, one day holding period, value-at-risk on the portfolio of the Fund shall not exceed 4.47% of the Fund's Net Asset Value in any one day. The VaR model will use at least one year of historical data of daily market moves.

Leverage

Insofar as the Fund may be leveraged for investment purposes the leverage used will be in accordance with the Central Bank Requirements and the Regulations. Using VaR for exposure measurement does not necessarily limit leverage levels. However, the Fund through its investments in FDI will be leveraged. Calculating leverage resulting from derivative usage, in accordance with the Central Bank Requirements, as the sum of notionals underlying all the FDI positions in the Fund expressed as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value the expected level of the Fund's leverage will be 200-800% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. Higher leverage levels are possible, but leverage will not exceed 1200% of the Fund's Net Asset Value at any time. Investment by the Fund in FDI will contribute significantly to the foregoing leverage levels. The Fund's global exposure measured on a commitment approach basis shall not exceed 200% of the Fund's Net Asset Value.

Cash and Cash Management

In addition to cash held by the Fund as ancillary liquidity for the settlement of transactions, the Fund may hold a significant portion of its Net Asset Value in cash due either to the Fund's use of FDI and/or because the Investment Manager otherwise deems it to be appropriate to do so. In such

circumstances, the Investment Manager may seek to employ an effective cash management policy by investing in treasuries and other money market instruments which satisfy Central Bank Requirements for investment by a UCITS and/or may seek to manage such cash using repurchase transactions (see further below).

Repurchase transactions will only be entered into on behalf of the Fund for efficient portfolio management purposes and will only be entered into subject to the conditions and limits set out in the Central Bank UCITS Regulations and in accordance with the provisions set out in Appendix II of the Prospectus.

The likely expected and the maximum proportion of Fund assets that may be subject to Securities Financing Transactions (specifically repurchase transactions) is as set out below (the market value expressed, in each case, as a percentage of the Fund's Net Asset Value):

| | Expected | Maximum |
|-------------------------|----------|---------|
| Repurchase Transactions | 0-20% | 50% |

Benchmarks

In the Fund's marketing materials, performance of the Fund may be shown against any one or more of the following benchmark indices for comparative purposes only:

- HFRX Relative Value Fixed Income Convertible Arbitrage Index (Ticker: HFRXCA);
- S&P 500 (Ticker: SPTR);
- Russell 2000 (Ticker: RU20INTR);
- Bloomberg US Agg Total Return Value Unhedged USD (Ticker: LBUSTRUU);
- ICE BofA Global 300 Convertible Index (Ticker: VG00);
- ICE BofA US High Yield Index (Ticker: H0A0); and
- MSCI World (Ticker: NDDUWI).

(the "Benchmark Indices").

Description of each of the Benchmark Indices

The HFRX Convertible Arbitrage Index tracks a strategy that involves taking long positions in convertible securities and hedging those positions by selling short the underlying common stock.

The S&P 500 Index is a is a capitalisation-weighted index consisting of stocks of 500 of the top companies in leading industries of the US economy.

The Russell 2000 Index is designed to represent the "small cap" market of US equity securities, composed of approximately 2,000 of the smallest securities in the Russell 3000 Index. (The Russell 3000 Index measures the performance of the 3,000 largest US companies, representing most of the investible US equity market.)

The Bloomberg US Agg Total Return Value Unhedged USD covers the investment-grade, US dollar–denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market, including Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, MBS, ABS, and CMBS, with maturities of not less than one year.

ICE BofA Global 300 Convertible Index captures a representative sample of 300 constituents selected to broadly reflect the performance of convertible securities publicly issued in the major domestic and eurobond markets.

The ICE BofA US High Yield Index is a broad-based index consisting of all US dollar-denominated high-yield corporate bonds with a minimum outstanding amount of \$250 million and maturity of not less than one year.

The MSCI World Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalisation weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets.

Use of the Benchmark Indices

Performance of the Fund may be shown against any one or more of the Benchmark Indices for comparative purposes only.

As the Fund is actively managed (meaning that the Investment Manager has discretion over the composition of the Fund's portfolio subject to its stated investment objective and policy as set out above), securities selection is not constrained by reference to any of the Benchmark Indices. The strategy pursued by the Fund does not impose limits on the extent to which portfolio holdings and/or weights must adhere to or may diverge from the composition of any of the Benchmark Indices. The Fund may have exposure to a limited, but fluctuating number of the constituent securities of any one or more of the Benchmark Indices, but is not required to invest in constituent securities of the Benchmark Indices. The Fund has full flexibility to invest in securities not represented in any one or other of the Benchmark Indices.

The Directors reserve the right, if they consider it in the interests of the Fund to do so and with the consent of the Depositary, to substitute another index for the Benchmark Indices, in the circumstances set out in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Benchmark Indices".

Currency Hedging Policy

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions, including investment in FDI, in order to provide protection against exposure to currency risk arising both at the level of its portfolio holdings and at Share class level. There can be no guarantee however that such currency hedging transactions will be successful or effective in achieving their objective.

The FDI which the Fund may use for currency hedging purposes are set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment in FDI".

Hedging at Portfolio Level

The Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to protect the value of specific portfolio positions or in anticipation of changes in the relative values of the currencies in which current or future Fund portfolio holdings are denominated or quoted. For example, the Fund may engage in currency hedging transactions in order to offset the currency exposure arising as a result of Investments in its portfolio being denominated in currencies different from the Fund Base Currency, or to protect against movements in currency exchange rates between the date on which the Investment Manager contracts to purchase or sell a security and the settlement date for the purchase or sale of that security, or to "lock in" the equivalent of a dividend or interest payment in another currency.

Hedging at Share Class Level

The Fund may also engage in currency hedging transactions in order to provide protection against movements of the currency in which a Share class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency, where different. To the extent that such hedging transactions are successful, the performance of the relevant Hedged Share Class is likely to move in line with the performance of the Fund's Investments and Shareholders of the Hedged Share Class will not benefit as a result of a decline in the value of the currency in which the class is denominated relative to the Fund Base Currency or relative to the currencies in which the assets of the Fund are denominated. To the extent that the Fund employs strategies aimed at hedging certain Share classes, there can be no assurance that such strategies will be effective.

The Currency Manager has been appointed to provide non-discretionary currency hedging services in respect of the Hedged Share Classes of the Fund.

The costs and related liabilities/benefits arising from instruments entered into for the purposes of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Share class.

Currency exposure will not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class. All transactions will be clearly attributable to the relevant Hedged Share Class and currency exposures of different Share classes will not be combined or offset. The Company has procedures in place to monitor hedged positions and to ensure that over-hedged positions do not exceed 105% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and that under-hedged positions do not fall short of 95% of that portion of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class that is to be hedged against currency risk. As part of this procedure, the Company will review hedged positions in excess of 100% of the Net Asset Value of the relevant Hedged Share Class and any under-hedged positions on at least a monthly basis to ensure they are not carried forward from month to month. While not the intention of the Company, overhedged or underhedged positions may arise due to factors outside the control of the Company.

Investment and Borrowing Restrictions

The Company is a UCITS and accordingly the Fund is subject to the investment and borrowing restrictions set out in the Regulations and Central Bank Requirements. These restrictions are set out in detail in Appendix III to the Prospectus.

Risk Factors

Shareholders and potential investors should consider and take account of the risk factors set out in the Prospectus (in particular the risks under the headings "Market Fluctuations", "Credit and Counterparty Risk", "Active Management Risk", "Smaller Companies Risk", "Leverage Risk", "Inflation Risk", "Leverage Risk", "Commodity Risk", "Political Risk", "Emerging Markets Risk Factors", "Risks Associated with Debt and Other Fixed Income Securities" and "FDI Risk Factors") in addition to those set out below.

Certain Fees and Expenses Not Covered by the Expense Cap and Approved by the Board of Directors

Certain legal and professional fees and expenses may be incurred by the Fund in relation to litigation, bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings of an issuer or to workouts or negotiations with an issuer. If approved by the Board of Directors, the full amount of such fees and expenses will be charged to the Fund and will not be covered by or come within the expense cap described under the section of this Supplement entitled "Other Expenses Cap". Where the Board of Directors does not approve the full discharge of such fees and expenses out of the assets of the Fund, the Fund's ability to participate in certain recovery efforts may be limited and the Fund may, as a result, be adversely affected.

Investment in the Fund not equivalent to a Deposit

The Fund may invest a significant amount of its Net Asset Value in deposits and/or money market instruments but an investment in the Fund should not be considered by investors as an alternative to investing in a regular deposit account. Investors should note that a holding in the Fund is subject to the risks associated with investing in a collective investment undertaking, in particular the fact that the principal sum invested is capable of fluctuation as the Net Asset Value of the Fund fluctuates.

Convertible Arbitrage

Convertible arbitrage strategies generally involve price spreads between the convertible security and the underlying equity security. To the extent the price relationships between such positions remain constant, no gain or loss on the position is likely to occur. Such positions do, however, entail a substantial risk that the price differential could change unfavourably, causing a loss to the spread position. Substantial risks also are involved in borrowing and lending against such investments. The prices of these investments can be volatile, market movements are difficult to predict, and financing sources and related interest and exchange rates are subject to rapid change. Certain corporate

securities may be subordinated (and thus exposed to the first level of default risk) or otherwise subject to substantial credit risks. Government policies, especially those of the Federal Reserve Board and foreign central banks, have profound effects on interest and exchange rates that, in turn, affect prices in areas of the investment and trading activities of convertible arbitrage strategies. Many other unforeseeable events, including actions by various government agencies and domestic and international political events, may cause sharp market fluctuations.

Capital Structure Arbitrage

The success of this strategy will depend on the ability of the Investment Manager to identify and exploit the relationships and discrepancies in price between movements in different securities and instruments within a company's capital structure (e.g. convertible and non-convertible senior and subordinated debt and preferred and common shares). Identification and exploitation of these opportunities involves uncertainty. In the event that the perceived pricing inefficiencies underlying a company's securities and instruments were to fail to materialise as expected by the Investment Manager, the Fund could incur a loss.

Special Situation/Event-Driven Investing

Special situation/event-driven investing requires the Investment Manager to make predictions about (i) the likelihood that a special situation/event will occur and (ii) the impact such event will have on the value of a company's financial instruments. If the special situation/event fails to occur or it does not have the effect foreseen, losses can result. For example, the adoption of new business strategies or completion of asset dispositions or debt reduction programs by a company may not be valued as highly by the market as the Investment Manager had anticipated, resulting in losses. In addition, a company may announce a plan of restructuring which promises to enhance value, but fail to implement it, which can result in losses to investors. In liquidations and other forms of corporate reorganisation, the risk exists that the reorganisation will be unsuccessful, will be delayed or will result in a distribution of cash or a new security, the value of which will be less than the purchase price of the security in respect of which such distribution was made. The consummation of mergers and tender and exchange offers can be prevented or delayed by a variety of factors, including: (i) opposition of the management or stockholders of the target company, which will often result in litigation to enjoin the proposed transaction; (ii) intervention of a federal or state regulatory agency; (iii) efforts by the target company to pursue a "defensive" strategy, including a merger with, or a friendly tender offer by, a company other than the offeror; (iv) in the case of a merger, failure to obtain the necessary stockholder approvals; (v) market conditions resulting in material changes in securities prices; (vi) compliance with any applicable federal or state securities laws; and (vii) inability to obtain adequate financing. Because of the inherently speculative nature of special situation/event-driven investing, the results of the Fund's operations may be expected to fluctuate from period to period. Accordingly, shareholders should understand that the results of a particular period would not necessarily be indicative of results that may be expected in future periods.

Equity Securities

The Fund may invest in equity and equity-related securities. Equity securities fluctuate in value in response to many factors, including the activities, results of operations and financial condition of individual issuers, the business market in which individual companies compete, industry market conditions, interest rates and general economic environments (GDP, inflation, fiscal and monetary policy). In addition, events such as domestic and international political instability, terrorism and natural disasters may be unforeseeable and contribute to market volatility in ways that may adversely affect investments made by the Fund.

Hedging Transactions

The Fund may, but is not required, to utilise financial instruments such as forward currency contracts, currency options, stock index futures and options and interest rate swaps, caps and floors both for investment purposes and to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of securities or positions held within the Fund's portfolio as a result of changes in currency exchange rates, market interest rates and security prices. Hedging against a decline in the value of a portfolio position does not eliminate fluctuations in the values of portfolio positions or prevent losses if the values of such

positions decline, but establishes other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thus moderating the decline in the portfolio positions' value. Such hedging transactions also limit the opportunity for gain if the value of the portfolio position should increase. Moreover, it may not be possible for the Fund to hedge against an exchange rate, interest rate or equity price fluctuation that is generally anticipated by the market such that the Fund is not able to enter into a hedging transaction at a price sufficient to protect the Fund from the decline in value of the portfolio position anticipated as a result of such a fluctuation.

Although the intent of hedging is to reduce fluctuations in the value of the portfolio as a whole, in certain circumstances, particularly when markets are subject to extreme events, hedging activity may add to the volatility of the portfolio. This may occur when previously observed correlations in the markets break down. Moreover, for a variety of reasons, the Investment Manager may not seek to establish a perfect correlation between such hedging instruments and the portfolio holdings being hedged. Such imperfect correlation may prevent the Fund from achieving the intended hedge or expose the Fund to risk of loss. Furthermore, the Investment Manager may not hedge against certain risks as part of its investment strategy or because it fails to anticipate the occurrence of such risk or believes that the occurrence is too unlikely to justify the cost of the hedge. The successful utilisation of hedging and risk management transactions requires skills complementary to those needed in the selection of the Fund's portfolio holdings.

Short-Swing Liability and Other Limitations

From time to time, the Fund, acting as part of a group, may acquire beneficial ownership of more than 10% of a certain class of securities of a public company, or may place a director on the board of directors of such a company. As a result, under Section 16 of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Fund may be subject to certain additional reporting requirements and may be required to disgorge certain short-swing profits arising from purchases and sales of such securities. In addition, in such circumstances the Fund will be prohibited from entering into a short position in such issuer's securities, and therefore limited in its ability to hedge such investments. Other jurisdictions in which the Fund trades may have similar laws that may be triggered at different levels of holdings.

ETFs

The Fund may invest in ETFs and in FDI which provide exposure to ETFs. ETFs seek to track the performance and dividend yield of specific indexes or companies in related industries. These indexes may be either broad-based, sector, or international. ETF shareholders are generally subject to the same risk as holders of the underlying securities they are designed to track. ETFs are also subject to certain additional risks, including, without limitation, the risk that their prices may not correlate perfectly with changes in the prices of the underlying securities they are designed to track, and the risk of trading in an ETF halting due to market conditions or other reasons, based on the policies of the exchange upon which the ETF trades. In addition, the Fund may bear, along with other direct holders of an ETF, its pro rata portion of the ETF's expenses, including management fees.

Short Sales

The Fund is not permitted to enter into "physical short sales". The Fund may however take short positions through derivatives in respect of underlying assets in pursuit of its investment objective and in accordance with Regulations and the Fund's investment policy. In general, short selling involves selling securities the seller does not own in anticipation of a decline in their market value and borrowing the same securities for delivery to the purchaser, with an obligation to redeliver securities equivalent to the borrowed securities at a later date. Short selling allows the investor to profit from a decline in market price of securities to the extent such decline exceeds the transaction costs and the costs of borrowing the securities. A short sale creates the risk of an unlimited loss, in that the price of the underlying securities could theoretically increase without limit, thus increasing the cost to the Fund of buying those securities to cover the short position.

There can be no assurance that the securities necessary to cover a short position will be available for purchase. Purchasing securities to close out a short position can itself cause the price of the securities to rise further, thereby exacerbating the loss.

In taking short positions through derivatives, the Fund will be seeking the same financial reward, and will be exposed to the same market risks, as if it were entering into physical short sales. Taking short positions through derivatives involves trading on margin and, accordingly, the leverage provided through margined positions involves greater risk than investments based on physical short sales.

Due to legislative or regulatory action taken by regulators and governments around the world taking short positions on certain assets has been restricted. The levels of restriction vary across different jurisdictions and are subject to change in the short to medium term. These restrictions have made it difficult and in some cases impossible for certain market participants to either continue to implement their investment strategies or to control the risk of their open positions. Accordingly, the Investment Manager may not be in a position to trade in a way to fully benefit from its negative views in relation to certain assets, companies or sectors, and the ability of the Investment Manager to fulfil the investment objective of the Fund may therefore be constrained.

Volatility Risk

The Fund's investment program may involve the purchase and sale of relatively volatile instruments such as FDI which are frequently valued based on the implied volatilities of such FDI compared to the historical volatility of the underlying financial instruments. Fluctuations or prolonged changes in the volatility of such instruments can adversely affect the value of investments held by the Fund. In addition, many financial markets in which the Fund invests or trades are not as developed or as efficient as, for example, the U.S. financial markets and, as a result, the price volatility of the Fund's investments traded in such markets may he high.

"Widening" Risk

For certain reasons (for example, supply/demand imbalances or other market forces) the prices of the securities to which the Fund may be exposed may decline substantially. In particular, purchasing assets at what may appear to be "undervalued" levels is no guarantee that these assets will not be trading at even more "undervalued" levels at a time of valuation or at the time of sale. It may not be possible to predict, or to hedge against, such "spread widening" risk.

Distressed Obligations

The Fund may invest in obligations of companies in weak financial condition, experiencing poor operating results, having substantial capital needs or negative net worth, facing special competitive or product obsolescence problems, including companies involved in bankruptcy or other reorganisation and liquidation proceedings. These obligations are likely to be particularly risky investments although they may also offer the potential for correspondingly high returns. Among the risks inherent in investments in troubled entities is the fact that it frequently may be difficult to obtain information as to the true condition of such companies. Such investments may also be adversely affected by laws relating to, among other things, fraudulent transfers and other voidable transfers or payments, lender liability and the bankruptcy court's power to disallow, reduce, subordinate, recharacterise debt as equity or disenfranchise particular claims. Such companies' obligations may be considered speculative, and the ability of such companies to pay their debts on schedule could be affected by adverse interest rate movements, changes in the general economic climate, economic factors affecting a particular industry or specific developments within such companies. In addition, there is no minimum credit standard that is a prerequisite to the Fund's investments in any financial instrument, and a portion of the obligations in which the Fund invests may be less than investment grade. The level of analytical sophistication, both financial and legal, necessary for successful investment in companies experiencing significant business and financial difficulties is unusually high. There is no assurance that the value of the assets collateralising the Fund's investments will be sufficient or that prospects for a successful reorganisation or similar action will become available. reorganisation or liquidation proceeding relating to a company in which the Fund invests, the Fund may lose its entire investment, may be required to accept cash or securities with a value less than its original investment and/or may be required to accept payment over an extended period of time. Under such circumstances, the returns generated from the Fund's investments may not compensate its shareholders adequately for the risks assumed. In addition, under certain circumstances, payments and distributions may be disgorged if any such payment is later determined to have been a fraudulent conveyance or a preferential payment.

In liquidation (both in and out of bankruptcy) and other forms of corporate reorganisation, there exists the risk that the reorganisation either will be unsuccessful (due, for example, to the failure to obtain requisite approvals), will be delayed (for example, until various liabilities, actual or contingent, have been satisfied) or will result in a distribution of cash or a new security the value of which will be less than the purchase price of the security in respect to which such distribution was made.

ETNs

ETNs are senior unsecured, unsubordinated debt securities issued by underwriting banks. These financial instruments provide holders or those with exposure to ETNs with access or returns based on the performance of an underlying financial product, instrument, or index. ETNs are not equities or index funds but are exchange-traded products that provide exposure to an underlying instrument with certain transferability and are listed on an exchange. ETNs do no not make interest payments, do not have dividend distributions and do not have voting rights. In addition, the performance of these products is based solely on the return of the underlying instrument or index, less fees. Therefore, if the asset underlying the ETN decreases or does not sufficiently increase in value in order to offset fees (including redemption fees), the Fund may receive less than the original investment in the ETNs upon maturity or redemption. In addition to the market risk based on performance of asset underlying the ETN, the holder is also subject to the counterparty credit risk of the underwriter.

Contracts for Differences (CFDs)

The Fund may enter into contracts for differences. In these transactions, the Fund and another party assume price positions in reference to an underlying security or other financial instrument. The "difference" is determined by comparing each party's original position with the market price of such securities or financial instruments at a pre-determined closing date. Each party will then either receive or pay the difference, depending on the success of its investment.

Financial markets for the securities or instruments which form the subject of a contract for differences can fluctuate significantly. Parties to a contract for differences assume the risk that the markets for the underlying securities will move in a direction unfavourable to their original positions. In addition, these contracts often involve considerable economic leverage. As a result, such contracts can lead to disproportionately large losses as well as gains and relatively small market movements can have large impacts on the value of the investment.

Highly Volatile Markets/Instruments

The prices of FDI are highly volatile. Price movements of forward contracts and other FDI in which the Fund may invest are influenced by, among other things, interest rates, changing supply and demand relationships, trade, fiscal, monetary and exchange control programs and policies of governments, and national and international political and economic events and policies. In addition, governments from time to time intervene, directly and by regulation, in certain markets, particularly those in currencies and financial instrument options. Such intervention often is intended directly to influence prices and may, together with other factors, cause all of such markets to move rapidly in the same direction because of, among other things, interest rate fluctuations. The Fund is also subject to the risk of the failure of any of the exchanges on which its positions trade or of their clearinghouses.

Market Disruption

The Fund may incur major losses in the event of disrupted markets and other extraordinary events which may affect markets in a way that is not consistent with historical pricing relationships. The risk of loss from a disconnect from historical prices is compounded by the fact that in disrupted markets many positions become illiquid, making it difficult or impossible to close out positions against which the markets are moving. In 1994, in 1998 and again in the so-called "credit crunch" of 2007-2008 a sudden restriction of credit by the dealer community resulted in forced liquidations and major losses for a number of investment vehicles. The "credit crunch" of 2007-2008 particularly affected investment vehicles focused on credit-related investments. However, because market disruptions and losses in one sector can cause ripple effects in other sectors, during the "credit crunch" of 2007-2008 many investment vehicles suffered heavy losses even though they were not necessarily heavily invested in credit-related investments. In addition, market disruptions caused by unexpected political, military and

terrorist events may from time to time cause dramatic losses for the Fund and such events can result in otherwise historically low-risk strategies performing with unprecedented volatility and risk. A financial exchange may from time to time suspend or limit trading. Such a suspension could render it difficult or impossible for the Fund to liquidate affected positions and thereby expose it to losses. There is also no assurance that off-exchange markets will remain liquid enough for the Fund to close out positions.

Business and Regulatory Risks

Legal, tax and regulatory changes could occur during the term of the Fund that may adversely affect the Fund. The regulatory environment for funds is evolving, and changes in the regulation of funds may adversely affect the value of investments held by the Fund and the ability of the Fund to obtain the leverage it might otherwise obtain or to pursue its trading strategies. In addition, the securities and futures markets are subject to comprehensive statutes, regulations and margin requirements. Regulators and self-regulatory organisations and exchanges are authorised to take extraordinary actions in the event of market emergencies. The regulation of derivatives transactions and funds that engage in such transactions is an evolving area of law and is subject to modification by government and judicial action. The effect of any future regulatory change on the Fund could be substantial and adverse.

Systemic Risk

Multiple counterparty risk may also arise through a default by one of several large institutions that are dependent on one another to meet their liquidity or operational needs, so that a default by one institution causes a series of defaults by the other institutions. This is sometimes referred to as a "systemic risk" and may adversely affect financial intermediaries, such as clearing agencies, clearing houses, banks, securities firms and exchanges, with which the Fund interacts on a daily basis.

Dependence on key personnel

The performance of the Fund is substantially dependent on the services of senior professionals of the Investment Manager. In the event of the death, incapacity, departure, insolvency or withdrawal of such professionals the performance of the Fund may be adversely affected.

Misconduct of Employees and of Third Party Service Providers

Misconduct by employees or by third party service providers could cause significant losses to the Fund. Employee misconduct may include binding the Fund to transactions that exceed authorised limits or present unacceptable risks and unauthorised trading activities or concealing unsuccessful trading activities (which, in either case, may result in unknown and unmanaged risks or losses). Losses could also result from actions by third party service providers, including, without limitation, failing to recognise trades and misappropriating assets. In addition, employees and third party service providers may improperly use or disclose confidential information, which could result in litigation or serious financial harm, including limiting the Fund's business prospects or future marketing activities. Although the Investment Manager will adopt measures to prevent and detect employee misconduct and to select reliable third party providers, such measures may not be effective in all cases.

Conflicts of Interest

From time to time, the Fund's activities may be restricted because of regulatory requirements applicable to Lazard and/or because of internal Lazard policies which are designed to comply with, or limit the applicability of, such requirements (i.e. by imposing more restrictive rules). For example, there may be periods when the Investment Manager will not initiate or recommend certain types of transactions in certain securities or instruments in respect of which the Investment Manager or any of its affiliates is performing other services, or when position limits have been reached. In addition, the Investment Manager may acquire confidential information or otherwise be restricted from initiating transactions in certain investment opportunities and, in any such event, it will not be free to divulge, or act upon, any such confidential information with respect to its management of the Fund. Moreover, due to having acquired such confidential information or being otherwise so restricted, the Investment

Manager may not be in a position to initiate or liquidate investments for the Fund in the manner in which it might otherwise wish.

Different investment teams within Lazard, including the Investment Manager, may invest client assets in different securities or in securities with different levels of seniority issued by the same issuer. For example, a Lazard investment team employing an equity investment strategy may invest in common stock issued by a company, while the Investment Manager may invest its assets in bonds issued by the same company. Investing in different parts of an issuer's capital structure or in securities with different levels of seniority on behalf of multiple clients could create a conflict in representing the interests of such clients when the issuer is not going to perform its obligations in accordance with the terms of the securities. For example, when an issuer files for bankruptcy protection, the interests of its bondholders (secured and unsecured) and shareholders frequently conflict. On the one hand, the issuer's secured bondholders may support a plan of reorganisation in which the majority of the value of the issuer's assets are distributed to them and the shareholders and unsecured bondholders get little, if any, value for the shares they hold whereas, on the other hand, the issuer's shareholders or unsecured bondholders may support an alternative plan of reorganization that allocates more of the value of the issuer's assets to shareholders and unsecured creditors and less to other secured creditors, including secured bondholders. In instances in which such conflicts arise, Lazard will take steps to mitigate any such conflicts, including the assignment, if necessary, of additional portfolio managers to affected clients, including the Fund, to ensure that investment decisions made with respect to an issuer's security are in the best interests of the holder of such security without regard to the interest of any other Lazard client whose interests may be adversely affected. Conflict resolution may result in the Fund receiving less consideration than it may have received in the absence of such conflict.

Exchange Rate Risk

The Fund Base Currency is the US Dollar. Share classes denominated in a currency different to the Fund Base Currency (with the exception of the Hedged Share Classes) will not be hedged against the Fund Base Currency and will, accordingly be subject to exchange rate risk in relation to the Fund Base Currency.

Sustainability

Sustainability Risks

The Investment Manager's Sustainable Investment and ESG (environmental, social and governance) Integration Policy (the "Policy") outlines its approach and commitment to incorporating environmental, social, and corporate governance considerations in investment processes to safeguard the interests of its clients and other relevant stakeholders, including the Fund. In particular, the Policy requires the Investment Manager to integrate the consideration of Sustainability Risks in its management of the Fund's portfolio pursuant to the SFDR or similar local regulations.

The Investment Manager has access to ESG data from both internal and external resources, which allows it to assess the Sustainability Risks associated with prospective or existing investments for the Fund. This data includes:

- Internal information, including: proprietary research reports containing ESG impacts/attributes of companies, Materiality Mapping²³ analysis which evaluates ESG issues facing specific industry groups, an ESG Watchlist report that flags companies scoring poorly on a selection of ESG risk factors, and stewardship activity (engagement, proxy voting, shareholder resolution) information on ESG issues.
- Third-party data and information, including: ESG ratings and risk scores for systematic comparison of ESG performance across companies, controversies analysis and information, global norms compliance screens, and a wider set of ESG metrics for corporates and sovereign issuers in the investible universe.

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 $^{^{23}}$ The Investment Manager's proprietary Materiality Mapping analysis uses as its foundation the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB)'s Materiality Map[™].

When selecting investments for the Fund, the Investment Manager will employ some combination of the above-referenced data as well as other data to identify and assess the relevant Sustainability Risks. The Investment Manager's analysis of the Sustainability Risks and factors mitigating those Sustainability Risks may result in various outcomes, including without limitation an adjustment to its valuation of an issuer's securities, a decision to overweight or underweight exposure to those securities in the Fund's portfolio, or a decision to avoid investment in the securities. The Investment Manager's assessment of the Sustainability Risks relating to an investment for the Fund will evolve as it continues to conduct fundamental research concerning that issuer, its industry/sector, and other interested entities and stakeholders.

While the Investment Manager believes that Sustainability Risks likely may have negative impacts on the business activities and financial performance of certain issuers in the Fund's investment universe over time, the Investment Manager does not believe that those Sustainability Risks will have unique impacts on the future returns of the Fund. The Investment Manager currently believes that its investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investment by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high Sustainability Risks and investments whose valuations do not accurately reflect such Sustainability Risks.

Profile of a Typical Investor

Suitable for investors with a medium to long-term investment horizon seeking to achieve absolute returns through a combination of capital appreciation and income where their investment does not form a substantial part of their portfolio and who are willing to tolerate a medium level of volatility.

Management and Administration

Detailed descriptions of the Directors and service providers to the Company are set out in the Prospectus.

FEES AND EXPENSES

Share Class Fees and Charges

Details of certain fees and charges applicable to each class of Shares (including the Annual Management Fee and the maximum percentage fees payable on subscription, redemption and conversion) are set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement.

In addition to those fees and charges set out in the tables included in Appendix I to this Supplement, a Currency Management Fee and/or a Performance Fee may also be chargeable in respect of a class of Shares to the extent provided for in the sub-sections below entitled "Currency Management Fee" and "Performance Fee".

Currency Management Fee

Each of the Hedged Share Classes shall bear its attributable portion of the fees payable to the Currency Manager. The Currency Manager has been engaged to facilitate the carrying out of foreign exchange transactions for the purpose of hedging the exposure of each Hedged Share Class to changes in the rate of exchange between the currency in which that Hedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency. The fees payable to the Currency Manager are as set out in the Prospectus.

Performance Fee

The Manager is also entitled (in addition to any other fee to which it is entitled in accordance with the terms of this Supplement) to receive a performance fee (the "Performance Fee"), accrued daily and payable once annually (or otherwise on redemption of the relevant Shares), in respect of each of the Share classes in the Fund (excluding the EA Classes, the M Classes and the X Classes). This is equal to 20% of the Net Gain, if any, during the relevant Performance Period.

The Manager is also entitled to receive a Performance Fee, accrued daily and payable once annually (or otherwise on redemption of the relevant Shares), in respect of each of the EA Classes equal to 15% of the Net Gain, if any, during the relevant Performance Period.

No Performance Fee shall be charged to the assets of the M Classes and the X Classes.

Subject to the immediately following paragraph, any Performance Fee due (otherwise than on redemption of relevant Shares) will crystallise and be credited to the Manager once annually on the last Business Day of each calendar year and will be paid to the Manager by the 20th Business Day following the crystallisation date.

For newly launched Share classes, any Performance Fee due (otherwise than on redemption of the relevant Shares) will crystallise not earlier than 12 months following closure of the Initial Offer Period for the relevant class on the last Valuation Point for the then current calendar year.

A Performance Fee shall accrue and become due and payable in respect of Shares of any relevant class only in the event that both of the conditions below are met:

- the Ending NAV per Share for any Performance Period has exceeded the Hurdle NAV per Share; and
- the Ending NAV per Share for the applicable Performance Period (or as at the date the relevant Shares are redeemed) exceeds the High Water Mark.

Definitions

Each term identified below will have the definition set out following it, solely for the purposes of the Performance Fee calculation.

Ending NAV per Share

With respect to each class of Shares apart from the Unhedged Share Classes, the Ending NAV per Share is the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class as at the Valuation Point immediately prior to the accrual of any applicable Performance Fee.

With respect to each Unhedged Share Class, the Ending NAV per Share is the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class as described in the preceding paragraph, but expressed in the Fund Base Currency as calculated using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date.

Hurdle NAV per Share

The Hurdle NAV per Share is calculated by applying the prevailing 3 month Euribor rate (ticker code: EUR003M) (provided such rate is not a negative number and subject to a cap of 5%) as at the date of accrual of the Performance Fee (the "Hurdle Rate") to:

- (iii) the opening Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class for the then current Performance Period or, where the relevant class is an Unhedged Share Class, to the opening Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class for the then current Performance Period as expressed in the Fund Base Currency (using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date) (the "Opening NAV per Share"), or
- (iv) where the current Performance Period is the first Performance Period for the relevant class, to the Initial Offer Price per Share for the relevant Shares or, where the relevant class is an Unhedged Share Class, to the Initial Offer Price per Share for the relevant Shares as expressed in the Fund Base Currency (using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date).

Where the 3 month Euribor rate prevailing at the relevant time is a negative number, the Hurdle NAV per Share shall, as the case may be, be the Opening NAV per Share or the Initial Offer Price per Share for the relevant class (such price being, where the class in question is an Unhedged Share

Class, the Initial Offer Price per Share of the relevant class as expressed in the Fund Base Currency using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date).

The Hurdle Rate will be prorated for Performance Periods less than one year.

The Hurdle NAV per Share will be adjusted for any appropriate dividend paid.

High Water Mark

With respect to each class of Shares apart from the Unhedged Share Classes, the High Water Mark is the greater of:

- (iii) the previous highest Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Share class (after deduction of any applicable Performance Fee and any applicable dividend) on the last Valuation Point for any previous Performance Period for which a Performance Fee was paid or accrued; or
- (iv) the Initial Offer Price per Share of the relevant Share class.

With respect to each Unhedged Share Class, the High Water Mark is the greater of (i) or (ii) above each as expressed in the Fund Base Currency using the Prevailing Exchange Rate on the relevant date.

The High Water Mark will be adjusted for any appropriate dividend paid.

A Performance Fee is only ever payable or paid on the increase of the relevant Share classes' Net Asset Value over the relevant High Water Mark or the relevant Hurdle NAV per Share, whichever is higher.

Excess performance is calculated net of all costs before any performance fee accrual.

Net Gain

With respect to the Shares of each relevant class, the Net Gain per Share is the difference between the Ending NAV per Share and the higher of (i) the Hurdle NAV per Share and (ii) the High Water Mark. "Net Gain" is the Net Gain per Share multiplied by the average number of Shares of the relevant class in issue during the period commencing on the date on which the then current Performance Period began and ending on the accrual date. The average number of Shares will be adjusted to take account of redemptions during the relevant period.

Performance Period

The first "Performance Period" for each relevant Share class shall commence as of the first Business Day following the closure of the Initial Offer Period for that class and end not earlier than 12 months later on the last Valuation Point of the then current calendar year. Each subsequent Performance Period shall commence immediately on the end of the prior Performance Period and end on the last Valuation Point of the next following calendar year (or otherwise on the date by reference to which the last Net Asset Value for the relevant Share class is calculated).

Prevailing Exchange Rate

"Prevailing Exchange Rate" means the exchange rate prevailing as between the currency in which the relevant Unhedged Share Class is denominated and the Fund Base Currency.

General

For each Share class (excluding the EA Classes, the M Classes and the X Classes) the Performance Fee will be calculated by taking the Net Gain for the relevant Share class for the applicable Performance Period and multiplying the resultant figure by 20%.

For each of the EA Classes the Performance Fee will be calculated by taking the Net Gain for the relevant EA Class for the applicable Performance Period and multiplying the resultant figure by 15%.

Each Share shall bear its pro-rata share of the Performance Fee, if any, payable in respect of the relevant class.

The Performance Fee will be accrued daily and, provided the relevant Shares have not been redeemed, will crystallise and be credited to the Manager once annually on the last Business Day of each calendar year and will be paid to the Manager by the 20th Business Day following the crystallisation date. Any Performance Fee accrued in respect of Shares redeemed during a Performance Period shall crystallise in due proportions and become payable at the point of redemption.

The Performance Fee shall be calculated independently by the Administrator and verified by the Depositary and is not open to the possibility of manipulation.

Worked example of how the performance fee is calculated

1. Assuming an Ending NAV per Share of \$110, assuming a High Water Mark of \$100 and a Hurdle NAV per Share of \$101.50 the Net gain would be \$8.50. Assuming an average number of shares over the performance period of 10,000 shares, the performance fee would be calculated as follows:

Day 1 calculation: $$8.50 \times 20\% *10,000 = $17,000$ (where 20% is the performance fee percentage rate payable).

2. Assuming 10% of the shares redeemed at the end of Day 1, \$1,700 of the performance fee would be crystalised. In this example the assumed average shares would be reduced to 9,000. Assuming the Ending NAV per Share increased to \$115 (i.e. a Net Gain of \$13.50), the performance fee calculation would be calculated as follows:

Day 2 calculation: \$13.50 * 20% * 9,000 = \$24,300.

The worked example set out immediately above applies for all Share Classes in the Fund, but for the EA Classes, the M Classes and the X Classes.

For the EA classes, the foregoing worked example will apply in identical fashion except that the performance fee percentage rate used in the calculation should be 15% (rather than 20% as above).

No Performance Fee is chargeable to the assets of the M Classes and the X Classes.

Performance Fee Risks

The Performance Fee is a Net Asset Value based fee calculated by reference to the average number of Shares of the relevant class in issue over the Performance Period and, as a result, equalisation will not apply. Therefore, in circumstances where a Performance Fee is payable in respect of a particular Performance Period, Shareholders who acquired Shares of the relevant class after commencement of that Performance Period will be liable to pay a Performance Fee based on the performance of that Share class over the entire Performance Period rather than on the performance of the actual Shares they acquired over the period during which those Shares were held. Therefore, Shareholders who acquire Shares after commencement of a Performance Period may be liable for a Performance Fee even where there has not been an appreciation of performance of the relevant Share class during the period in which the Shares were actually held.

The calculation of the Performance Fee includes net realised and net unrealised gains and losses as at the end of each Performance Period and as a result, incentive fees may be paid on unrealised gains which may subsequently never be realised.

It should be noted that there is no repayment of any Performance Fee already paid if the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant class (as expressed in the relevant currency) subsequently falls back below the High Water Mark, even if a Shareholder redeems his holding.

Expense Cap

Each class of Shares of the Fund shall also bear its attributable portion of the other expenses of the Company (as are set out in detail under the heading "Other Expenses" in the section of the Prospectus entitled "Fees and Expenses"). The payment of all such expenses out of Fund assets, with the exception of the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and subcustodial transaction charges – which, if any, shall be at normal commercial rates - brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) is subject to a cap of 0.30% per annum of the Net Asset Value of the Fund (the "Expense Cap"). The Manager will be responsible for discharging any relevant expenses as described above in excess of the Expense Cap. For the avoidance of doubt, the expenses of acquiring and disposing of Investments (including custodial and sub-custodial transaction charges (if any), brokerage expenses, stamp duties and other relevant taxes) are not subject to the Expense Cap and shall be borne in full out of the assets of the Fund.

Additionally, the Manager will not be responsible for the costs of hedging currency exposure for the benefit of any particular Hedged Share Class of the Fund, which costs shall be attributable exclusively to the relevant Hedged Share Class.

The Expense Cap is a cap on relevant expenses as described above and does not constitute a minimum expense charge to Fund assets – this means that in the event that the relevant expenses (as described above) actually incurred by the Fund in any particular financial year fall short of the amount represented by the Expense Cap, only the relevant expenses actually incurred by the Fund will be charged to the Fund's assets and not the full amount represented by the Expense Cap.

APPENDIX I

Share Class Details

Distributing Share Classes

Dividends in respect of the Distributing Classes, where paid, will normally be paid in April and October of each year.

Where requested by a Shareholder to be remitted in cash, dividends will be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed in the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator by original written notification.

Please also refer to the heading "Dividend Policy" in the Prospectus.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | A | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | A | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | N | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| EUR (Hedged) | s | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
|---------------|----|----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|--------|------|-------|--------------|
| EUR (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| Lort (Heagea) | ^ | 0041,000,000 | υσφ1,000 | 00410 | 140116 | TVOITE | 2 70 | 170 | Oce Note o |
| GBP | Α | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | Е | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | A | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | E | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP (Hedged) | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP (Hedged) | X | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| OD: (Houges) | ^ | 0041,000,000 | 3341,000 | | 110110 | 110110 | 270 | . , 0 | 000 110.00 0 |
| JPY | А | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | A | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Е | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| USD | А | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

| USD | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
|-----|----|----------------|-----------|--------|-------|------|------|----|------------|
| USD | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |

Accumulating Share Classes

Dividends will not be paid in respect of the Accumulating Classes.

Income and profits, if any, attributable to a particular Accumulating Class will be accumulated in the Fund on behalf of Shareholders of the relevant Accumulating Class and will be reflected in the Net Asset Value of that Accumulating Class.

| Class Currency (Note 1) | Type (Note 2) | Minimum Initial Subscription & Minimum Holding (Note 3) | Minimum Subsequent Subscription Amount (Note 3) | Minimum Redemption Amount (Note 3) | Annual Management Fee (Note 4) | Maximum Preliminary Fee (Note 5) | Maximum Redemption Fee (Note 6) | Maximum Switching Fee (Note 7) | Initial Offer Period & Price |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---------------------------------|
| CHF | А | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Е | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | А | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | E | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| CHF (Hedged) | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | s | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| CHF (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | A | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | s | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | A | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |

| EUR (Hedged) | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
|---------------------------|----|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------|------|----|----------|------------|
| EUR (Hedged) | E | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | N | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| EUR (Hedged) | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | U | US\$25,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | up to 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| EUR (Hedged) | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | A | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | Е | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | A | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP (Hedged) | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | E | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| GBP (Hedged) | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP (Hedged) | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| GBP (Hedged) | х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | A | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | S | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | А | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) | Е | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| , , , | _ | | | l | | | | | |
| JPY (Hedged) | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| JPY (Hedged) JPY (Hedged) | | US\$1,000,000 US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 US\$1,000 | US\$10 US\$10 | 0.75% 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% 1% | See Note 8 |

| USD | Α | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
|-----|----|-----------------|-----------|--------|-------------|------|------|----|------------|
| USD | AP | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | В | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.25% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | BP | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 2.50% | 5% | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | С | US\$1000 | US\$500 | US\$10 | 1.25% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | Е | US\$50,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | EA | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 0.75% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | М | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | None | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | s | US\$20,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | 1.00% | 3% | 2% | 1% | Seeded |
| USD | Х | US\$1,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | None | None | 2% | 1% | See Note 8 |
| USD | Z | US\$200,000,000 | US\$1,000 | US\$10 | Up to 1.00% | None | 2% | 1% | Seeded |

Notes:

- (1) other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated. Investors who wish to deal or settle in a currency different to the currency in which the relevant Shares are denominated should refer to the "Dealing/Settlement Currency" section of the 'Dealing Information' table in Appendix II.
 - Hedged Share Classes are denoted in this table by the inclusion of '(Hedged)' immediately following the relevant Share class currency. Please refer to the section of this Supplement entitled "Currency Hedging Policy" for further information in respect of Hedged Share Classes.
- (2) shareholders and investors are referred to the table below entitled "Share Class Types" for specific information (if any) pertaining to particular class types.
- (3) or the equivalent amount in the currency in which the relevant class of Shares is denominated (or less at the discretion of the Manager).
- (4) being a percentage per annum of the Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares. The Annual Management Fee is accrued daily based on the daily Net Asset Value attributable to the relevant class of Shares and is paid to the Manager monthly in arrears. The Manager is also entitled to be reimbursed by the Fund for its reasonable out-of-pocket expenses. The Manager is responsible for discharging the fees and expenses of the Investment Manager, the Promoter and the Distributors out of the fees it receives from the Fund.
- (5) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each subscription for Shares, charge a preliminary fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed. This preliminary fee shall be paid to the Manager. The Manager may pay all or any part of the preliminary fee to financial intermediaries assisting with the sale of Shares in the Fund.
- (6) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion and in respect of each redemption of Shares, charge a redemption fee of up to the amount specified, being a percentage of the Net Asset Value of the redeemed Shares.
 - A redemption fee will only be charged if the Directors believe that the redeeming Shareholder: (i) is engaged in short term trading in a manner which is considered by the Directors, in their absolute discretion, to be inappropriate and/or not in the best interests of the Fund's Shareholders or (ii) is attempting any form of arbitrage on the yield of the Shares.
- (7) the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, charge a switching fee of up to 1% of the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be switched.
- (8) the continuing Initial Offer Period for this Share class shall end at 5.00 pm (Irish time) on 24 September 2024 unless such period is shortened or extended by the Directors and notified to the Central Bank.

See the table below entitled "Share Class Initial Offer Price" for details of the price per Share at which Shares may be subscribed during the Initial Offer Period.

Applications for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must be received (together with cleared funds and all required anti-money laundering documentation) during the Initial Offer Period. All applicants for Shares during the Initial Offer Period must complete (or arrange to have completed under conditions approved by the Directors) the Application Form.

| Share Class Initial Offe | r Price |
|---|---------------------|
| Share Classes | Initial Offer Price |
| All CHF denominated classes | CHF100 |
| All EUR denominated classes | EUR100 |
| All GBP denominated classes | GBP100 |
| All JPY denominated classes | JPY10,000 |
| All USD denominated classes (with the exception of USD denominated M classes) | USD100 |
| USD denominated M classes | USD1,000 |

| | Share Class Types |
|-------------------------------|---|
| C Classes E Classes S Classes | The Annual Management Fee charged in respect of Shares of the C Classes, E Classes and the S Classes is, in each case, a "clean fee" insofar as it does not include any provision to cover the payment of rebates to the holders of such Shares or the payment of retrocessions, commissions or other monetary benefits to third parties involved in the distribution of such Shares. |
| EA Classes | The Annual Management Fee chargeable in respect of Shares of the EA Classes has been set at a rate intended to attract assets into the Fund. It is therefore intended that the EA Classes will only be available for investment, in accordance with the provisions set out below, for a limited period following publication of this Supplement. Subject as set out below, the EA Classes shall be closed to all further subscriptions once the Net Asset Value of |
| | the Fund has reached \$100 million (or such other amount as the Directors may at their discretion determine). Following the closure of the EA Classes in accordance with the preceding paragraph, Existing EA Class Shareholders (as such term is defined below) may continue to subscribe for Shares of any of the EA Classes provided that the total amount invested by an Existing EA Class Shareholder shall not exceed three times the Net Asset Value of that Shareholder's total holding of Shares in the EA Classes calculated as at the time the EA Classes were closed to further subscriptions. |
| | Once the Directors have exercised their discretion to close the EA Classes to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs, a notice to that effect will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com . |
| | Shares of the EA Classes can be redeemed at any time in accordance with the normal redemption procedures set out in the section of this Supplement entitled "Redemption Procedure". |
| | For the purpose of this section: "Existing EA Class Shareholders" means the registered holders of Shares in any EA Class as at the time the EA Classes are closed to further subscriptions in accordance with the preceding paragraphs. |
| M Classes | Shares in the M Classes are available for investment only to other funds managed or advised by a Lazard Affiliate or to such other persons as the Manager may determine from time to time (i.e. to Lazard personnel or to Lazard Affiliates for seeding or other purposes). |
| | For the purposes of this section: "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |
| X Classes | Shares in the X Classes may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). No transfer of Shares of the X Classes may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current |
| | Investor Agreement. No Annual Management Fees are charged to the assets attributable to the X Classes. Instead, Shareholders in an X Class will be subject to such management fees in respect of their investment in the relevant X Class as are set out in the Investor Agreement to which they are party, and for which they will be charged directly. In addition, and with respect to their investment in an X Class, relevant Shareholders will be subject to all other fees/charges applicable to an investment in an X Class as are specified in accordance with the terms of this Prospectus. |
| | The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of 491 |

| | any X Class Shareholder, if the Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever. For the purpose of this section: "Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in an X Class and to pay the fees associated with such investment as are specified in the agreement. "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |
|---------|---|
| Z Class | Shares in the Z Class may only be acquired or held by an investor who is party to a current Z Class Investor Agreement (as such term is defined below). No transfer of Shares of the Z Class may be made unless the proposed transferee is party to a current Z Class Investor Agreement. The Company reserves the right, at the request of the Manager, to repurchase the entire holding of shares of any Z Class Shareholder, if the Z Class Investor Agreement to which the relevant Shareholder is party is terminated for any reason whatsoever. For the purpose of this section: "Z Class Investor Agreement" means an agreement between a Lazard Affiliate and an investor in accordance with which the investor has agreed to invest in the Z Class. "Lazard Affiliate", means a company which has the ultimate parent of the Investment Manager as its ultimate parent, or a company in which that company has at least 50% direct or indirect ownership. |

APPENDIX II

| | Dealing Information |
|--|---|
| Business Day | a day on which the stock exchange in New York is open for business. |
| Cut-Off Time (for receipt of applications for subscriptions and transfers) | 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the relevant Dealing Day* * being the point in time on a Business Day up until which applications for subscriptions and |
| | transfers will be accepted. 12.00 noon (Irish time) on the fifth Business Day prior to relevant Dealing Day** |
| Cut-Off Time (for receipt of applications for switches and redemptions) | ** being the point in time on a Business Day up until which applications for switches and redemptions will be accepted. |
| Dealing Contact Details | Address: Lazard Global Investment Funds plc Sub-Fund: Lazard Rathmore Alternative Fund Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited c/o State Street Fund Services (Ireland) Limited Transfer Agency Department 78 Sir John Rogersons Quay Dublin 2 D02 HD32 Ireland |
| | Tel: +353 1 242 5421 Fax: +353 1 523 3720 Email: LazardTA@statestreet.com |
| Dealing Day | each Business Day. |
| Dealing/Settlement Currency | Other than in exceptional circumstances, dealing and settlement will only take place in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class. However, where payments in respect of the purchase or redemption of Shares are tendered or requested in a currency other than the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, any necessary foreign exchange transactions will be arranged, subject to the agreement of the Manager, by the Administrator for the account of and at the risk and expense of the relevant |
| | investor on the basis of the exchange rate applicable as at the Dealing Day where available. Dividend payments will only be made in the currency of the denomination of the relevant Share class. |
| Fund Base Currency | US Dollar (USD) |
| Settlement Deadline (for receipt of subscription monies) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day in respect of which the subscription request was submitted.** |
| | ** Subscription payments net of all bank charges must be made in the currency in which the order was placed and should be paid by telegraphic transfer to the bank account specified at the time of dealing. |
| Settlement Deadline (for payment of redemption proceeds) | within three (3) Business Days of the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected*** *** provided that all required documentation has been furnished to the Administrator and any matters requiring verification (e.g. account details) have been duly verified. |
| | In the case of a partial redemption of a Shareholder's holding, the Administrator will advise the Shareholder of the remaining Shares held. |
| | Redemption payments will be sent by telegraphic transfer to the bank account detailed on the Application Form or as subsequently notified to the Administrator in such format as may be requested by the Administrator. |

| Share Price | Shares can be bought and sold on any Dealing Day at the relevant Net Asset Value per Share. Additionally, a preliminary fee may be charged on subscription and a redemption fee on redemption, but only in accordance with the terms specified in Appendix I of this Supplement. |
|-------------------------|---|
| Share Price Publication | the latest Net Asset Value per Share, expressed in the currency of denomination of the relevant Share class, will be available during normal business hours every Business Day at the offices of the Administrator and the Promoter and will be published on the Promoter's website at www.lazardassetmanagement.com (which must be kept up-to-date). |
| Valuation Point | 4.00 pm (New York time) on each Dealing Day. |

VALUATION OF ASSETS

The Net Asset Value of the Fund and of each Share class will be calculated by the Administrator as at each Valuation Point in accordance with the requirements of the Articles and full details are set out under the heading "Statutory and General Information" in the Prospectus.

SHARE PRICE

Shares are issued and redeemed at a single price, being the Net Asset Value per Share of the relevant Share class.

The Directors have the flexibility in accordance with the Company's constitution to apply a pricing methodology, known as 'swing pricing', when calculating the price for Shares of the Fund. However, as at the date of this Supplement, the Directors have determined that Shares in the Fund shall be issued and redeemed at their Net Asset Value and that swing pricing shall not be applied.

In the event that the Directors determine in the future to exercise their discretion to commence pricing the Shares using the swing pricing methodology, Shareholders in the Fund will be notified of this intention in advance and afforded a sufficient opportunity to redeem from the Fund prior to the application of swing pricing. In such circumstances, this Supplement will also be updated in advance of swing pricing taking effect.

SUBSCRIPTION PROCEDURE

All applicants subscribing for Shares must complete the application form prescribed by the Directors in relation to the Fund ("Application Form") and comply promptly with all necessary money laundering clearance requirements.

An Application Form accompanies this Supplement and sets out the methods by which and to whom the subscription monies should be sent. Application Forms shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may be sent by facsimile to the Administrator at the risk of the applicant.

The original Application Form should be sent to arrive with the Administrator within four Business Days of the date on which the application for Shares was made. All required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required) should accompany the original Application Form.

Failure to provide the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation within the time period referred to in the previous paragraph may, at the discretion of the Manager, result in the compulsory redemption of the relevant Shares.

Applicants will be unable to redeem Shares on request until the original Application Form and all required anti-money laundering documentation has been received by the Administrator in a form satisfactory to it, and accepted.

Shareholders may subscribe for further Shares (i.e. post their initial subscription) by telephoning or sending a fax to the Administrator or by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements. Telephone dealing will be recorded by the Administrator.

All subscription requests received after the Initial Offer Period for the relevant Shares has closed will be dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares subscribed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is effected).

Applications for Shares received after the Initial Offer Period for such Shares has closed must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the subscription is to be effected. No application will be considered received and accepted by the Administrator until (a) a completed Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation, have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Any such applications (as referred to in the previous paragraph) received after the Cut-Off Time for the relevant Dealing Day will normally be held over until the next following Dealing Day. However, in exceptional circumstances, applications received after the Cut-Off Time but prior to the Valuation Point for a particular Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for subscription on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next Dealing Day.

If payment in full in cleared funds in respect of a subscription has not been received by the Settlement Deadline specified in the "Dealing Information" table above, the Company may (and in the event of non-clearance of funds, shall) cancel the allotment and/or charge the applicant for any loss suffered by the Fund as a result of the delay or non-clearance. In addition, the Company will have the right to sell or redeem all or part of the applicant's holding of Shares in the Fund or in any other sub-fund of the Company in order to meet those charges.

REDEMPTION PROCEDURE

Every Shareholder will have the right to require the Company to redeem his Shares on any Dealing Day (save during any period when the calculation of the Net Asset Value is suspended in the circumstances set out under the heading "*Temporary Suspensions*" in the Prospectus) on furnishing to the Administrator a redemption request. Shares may be redeemed only by application through the Administrator.

All redemption requests are dealt with on a forward pricing basis (i.e. by reference to the Net Asset Value of the Shares to be redeemed calculated as at the Valuation Point for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is effected).

Redemption requests will only be accepted where cleared funds and completed documents are in place from original subscriptions. No redemption payment will be made until (a) the original Application Form and (b) all required anti-money laundering documentation (including such original documentation as may be required), have been received by the Administrator and both (a) and (b) satisfy the requirements of the Administrator.

Redemption requests must be received and accepted before the Cut-Off Time for the Dealing Day on which the redemption is to be effected. Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Net Asset Value on the relevant Dealing Day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). If the redemption request is received after the relevant Cut-Off Time it shall normally be treated as a request for redemption on the Dealing Day following such receipt and Shares will be redeemed at the relevant Net Asset Value for that day (less such redemption fee, if any, as may be applied). However, in exceptional circumstances, redemption requests received after the Cut-Off Time, but prior to the Valuation Point for the relevant Dealing Day may be accepted for dealing on that Dealing Day at the discretion of the Manager. Any request for redemption on a particular Dealing Day received after the Valuation Point for that Dealing Day will be held over until the next following Dealing Day.

Redemption requests shall (save as determined by the Manager) be irrevocable and may, at the risk of the relevant Shareholder, be given by telephone, fax, by post, by electronic means or by such other means as the Company may permit in accordance with Central Bank Requirements.

Compulsory Redemption

The Manager shall have the right to redeem compulsorily any Share or to require the transfer of any Share to a Qualified Holder if in its opinion (i) such Share is held by a person other than a Qualified Holder; or (ii) the

redemption or transfer (as the case may be) would eliminate or reduce the exposure of the Company or the Shareholders to adverse tax or regulatory consequences.

Switching

Details in respect of switching are set out in detail under the heading "Switching Between Share Classes and Funds" in the Prospectus.

Transfers

The conditions relating to transfers of Shares are set out in the Prospectus.

APPENDIX III

Environmental and/or Social Characteristics

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

| | | oduct ne: | Lazard Rathmore Alternative Fund | Legal entity identifier: | | 2549000BM63Q5YC1MW54 | | | |
|---|-----|--|---|--------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | Environmental and/or social characteristics | | | | | | | |
| Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices. | Do | Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? | | | | | | | |
| | | ☐ Yes | | | ⊠ No | | | | |
| | | sustainable | a minimum of investments with an htal objective:% | | (E/S) cl does no sustain minimu | haracteristics and while it of have as its objective a able investment, it will have a m proportion of% of able investments | | | |
| The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally | | | ctivities that qualify as ly sustainable under the EU | | activitie | environmental objective in economic s that qualify as environmentally able under the EU Taxonomy | | | |
| sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially | | | ctivities that do not qualify as ly sustainable under the EU | | activitie | environmental objective in economic s that do not qualify as environmentally able under the EU Taxonomy | | | |
| sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not. | | | | | with a s | ocial objective | | | |
| | | | a minimum of investments with a ctive:% | × | - | otes E/S characteristics, but t make any sustainable nents | | | |
| | | at environmo | ental and/or social cha | racteri | stics are | e promoted by this financial | | | |
| | The | The Fund's environmental and social characteristics are: | | | | | | | |
| | | 21. To ensure that at least 90% of the Fund's direct investments in convertible bonds are issued by corporates with an ESG Risk Rating of no higher than 40 (a score of 40 and above constituting a "Severe ESG Risk Rating"). The ESG Risk Rating methodology is based on a third-party ESG rating provider's assessment of companies' exposure to, and management of, material ESG issues. Material ESG issues considered include a corporate issuer's carbon emissions, resource intensity, human capital factors, health and safety, | | | | | | | |

| | corporate governance and business ethics. |
|---|--|
| | 22. To avoid investing in corporate bond issuers that violate global environmental and social norms. The Investment Manager assesses corporate bond issuers against an internally generated watchlist, which leverages third-party vendor information, and an exclusion policy is applied by the Fund that prohibits investing in or obtaining exposure to corporate bond issuers that the Investment Manager deems to violate United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles. This helps to avoid investments that, at a minimum, do not meet social and environmental norms with regards to human rights, labour, and anti-corruption, as well as environmental degradation. 23. To promote certain minimum environmental and social safeguards by |
| | excluding corporate bond issuers that are involved in controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. |
| Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. | What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? |
| | The Fund uses the following sustainability indicators to measure how the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund are attained: |
| | 27. At least 90% of the Fund's convertible bond investments are issued by corporates with a better than Severe ESG Risk Rating. |
| | 28. The Fund has no exposure to corporate bond issuers deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching the UNGC principles. |
| | 29. The Fund has no exposure to corporate bond issuers excluded by the exclusion criteria relating to controversial weapons production, military weapons production, thermal coal mining or production, or tobacco production. |
| | What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives? |
| | Not applicable – the Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. |
| | How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective? |
| Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of | Not applicable. |
| investment decisions on | |
| | 498 |

| sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti- corruption and anti- bribery matters. | How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account? |
|--|--|
| | Not applicable. |
| | How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details: |
| | Not applicable. |
| | |
| | The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy- aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria. |
| | The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. |
| | Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives. |
| | Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors? |
| | ⊠Yes, the Fund considers principal adverse impacts (PAIs) on sustainability factors. |
| | Through pre-investment global norms and activity-based exclusions, the following PAIs are considered: |
| | Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector (PAI 4, Table 1) Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1) |

• Exposure to controversial weapons (PAI 14, Table 1)

Through ESG integration and investment due diligence processes, the following PAIs are considered, where relevant:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Through post-investment stewardship activities, the following PAIs are considered, where relevant:

- Indicators related to GHG emissions and fossil fuel exposure (PAI 1-4, Table 1)
- Violations of the UN Global Compact Principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises (PAI 10, Table 1)
- Board gender diversity (PAI 13, Table 1)

Material environmental and social issues such as those listed in the PAIs are regularly identified by investment professionals and are discussed as part of the Investment Manager's proprietary research processes. The Investment Manager also references third-party ESG research and data for additional information and relative industry positioning. Given limited availability of certain data points, the Investment Manager may use qualitative assessments while also adding further relevant data points in relation to the PAIs as corporate disclosure and data quality improve over time.

Information relating to PAIs will be made available in the Fund's annual financial reports.

□No



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance

Lazard Rathmore Alternative Fund is a hedged convertibles portfolio, where a long convertible bond position is hedged with a short stock position in the same company. Investments are selected for the Fund using a fundamental investment process as described in the section of this Supplement entitled "Investment Policy" and the strategy described below for selecting investments to attain the environmental and social characteristics of the Fund.

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The Fund has the following binding elements:

- 26. The Fund limits direct investment in convertible bonds issued by corporates with a Severe ESG Risk Rating to a maximum of 10% of the Fund's assets in order to achieve the environmental and social characteristic of ensuring that at least 90% of the convertible bonds in which the Fund invests directly are issued by corporates with an ESG Risk Rating of 40 or below (on a scale where a score below 10 represents the most negligible/best ESG Risk Rating and a score in excess of 40 represents a Severe ESG Risk Rating).
- 27. The Investment Manager assess violations of UNGC principles based on third-party data and internal research. Any corporate bond issuer deemed by the Investment Manager to be breaching UNGC principles will be excluded from the Fund's investment universe and the Fund will have 0% exposure to such issuers.
- 28. The Fund applies activity-based exclusion criteria for certain products and services and will have 0% exposure to securities excluded under this policy. The exclusion criteria for the Fund includes corporates which are involved in:
 - the manufacture or production of controversial weapons (any revenue from anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, nuclear weapons in countries not party to the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), biological weapons, chemical weapons, depleted uranium weapons).
 - military weapons production which represents 10% of revenue or greater.
 - tobacco production which represents 5% of revenue or greater.
 - thermal coal mining or production which represents 30% of revenue or greater.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

There is no committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investment considered.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

The assessment of good governance practices at investee companies will only apply for long positions in corporate issuers in the Fund. The assessment is supported by a broad range of governance information from third-party ESG data sets. These data sources also provide governance-related controversy information, which can be used to flag governance issues at investee companies. Governance assessments and information are taken into consideration as part of due diligence processes, ongoing monitoring of issuers in the portfolio, and stewardship activities.



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

At least 20% of the Fund's NAV will be in investments aligned with any one or more of the E/S characteristics of the Fund. The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments. Any investments in the "#2 Other" category will include investments and other instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash and cash/equivalents. The Fund does not make a minimum commitment to making investments that fall within the "#2 Other" category and therefore 0% is included for that category in the graphic below. This means that between 0% and 80% of the Fund's NAV might at any point in time be in investments that qualify as "#2 Other" investments. The planned asset allocation will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure
 (CapEx) showing the
 green investments
 made by investee
 companies, e.g. for a
 transition to a green
 economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics
20%

Investments

#2 Other
0%

#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The Fund does not use derivatives for attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund.

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Fund does not commit to making sustainable investments or to making Taxonomy-aligned investments. It is expected, however, that in pursuing its environmental characteristics, the Fund will contribute to one or more of the following environmental objectives as set out in the Taxonomy Regulation: climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation.

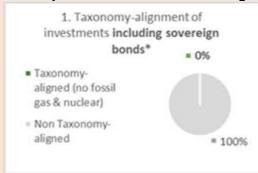
Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy²⁴?

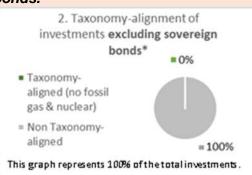
□Yes:

☐ In fossil gas ☐ In nuclear energy

 $\boxtimes No$

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

There is no committed minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

²⁴ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

| | There is no minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy. |
|--|--|
| | What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments? |
| | There is no committed minimum share of socially sustainable investments. |
| | What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards? |
| | "#2 Other" may include other investments and instruments of the Fund that cannot be aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Fund. These can include, for example, derivatives, cash, and cash equivalents. The Fund does not commit to a minimum share in "#2 Other" investments and therefore 0% is included in the 'What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?' above. |
| | Minimum environmental and social safeguards set in exclusion criteria relating to global norms and activity-based screening still apply to the underlying securities. |
| 7 | Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes? |
| Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote. | The Fund has not designated an index as a reference benchmark to attain the environmental or social characteristics it promotes. |
| | How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index? |
| | Not applicable. |
| | Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found? 504 |

| Not applicable. |
|--|
| Where can I find more product specific information online? More product-specific information can be found on the website: |
| https://www.lazardassetmanagement.com/ie/en_uk/funds/ucits-funds/lazard-rathmore-alternative-fund/f2441/s86/?shareClass=6325 |
| |

WF-72697846-v1

If you are in any doubt about the contents of this Supplement, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other independent financial adviser.

The Directors of Lazard Global Investment Funds plc (the "Company"), whose names appear under the heading "Management and Administration" in the prospectus of the Company dated 22 March 2024 (the "Prospectus") accept responsibility for the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in the Prospectus and this Supplement is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of the information.

PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY

(An umbrella investment company with variable capital and having segregated liability between its Funds incorporated with limited liability in Ireland under registration number 467074 and authorised by the Central Bank pursuant to the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2011.

COUNTRY SUPPLEMENT FOR INVESTORS IN SWITZERLAND

DATED 22 March 2024

THIS COUNTRY SUPPLEMENT FOR INVESTORS IN SWITZERLAND FORMS PART OF AND SHOULD BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PROSPECTUS FOR THE COMPANY DATED 22 March 2024 (THE "PROSPECTUS")

Information for investors in Switzerland

1) Representative in Switzerland

The representative is ACOLIN Fund Services AG, Leutschenbachstrasse 50, CH-8050 Zurich.

2) Paying agent in Switzerland

Until 30 September 2023

The paying agent is NPB Neue Privat Bank AG, Limmatquai 1/am Bellevue, P.O. Box, CH-8024 Zurich.

From 1 October 2023

The paying agent is Banque Cantonale de Genève, quai de l'Île 17, CH-1204 Geneva.

3) Location where the relevant documents may be obtained

The prospectus, the key information documents or the key investor information documents, the constitution, as well as the annual and semi-annual reports may be obtained free of charge from the representative.

4) Publications

Publications relating to the fund shall be madein Switzerland on the electronic platform fundinfo.com.

The issue and the redemption prices or the net asset value together with the reference "excluding commissions" shall be published for each issue and redemption of units on the electronic platform fundinfo.com. The prices shall be published daily.

5) Payment of retrocessions and rebates

- 1. The Lazard Fund Managers (Ireland) Limited (being the management company of the Company (the "Manager")) and its agents may pay retrocessions to compensate the distribution activity of fund units in Switzerland. This compensation may be used in particular to cover the following services:
 - for any offering of or advertising for the Company, including any type of activity the
 object of which is to secure the purchase of Shares including, for example, the
 organisation of road shows, participation at fairs and presentations, the preparation
 of marketing materials, the training of distributors, and similar activities.

Retrocessions are not considered rebates even if they are ultimately passed on to investors in whole or in part.

The disclosure of the receipt of retrocessions is governed by the relevant provisions of the FinSA.

- 2. The Manager and its agents may pay rebates directly to investors upon request in distribution in Switzerland. Rebates serve to reduce the fees or costs attributable to the investors concerned. Discounts are permissible provided that they
 - are paid from fees of the Manager and thus do not place an additional burden on the fund assets:

- are granted on the basis of objective criteria;
- are granted to all investors who fulfil the objective criteria and request , under the same time conditions and to the same extent.

The objective criteria for the granting of rebates by the Manager are:

- the volume subscribed by the investor or the total volume held by the investor in the collective investment scheme or, where applicable, in the promoter's product range;
- the amount of the fees generated by the investor;
- the investment behaviour practised by the investor (e.g. expected investment period);
- the investor's willingness to provide support in the launch phase of a collective investment scheme.

Upon request by the investor, the Manager shall disclose the corresponding amounts of the rebates free of charge.

6) Place of performance and jurisdiction

For units offered in Switzerland, the place of performance is at the registered office of the representative. The place of jurisdiction shall be at the registered office of the representative or at the registered office or domicile of the investor.